

Facets of CCCM

Camp Coordination Camp Management (CCCM) encompasses three distinct functions namely camp administration, camp management and camp coordination.

Camp Administration refers to the functions carried out by governments and national authorities that relate to the overseeing of activities in camps and camp-like situations. It comprises such State functions as securing land and occupancy rights for temporary settlements and resolving disputes arising from land appropriation, providing security, preserving law and order and facilitating access to camps by humanitarian agencies. National authorities also play a key role in camp phase out and closure, as well as in leading the identification and facilitation of durable solutions.

Camp Management is often performed by a local or international NGO/Agency. The camp management function involves the coordination of assistance and services at the level of a single camp and entails coordinating protection and services, establishing governance and community participation, ensuring maintenance of camp infrastructure, collecting and sharing data and monitoring the standard of services and identifying gaps.

Camp Coordination refers to the overall coordination of the roles and responsibilities in the camp response, in support of the national/regional response plans. The coordination function is closely linked to the administration and management functions, as well as those of other humanitarian and development partners, such as agencies providing assistance, civil society, donors, the diplomatic community, the host community, the media, and others involved in response. Within the Myanmar CCCM Cluster framework, camp coordination is the role of the Cluster lead agency, UNHCR.