EXTRACTIVE INDUSTRIES TRANSPARENCY INITIATIVE

EITI MYANMAR





This report has been prepared at the request of the Multi-Stakeholder Group (MSG) charge with in implementation of the **Extractive** Industries Transparency Initiative in Myanmar (MEITI). The opinion expressed report are those of the Independent Administrator and did not reflect the official opinion of the MEITI-MSG. This report has been prepared exclusively for use by EITI Myanmar and must not be used by other parties, nor for any purposes other than those for which it is intended.

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Glossary and	abbreviations
ADB	Asian Development Bank
AGM	Annual General Meeting
AGO	Attorney General Office
ASM	Artisanal and Small-scale mining
ATL	Andaman Transportation Limited
Bbl.	Barrel
BCF	Billions of Cubic Feet
ВО	Beneficial Ownership
BOPD	Barrel Oil Per Day
BPSD	Barrel Per Stream Day
Bscf	Billion Scf
СВМ	Central Bank of Myanmar
CD	Customs Duties
CGT	Capital Gains Tax
CIF	Cost, insurance and freight
CIT	Corporate Income Tax
CNG	Compressed Natural Gas
CNPC	China National Petroleum Corporation
CNUOC	China National United Oil Corporation
CSO	Central Statistical Organization
CSO	Civil Society Organisation
CSR	Corporate Social Responsibility
СТ	Commercial Tax
DDP	Directorate of Defence Procurement
DEPP	Department of Electric Power and Planning
DGSE	Department of Geological Service and Mineral Exploration
DHPI	Department of Hydropower Implementation
DHPP	Department of Hydropower Planning
DICA	Directorate of Investment and Company Administration
DOM	Department of Mines
DPTSC	Department of Power Transmission and System Control
EGSA	Export Gas Sales Agreement
EGTA	Export Gas Transportation Agreement
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
EITI	Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative
EMP	Environmental Management Plan
E&P	Exploration and production
EPD	Energy Planning Department
EPGE	Electric Power Generation Enterprise
EQEG	Environmental Quality Emission Guideline
ERT	Electro Refined Tin
ESE	Electricity Supply Enterprise
EUR	Euro
FDI	Foreign Direct Investment
FDP	Field Development Plan
FIL	Foreign Investment Law
FOB	Free on Board
FS	Financial Statements

Glossary and	abbreviations
FY	Fiscal Year
G&G	Geological and Geophysical Study
GAAP	Generally Accepted Accounting Principles
GAD	General Administration Department
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GEG	Gas Engine Driven Generating Set
GJOC	Gold Petrol Joint Operating Company
GOUM	The Government of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar
GPOA	Gas Pipeline Operating Agreement
IA	Independent Administrator
IASB	International Accounting Standards Board
IEE	Initial Environmental Examination
IFAC	International Federation of Accountants
IFC	International Finance Corporation
IFRS	International Financial Reporting Standards
INTOSAI	International Organisation of Supreme Audit Institutions
IOC	International Oil Company
IPRC	Improved Petroleum Recovery Contracts
IPSAS	International Public Sector Accounting Standards
IRD	Internal Revenue Department
ISRS	International Standards for Related Services
IT	Income Tax
JV	Joint Venture
JV(A)	Joint Venture (Agreement)
Kg	Kilograms
km2	Square kilometre
LME	London Metal Exchange
LoEI	Letter of Expression of Interest
LPG	Liquid Petroleum Gas
LTO	Large Taxpayer Office
MAC	Myanmar Accountancy Council
MACCS	Myanmar Automated Cargo Clearance System
MAS	Myanmar Accounting Standards
MATA	Myanmar Alliance for Transparency and Accountability
MCA	Myanmar Companies Act
MCD	Myanmar Customs Department
MCL	Myanmar Companies Law
ME	Mining Enterprise
ME 1	No.1 Mining Enterprise
ME 2	No.2 Mining Enterprise
MEB	Myanma Economic Bank
MEC	Myanmar Economic Corporation
MEHL	Myanmar Economic Holding Limited
MEHPCL	Myanmar Economics Holding Public Company Limited
MEITI	Myanmar Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative
MEPE	Myanmar Electric Power Enterprise
MESC	Mandalay Electricity Supply Corporation
MFMA	Myanmar Federation of Mining Associations

MPPNF Myanmar Froats Products Merchant Federation NFRS Myanmar Froats Products Merchant Federation NFRS Myanmar Froats Products Merchant Federation MCE Myanmar Gems Enterprise MCGE Myanmar Gems Enterprise MCGE Myanmar Gems Enterprise MCGL Myanmar Gems and Jewellery Entrepreneurs Association MCGL Myanmar Gems and Jewellery Entrepreneurs Association MCGL Myanmar Investment Commission MCCL Myanmar Investment Commission MCCL Myanmar Investment Commission MCCL Myanmar Investment Commission MIL Myanmar Investment Law MIL Myanmar Kyats MILI Myanmar Myanm	Glossary and	abbreviations
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MPE Myanmar Petrochemical Enterprise MPPE Myanmar Petroleum Product Enterprise MSA Myanmar Standards on Auditing MSCf Thousand standard cubic foot MSDP Myanmar sustainable development plan MSG Multi-Stakeholder Group MSMCE Myanmar Salt and Marine Chemical Enterprise MT Metric Tons MTFF Medium Term Fiscal Framework MTO Medium Taxpayer Offices n/a Not applicable n/c Not communicated NCS National Coordination Secretariat NECC National Economics Coordination Committee NEPAS National Energy Puma Aviation Services NRGI Natural Resource Governance Institute OA Other Accounts OAG Office of the Auditor General of the Union OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	MoU	Memorandum of Understanding
MPPE Myanmar Petroleum Product Enterprise MSA Myanmar Standards on Auditing Mscf Thousand standard cubic foot MSDP Myanmar sustainable development plan MSG Multi-Stakeholder Group MSMCE Myanmar Salt and Marine Chemical Enterprise MT Metric Tons MTFF Medium Term Fiscal Framework MTO Medium Taxpayer Offices n/a Not applicable n/c Not communicated NCS National Coordination Secretariat NECC National Economics Coordination Committee NEPAS National Energy Puma Aviation Services NRGI Natural Resource Governance Institute OA Other Accounts OAG Office of the Auditor General of the Union OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	MPE	Myanmar Pearl Enterprise
MSA Myanmar Standards on Auditing Mscf Thousand standard cubic foot MSDP Myanmar sustainable development plan MSG Multi-Stakeholder Group MSMCE Myanmar Salt and Marine Chemical Enterprise MT Metric Tons MTFF Medium Term Fiscal Framework MTO Medium Taxpayer Offices n/a Not applicable n/c Not communicated NCS National Coordination Secretariat NECC National Economics Coordination Committee NEPAS National Energy Puma Aviation Services NRGI Natural Resource Governance Institute OA Other Accounts OAG Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	MPE	Myanmar Petrochemical Enterprise
MSCF Thousand standard cubic foot MSDP Myanmar sustainable development plan MSG Multi-Stakeholder Group MSMCE Myanmar Salt and Marine Chemical Enterprise MT Metric Tons MTFF Medium Term Fiscal Framework MTO Medium Taxpayer Offices n/a Not applicable n/c Not communicated NCS National Coordination Secretariat NECC National Economics Coordination Committee NEPAS National Energy Puma Aviation Services NRGI Natural Resource Governance Institute OA Other Accounts OAG Office of the Auditor General of the Union OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	MPPE	Myanmar Petroleum Product Enterprise
MSDP Myanmar sustainable development plan MSG Multi-Stakeholder Group MSMCE Myanmar Salt and Marine Chemical Enterprise MT Metric Tons MTFF Medium Term Fiscal Framework MTO Medium Taxpayer Offices n/a Not applicable n/c Not communicated NCS National Coordination Secretariat NECC National Economics Coordination Committee NEPAS National Energy Puma Aviation Services NRGI Natural Resource Governance Institute OA Other Accounts OAG Office of the Auditor General of the Union OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	MSA	Myanmar Standards on Auditing
MSG Multi-Stakeholder Group MSMCE Myanmar Salt and Marine Chemical Enterprise MT Metric Tons MTFF Medium Term Fiscal Framework MTO Medium Taxpayer Offices n/a Not applicable n/c Not communicated NCS National Coordination Secretariat NECC National Economics Coordination Committee NEPAS National Energy Puma Aviation Services NRGI Natural Resource Governance Institute OA Other Accounts OAG Office of the Auditor General of the Union OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	Mscf	Thousand standard cubic foot
MSMCE Myanmar Salt and Marine Chemical Enterprise MT Metric Tons MTFF Medium Term Fiscal Framework MTO Medium Taxpayer Offices n/a Not applicable n/c Not communicated NCS National Coordination Secretariat NECC National Economics Coordination Committee NEPAS National Energy Puma Aviation Services NRGI Natural Resource Governance Institute OA Other Accounts OAG Office of the Auditor General of the Union OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	MSDP	Myanmar sustainable development plan
MTF Medium Term Fiscal Framework MTO Medium Taxpayer Offices n/a Not applicable n/c Not communicated NCS National Coordination Secretariat NECC National Economics Coordination Committee NEPAS National Energy Puma Aviation Services NRGI Natural Resource Governance Institute OA Other Accounts OAG Office of the Auditor General of the Union OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	MSG	Multi-Stakeholder Group
MTFF Medium Term Fiscal Framework MTO Medium Taxpayer Offices n/a Not applicable n/c Not communicated NCS National Coordination Secretariat NECC National Economics Coordination Committee NEPAS National Energy Puma Aviation Services NRGI Natural Resource Governance Institute OA Other Accounts OAG Office of the Auditor General of the Union OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	MSMCE	Myanmar Salt and Marine Chemical Enterprise
MTO Medium Taxpayer Offices n/a Not applicable n/c Not communicated NCS National Coordination Secretariat NECC National Economics Coordination Committee NEPAS National Energy Puma Aviation Services NRGI Natural Resource Governance Institute OA Other Accounts OAG Office of the Auditor General of the Union OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	MT	Metric Tons
n/a Not applicable n/c Not communicated NCS National Coordination Secretariat NECC National Economics Coordination Committee NEPAS National Energy Puma Aviation Services NRGI Natural Resource Governance Institute OA Other Accounts OAG Office of the Auditor General of the Union OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	MTFF	Medium Term Fiscal Framework
n/c Not communicated NCS National Coordination Secretariat NECC National Economics Coordination Committee NEPAS National Energy Puma Aviation Services NRGI Natural Resource Governance Institute OA Other Accounts OAG Office of the Auditor General of the Union OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	МТО	Medium Taxpayer Offices
NCS National Coordination Secretariat NECC National Economics Coordination Committee NEPAS National Energy Puma Aviation Services NRGI Natural Resource Governance Institute OA Other Accounts OAG Office of the Auditor General of the Union OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	n/a	Not applicable
NECC National Economics Coordination Committee NEPAS National Energy Puma Aviation Services NRGI Natural Resource Governance Institute OA Other Accounts OAG Office of the Auditor General of the Union OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	n/c	Not communicated
NEPAS National Energy Puma Aviation Services NRGI Natural Resource Governance Institute OA Other Accounts OAG Office of the Auditor General of the Union OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	NCS	National Coordination Secretariat
NRGI Natural Resource Governance Institute OA Other Accounts OAG Office of the Auditor General of the Union OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	NECC	National Economics Coordination Committee
OA Other Accounts OAG Office of the Auditor General of the Union OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	NEPAS	National Energy Puma Aviation Services
OAG Office of the Auditor General of the Union OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	NRGI	Natural Resource Governance Institute
OAS Official Assessment System OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	OA	Other Accounts
OECD Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development	OAG	Office of the Auditor General of the Union
	OAS	Official Assessment System
OGPD Oil and Gas Planning Department	OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
	OGPD	Oil and Gas Planning Department

