

INDONESIA

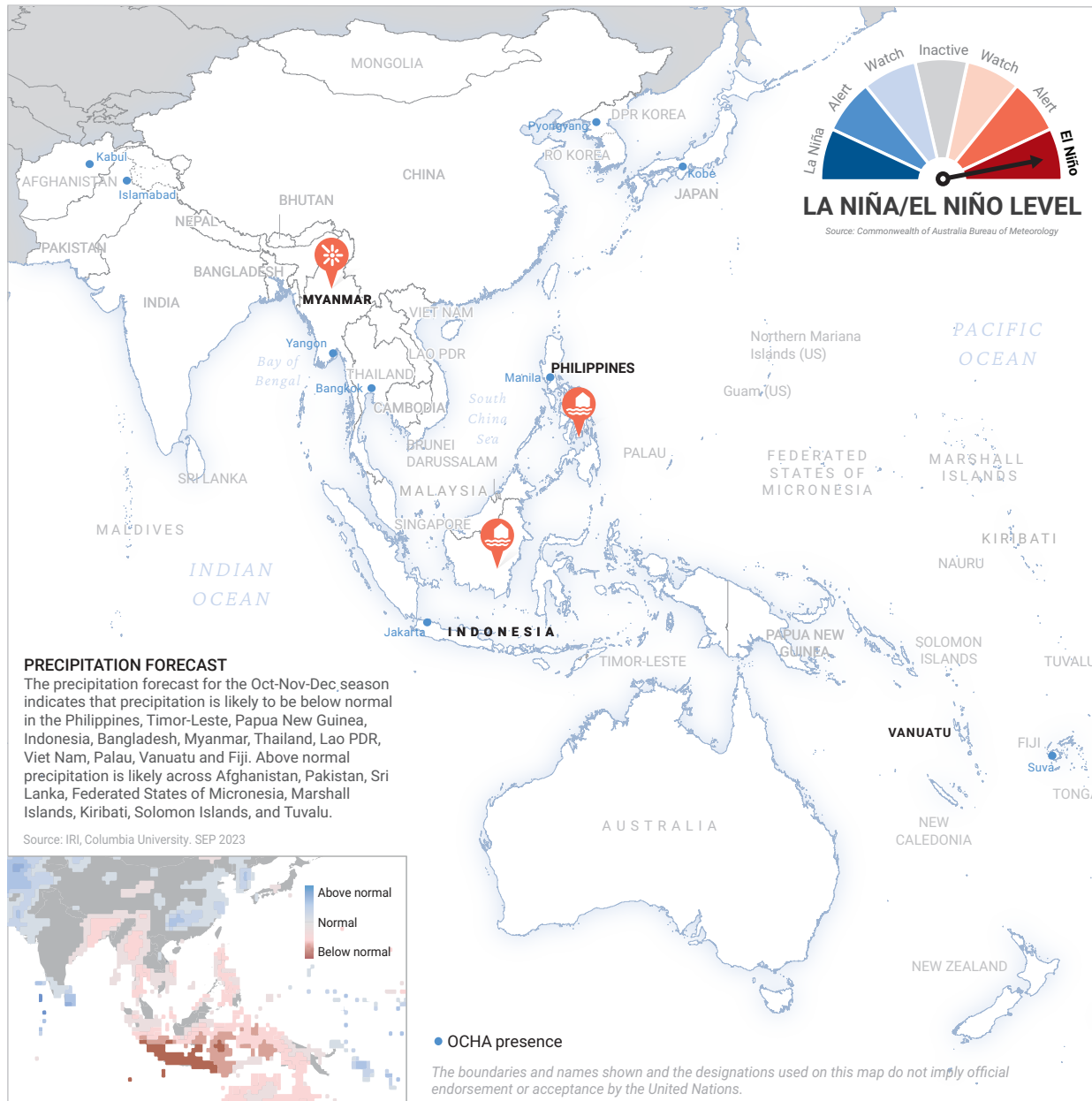


Heavy rainfall has been affecting several provinces of Indonesia over the past few days, causing floods and damages to homes and infrastructure. According to the ASEAN Disaster Information Network (ADINet), as of 20 September, the most affected areas are Nunukan Regency in North Kalimantan Province (northern Indonesia), where 7,874 people and 1,682 houses have been affected by flooding, and Aceh Selatan Regency in Aceh Province in western Indonesia, where 931 people and 263 houses have been affected. Another affected province is West Sumatra, in particular Pariaman and Padang Pariaman Cities, in western Sumatra, with 160 and 152 affected people respectively.¹

PHILIPPINES



More than 450,000 people have been affected by floods in Bangsamoro Autonomous Region in Muslim Mindanao (BARMM) following heavy rains and weather brought by the onset of the intertropical convergence zone. Since 17 September, a total of 90,750 families or over 453,000 people in 217 barangays of the mainland provinces of BARMM, particularly in low-lying areas that were also flooded in June- July 2023. BARMM's Special Geographic Area (SGA) and the municipality of Sultan Sa Barongis have declared the state of calamity, allowing the local government units to activate funds for the response. Floodwaters have already subsided in six out of 15 municipalities of Maguindanao del Sur. Local government units from the region and municipalities are leading response efforts to assist affected people.²



MYANMAR



Ongoing conflict across multiple states and regions continues to drive temporary new displacement, civilian casualties, and significant damage to civilian infrastructure. In the Southeast, approximately 15,000 people have been displaced in Kyainseikgyi township in Kayin since 14 September and at least 100 homes were damaged. In addition, about 1,850 people were displaced in southern Shan. Meanwhile, in the Northeast, more than 850 people were displaced in northern Shan (760) and Kachin (100) due to heavy clashes during the reporting period. Internally displaced people urgently need food, medicines, and other relief items. Humanitarians reached at least 1.8 million people with assistance in the first half of the year and continue to advocate for the expansion of humanitarian access to further scale-up these efforts.³