

(Contractors Vs. Direct implementation)

Venue	UNICEF Conference Room	
Date and time	October 29 th , 2019, 4:00pm to 5:30	
Duration	1.5 hours	
Participants	MA-UK, CDN-ZOA, SCI, SI, Oxfam, IRW, (CCCM) UNHCR, and WASH Cluster (UNICEF)	
Chair/Co Chair	WASH Cluster Chair: Jeffrey Silverman, jsilverman@unicef.org WASH Cluster Co-Chair: Lae Yee Win, laewin@unicef.org WASH Cluster Co-Chair: Lei Yee Nway, Inway@unicef.org	

Agenda Item		Summary of Discussion	Action Points
Agenda		 Review lesson learn and good and bad practices so far from the use of contractors Vs. direct implementation Challenges around using contractors and the mis-use of funds and / or corruption – and what would be the approach to deal with this concern. In which camp types could one approach be taken over another (ex. Protracted camps Vs. New displacement camps, etc.) Harmonization of approaches, common views, and agree on a common plan/way forward. AOB 	
1.	This meeting was an open discussion, and when as followed:	•	
2.	The WASH Cluster shared background from the Yangon level discussion, meeting minutes reviewed:	 There was meeting held in Yangon and the minutes was someeting. The meeting comes out with the approaches and on the type of camps. New displacement camps have issu approach. Implementation of construction activities has been, an operations due to lack of land availability, landowner activities driven by their interest etc. (meeting focusing) Two approaches are currently ongoing for the construction and use of contractor 	d ways forwards, and to consider the modality depending e on TA and difficult to work with Direct Implementation and continues to be challenging, in everyone's areas of issues, blockages from stakeholder trying to lead the



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	Meeting minutes	 that direct implementation is difficult for them for shelter construction. Different organizations h procurement policy and some organizations are not allowed to work with direct implementation For the organizations who need to shift from one approach to another, they need a transition per important to consider about Human Resources capacity and other resources as well to work direct implementation. We need to apply TA for construction materials supply and transport and it will burden for organizations. But in General, the CCCM partners felt that moving the Direct implementation was a way to go be time to transition. It was also reported that the education Cluster (where construction of Child Friendly Spaces and susing contractors and it would be difficult for them to transition. Direct implementation is cost effective and IDPs will have more job opportunities There are [protection concerns and opportunity for mis use of fund using both Modalities, if there monitors and accountability and oversight on the projects. 	
5.	Discussion outcomes	 Way Forward It was discussed that when using the contractors, we should make sure that quality control/assurance is monitors on the contract development, and monitoring of activities., as well as, before payment of contract are finalized. It is also important to make sure for the sites where there is more than one WASH partner, to follow the same modality. SCI will be taking over the WASH activities from DRC. The 1st proposal from October 2019 to March 2020. SCI has implemented through contractors for WASH facilities construction and it is not possible for SCI to use direct implementation approach during this 5-months period because of HR capacity in hiring new additional staff and for other procurement reasons. SCI will design DI approach in next proposal and try to shift to DI where possible. 	 Action Points: WASH Cluster SOPs to be development with guidance notes for the following: "On the Use of Contractors" "On the use and approaches of direct implementation for infrastructure construction: That should include, things such as: where and when scenarios, quality control assurance, accountability masseurs, handover of infrastructures and sustainable approaches for M/O, Do No Harm principles, Proper Handover /construction completed guidelines, ensuring that there is contractor transparency, Approaches for cash for work, etc. As well as, to "Ensure that there is Contractor Transparency" in procurements and contract process. These will be developed through a Task force of interested actors and share with other WASH partners for review, before approval by the WASH SAG.



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•	It was agreed that improved coordination between
	WASH partners, especially in particular locations
	(such as Sittwe Camps) should be balance out the
	modalities used and to coordinate with the WASH
	Cluster where any new WASH construction
	activities are planned and implemented.
•	There is a need for guidance notes and or SOPs for
	the use of the different modalities, and for which

- scenario they might be used.
- Capacity building for the partners who use contractors on the approaches used for moving to direct programming.
- There will be a need to continue the use of contractors, in hard to reach locations (such as new displacement sites), areas where there are short TA or hard the access, and or for projects with short funding durations.
- CCCM explained that method and approach the CMAs are creating for camps groups (Youth, Men, Women's, etc. and the request for the WASH partners to coordinate and utilize these groups, and to see if in the future we can have these groups look at WASH issues and concerns and to come up with solution that they can implement, around Solid waste management, drainage, etc.

2. WASH Cluster to organize a capacity building for WASH partners on the use of and approaches for "Direct Implementation".

3. WASH Actors to coordinate with the CCCM/CMAs in development of groups in the camps, and/or in utilizing the existing groups (Youth, Men's, Women's, etc.) where possible. And to coordinate in the future to possible have them and/or newly formed groups to look at issues and concerns in the camps around WASH, and to come up with the appropriate solutions that they can target on their own.

Attendance Sheet

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