OPTR PAC Public Accounts Committee PCC Performance Compensation Contract PEP Political exposed persons PFM Public Finance Management PIT Personal Income Tax PRT Pyro Refine Tin PSC Production Sharing Contract PTT Petroleum Authority of Thailand PTTEP Petroleum Authority of Thailand Exploration and Production PTTEP OPTEP Offshore Investment Limited R&D Research and Development SAS Self-assessment System scf Standard Cubic Feet SEAGP South East Asia Gas Pipeline SEAGP Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline SEE State Economic Enterprise SEP Socio-Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number Tor Terms of Reference Toz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMCHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax YESC Yangon Electricity Supply Corporation	Glossary ar	nd abbreviations
PCC Performance Compensation Contract PEP Political exposed persons PFM Public Finance Management PIT Personal Income Tax PRT Pyro Refine Tin PSC Production Sharing Contract PIT Petroleum Authority of Thailand PTTEP Petroleum Authority of Thailand PTTEP Petroleum Authority of Thailand Exploration and Production PTTEPD PTTEP Offshore Investment Limited R&D Research and Development SAS Self-assessment System scf Standard Cubic Feet SEAGP South East Asia Gas Pipeline SEAOP Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline SEE State Economic Enterprise SEP Socio-Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number Tor Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthay! Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Pind Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic International Trade Law UNS S-USD United Station Law WHT Withholding Tax	OPTR	Operator
PEP Political exposed persons PFM Public Finance Management PIT Personal Income Tax PRT Pyro Refine Tin PSC Production Sharing Contract PTT Petroleum Authority of Thailand PTTEPP Petroleum Authority of Thailand Exploration and Production PTTEPO PTTEP Offshore Investment Limited R8D Research and Development SAS Self-assessment System Scf Standard Cubic Feet SEAGP South East Asia Gas Pipeline SEAOP Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline SEE State Economic Enterprise SEP Socio-Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SOE State-Owned Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number TOR Terms of Reference Toz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC TSCf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Station Law WHT Witthholding Tax	PAC	Public Accounts Committee
PFM Public Finance Management PIT Personal Income Tax PRT Pyro Refine Tin PSC Production Sharing Contract PTT Petroleum Authority of Thailand PTTEP Petroleum Authority of Thailand PTTEP Petroleum Authority of Thailand Exploration and Production PTTEPO PTTEP Offshore Investment Limited R&D Research and Development SAS Self-assessment System scf Standard Cubic Feet SEAGP South East Asia Gas Pipeline SEAOP Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline SEE State Economic Enterprise SEE State Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number TOR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC TScf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Station Law WHT Withholding Tax	PCC	Performance Compensation Contract
PIT Personal Income Tax PRT Pyro Refine Tin PSC Production Sharing Contract PTT Petroleum Authority of Thailand PTTEP Petroleum Authority of Thailand Exploration and Production PTTEPO PTTEP Offshore Investment Limited R&D Research and Development SAS Self-assessment System scf Standard Cubic Feet SEAGP South East Asia Gas Pipeline SEAOP Southeast Asia Grude Oil Pipeline SEE State Economic Enterprise SEP Socio-Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number TOR Terms of Reference Toz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UNO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Wittholding Tax	PEP	Political exposed persons
PRT Pyro Refine Tin PSC Production Sharing Contract PTT Petroleum Authority of Thailand PTTEPP Petroleum Authority of Thailand Exploration and Production PTTEPO PTTEP Offshore Investment Limited RRD Research and Development SAS Self-assessment System scf Standard Cubic Feet SEAGP South East Asia Gas Pipeline SEAOP Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline SEE State Economic Enterprise SEP Socio-Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SOE State-Owned Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number TOR Terms of Reference TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMCH Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US S-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	PFM	Public Finance Management
PSC Production Sharing Contract PTT Petroleum Authority of Thailand PTTEP Petroleum Authority of Thailand Exploration and Production PTTEPO PTTEP Offshore Investment Limited R&D Research and Development SAS Self-assessment System scf Standard Cubic Feet SEAGP South East Asia Gas Pipeline SEAOP Southeast Asia Trude Oil Pipeline SEE State Economic Enterprise SEE State Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SOE State-Owned Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number TOR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myamara Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law USS -USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Wittholding Tax	PIT	Personal Income Tax
PTTEP Petroleum Authority of Thailand PTTEP Petroleum Authority of Thailand Exploration and Production PTTEPO PTTEP Offshore Investment Limited R&D Research and Development SAS Self-assessment System scf Standard Cubic Feet SEAGP South East Asia Gas Pipeline SEAGP Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline SEE State Economic Enterprise SEP Socio-Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number TOR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law UNS 5-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Witholding Tax	PRT	Pyro Refine Tin
PTTEP Petroleum Authority of Thailand Exploration and Production PTTEPO PTTEP Offshore Investment Limited RRD Research and Development SAS Self-assessment System scf Standard Cubic Feet SEAGP South East Asia Gas Pipeline SEAGP South East Asia Gas Pipeline SEE State Economic Enterprise SEP Socio-Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SOE State-Owned Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number TOR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law UNS -USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Witholding Tax	PSC	Production Sharing Contract
PTTEPO PTTEP Offshore Investment Limited R&D Research and Development SAS Self-assessment System scf Standard Cubic Feet SEAGP South East Asia Gas Pipeline SEAOP Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline SEE State Economic Enterprise SEP Socio-Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SOE State-Owned Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIIN Tax Identification Number Tor Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law UNS S-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	PTT	Petroleum Authority of Thailand
R&D Research and Development SAS Self-assessment System scf Standard Cubic Feet SEAGP South East Asia Gas Pipeline SEAOP Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline SEE State Economic Enterprise SEP Socio-Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SOE State-Owned Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number ToR Terms of Reference Toz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law UNS S-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	PTTEP	Petroleum Authority of Thailand Exploration and Production
SAS Self-assessment System scf Standard Cubic Feet SEAGP South East Asia Gas Pipeline SEAOP Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline SEE State Economic Enterprise SEP Socio-Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SOE State-Owned Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number ToR Terms of Reference Toz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law WHT Withholding Tax	PTTEPO	PTTEP Offshore Investment Limited
scf Standard Cubic Feet SEAGP South East Asia Gas Pipeline SEAOP Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline SEE State Economic Enterprise SEP Socio-Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SOE State-Owned Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number ToR Terms of Reference T OZ Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	R&D	Research and Development
SEAGP South East Asia Gas Pipeline SEAOP Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline SEE State Economic Enterprise SEP Socio-Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SOE State-Owned Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number TOR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law UNS \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	SAS	Self-assessment System
SEAOP Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline SEE State Economic Enterprise SEP Socio-Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SOE State-Owned Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number ToR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	scf	Standard Cubic Feet
SEE State Economic Enterprise SEP Socio-Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SOE State-Owned Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number TOR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	SEAGP	South East Asia Gas Pipeline
SEP Socio-Economic Programme SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SOE State-Owned Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number ToR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US Ş-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	SEAOP	Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline
SEZ Special Economic Zone SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SOE State-Owned Enterprise SOE State-Owned Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number TOR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	SEE	State Economic Enterprise
SGT Specific Goods Tax SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SOE State-Owned Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number ToR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	SEP	Socio-Economic Programme
SIA Social Impact Assessment SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SOE State-Owned Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number TOR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	SEZ	Special Economic Zone
SME Small and Medium-sized Enterprise SOE State-Owned Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number ToR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	SGT	Specific Goods Tax
SOE State-Owned Enterprise SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number ToR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	SIA	Social Impact Assessment
SSB Social Security Board Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number ToR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	SME	Small and Medium-sized Enterprise
Tcf Trillion Cubic Feet THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number ToR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	SOE	State-Owned Enterprise
THB Thai Baht TIN Tax Identification Number ToR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	SSB	Social Security Board
TIN Tax Identification Number ToR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	Tcf	Trillion Cubic Feet
ToR Terms of Reference T oz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	THB	Thai Baht
Toz Troy ounce TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	TIN	Tax Identification Number
TPC Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	ToR	Terms of Reference
Tscf Trillion Cubic Feet UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	T oz	Troy ounce
UFA Union Fund Account UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	TPC	Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC
UMEHL Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	Tscf	Trillion Cubic Feet
UMO Union Minister Office UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	UFA	Union Fund Account
UNCITRAL United Nations Commission on International Trade Law US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	UMEHL	Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd
US \$-USD United States dollars UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	UMO	Union Minister Office
UTL Union Taxation Law WHT Withholding Tax	UNCITRAL	United Nations Commission on International Trade Law
WHT Withholding Tax	US \$-USD	United States dollars
	UTL	Union Taxation Law
YESC Yangon Electricity Supply Corporation	WHT	Withholding Tax
	YESC	Yangon Electricity Supply Corporation

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INTRODUCTION

Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (EITI) ¹

The Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (EITI) is a global Standard to promote open and accountable management of natural resources. It seeks to strengthen government and company systems, inform public debates and enhance trust. In each implementing country, it is supported by a coalition of governments, companies and civil society organisations working together.

The Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (EITI) was first announced at the World Summit on Sustainable Development in Johannesburg in 2002 (the Earth Summit 2002) and was officially launched in London in 2003. EITI is currently being implemented in 53 countries in Africa, Asia, Europe and America.

The EITI Standard sets out of the requirements which countries need to meet in order to be recognised, first as EITI Candidates and subsequently as EITI Compliant country. The Standard is overseen by the International EITI Secretariat, with which comprises members from governments, extractive companies and civil society organisations.

EITI in Myanmar

Myanmar joined EITI on instructions from its President at the end of 2012. Myanmar submitted its application to become an 'EITI Candidate' country to the EITI Board in May 2014. At its 27th meeting in Mexico in July 2014, the EITI Board approved Myanmar's candidacy application, and granted Myanmar until January 2016 to produce its first EITI Report.

In December 2015, Myanmar published its first EITI report for the period starting from April 2013 to March 2014.

On the 19th of December 2016, the Union Government formally appointed the Myanmar EITI Leading Committee, composed of the Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry (MoPFI) as Chair, the Minister of Natural Resources and Conservation and the Minister of Energy and Electricity as members, and the Deputy Minister of MoPFI as Secretary. The Renaissance Institute was appointed as the National Coordination Office. Civil society is represented by nine members of the Myanmar Alliance for Transparency and Accountability (MATA), while industry is represented by one member of the Myanmar Federation of Mining Associations (MFMA) by members of MGJEA under EITI in Myanmar and one member of oil and gas companies. The government has seven representatives².

On 7 March 2017, the EITI International Board approved MEITI's request for extension of deadlines, setting 31 March 2018 as the deadline for the publication of the second EITI Report, and 1 July 2018 as the commencement date for their Validation.

The timeline for Myanmar EITI process can be presented as follows:³

¹ Source: https://eiti.org/eiti

² https://myanmareiti.org/sites/myanmareiti.org/files/publication_docs/meiti-msg_tor_eng_29_june_2018.pdf

³ https://eiti.org/sites/default/files/inline/timeline_myanmar_0.png

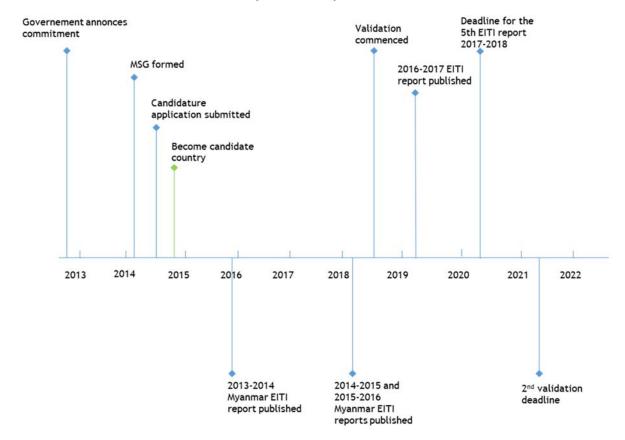


Chart 1: Myanmar EITI process timeline

Myanmar's Validation against the Standard commenced on 1 July 2018. On the 16th of October 2019, the EITI Board recognised Myanmar to have made meaningful progress in implementing the EITI Standard.

Taking into account⁴ the complexity of the extractive sector in the country and the good faith efforts undertaken by Myanmar to meet requirements of the EITI Standard, the Board has determined that Myanmar will have 18 months, i.e. until 16 April 2021, before a second Validation to carry out corrective actions.

The follow up of the corrective actions requested by this validation is presented in the annex 16.

The ongoing initiatives and other reform processes related to the EITI process are presented in the validation report⁵.

Objective

The purpose of this Report is to reconcile the data provided by companies operating in the extractive sector (hereafter referred to as "Companies") with the data provided by relevant Government Ministries and Bodies (hereinafter referred to as "Government Agencies").

The overall objectives of the reconciliation exercise are to assist the Government of Myanmar in identifying the positive contribution that extractive sector makes to the economic and social development of the country and to realise their potential through improved resource governance that encompasses and fully implements the principles and criteria of the Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative.

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⁴ https://eiti.org/board-decision/2019-58

⁵ https://eiti.org/scorecard-pdf?filter%5Bcountry%5D=54&filter%5Byear%5D=2018

According to MSG's decision, the extractive sectors to be covered by this report are oil and gas, gems and jade, other minerals and pearls.

Nature and extent of our work

We have performed our work in accordance with the International Auditing Standards applicable to related services (ISRS 4400 Engagements to perform agreed upon procedures regarding Financial Information). The procedures performed were those set out in the terms of reference as set out in the Request for Proposal and approved by MSG.

The reconciliation procedures carried out were not designed to constitute an audit or review in accordance with International Standards on Auditing or International Standards on Review Engagements and as a result, we do not express any assurance on the transactions beyond the explicit statements set out in this report.

The report consists of seven (7) chapters presented as follows:

- Executive summary;
- Approach and methodology;
- Contextual information on the extractive sector;
- Determination of the reconciliation scope;
- Reconciliation results;
- Other information; and
- Findings, recommendations.

Reported data disaggregated by individual companies, Government Agencies and revenue streams, are included as Appendices to the report. The amounts in this report are stated in Myanmar Kyat (MMK), unless otherwise stated.

Our report incorporates information received up to 8 February 2020. Any information received after this date has not been included in the report.

Review of the workplan and NCS activities

Following the review of the workplan published⁶ in the MEITI website, we understand that the actions and activities of the work plan revolve around three (03) objectives namely:

- Contribute to broader reform for resource governance
- Create enabling environment for EITI
- Prepare and facilitate the process for implementing
- Increase the accessibility of data (Communication and Information Sharing)

The NCS led several activities in order to reach those objectives detailed in the activity report published in the MEITI website⁷.

Following the MSG assessment of the progress made in the implementation of the workplan activities, it decided that :

- 50% of the planned activities were implemented representing 63 activities;
- 27% of the planned activities were on going representing 23 activities;
- 18% did not started yet representing 22 activities; and
- 5% were completed in the previous year's representing 4 activities

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⁶ https://myanmareiti.org/en/work-plan

https://myanmareiti.org/sites/myanmareiti.org/files/publication_docs/apr_2018-2019_final_30-6-2019.pdf

1. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report summarises information about the reconciliation of fiscal and non-fiscal revenues from the extractive sector in Myanmar as part of the implementation of the Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative (EITI). In addition, this report includes the reconciliation of revenues collected by State-Owned Enterprises (SOEs) from extractive companies and cash flows contributed by SOEs to the State's budget.

As agreed by MSG during their 25th meeting, the extractive sector covered by the present reconciliation includes three sub-sectors Oil and Gas, Gems and Jade, other minerals and pearls.

1.1. Limitations to the scope of work

- This report covers the mining sector and the upstream and midstream Oil and gas sector, the downstream sector will be subject to the first Commodity trading report to be published after this report.
- According to the MSG decision, the B.O information gathering was performed according to another process, the main conclusion of this process is presented in the section 3.7 of this report.
- Although the unilateral disclosure per tax was provided by MGE and certified by OAG, we have not been able to include in this report the unilateral disclosure detailed per company. This information wasn't completely reported by the MGE.
- The conclusion regarding the description of the fiscal regime of the PCC contract with MPRL E&P was prepared in accordance with the description provided by the MOGE and the company. We have not been able to obtain the validation of the company of this description.

