

MYANMAR

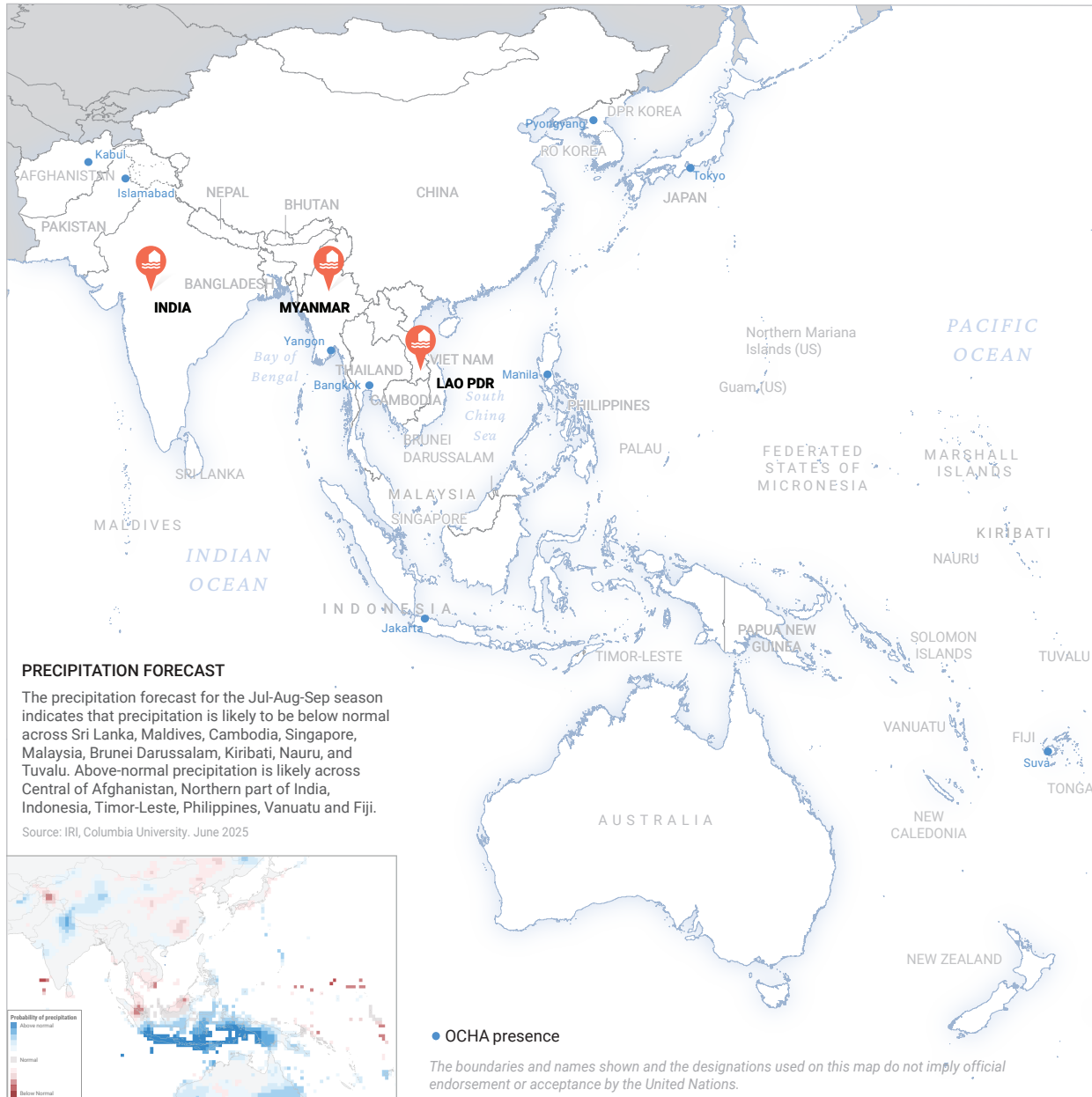


Flash floods and landslides continue to intensify humanitarian needs in Myanmar. In Kachin State in the Northeast, flash floods and creek overflows have inundated several villages and displacement sites in Waingmaw Township, forcing the evacuation of more than 2,300 people to safer locations since 3 August. Strong currents and landslides reportedly killed 6 people and destroyed over 100 houses and shelters. In the Southeast, at least 13 people reportedly died in Kayin State and many remain missing after a major landslide struck Thandaunggyi Township on 5 August, with flooding and landslides affecting more than 1,000 people. Amid ongoing access and funding constraints, aid workers continue to provide support wherever possible. ¹

LAO PDR



As of 31 July, the National Disaster Management Office (NDMO) of Lao PDR reported that the combined effects of the Southwest Monsoon and Tropical Cyclone WIPHA have triggered flash floods, riverine floods, and landslides, affecting more than 58,000 people (34,000 families) across 14 provinces and resulting in nine fatalities and four missing persons. The disaster has caused extensive damage, including 878 houses, 20 schools, 241 roads, and 55 bridges, as well as the loss of 114 livestock, 7,432 poultry, and approximately 21,530 hectares of agricultural land. Economic losses are estimated at USD 13 million. In response, the Social Welfare Department, serving as the Secretariat of the Committee for Disaster Management and Climate (CDMC), is leading a national needs assessment in several affected provinces, in coordination with the Inter-Agency Standing Committee (IASC), to identify urgent needs and guide early recovery efforts.



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INDIA



On 5 August 2025, a cloudburst over the Kheer Ganga catchment triggered flash flood in Uttarkashi district, causing widespread destruction. Approximately 20–30 houses, shops, local markets, and about 20 hotels and homestays were destroyed or damaged, impacting residents and tourists. Later the same day, a second cloudburst near Sukhi Top worsened the situation with further flooding and debris flow. Initial reports confirm six fatalities, while over 50 civilians and 11 army personnel remain missing or trapped in debris. The flash floods washed away the road at Bhatwadi on the Uttarkashi-Harsil route, disrupting access to the Harsil region. Meanwhile, in Haridwar district, persistent heavy rainfall caused widespread waterlogging and rising levels of the Ganga River, prompting authorities to advise residents to avoid affected riverbanks areas. ³