1.2. Revenue generated from the extractive sector

The receipts reported by the Government Agencies during the period from 1 April 2017 to 31 March 2018, after reconciliation, are summarised as follows:

REVENUES OF THE EXTRACTIVE COMPANIES

Total revenue collected from the extractive companies amounted to MMK 1,935,945 million⁸ for the fiscal year 2017-2018. The revenue stream from the extractive sector is made up of 72.19% of revenues from the Oil and Gas sub-sector (including Oil and Gas transportation) while mining sector represent 27.81%. Details of these revenues streams is set out in the table below:

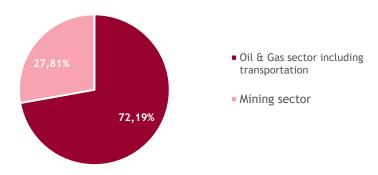
Table 1: Total revenue collected

Figures in million MMK

Sub-sector	Total revenues collected	Social payments	Total revenues	%
Oil & Gas sector including transportation	1,386,959	10,508	1,397,467	72.19%
Mining sector	528,758	9,720	538,478	27.81%
Total	1,915,717	20,228	1,935,945	100%

Source: Government data after adjustments

Chart 2: Breakdown of extractive revenue



Revenue of the oil and gas sub-sector:

Revenue in cash:

According to the data reported by Government Agencies and SOEs, details of the oil and gas revenues after adjustments including the transportation sector can be detailed below:

Table 2: Total revenue per subsector

Figures in MMK million

Sub-sector	Total revenues collected	Social payments	Total revenues	%
Revenue collected from Oil and gas companies	985,714	5,948	991,662	71%
Oil & Gas transportation	401,245	4,561	405,806	29%
Total	1,386,959	10,508	1,397,467	100%

Source: Government data after adjustments

⁸ Source: EITI Data reported by Government Agencies after adjustments

Revenues collected from oil and gas companies amounted to 985,714 mill MMK are net revenues after payments from MOGE to the oil and companies are deducted. The deductions include purchase of domestic gas offshore and purchase of the companies' share of oil/gas onshore.

Revenue in kind:

The oil and gas revenues in kind detailed by payment flows are as follows:

Table 3: Total revenue in kind

Type of in-kind payment	Oil collection in barrels	Gas collection in Mmscf
Baseline payments	613,272	616
Cost recovery	316,992	61
State profit share	73,585	
Royalties payments	43,451	
Risk compensation	38,409	29
Total	1,085,709	707

Source: Government data after adjustments

Revenue of the mining sub-sector:

According to the data reported by Government Agencies and SOE's, details of the mining sub-sector revenues after adjustments including the Gems and Jade, Pearl and other minerals is as follows:

Table 4: Total mining revenue per subsector

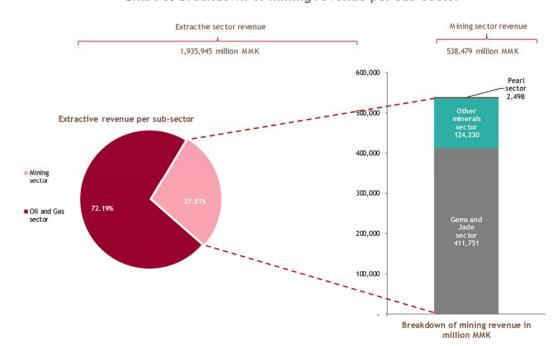
Figures in MMK million

Sub-sector	Total revenues collected	Social payments	Unilateral disclosure	Total revenues	%
Revenue collected from Gems and Jade companies	349,264	381	62,106	411,751	76%
Payments performed by other minerals companies	110,733	8,695	4,802	124,230	23%
Revenue collected from pearl companies	1,853	644	-	2,497	0%
Total	461,850	9,720	66,908	538,478	100%

Source: Government data after adjustments

The diagram below shows the breakdown of the mining sector by sub-sector:

Chart 3: Breakdown of mining revenue per sub-sector



EITI figures indicate that in fiscal year 2017/18, the mining sector represented 27.81% of the total extractive revenue. The main part came from the Gems and Jade sub-sector with more than 411 billion MMK followed by the other minerals sub-sector with 124 billion MMK.

Revenue breakdown by collecting entity (Government Agency or SOE):

Details of the extractive revenue presented by collecting entity is set out in the table below9.

The figures reported are presented after reconciliation and include payments made by SOEs.

Table 5: Total revenue per collecting entity

Figures in MMK million

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Collection entity	Oil and Gas companies	Oil and gas transport.	Pearl sector	Gems and Jade	Other minerals	Total	%
State Owned Enterprises (SOE's)	937,012	208,375	45	376,157	17,742	1,539,331	79.51%
Internal Revenue Department (IRD)	48,510	184,682	1,067	32,488	87,296	354,045	18.29%
Myanmar Customs Department (MCD)	191	3,628	39	2,725	4,692	11,276	0.58%
Department of Mines (DOM)	=	-	702	=	5,390	6,092	0.31%
Department of Trading (DoT)	-	4,559	-	-	-	4559	0.24%
Forest Department (FD)	-	-	-	-	410	410	0.02%
Department of Geological Survey and Mineral Exploration (DGSE)	-	-	-	-	5	5	0.00%
Various beneficiary (social payments)	5,948	4,561	644	380	8,695	20,228	1.04%
Total	991,661	405,805	2,498	411,75 1	124,23 0	1,935,945	100.00%

Source: Government data after adjustments

We can conclude that more than 79% of extractive revenues is collected by SOEs. The second entity includes the Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry through IRD and MCD. Social payments represent 1.04% of the total extractive revenues.

The payments made by the extractive companies to the SOEs include non-tax revenues (signature and production bonuses, royalties on sales, royalties on production, production split, sale split, licence fees, data fees).

The Payments made by the extractive companies to IRD include Income Tax, Commercial Tax, Withholding Tax, Specific Goods Tax and Stamp Duties while the payments to the Customs Department include the customs duties, Commercial Tax and Specific Good Tax which will be transferred to IRD.

The payments to DoM include royalties, signature bonuses/application fees, dead rent fees and licence fees while the payments to the Forestry Department include land rental fees and environmental / plantation fees.

The revenues received from the extractive sector disaggregated by revenue streams and by company are presented in Section 5 of the report. The reconciliation sheets by company are presented in annex 12 of the report.

Significance to Myanmar economy

According to the Central Statistical Organization (CSO), the Gross Domestic Product (GDP) contribution from the extractive sector for 2017-2018 amounted to approximately MMK $4,324,810^{10}$ million or 4.78% of the Country's GDP.

 $^{^{\}rm 9}$ Source: EITI data reported by Government Agencies after reconciliation adjustments 10 Central Statistical Organization

The extractive sector's contribution to the State's revenue amounted to MMK 383,330 million (5.16%)¹¹ in 2017-2018 (Total revenues of the Union amounting to MMK 7,423,520 million¹²).

As per the Central Statistical Organization, the value of exports from the extractive sector amounted to US\$ 5,271.5 million and represents about 35.5% of the country's total export of ¹³ US\$ 14,850.7 million.

From the data collected from companies, SOEs and Government Agencies, the extractive sector employment represented 0.25% of the country's 2017-2018 total labour force in Myanmar.

The charts below show the contribution from the extractive sector to GDP, the State's revenues and the exports figures for 2017-2018. More details are set out in Section 6.6 of this report.

Extractive contribution to Exports

Extractive sector contribution to the Exports

Extractive sector contribution to Revenue

Chart 4: Macro-economic indicators for the extractive sector (2017-2018)

Calculation of all indicators above is detailed in section 6.6.

1.3. Production and exports

Oil and Gas

According to data reported by MOGE, 1,603,783 barrels of condensate and 649,704 Mmscf of Natural Gas were produced in offshore blocks and 1,317,039 barrels of Oil and 706.853 Mmscf of Natural Gas were produced in onshore blocks during the year from April 2017 to March 2018.

The value of oil and natural gas exported amounted to MMK 144,719 million and MMK 4,065,380 million respectively according to data made available by MOGE.

		Production				Exportation	n
		Volume	Unit	Value (in million MMK)	Volume	Unit	Value (in million MMK)
Offich and blooks	Condensate	1,603,783	Barrels	127,190	1,824,806	Barrels	144,719
Offshore blocks	Gas	649,704	Mmscf	5,153,8425(*)	512,490	Mmscf	4,065,380
O	Oil	1,317,039	Barrels	96,742	-		-
Onshore blocks	Gas	707	Mmscf	1,584	-		-
Total				5,379,358			4,210,099

Table 6: Oil and Gas production and exports

^(*)Value calculated based on the exportation price

¹¹ Central Statistical Organization

¹² Central Statistical Organization

¹³ Central Statistical Organization

Gems and jade

According to data reported by MGE, 6,949,331 carats, 4.9 tons of gems were produced in 2017-2018 as follows:

Table 7: Gems production

Mineral Type	Scope/ out of Scope	Sharing / Private	Unit	Production Volume	Production Value Million Kyat
		Private	Carat	274,991	82.8
	Scope -	Private	Kilo	27	62.0
	scope -	Charing	Carat	324,129	63.1
Gems		Sharing	Kilo	6	03.1
Gens		Private	Carat	6,350,211	1,437.6
	Out of Soons	Private	Kilo	4,882	1,437.0
	Out of Scope	Charing	Carat	-	
		Sharing	Kilo	-	-
Total Gems Production -			Carat	6,949,330	1,583.5
			Kilo	4,915	1,503.5

Source: MGE data

Gem production out of scope is detailed by company in the annex 14.

Additionally, 31,677.7 tons of jade were produced in 2017-2018 as follows for a total value of MMK 118,090 million as set out in the table below:

Table 8: Jade production

Mineral Type	Scope/ out of Scope	Sharing / Unit Private		Production Volume	Production Value Million MMK
	Scope	Private	Kilo	10,257,085	39,876
Jade	эсоре	Sharing	Kilo	11,685,027	44,963
Jade	Out of Scope	Private	Kilo	9,396,183	31,995
	Out of Scope	Sharing	Kilo	339,478	1,256
Total Jade pro	duction	31,677,773	118,090		

Source: MGE data

^(*) The valuation method used for the production is detailed in the section 3.3.14

^(*) The valuation method used for the production is detailed in the section 3.3.14

According to data reported by MGE, the Gems and Jade sales and exports are detailed as follows:

Table 9: Gems and Jade exports for the sector

	•	EUR MMK			USD						
Calaa	Mineral	Volu	ıme		Volu	ıme	Total	Volume	€	Total	Total
Sales	Туре	Carat	Kg	Total sale in EURO	Carat	Kg	(in million MMK)	Pieces	Kg	Exports in USD	(in million MMK)
Emporium	Gems	979,427.70	246.91	3,982,593.00	756,932.90	45.74	5,974.90	-	-	-	
Sales	Jade		5,437,231	821,184,613		3,984,635	44,214				
Exports	Gems	4,950.80	96.38	933,091.00	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
from Emporium	Jade		3,738,294	734,316,575							
	Gems		•	•		•		23,485		1,055,812	
Exports outside of	Jade (pieces)							2,036,736			280
Emporium	Jade (packages)	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,094			200

Source: MGE data

The Gems and Jade Sale valuation and allocation system is detailed in the section 3.1.14.

Other Minerals

The production and exports value for other minerals as declared by SOEs (ME1 & ME2), amounted to MMK 490,781 million and MMK 25,098 million, respectively. The table below shows the contribution of each category of minerals in relation to the total production and exports of the other minerals sub-sector:

Table 10: Other minerals production and exports

Minerals	Production value (in million MMK)	in %	Export value (in million MMK)	in %
Lead, Zinc, Copper, Iron, Chromium, Antimony, Coal, Manganese, Nickel, Barite, Limestone, Gypsum (reported by ME 1)	398,199	81.14%	14,992	59.75%
Gold, Tin and Refined Tin (reported by ME 2)	92,582	18.86%	10,098	40.25%
Total	490,781	100.00%	25,090	100.00%

Source: ME 1 and ME 2 data

The breakdown by mineral of the volumes and values of production and exports is presented in the annex 13 of the report.

⁽¹⁾ According to the data provided by MGE we understand that all exports outside of emporium are final goods (all exports out of emporium are quantified in pieces).

Pearls

The total pearl production reported by MPE is detailed in the table below.

Table 11: Pearl production

License	Production Volume		Unit	Production Value in million MMK
MPE production		80,186	momme	3,722
Myanmar Tasaki Co., Ltd		160,702	momme	10,937
Myanmar Atlantic Co., Ltd		34,951	momme	1,530
Myanmar Andman Co., Ltd		47,231	momme	3,114
Belpearl Myanmar Co., Ltd		7,413	momme	364
Nino Pearl Culturing Co., Ltd		27,477	momme	1,601
Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Zinyaw)		67,880	momme	4,092
Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Jalan)		14,811	momme	889
Annawar Pearl Co., Ltd (Marine Pearl Company)			momme	-
Pyae Sone Htet Myint Co., Ltd			momme	-
Aquagold Myanmar Co., Ltd		2,485	momme	96
Pyae Phyo Tun Co., Ltd			momme	-
Total production		443,136	momme	26,345

Source: MPE

The volume and value of sales that were reported by MPE is detailed in the table below.

Table 12: Pearl exports

		SOE	
N°	Company name	Quantity exported in momme	Value in USD
1	MPE Exports	58,606	7,501,763
2	Myanmar Tasaki Co., Ltd	120,526	6,050,115
3	Myanmar Atlantic Co., Ltd	26,213	846,312
4	Myanmar Andman Co., Ltd	35,423	1,722,426
5	Belpearl Myanmar Co., Ltd	5,560	201,446
6	Nino Pearl Culturing Co., Ltd	24,796	1,074,893
7	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Zinyaw)	92.404	2 472 705
8	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Jalan)	82,691	3,673,705
Tota	al .	353,815	21,070,660

Source : MPE data

The local sales reported by the MPE amounted to 45, 705 momme for a total value of 2,165,110 USD.

The sales valuation mechanisms and pricing method are detailed in the section 3.3.14 of the report

^(*) The valuation method used for the production is detailed in the section 3.3.14

^(*) The valuation method used for the production is detailed in the section 3.3.14

1.4. Scope of the data collection and reconciliation

Payment flows and data reported

MSG agreed that for the purpose of the EITI Report the revenues collected from the extractive sector in Myanmar for the fiscal year 2017-2018 would comprise the following sectors:

- Oil and Gas including their transportation; and
- Mining (including jade and gemstones, other minerals and pearl sectors).

The scope of revenue streams included for reconciliation include:

- all tax payments, non-tax payments and in-kind payments made or reported by companies selected in the scope and revenues received by or reported to the Government Agencies during the fiscal year 2017-2018; and
- all payments and transfers made or reported to SOEs and revenues received by or reported to Government Agencies during the fiscal year 2017-2018.

Payments made by companies not selected in the scope and social payments are disclosed unilaterally and do not form part of the reconciliation process.

Extractive companies

For the mining sector, MSG identified 384 companies to be included in the reconciliation process for the fifth MEITI Report. The companies listed in Section 4.3 of the report meet the materiality threshold of MMK 0.5 billion for the Gems and Jade and other minerals sectors.

The detailed approach for the companies selected is detailed in the section 4 of the current report.

With regards to the Oil and Gas sector, MSG agreed to include all Oil and Gas operators in producing field and exploration companies without applying any materiality threshold. This has led to the selection of 56 Oil and Gas companies and 5 transportation companies within the reconciliation scope.

MSG also agreed to include all companies operating in the pearl producing field and exploration companies without applying any materiality threshold. These companies are listed in Section 4.3 of the report.

Details of the number of companies included within the 2017-2018 scope are set out in the table below:

Coverage EITI Scope MEC and Oil and Gas Oil and Gems and MEHPCL Sector Mining Pearl Transportation related Gas Jade companies Number of companies selected 56 5 209 94 11 9 MMK 0.5 **MMK 0.5** All All ΔII Materiality All companies companies billion billion companies companies Actual coverage by sub sector 100% 100% 85% 96% 100% 100% Actual overall reconciliation coverage 97%

Table 13: Coverage per subsector

Source: EITI data after reconciliation

Government Agencies

MSG agreed that all Government Agencies which receive extractive-related revenues from companies should be included within the reconciliation scope. Accordingly, MSG identified sixteen (16) Government Agencies to be included as listed in Section 4.4 of the report.

1.5. Comprehensiveness and reliability of data

Comprehensiveness of data collected

Government

All the government agencies and SOEs submitted their reporting templates.

Companies

Details of data submission are presented in the table below:

Table 14: Data submission follow-up

Sector	Company selected in the scope	Company submitted their reporting template
Oil and Gas	56	19
Oil and Gas transportation	5	5
Gems and Jade	209	205
Other minerals	94	79
Pearl	11	11
Total	375	319

Source: EITI data after reconciliation

All companies included in the reconciliation scope have submitted their reporting templates according to the reporting instructions approved by MSG, with the exception of:

- (36) Oil and Gas companies whose payments to Government Agencies are detailed in the section 5.1.4.
- (4) Gems and Jade companies (A K&K, Phar Kant Sai Bon, Palaung National, Myat Myittar Mon (G & J) Co.,Ltd). According to the data submitted by Government Agencies, there were no payments made by these companies except for:
 - A K&K for which MGE has reported royalties amounting MMK 43,957,340; and
 - Phar Kant Sai Bon for which MGE has reported a total payment of MMK 12,053,265. The detail of those companies is presented in the section 5.2.5.
- (15) other minerals companies; according to the data submitted by Government Agencies, the payments made by these companies to government agencies is presented in the section 5.3.5.

All the pearl and transportation companies submitted their reporting templates.

Impact of the non-submission on the comprehensiveness of the extractive sector revenue

The impact of the non-submission of the RT is presented as below:

Table 15: the comprehensiveness of the extractive sector revenue

Sub-sector	Government revenue after adjustments in million MMK	enue after Total non-submission ustments in companies in million	
Oil and Gas sector	991,661	15,234	2%
Oil and Gas transportation sector	405,806	-	0%
Gems and Jade sector	411,751	56	0%
Other minerals sector	124,230	3,358	3%
Pearl sector	2,498	-	0%
Total	1,935,945	18,648	1%

Source: EITI data after reconciliation

We can conclude from the above that this non submission has no impact on the opinion of the IA on the comprehensiveness of the extractive sector revenue.

Reliability of data submitted

Companies

As decided by MSG, the reporting templates should be approved by an official authorised person from the company.

Accordingly, all the Oil and Gas transportation companies most of companies in the other sectors have submitted reporting templates signed by an authorised officer as requested by the MSG, except for:

- for the Oil and Gas Sector: of the 19 companies which submitted a reporting template, only "CFG Energy Pte Ltd" did not submit a reporting template approved by an authorised company official.
 - Two companies did not submit their audited financial statements for the FY 2017-2018, namely "Gold Petrol Joint Operating Company Inc., (GJOC Inc.)" and "CFG Energy Pte Ltd.,".
- For the Gems and Jade Sector: of the 205 companies which submitted a reporting template, 54 companies did not submit a reporting template approved by an authorised company official.
 - Additionally, 101 companies did not submit the audit report for their financial statements for the FY 2017-2018.
- For the Other Minerals Sector: of the 67 companies which submitted a reporting template, 12 companies did not submit a reporting template approved by an authorised company official.
 - Additionally, 51 companies did not submit their audited financial statements for the FY 2017-2018.
- For the Pearl Sector: of the 11 companies which submitted a reporting template, two companies "Belpearl Myanmar Co., Ltd" and "Pyae Phyo Tun Co., Ltd" did not submit a reporting template approved by an authorised company official.

Additionally, "Pyae Phyo Tun Co., Ltd" did not submit its audited financial statements for the FY 2017-2018.

The detail of those companies is presented in the annex 7 companies' profile.

Impact of the non-signature of the RT on the reliability of the extractive sector revenue

The impact of the non-submission of the RT is presented as below:

Table 16: the reliability of the extractive sector revenue

Sub-sector	Government revenue after adjustments in million MMK	Not signed RT in million MMK	%
Oil and Gas sector	991,662	1,356	0%
Oil and Gas transportation sector	405,806	-	0%
Gems and Jade sector	411,751	55,321	13%
Other minerals sector	124,230	6,003	5%
Pearl sector	2,498	38	2%
Total	1,935,946	62,717	3%

Source: EITI data after reconciliation

We can conclude from the above that the total payments of the companies that did not submit signed RT represent 3% of the extractive revenue, which is slightly above the materiality decided by the MSG (2%). However, the impact of this excess is mitigated by the following fact:

- The comprehensiveness of the extractive revenue; and
- the non-significant difference noted during the reconciliation of payments between companies and government agencies and the SOEs detailed in the next section.

Government Agencies

With regards to Government Agencies including SOEs, reporting templates should be signed by an authorised officer and certified by the Office of the Auditor General (OAG).

This has been complied with by all SOEs and Government Agencies selected within the reconciliation scope except for MGE unilateral disclosure for which we only received the certified reporting templates of companies in scope.

All reconciled revenues reported by Government Agencies and SOEs, were certified by the Office of Auditor General (OAG).

IA opinion regarding the comprehensiveness and the reliability of the revenue

The IA concluded from the above that the final assessment of the overall comprehensiveness and reliability of reconciled financial data from the companies, SOEs and government entities to be satisfactory.

1.6. Summary of the reconciliation results

Total revenues received from extractive companies as declared by Government Agencies amounted to MMK 1,935,945 million in the period covered by the report. The table and figures shown below summarise the reconciled revenues and revenues disclosed unilaterally by the government in accordance with the reconciliation scope.

Table 17: Revenue of the extractive sector

Figures in million MMK

Sub-sector	Reconciled revenues	Payments from companies not selected in the reconciliation scope	Social contributions	Total revenues
Oil & Gas	985,714	-	5,948	991,662
Oil & Gas transportation	401,245	-	4,561	405,806
Gems & Jade (excluding Military subsidiaries)	349,264	62,106	381	411,751
Other Minerals	110,733	4,802	8,695	124,230
Pearl	1,853	-	644	2,497
Total	1,848,809	66,908	20,229	1,935,945
%	95.52%	3.46%	1.02%	100.00%

Source: EITI data after reconciliation

Reconciliation of payments to the Government Agencies

BDO LLP has been contracted to reconcile taxes reported by extractive companies and Government Agencies in order to identify and clarify any potential discrepancies in the payments reported in the declarations. Disaggregated reporting is detailed in Section 5 of this report.

Table 18: Reconciliation result per sub-sector

In million MMK Positive Negative difference **Net Difference Extractive** difference Sub sector Government companies Amount Amount % % **Amount** Oil and Gas 126.2 0.01% 970,582.7 985,714.0 (15,257.5) (1.55%) (15,131.3) (1.54%) Gems and Jade 345,354.5 349,264.2 85.0 0.02% (3,994.7)(1.14%)(3,909.7)(1.12%) Gems and Jade 23.8 2.81% 2.81% Military 870.6 846.8 (0.0)0.00% 23.8 subsidiaries 110,732.9 340.3 0.31% Other minerals 106,100.8 (4,632.1) (4.18%) (4,972.4)(4.49%)Oil and Gas 401,244.7 403,410.4 2,165.8 0.54% 0.00% 2,165.8 0.54% Transportation Pearl 1,860.5 1,853.4 7.5 0.40% 7.2 0.39% (0.3)(0.02%)Total 1,828,179.49 1,849,655.95 2,748.43 0.15% (24,224.89) (1.31%) (21,476.46) (1.16%)

Excluding data related to entities not subject to EITI reporting

The unreconciled difference of (1.16%) is below the final acceptable discrepancy threshold of 2% of the total revenues declared by the Government Agencies/SOEs set by MSG.

The analysis of the unreconciled difference by sector is as follows:

Oil and Gas sector

The total unreconciled discrepancies amounted to MMK (15,131.3) million representing (1.54%) of total payments reported by Government Agencies which is **below** the final acceptable discrepancy threshold of 2%. This is the sum of positive differences of MMK 126.2 million and negative differences amounting to MMK (15,257.5) million. This unreconciled difference is summarised in the table below.

Table 19: Oil and gas sector: differences raised

Reasons for differences	Amount in million MMK
Reporting template not submitted by the extractive company (a)	(15,234.26)
Tax not reported by the extractive company (b)	(42.1)
Tax not reported by the Govt Body	145.1
Not material difference	0.05
Total	(15,131.3)
Source : EITI data after reconciliation	

(a) Reporting template not submitted by the extractive company

This difference relates to taxes reported by Government Agencies. However, the companies failed to include these payments in their reporting templates.

Eight (8) companies did not submit their reporting templates and for which Government Agencies reported payments. Those companies are:

Company	Figures in million MMK Amount reported by the government agencies
CNPC International Ltd.	(9,080.6)
Nippon Oil Exploration (Myanmar) Ltd	(4,307.2)
Eden Group Co., Ltd	(1,166.8)
Gail JJ India Ltd	(500.8)
Smart Technical Services Ltd.	(110.7)
Machinery and Solutions Co., Ltd.	(49.7)
Royal Marine Engineering Co.,Ltd	(16.2)
ONGC Videsh Ltd.,	(2,0)
Total	(15,234.2)
Source: FITI data after reconciliation	

Source: EITI data after reconciliation

(b) Taxes not reported by extractive companies

This difference is mainly related to the taxes reported by IRD but not reported by the extractive companies including corporate income tax and stamp duties.

Gems and Jade

The total unreconciled discrepancies amounted to MMK (3,909.7) million representing (1.12%) of total payments reported by Government Agencies which is below the final acceptable discrepancy threshold of 2%. This is the sum of positive differences of MMK 85.0 million and negative differences amounting to MMK (3,994.7) million. These unreconciled differences are summarised below:

Table 20: Gems and Jade sector: differences raised

Reasons for differences	Total payments (MMK)
Tax not reported by the extractive company	(4,616,377,900)
Tax not reported by the Govt Body	789,802,898
Reporting template not submitted by the extractive company	(56,010,605)
Not material difference < 1.5 Million Kyats	(29,140,021)
Reporting template not submitted by the Govt Body	2,000,000
Total differences	(3,909,725,628)

EITI data after reconciliation

(a) Taxes not reported by extractive companies

This difference relates to taxes declared by Government Agencies as a payment from Gems and Jade companies. However, the companies failed to include these payments in their reporting templates. This difference represents the final unexplained difference after performance of the reconciliation work.

Details of this discrepancy by company and by tax are presented in Section 5.2.4 of the report.

(b) Taxes not reported by Government Agencies

This difference relates to taxes declared by Gems and Jade companies as a payment to Government Agencies. However, the Government Agencies did not report these payments in their reporting templates. This difference represents the final unexplained difference after performance of the reconciliation work and input of the confirmed adjustments.

(c) Reporting templates not submitted by extractive companies

This difference is related to taxes declared by the Government Agencies for companies which did not submit a reporting template.

(d) Immaterial differences < 1.5 Million Kyats

These differences correspond to immaterial differences falling below the materiality threshold of MMK 1,500,000 as described in the Section 2.3 above.

Other minerals

The total unreconciled discrepancies amounted to MMK (4,632.1) million representing (4.18%) of total payments reported by Government Agencies which is above the final acceptable discrepancy threshold of 2%. This is the sum of positive differences of MMK 340.3 million and negative differences amounting to MMK (4,972.4) million. These unreconciled differences are summarised in the table below.

Table 21: Other minerals sector: differences raised

Final difference breakdown	Amount in MMK
Reporting templates not submitted by extractive companies	(3,357,648,445)
Taxes not reported by extractive companies	(2,031,250,696)
Taxes not reported by Government Agencies	767,135,805
Exchange rate differences	(11,130,463)
Not material difference < 5 Million Kyats	779,047
Total differences	(4,632,114,751)

EITI data after reconciliation

(a) Reporting templates not submitted by extractive companies

This difference relates to taxes reported by Government Agencies but not by companies.

Details of this discrepancy by company and by tax are presented in Section 6.3.3 of the report.

(b) Taxes not reported by extractive companies

This difference relates to taxes declared by Government Agencies as a payment from Other Minerals companies. However, the companies failed to include these payments in their reporting templates. This difference represents the final unexplained difference after performance of the reconciliation work and input of the confirmed adjustments.

Details of this discrepancy by company and by tax are presented in Section 6.3.3 of the report.

(c) Taxes not reported by Government Agencies

This difference relates to taxes declared by Other Mineral companies as a payment to Government Agencies. However, the Government Agencies did not include these payments in their reporting templates. This difference represents the final unexplained difference after adjustments.

Details of this discrepancy by company and by tax are presented in Section 6.3.3 of the report.

(d) Exchange rate differences

This difference relates to taxes declared by Other Mineral companies in MMK and reported by Government Agencies in USD. The amount declared by Government Agencies was converted using the annual average exchange rate MMK/USD.

Details of this discrepancy by company and by tax are presented in Section 6.3.3 of the report.

Oil and Gas Transportation

The total unreconciled discrepancies amounted to MMK 2,165.7 million representing 0.5% of total payments reported by Government Agencies which is below the final acceptable discrepancy threshold of 2%. These unreconciled differences are summarised in the table below.

Table 22: O&G transportation sector: differences raised

Reasons for differences	Unreconciled difference (MMK)
Exchange rate differences (a)	1,209,553,546
Taxes not reported by Government Agencies (b)	956,189,272
Immaterial differences	23,531
Total Differences	2,165,766,349

(a) Exchange rate differences:

Those differences resulted from the use of different exchange rate between IRD and the exchange rate used in this report to convert the payments made by the companies in USD.

(b) Taxes not reported by Government Agencies

This difference relates to taxes declared by companies as a payment to Government Agencies. However, the Government Agencies failed to include these payments in their reporting templates. The differences are detailed by company by tax in the table below.

Company	SEAGP MMK	SEAOP MMK	Total MMK
Transit fees collected by the MCD	931,840,172		931,840,172
Stamp Duty	14,531,200	9,817,900	24,349,100
Total Differences	946,371,372	9,817,900	956,189,272

Pearls

The total unreconciled discrepancies amounted to MMK 7.2 million representing 0.39% of total payments reported by Government Agencies which is below the final acceptable discrepancy threshold of 2%. These unreconciled differences are summarised in the table below.

Table 23: Pearl sector: differences raised

Reasons for differences	Unreconciled differences ((MMK))
Taxes not reported by Government Agencies (a)	7,465,632
Taxes not reported by extractive companies	(299.544)
Immaterial differences	(11)
Total differences	7,166,077

(a) Taxes not reported by Government Agencies

This difference relates to taxes declared by companies as a payment to Government Agencies. However, the Government Agencies failed to include these payments in their reporting templates. The differences are detailed by tax in the table below.

Payment flows	Amount in million MMK
Customs duties	4.68
Withholding Tax	1.86
Stamp Duties	0.80
Other Fees	0.13
Total	7.47

Reconciliation of payments in kind to Government Agencies

We reconciled in kind payments made by extractive companies selected within the scope with commodities received by Government Agencies and note differences as detailed in the table below.

Table 24: Reconciliation of payments in kind

Payment in kind	Government Agency	Extractive companies	Government	Differences
Oil and Gas sub-sector				
Payment in kind (Barrels)	MOGE	1,084,233	1,085,708	(1,475)
Payment in kind (Mmscf)	MOGE	706.853	706.853	-
Gems and Jade sub-sector				
Payment in kind (Jade in Kg)	MGE	1,919	59,092	(57,173)
Mining sub-sector				
Gold in ToZ	ME (2)	7,707	8,371	(663)
Tin in MT	ME (2)	396	400	(4)
Copper in MT	DOM	14,709	14,709	-
Nickel in MT	ME (1)	531	531	-
Nickel in MT	DOM	-	867	(867)
Barite in MT	ME (1)	514	-	514
Pearl sub-sector				
Pearl in Carat	MPE	62,572	62,572	-

Reconciliation of production and exports

We reconciled the production and exports figures declared by extractive companies selected within the scope with those of Government Agencies and note the differences as detailed in the table below.

Oil and condensate production reconciliation:

Table 25: Oil and condensate production reconciliation

	Con	npany	SOE		Difference		
Company name	Quantity produced in bbl	Value in USD	Quantity produced in bbl	Value in USD	Quantity produced in bbl	Value in USD	
GOLDPETROL JOC. Inc.	829,549	45,488,963	829,549	45,488,963	-	-	
MPRL E&P	487,490	25,864,308	487,490	25,864,308	-	-	
PC Myanmar (Hongkong) Limited	1,603,783	Nc	1,603,783	nc	-	nc	
Total	2,920,822	71,353,270	2,920,822	71,353,270	-	-	

Source: EITI data

Gas production reconciliation:

Table 26: Gas production reconciliation

	Compar	у	SOE		Difference		
Company name	Quantity produced in Mmscf	Value in USD	Quantity produced in Mmscf	Value in USD	Quantity produced in Mmscf	Value in USD	
GOLDPETROL JOC. Inc.					-	-	
MPRL E&P	707	1,168,429	707	1,168,429	-	-	
PC Myanmar (Hongkong) Limited	81,407		81,407		-	-	
Posco Daewoo Corporation (Myanmar E&P Office)	172,023		172,023		-	-	
PTTEP International Ltd.	110,748	703,921,306	114,492	nc	(3,744)	na	
Total E&P Myanmar	281,782	1,422,861,113	281,782	nc	-	na	
Total	646,667	2,127,950,849	650,411	1,168,429	(3,744)	-	

Source: EITI data

(a) Oil and Gas sales

The table below shows the differences between the sales reported by Oil and Gas companies and MOGE.

Oil sales reconciliation:

Table 27: Oil sales reconciliation

		Compa	any		SOE	Difference	
Company name	Type of sales	Quantity sold in bbl	Value in USD	Quantity sold in bbl	Value in USD	Quantity sold in bbl	Value in USD
GOLDPETROL JOC. Inc.	Domestic sales	5,900	323,845	5,900	323,845	-	-
PC Myanmar (Hongkong) Limited	Exports	1,824,806	106,739,343	1,824,806	106,739,343	-	-
Total		1,830,706	107,063,188	1,830,706	107,063,188	-	

Source: EITI data

Gas exports reconciliation:

Table 28: Gas exports reconciliation

		,	Company		SOE	Difference	
Company name	Type of sales	Quantity sold in MMscf	Value	Quantity sold in MMscf	Value in USD	Quantity exported	Value
PC Myanmar (Hongkong) Limited	Export	74,447	482,749,621	74,447	482,749,621		
Posco Daewoo Corporation (Myanmar E&P Office)	Export	139,940	916,255,910	139,940	916,255,910		
PTTEP International Ltd.	Export	87,177	572,965,671	87,177	572,965,671		
Total E&P Myanmar	Export	210,926	1,026,494,470	210,926	1,026,494,470		
Total		512,489	2,998,465,672	512,489	2,998,465,672		

Source: EITI data

Gas domestic sales reconciliation:

Table 29: Gas domestic sales reconciliation

			Company		SOE	Difference	
Company name	Type of sales	Quantity sold in MMscf	Value	Quantity sold in MMscf	Value in USD	Quantity exported	Value
Posco Daewoo Corporation (Myanmar E&P Office)	Domestic sales	26,159	170,432,298	26,159	170,432,298		
PTTEP International Ltd.	Domestic sales	23,571	130,955,635	23,571	130,955,635		
Total E&P Myanmar	Domestic sales	64,888	204,736,866	64,889	204,736,866		
Total		114,618	506,124,798	114,619	506,124,798		

Actual MGE, Gems and Jade production

Table 30: Gems and Jade production

Draduction		Company		MGE	D	ifference
Production	Volume	Unit	Volume	Unit	Volume	Unit
Come	231,9	32 CARAT	599,119	CARAT	(367,138)	CARAT
Gems —	174,5	7 9 KG	33	KG	174,547	KG
Jade	15,504,2	37 KG	21,942,112	KG	(6,437,875)	KG

Source: EITI data

Actual MGE, Gems and Jade Emporium Sales

Table 31: Gems and Jade Emporium sales

Figures in MMK

													rigares in mini
Per company					Per Go		Final difference						
Color		Sales	in Euro	Sale	s in MMK	Sales	in Euro	Sale	s in MMK	Sales	s in Euro	Sal	es in MMK
Sales		Volume	Value	Volume	Value	Volume	Value	Volume	Value	Volume	Value	Volume	Value
C	In Carats	69,985	749,598	234,630	3,732,385,679	431,134	1,188,206	281,385	3,537,725,613	-361,149	-438,608	-46,754	194,660,066
Gems	In Kilo	185	353,392	27,756	1,267,043,774	154	586,974	4	-	30	-233,582	27,752	1,267,043,774
Jade	In Kilo	2,954,770	1,193,711,829	3,254,048	70,149,095,095	3,641,627	646,733,723	2,749,434	27,384,178,094	-686,857	546,978,106	504,614	42,764,917,001

Source: EITI data

Other mineral production

Table 32: Other mineral production

Time of minoral anadysed	Company		MONREC		Difference	Difference	
Type of mineral produced	Volume	Unit	Volume	Unit	Volume	Unit	
Bauxite		MT	134,437	MT	-134,437	МТ	
Cathode Copper	141,512	MT	124,730	MT	16,782	MT	
Clay		MT	97,490	MT	-97,490	MT	
Coal	413,951	MT	689,982	MT	-276,031	MT	
Copper Ore	1,380	MT	2,380	MT	-1,000	MT	
FERRONICKEL	61,292	MT	62,367	MT	-1,075	MT	
Gold	18,896	Toz	44,465	Toz	-25,569	Toz	
Granite		MT	330	MT	-330	MT	
Gypsum	3,500	MT	284,808	MT	-281,308	MT	
Iron Ore		MT	950	MT	-950	MT	
Lead Ore	25,954	MT	35,273	MT	-9,319	МТ	
Limestone	2,829,912	MT	7,734,374	MT	-4,904,462	MT	
Marble	3,730	MT	9,680	MT	-5,950	МТ	
tin & tungsten	917	MT	1,238	MT	-320	MT	
Zinc	18,069	MT	13,385	MT	4,684	MT	
FITTI I .							

Source: EITI data

Other mineral exports

Table 33: Other mineral exports

Time of minoral	Torres of reference		Company			MONREC			Differences		
Type of mineral	Volume	Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Value	Currency
Antimoni Concentrate				USD	330	MT	340,380	USD	-330	-340,380	USD
Cathode Copper	100,682	MT	619,429,288	USD	95,400	MT	598,389,350	USD	5,282	21,039,938	USD
Coal	2,215	MT	79,740	USD					2,215	79,740,000	USD
FERRONICKEL	80,527	MT	291,958,249	USD	83,748	MT	853,979,359	USD	-3,221	-562,021,110	USD
Iron Ore				USD	10,830	MT	486,070	USD	-10,830	-486,070	USD
Lead	18,440	MT	3,121,693	USD	44,033	MT	4,416,440	USD	-25,593	-1,294,747	USD
Marble	1,267	MT	687,340	USD	1,289	MT	690,954	USD	-22	-3,614	USD

Time of mineral	Company			MONREC			Differences				
Type of mineral	Volume	Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Value	Currency
Tin & Tungsten	282	MT	1,922,140	USD	870	MT	3,255	MMk	-588	N/A	N/A
Zinc	27,588	MT	1,014,248,378	USD	27,588	MT	1,014,248,378	USD	-	-	USD

Source: EITI data

Details of the reconciliation and adjustments made by company and by tax are set out in Section 6 of the report.

Reconciliation of payments and transfers made by SOEs to government agencies

Following the reconciliation of payments and transfers made by SOEs to Government Agencies, we note a total difference for payments amounting 849,9 million MMK representing (0.127%) of total payments and 8.5 million MMK representing 0.00062% of total transfers:

Table 34: SOEs payments and transfers reconciliation

		Per SOE		Per	Per Government		
	Original	Adjust	Final	Original	Adjust	Final	Final differen
Total cash payments	683,826,791,920	(16,798,224,152)	667,028,567,768	667,878,535,349		667,878,535,349	(849,967,58
Myanmar Customs Department (MCD)	26,541,708,216	(16,798,224,152)	9,743,484,064	9,965,846,743		9,965,846,743	(222,362,67
Customs duties	9,743,484,064		9,743,484,064	9,965,846,743		9,965,846,743	(222,362,67
Commercial Tax	16,798,224,152	(16,798,224,152)	-	-		-	
nternal Revenue Department (IRD)	657,285,083,704		657,285,083,704	657,912,688,606		657,912,688,606	(627,604,902
Corporate Income Tax	211,188,379,000		211,188,379,000	211,188,610,650		211,188,610,650	(231,650
Commercial Tax for MOGE contractors' sales	152,589,852,237		152,589,852,237	153,655,609,396		153,655,609,396	(1,065,757,159
Specific Goods Tax	293,503,836,477		293,503,836,477	293,065,452,570		293,065,452,570	438,383,90
Capital Gains Tax	3,015,990		3,015,990	3,015,990		3,015,990	
Social Payments	3,408,047,844		3,408,047,844			-	
Voluntary Corporate Social Responsibility	3,408,047,844		3,408,047,844			-	
Transfers	1,299,489,659,420		1,299,489,659,420	1,299,497,714,723		1,299,497,714,723	(8,055,303
Transfers to OGDP	352,874,435,723		352,874,435,723	352,874,435,723		352,874,435,723	
Transfers to Treasury department (State contribution 20%)	171,937,602,000		171,937,602,000	171,937,602,000		171,937,602,000	
Transfer to UFA other accounts	774,677,621,697		774,677,621,697	774,685,677,000		774,685,677,000	(8,055,303
Opening balance UFA OA	6,490,237,644,825		6,490,237,644,825	6,489,990,145,361		6,489,990,145,361	247,499,46
Closing balance UFA OA	7,264,915,266,111		7,264,915,266,111	7,264,675,822,361		7,264,675,822,361	239,443,75

Source: SOE and BD data after adjustments

Templates detailed by SOE showing the reconciliation work are set out in Section 6.6 of this report.

1.7. Findings and recommendations

We raised several findings and have made recommendations with a view to improve the EITI process in Myanmar and governance of the extractive sector and revenue management. The findings raised are summarised as follows:

These findings and the associated recommendations are detailed in Section 7 of this report

Number	Findings titles
1	Completeness of Beneficial Ownership information
2	Publication of loans contracts
3	Including the Myanmar Port Authority (MPA) in the scope
4	Including mandatory BO disclosure in the process of awarding, and transferring extractive licenses in Myanmar
5	Implementation of systematic disclosure of EITI information
6	Submission of the reporting templates
7	Unavailability of information about the O&G artisanal sector
8	Calculation of the OA allocation and the CSR:
9	Implementation of the 2019 EITI standards
	·

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30 March 2020

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2. APPROACH AND METHODOLOGY

The reconciliation of revenues from the extractive sector consisted of the following steps:

- conduct a scoping study to determine the scope of the reconciliation exercise and to design the reporting;
- preparation of a reporting template (See Annex 1) and reporting instructions;
- collection of payment and other data from Government Agencies and extractive companies which provide the basis for reconciliation;
- comparison of payments and other data reported by Government Agencies and extractive companies to determine if there are discrepancies between the amounts reported as being received by the authorities and the amounts reported as being paid by taxpayers; and
- contact Government Agencies and extractive companies to investigate and resolve identified discrepancies.

Our fieldwork started on 30 September 2019 with a meeting with the EITI National Coordination Secretariat during which we were able to:

- follow up documents requested before the commencement of the fieldwork;
- define a work plan for the scoping study and reconciliation exercise;
- discuss the EITI framework and review the objectives; and
- schedule all interviews to be carried out with key Government Agencies and company representatives.

2.1. Scoping Study

One of the objectives of the report is to clearly define the scope of the EITI reporting process, the reporting templates, the data collection process and the publication schedule of the EITI report, in accordance with the EITI Standard (Version 2016) and the objectives agreed by MSG and its expectations.

The EITI scope approved by MSG provided the basis for the design of Reporting Templates to be used by reporting entities for communicating payments and receipts related to the extractive sector for the period from April 2017 to March 2018.

The determination of the reconciliation scope consists in particular to:

- identify significant revenue streams from extractive sector;
- identify extractive companies which are required to prepare and submit a Reporting Template;
- identify Governments Agencies which are required to prepare and submit reporting templates;
- prepare a reporting template to be completed by the reporting entities; and
- ensure that data submitted by reporting entities is credible.

This Scoping report aims to define the scope of reconciliation. Non-financial information stated in EITI Standard should be considered in detail in the EITI Report.

The financial flows to be included in the reconciliation, the Government Agencies and companies which were required to report were determined by MSG based on the basis of the scoping study conducted by the IA.

In accordance with the ToR for the Engagement, we were required to carry out a scoping study which eventually determined the scope of the fifth MEITI Report, including a proposal of:

• the materiality threshold for receipts and payments by sub-sector.

- taxes and revenues to be included.
- companies and Government Agencies to be included in the report; and
- assurances to be provided by reporting parties to ensure credibility of the data being reported.

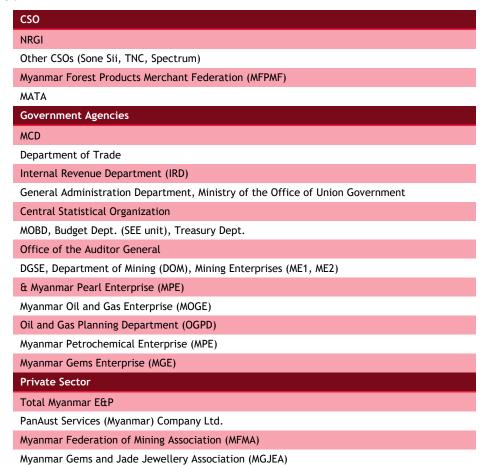
The scope of the EITI report as decided by MSG is described in Section 4 of the report.

Meetings with stakeholders

We conducted interviews with key government officials between 30 September and 10 October 2019.

During these meetings, we were able to obtain an understanding of the regulatory and fiscal frameworks of the extractive sector, the revenue collection process and key events that may have occurred during the period from April 2017 to March 2018, including important exploration activities and main reforms.

Accordingly, the stakeholders we contacted were:



2.2. Data collection

A standard reporting template and instructions were designed to facilitate the process for the reporting entities. The template was designed to include the revenue streams paid to each Government agency and was formatted in such a way that companies could easily identify and determine the appropriate amounts to be disclosed. The reporting templates were sent electronically to the reporting entities.

The companies and Government Agencies were required to report directly to the Reconciler, and they were also requested to whom they were instructed to direct any questions on the reporting templates.

Companies and Government Agencies were requested to submit a breakdown of payments by date and by receipt in the supporting schedules.

2.3. Reconciliation and investigation of discrepancies

The data reconciling exercise was carried out between 19 January and 31 January 2020. In carrying out the reconciliation, we performed the following procedures:

Initial Reconciliation Procedures: Figures reported by extractive companies were compiled item by item and compared with figures reported by Government Agencies. As a result, all discrepancies identified have been listed by item in relation to each Government Agency and company.

In cases where the reported revenue data from Governmental Agencies agreed with a company's reported payment data, with deviation within the allowable variance as described in section below, the government figures were considered to be confirmed and no further action was undertaken.

In cases where the reported revenue data from Governmental Agencies did not agree with a company's reported payment data and the difference was not within the allowable variance, discrepancies were identified for each company and Government Agency and the discrepancies were subject to further investigations before completing the initial reconciliation report.

Reconciliation Variance and Level of Effort: As part of the reporting template finalisation, a variance threshold of MMK 1.5 million was set to help determine an acceptable level of effort to be spent in attempting to resolve discrepancies.

In cases where the reported revenue data from Government Agencies did not agree with the company's reported payment data, and the discrepancies were at or below the variance threshold, the Reconciler concluded that the discrepancies were not material to the MEITI Report.

Follow-Up Procedures to Investigate Differences: In cases where the reported revenue data from Governmental Agencies did not agree with the company's reported payments and the discrepancies were outside the variance, the IA considered the discrepancies to be material and further investigations were performed in a bid to resolve these discrepancies. In such instances, the Government Agencies and companies were requested to provide supporting documents and/or confirmations in respect of any adjustments to the data provided in the original reporting templates.

We contacted the reporting entities and arranged meetings with relevant officials. We also reviewed additional supporting documentation evidencing the payments reported. In instances where we were unable to identify the reason for the discrepancies following the review of additional supporting evidence, we concluded that the discrepancies were "undetermined / unexplained". The results of our work are presented in Section 5 of the report. The list of persons contacted or involved is detailed as below:

No	Name	Position					
	National Coordination Secretariat (NCS)						
1	U Soe Win	National Coordinator					
2	U Aung Khine	Deputy National Coordinator					
3	U Htun Paw Oo	Technical Specialist					
4	Daw Zin Mar Myaing	Programme and Technical Advisor					
5	Daw Hnin Htet Htet Aung	Program Manager					
6	U Nay Min Maung	Technical Coordinator					
7	U Hein Htet Soe	Technical Officer					
8	U Kyaw Thin Maung	Program Assistant					
9	U Zwe Sithu Aung	BO Coordinator					
10	Daw Htet Nandar Aung	Senior Communication Officer					
11	U Zin Ko Ko Aung	Communication Officer					

No	Name	Position	
12	U Soe Thiha Naing	Admin Officer	
13	U Tat Tun Sai	Admin Assistant	
14	U Maung Maung Myint Lwin	IT Technician	
		Budget Department (BD)	
1	Daw Khin Khin Lwin	Director	
2	Daw Khin Pa Pa Khaing	Deputy Director	
3	Daw Thwe Thwe Tun	Deputy Director	
4	Daw Chaw Su Khaing	Deputy Director	
5	Daw Myo Myint Than	Assistant Director	
6	Daw Phyu Phyu Thant	Assistant Director	
7	Daw Shwe Ye Win	Staff Officer	
8	Daw Mai Khin Nway Shein	Staff Officer	
9	Daw Moe Moe Aye	Staff Officer	
10	Daw Sein Lae Lae	Staff Officer	
11	Daw Su Yee Hlaing	Deputy Staff Officer	
		Budget Department (SEE)	
1	Daw War War Tun	Director	
2	Daw Chaw Su Khine	Deputy Director	
3	Daw Swe Zin Oo	Assistant Director	
4	Daw Cho Cho Win	Assistant Director	
5	Daw Moe Thuzar Win	Assistant Director	
6	Daw May Zin Phyu	Assistant Director	
7	Daw Naw Yin Yin Myint	Staff Officer	
8	Daw Aye Aye Mon	Staff Officer	
	David There There William	Treasury Department (TD)	
1 2	Daw Than Than Win	Director Assistant Director	
3	Daw Khin Nyo Theint	Staff Officer	
4	Daw Hay Mar Hnin Daw Ei Ei Aung	Staff Officer	
		Stall Officer	
5		Staff Officer	
5	Daw Marlar Soe	Staff Officer Internal Revenue Department (IRD)	
	Daw Marlar Soe	Internal Revenue Department (IRD)	
1	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate)	
1 2	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw U Ne Lin Aye	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate) Deputy Director	
1 2 3	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw U Ne Lin Aye U Aung Lwin	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate) Deputy Director Assistant Director	
1 2 3 4	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw U Ne Lin Aye U Aung Lwin U Myint Naing Oo	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate) Deputy Director Assistant Director Assistant Director	
1 2 3 4 5	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw U Ne Lin Aye U Aung Lwin U Myint Naing Oo Daw Aye Aye Cho	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate) Deputy Director Assistant Director Assistant Director Assistant Director	
1 2 3 4 5 6	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw U Ne Lin Aye U Aung Lwin U Myint Naing Oo Daw Aye Aye Cho Daw Thidar Hlaing	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate) Deputy Director Assistant Director Assistant Director Assistant Director Assistant Director	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw U Ne Lin Aye U Aung Lwin U Myint Naing Oo Daw Aye Aye Cho Daw Thidar Hlaing Daw Thidar Moe	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate) Deputy Director Assistant Director Assistant Director Assistant Director Assistant Director Assistant Director Assistant Director	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw U Ne Lin Aye U Aung Lwin U Myint Naing Oo Daw Aye Aye Cho Daw Thidar Hlaing Daw Thidar Moe Daw Tin Mar Mar Thet	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate) Deputy Director Assistant Director	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw U Ne Lin Aye U Aung Lwin U Myint Naing Oo Daw Aye Aye Cho Daw Thidar Hlaing Daw Thidar Moe Daw Tin Mar Mar Thet Daw Swe Swe Oo	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate) Deputy Director Assistant Director Assistant Director Assistant Director Assistant Director Assistant Director Assistant Director	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw U Ne Lin Aye U Aung Lwin U Myint Naing Oo Daw Aye Aye Cho Daw Thidar Hlaing Daw Thidar Moe Daw Tin Mar Mar Thet Daw Swe Swe Oo Daw Yu Yu Sein	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate) Deputy Director Assistant Director	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw U Ne Lin Aye U Aung Lwin U Myint Naing Oo Daw Aye Aye Cho Daw Thidar Hlaing Daw Thidar Moe Daw Tin Mar Mar Thet Daw Swe Swe Oo	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate) Deputy Director Assistant Director	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw U Ne Lin Aye U Aung Lwin U Myint Naing Oo Daw Aye Aye Cho Daw Thidar Hlaing Daw Thidar Moe Daw Tin Mar Mar Thet Daw Swe Swe Oo Daw Yu Yu Sein Daw Myat Theingi Daw Sandar	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate) Deputy Director Assistant Director Staff Officer	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw U Ne Lin Aye U Aung Lwin U Myint Naing Oo Daw Aye Aye Cho Daw Thidar Hlaing Daw Thidar Moe Daw Tin Mar Mar Thet Daw Swe Swe Oo Daw Yu Yu Sein Daw Myat Theingi Daw Sandar Daw Nay Chi Khaing	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate) Deputy Director Assistant Director Staff Officer Staff Officer	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw U Ne Lin Aye U Aung Lwin U Myint Naing Oo Daw Aye Aye Cho Daw Thidar Hlaing Daw Thidar Moe Daw Tin Mar Mar Thet Daw Swe Swe Oo Daw Yu Yu Sein Daw Myat Theingi Daw Sandar Daw Nay Chi Khaing U Soe Naing	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate) Deputy Director Assistant Director Staff Officer Staff Officer	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw U Ne Lin Aye U Aung Lwin U Myint Naing Oo Daw Aye Aye Cho Daw Thidar Hlaing Daw Thidar Moe Daw Tin Mar Mar Thet Daw Swe Swe Oo Daw Yu Yu Sein Daw Myat Theingi Daw Sandar Daw Nay Chi Khaing U Soe Naing Daw Wai Wai Phyo	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate) Deputy Director Assistant Director Staff Officer Staff Officer Staff Officer	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw U Ne Lin Aye U Aung Lwin U Myint Naing Oo Daw Aye Aye Cho Daw Thidar Hlaing Daw Thidar Moe Daw Tin Mar Mar Thet Daw Swe Swe Oo Daw Yu Yu Sein Daw Myat Theingi Daw Sandar Daw Nay Chi Khaing U Soe Naing Daw Wai Wai Phyo U Zaw Moe Kyaw	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate) Deputy Director Assistant Director Staff Officer	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw U Ne Lin Aye U Aung Lwin U Myint Naing Oo Daw Aye Aye Cho Daw Thidar Hlaing Daw Thidar Moe Daw Tin Mar Mar Thet Daw Swe Swe Oo Daw Yu Yu Sein Daw Myat Theingi Daw Sandar Daw Nay Chi Khaing U Soe Naing Daw Wai Wai Phyo U Zaw Moe Kyaw U Aung Kyaw Oo	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate) Deputy Director Assistant Director Staff Officer Staff Officer Staff Officer Staff Officer Staff Officer	
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Daw Marlar Soe Daw Mu Mu Saw U Ne Lin Aye U Aung Lwin U Myint Naing Oo Daw Aye Aye Cho Daw Thidar Hlaing Daw Thidar Moe Daw Tin Mar Mar Thet Daw Swe Swe Oo Daw Yu Yu Sein Daw Myat Theingi Daw Sandar Daw Nay Chi Khaing U Soe Naing Daw Wai Wai Phyo U Zaw Moe Kyaw	Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Director (Statistics Directorate) Deputy Director Assistant Director Staff Officer Staff Officer	

No	Name	Position
20	Daw Ei Ei Khaing	Deputy Staff Officer
21	Daw Moe Moe Hlaing	Deputy Staff Officer
22	U Kyaw Swar Linn	Deputy Staff Officer
23	U Hein Zaw	Deputy Staff Officer
24	Daw Kyaw Mone Yee	Deputy Staff Officer
25	U Kyaw Zin Oo	Deputy Staff Officer
26	U Thet Ko Oo	Deputy Staff Officer
27	U Wai Myo Zin	UD
	M	yanmar Customs Department (MCD)
1	U Than Swe Tint	Assistant Director
2	U Zaw Zaw	Assistant Director
3	Daw Shwe Sin Win	Custom Inspector
4	Daw May Yadanar Tun	Custom Inspector
5	Daw Chaw Kay Khaing	Custom Inspector
6	Daw Win Win Than	Deputy Custom Inspector
		of the Auditor General of the Union(OAG)
1	Daw Khaing Khaing Ag	Director General
2	Daw San San Win	Deputy Director General
3	Daw Hla Hla Kyein	Director
4	Daw San San Myint	Director
5	Daw Hla Than	Deputy Director (Natural Resources)
6	Daw Mary	Assistant Director
7	Daw Kywat Kywat Htun	Assistant Director
8	Daw Chaw Kalayar Shwe	Assistant Director
9	Daw Khine Phyo Wai	Assistant Director entral Statistical Organization (CSO)
1	U Than Zaw	Deputy Director General
2	Daw Khin Moe Moe	Director
3	Daw Cing Lun Hwai	Director
4	Daw Hla Myo Khaing	Staff Officer
5	Daw Thein Htet Htet Wai	Deputy Staff Officer
6	Daw Phu Pwint Phyu	Deputy Staff Officer
7	Daw Ei Thandar Soe	Deputy Staff Officer
8	U Yan Myo Aung	Deputy Staff Officer
	Natur	al Resource Governance Institute (NRGI)
1	U Maw Htun Aung	Country Manager
2	Daw Aye Kyithar Swe	Myanmar Senior Officer
3	U Hosana Chay	Myanmar Officer
	Myanmar Allia	nce for Transparency and Accountability (MATA)
1	U Ye Thein Oo	Member of MATA
2	U Naing Lin Htut	Member of MATA
3	U Htoo Aung	Program Coordinator (EITI/Communication)
4	U Myo Min Thant	Program Coordinator (EITI)
		World Bank Group (WBG)
1	Mrs. Shona Kirkwood	EITI Implementation Support Coordinator
2	Tinzar Htun	EITI Implementation Support Consultant
		try of Commerce - Department of Trade
1	U Minn Minn	Director General
2	Daw Cho Thet Mu Daw San San Aye	Deputy Director Assistant Director

No	Name	Position
4	Daw Khaing Khaing Soe	Assistant Director
5	Daw Lae Lae Win	Computer Operator
	Gene	eral Administration Department (GAD)
1	Daw Mi Mi Win	Director
2	U Phone Myat Min	Director
3	U Win Lwin	Deputy Director
4	U Hein Thu	Deputy Director
5	U Hla Myo	Assistant Director
6	U Aung Ko Ko Lin	Staff Officer
7	Daw Thaw Thaw Han Thar	Staff Officer
		Department of Mining (DOM)
1	U Khin Latt Gyi	Director General
2	U Kyaw Thet	Deputy Director General
3	U Kyaw Zaw Htun	Deputy Director
4	Daw Soe Sandar Maung	Assistant Director
5	Daw Su Pyae Sone Swe	Deputy Staff Officer
6	Daw Thidar	Cashier-1
7	Daw Khin Khin Soe	
		Mining Enterprise 1 (ME-1)
1	Daw Mi Mi Kyawt	Manager
2	Daw Nan Htar Htar Oo	Manager
3	Daw Theingi	Assistant Manager
4	U Soe Naing	Staff Officer
5	Daw Hnin Aye	SE-2
		Mining Enterprise 2 (ME-2)
1	U Ye Myo Min	Assistant General Manager
2	U Lin Lin Khun Koe	Manager
3	Daw Ohnmar Linn	Assistant Manager
4	Daw Ei Mon Cho	Account-1
5	Daw Aye Mya Bo	Superintendant
		Myanmar Gems Enterprise (MGE)
1	U Min Thu	Managing Director
2	U Tun Tun Zaw	Manager
3	U Shwe Win	Manager
4	Daw Kyu Kyu Win	Assistant General Manager
5	Daw Swe Swe Aung	Assistant Manager
6	Daw Kyein Shin Yan	Assistant Manager
7	Daw Kyaut Su Thein	Gem Sorter-1 Gem Sorter-1
8	Daw Khwer Nyo Htay Ko	ns & Jewellery Enterprise Association (MGJEA)
1	U Zaw Bo Khant	Vice Chairman
		CEC
2	U Thet Win Tun	DGSE
1	U Soe Win	Geologist
2	Daw Nyein Mya	Assistant Geologist
3	Daw Khin San Maw	Staff Officer
3	Daw Killi Jali Maw	MOGE
1	U Myo Myint Oo	Managing Director
2	U Than Htay Aung	Expert
3	Daw Myint Myint Khaing	Manager
	2 an my me my me maing	

No	Name	Position
4	U Nay Aung	Manager
5	Daw Nu Nu Yi	Deputy Director (Finance)
6	Daw Kyi Kyi Pyone	Advisor
7	U Than Zaw	Account-1
8	Daw Thandar Soe	Cashier-1
9	Daw Sandar Soe	
		OGPD
1	U Than Zaw	Director General
2	U Win Maw	Deputy Director General
3	Daw Win Win Kyu	Deputy Director
4	Daw Su Su Soe	Deputy Director
5	Daw Mu Mu Myint	Deputy Director
6	Daw Su Mi San	Assistant Director
7	Daw Thandar Oo	Staff Officer
8	Daw Kyi Zar Oo	Staff Officer
		MPE
1	U Tayzar Linn	Deputy General Manager
2	U Tin Win Ko	Assistant General Manager
3	Daw San Dar Tint	Manager
4	Daw Pan Pa Pa Lin	Manager
		Forest Department (FD)
1	Dr.Nyi Nyi Kyaw	Director General
2	U Khin Maung Win	Director
3	U Aung Win Tun	Director
4	U Tin Htun	Director
5	U Kyaw Myo Htwe	Deputy Director
6	U Phyo Zin Maung Naing	Assistant Director
7	U Hla Htay Aung	Assistant Director
8	U Htun Htun Wai	Assistant Director
		Total E & P Myanmar
1	Daw May Thet Su Oo	Finance
2	U Win Tin	Head of Contractual and Commercial Support (MSG Member)
	David Wind And	MPRL E & P
1	Daw Yin Yin Aye	Senior Accountant
2	Nang Hseng Noon	Accountant
1	<u>_</u>	nmar Federation of Mining Association Chairman
	U Khin Maung Han	
2	U Thet Naing Win	Secretary (Admin)

2.4. Reliability and credibility of data reported

Initial assessment of assurance procedure

The EITI Standard (2016) requires that a credible assurance process applying international standards should be in place. The approach adopted for the 2017-18 MEITI Report incorporated constraints existing in Myanmar and insufficiencies noticed during the previous reconciliation.

BDO LLP applied its professional judgement to assess the extent to which reliance could be placed on the Existing Controls and Audit Framework (ECAF) of the companies, SOEs and Government Agencies. This step helps in determining the Initial Assessment of Assurance (IAA) for each of the reporting template. In short, when the AF is rated low, the IAA is rated low (i.e. low assurance).

The assessment is based on key factors such as accounting standards applied (international standards, local reliable standards, other standards), existing governance and internal controls, audit standards applied where the entities are audited, and the reliability of the auditor where an auditor has been appointed.

In order to comply with EITI Requirement 4.9 of the EITI Standard (2016) which aims to guarantee the credibility of the data submitted by reporting entities, MSG agreed the following approach for the preparation of the 2017-2018 MEITI report.

Extractive companies

The companies selected in the scope were requested to submit their reporting templates:

- signed by a person authorised to represent the extractive company (Chief Financial Officer or Chief Executive Officer/Director); and
- supported by details of payments reported.

All selected companies having their accounts audited were also requested to provide a copy of their audited financial statements.

The IA proposed the option of having external auditors signing-off on the data submitted by the companies selected in the scope. The companies explained that they had no budget available to pay for such attestation reports and the time constraint would not allow reliable audit firms to perform the necessary assurance procedures.

Government Agencies and SOEs

BDO LLP and the MSG agreed that for the 2017-18 that all Government Agencies and SOEs selected in the scope should submit a reporting template:

- signed by a person authorised to represent the Government Agency.
- accompanied by payment details reported; and
- certified by the Office of the Auditor General.

2.5. Basis and period of reporting

MSG defined the reporting period as the Fiscal Year (FY). For the 2017/18 MEITI Report, the reconciliation has been carried out on data for FY 2017-2018, which is 1 April 2017 through 31 March 2018.

The revenue streams included in the reconciliation scope relate to only the payments made by companies and revenues received by Government Agencies during FY 2017-2018. The period in which the fees are incurred by companies is not relevant; but rather the date on which the fees were paid and reported.

The reporting currency is Myanmar Kyats (MMK). For payments made in foreign currency, the reporting entities were required to report in the currency of payment. Payments made in foreign currency (US\$ and Euro) have been converted to MMK at the actual rate used by the Government Agency to record the amount received.

Where actual rates were not available or not disclosed by the reporting entities, we applied the average rate for the period as published by the Central Bank of Myanmar. The average rate used were as follows:

- 1 USD is equal to 1,355.82 MMK; and
- 1 Euro is equal to 1587.462 MMK

2.6. Procedures for the management and protection of the collected data

In order to protect the confidentiality of the data collected from the reporting entities, the following measures have been applied:

- only the data required by the EITI Standard, Terms of Reference and reconciliation exercise has been requested. Any irrelevant information inadvertently communicated has been deleted and/or destroyed.
- data collected is processed on password-protected laptops and e-mail communications are performed via secure messaging servers.
- reporting entities were requested to address the completed reporting template and any information considered sensitive or confidential directly to the IA's generic email address: (meiti@bdo.co.uk)
- all requests for additional information from Government Agencies or extractive companies for the reconciliation purposes were processed in accordance with the above protocol.

3. CONTEXTUAL INFORMATION ON THE EXTRACTIVE SECTOR

3.1. Extractive sector in Myanmar

Myanmar is richly endowed with mineral resources and is one the largest producers and exporters of Jade. In 2017, Myanmar produced a variety of mineral commodities, including natural gas, petroleum, coal, copper, precious and semi-precious stones, tin, tungsten, and zinc.

According to the Central Statistical Organization, gas and gemstones accounted for 24% and 5% of exports respectively in the FY April 2017 - March 2018. The Central Statistical Organization reported total sales of gas of US \$3.5 billion in 2017-18. Official revenues from gemstones sales in 2017-18 were estimated at US \$0.7 billion.

The sectors covered by this report are:

- oil and gas study, exploration and production;
- oil and gas transit and transfer pipelines; and
- solid minerals and mining sector including gems, jade and pearls.

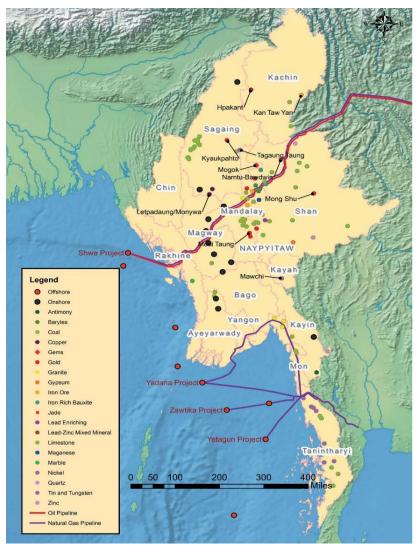


Chart 5: Extractive sector map

3.2. Regulatory framework and context of the Oil & Gas sector

3.2.1. INTRODUCTION

History of Oil and Gas production:

Myanmar is one of the world's oldest oil producers as its first exports of oil date back to 1853. Myanmar is the second-largest natural gas producer within South East Asia and over the last decade, its production has increased substantially.

The main stages of the Myanmar Oil and Gas history can be summarized in the following chronogram:

1887 : Bama Oil 1853: First Oil and company onshore 1918 : Oil fields Act Gas export discover 1998-2000 : Offshore 1962: Yadana and Yetagun Nationalization of 1918: Oil Fields Rules projects started O&G sector production 2014 : Zawtika 2013 : Shwe project project started started production production

Chart 6: Main stages of the Myanmar Oil and Gas history

Reserves and cumulate production:

Myanmar has not reached its full oil and gas potential. The oil and gas reserves and cumulated production as reported by MOGE in October 2019 are detailed below:

			р. о а	
Onshore	Initial recoverable	Production	Future recoverable	Unit
Oil	715.57	621.88	93.69	Million bbl.
Gas	2.04	1.66	0.38	TCF
				Source MOGE

Table 35: O&G Reserves and cumulate production

The oil and gas reserves and cumulated production as reported by MOGE in October 2019 detailed by project are presented below:

Table 36: O&G Reserves and cumulate production per project

					-
Offshore		Initial recoverable	Production	Future recoverable	Unit
Yadanda		6.354	4.96	1.39	TCF
	Gas	2.28	2.27	0.01	TCF
Yetagun	Condensate	59.00	55.60	3.41	Million bbl
Shwe		3.32	0.97	2.35	TCF
Zawitka	-	1.69	0.60	1.09	TCF

Source MOGE

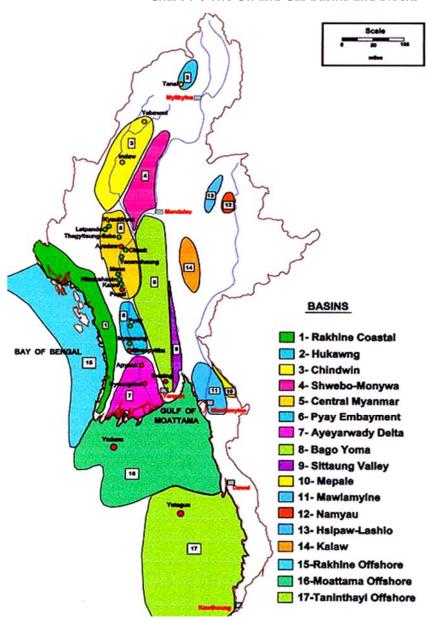
The Oil and Gas basins and blocks:

According to the information received from the OGPD¹⁴, a total of 17 sedimentary basins have been identified to date, of which:

- 3 Onshore Tertiary basins in Central, Pyay & Ayeyarwady Delta which are producing oil and gas.
- 3 Offshore Tertiary basins in Moattama, Rakhine & Tanintharyi Offshore which are producing gas and condensate.
- 8 onshore Tertiary frontier basins; and
- 3 onshore Pre-Tertiary basins.

The map below presents those basins:

Chart 7: The Oil and Gas basins and blocks



 $^{^{14}\,}$ Electricity and energy expo 2019 (eee-2019) Tatmadaw hall, Yangon (29-11-2019 to 01-12-2019)

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According to the information received from the OGPD, the total number of blocks as at November 2019 is detailed as below :

Table 37: Number of available blocks

Type of blocks	Total number	Number of available blocks
Onshore	53	19
Offshore	51	17

Those blocks can be classified into 5 types:

- PSC blocks (PSC).
- exploration / production blocks (EP).
- improved oil recovery blocks (IOR).
- reactivation of suspended fields (RSF); and
- MOGE reserved blocks (MOGE)

We noted that those blocks are exploited through 3 type of contracts:

- PSC = Production Sharing Contract (PSC).
- IPRC = Improved Petroleum Recovery Contract; and
- PCC = Performance Compensation Contract

we understand that the PSC is the default contract model and since 2014, this type of contract is automatically granted for every new contract signed.

The offshore Yadana (TOTAL, Chevron and PTTEP) and Yetagun (Petronas, PTTEP) natural gas projects started production in 1998 and 2000 respectively under gas sales contracts to the Thai state oil company, PTT. The Daewoo (Daewoo and three partners) natural gas project (also known as "Shwe Gas Project") started production in 2013. Natural gas produced is sold to China National Petroleum Corporation (CNPC). The offshore Zawtika (PTTEP) natural gas project which started production in March 2014 includes a new 300 km long pipeline (270 km of which will be offshore and only 30 km onshore).

The daily production rate of the Yadana natural gas project is 910 million cubic feet (Mmscf); Shwe produces around 500 Mmscf; Zawtika produces 360 Mmscf; and Yetagon produces over 250 Mmscf. There are six deep rigs, nine medium rigs and eleven shallow rigs. The total length of natural gas pipeline in the country is 2,200 miles.

The comprehensive list of blocks is presented in the map in the annex 2:

Investment in the Oil and gas sector:

According to the Directorate of Investment and Company Administration (DICA), Myanmar has received more than US\$69 billion in cumulative foreign direct investment (FDI) as of January 2017. The oil and gas sector attracted over US\$22.4 billion in FDI which represents approximately 32% of the total FDI from 154 foreign enterprises with permits. This makes the country's oil and gas sector one of the top FDI sectors, followed by power, manufacturing, transport and communications. Further exploration may unveil much more substantial reserves. Now that Myanmar is open to international exploration, major international oil companies are making significant investments using updated technology to locate new sources of hydrocarbons.

3.2.2. LEGAL FRAMEWORK

Upstream activities (exploration and production) in the oil and gas sector are governed by the following legislations:

- 1918 Oil Fields Act¹⁵
- 1918 Oil Fields Rules
- 1934 The petroleum Act
- 1951 Oil Fields Labour and Welfare Act¹⁶
- 1957 Petroleum Resources Development Regulation Act (in the process of revision)
- 1969 Amended Petroleum Resources Development Regulations Act (in the process of revision)
- 1962 Myanmar Petroleum Concession Rules
- 2010 Law Amending the Oilfields Act¹⁷
- 2017 The Petroleum Hand-dug Well Law¹⁸

In addition to the above, the Petroleum Resources Development Bill 2019 has been drafted and is currently being discussed in parliament. This will replace the 1957 Petroleum Resources Development Regulation Act.

We also noted that a new Upstream Oil and gas sector law is drafted and under discussion in the parliament.

Although the terms and conditions of production sharing contracts (PSCs) largely govern exploration and production (E&P) operations in the above-mentioned oilfields, the Labour and Welfare Act 1951 is of continued importance to contractors and their service companies. Environmental legislations have become part of the legal framework regulating oil activities.

Of equal importance in the oil and gas sector are the State-Owned Economic Enterprises Law 1989 (under which the Myanmar Oil and Gas Enterprise (MOGE) is assigned responsibility for the E&P sector under PSCs with private companies), the Myanmar Investment Law (2016) (MIL) (formerly the Foreign Investment Law (2012) (FIL), repealed by MIL), Myanmar Investment Rules and MIC Notification (under which permits are granted by the Myanmar Investment Commission (MIC) to approve terms and conditions of draft PSCs).

The old petroleum laws refer mainly to rights characterised as concessions. Although the above-mentioned laws relating to petroleum are still applicable, in practice investors generally enter into PSCs, performance compensation contracts (PCCs), Improved Petroleum Recovery (IPRs), and reactivation agreements.

3.2.3. Institutional framework

The Ministry of Energy (MOE) was established on 12 April 1985 through the Order No. (5/85) with the Minister Office, the Energy Administration Department, the Myanma Oil Corporation, the Petrochemical and Gas Corporation, the Petroleum Products Corporation and the Electricity Corporation. The Ministry of Electricity was established on 16 November 1997 through issuance of Letter No. (40/97 AhPhaYa 97 (3) and the Ministry of Energy was thereafter restructured with the Minister's Office, the Energy Administration Department, the Myanma Oil and Gas Enterprise (MOGE), the Myanma Petrochemical Enterprise and the Myanma Petroleum Products Enterprise. The Ministry of Electricity and Energy (MOEE) was formed on 01 April 2016 combining the Ministry of Electric Power (MOEP) and the Ministry of Energy (MOE)¹⁹.

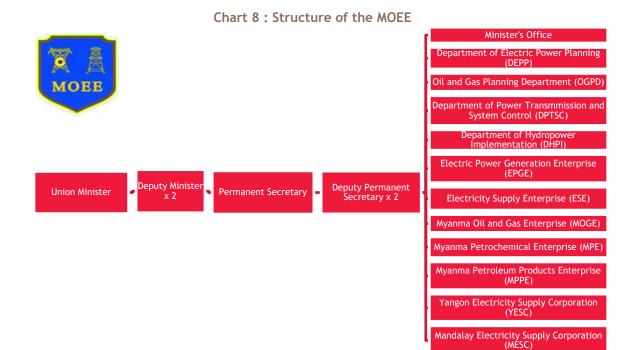
 $^{^{15}\}underline{https://www.myanmarconstitutionaltribunal.org.mm/lawdatabase/sites/default/files/myanmar_code/2016/04/1-1918\%20The\%20Oilfields\%20Act.pdf$

¹⁶ http://www.myanmar-law-library.org/?page=pdfjs&id_document=83#page=147

¹⁷ http://www.burmalibrary.org/docs18/2010-12-31-SPDC_Law2010-34_Law_Amending_the_Oilfields_Act,_1918-oag-en.pdf

¹⁸ http://www.moee.gov.mm/en/ignite/page/98

^{19 &}lt;a href="http://www.moee.gov.mm/en/ignite/page/3">http://www.moee.gov.mm/en/ignite/page/3



MoEE is the primary Government Agency responsible for the electricity and energy sector. MoEE has oversight of three State Owned Enterprises:

- Myanma Oil and Gas Enterprise (MOGE): responsible for exploration/production and land transmission of oil and gas through a 2,488 km onshore transmission pipeline network and to oversee Production Sharing contracts (PSCs) entered into with private investors.
- Myanma Petrochemical Enterprise (MPE): has the oversight of three refineries, five urea fertilizer plants and a number of other processing plants; and
- Myanma Petroleum Products Enterprise (MPPE): manages retail and wholesale distribution of petroleum products.

In addition to these enterprises, the MoEE organisation chart includes the Oil and Gas Planning Department (OGPD) which is responsible for energy policy formulation, coordination and the discussion of Energy Development Programmes. OGPD is also responsible with MOGE for tendering oil and gas blocks (onshore, shallow water offshore, deep water offshore) in Myanmar and for managing contracts, exploration and production and sale of oil and gas.

MOGE and OGPD have a regulator and an operator role. MoEE and MIC also have regulatory roles.

Under the electricity sector, there are three departments, namely: the Department of Electric Power Planning (DEPP), the Department of Electric Power Transmission and System Control (DPTSC) and the Department of Hydro Power Implementation (DHPI).

There are two enterprises: Electric Power Generation Enterprise (EPGE) and Electricity Supply Enterprise (ESE).

Finally, there are two corporations: Yangon Electricity Supply Corporation (YESC) and Mandalay Electricity Supply Corporation (MESC)²⁰.

In order to ensure the development of the energy and electricity sectors, the National Energy Management Committee was set up in January 2013 by the President's Office notification No (12/2013). It is chaired by the Minister of Energy and comprises MOGE, the Ministry of Energy and the 10 other government institutions involved in energy development and aims to streamline the country's national energy policy. This committee has been dissolved since 2016 April by the new government.

http://www.moee.gov.mm/en/ignite/page/3

3.2.4. CONTRACT TYPES

The Oil and Gas sector in Myanmar is governed by three types of contracts, as described below:

- Production Sharing Contracts (PSCs): for offshore and onshore projects
- Performance Compensation Contracts (PCC): for onshore projects; and
- Improved Petroleum Recovery Contracts (IPRs): for onshore projects.

The main clauses of the three types of contracts are described as below:

Table 38: Main clauses of Oil and Gas contracts

Main clause/Type of contract	Production Sharing Contracts (PSCs)	Performance Compensation Contract (PCC)	Improved Petroleum Recovery Contract (IPR)
Signature bonus	Payment within 30 days of signing PSC [amended to 30 days after start of Exploration Period]	Contractor shall not be obligated to pay any annual bonus, rental, minimum payment or singing bonus.	(Payment within 30 days after the commencement of the Pilot Project Period)
Royalty	12.5% of available petroleum (10% for PSC up to 2012)	NA	12.5% of all Incremental Petroleum.
Cost recovery	Limited to 60% in water depth of 2,000 feet or less; 70% for water depth exceeding 2,000 feet	Maximum 40% of all Incremental Petroleum.	Maximum 40% of all Incremental Petroleum.
Production split	Progressive per rate of production 60/55% to 85/80% for crude oil and 60/55% to 90/80% for natural gases	Incremental Crude Oil	Incremental Crude Oil
Production bonus	Progressive per rate of production. USD 1 million to 10.0 million	Contractor shall not be obliged to pay any annual bonus, rental, minimum payment or signing bonus	Contractor shall not be obliged to pay any annual bonus, rental, minimum payment or signing bonus
Domestic requirements	20% of crude oil and 25% of natural gas of contractor's share of profit realised from the sale of petroleum on the domestic market, at 90% of fair market prices	10% of Crude Oil and 15% of Natural Gas of contractor's share of profit petroleum at 75% of Fair Market Prices.	10% of Crude Oil and 15% of Natural Gas of contractor's share of profit petroleum at 75% of Fair Market Prices.
Training fund	USD 25,000 during exploration USD 50,000 during production	Initial Joint Study Period = 10,000 US\$ Pilot Project Period = 50,000 US\$ per Year Production Period = 50,000 US\$ per Year If any average daily gross production rate exceeds 30,000 BOPD, Production Period = 100,000 US\$ per Year	Initial Joint Study Period = 10,000 US\$ Pilot Project Period = 50,000 US\$ per Year Production Period = 50,000 US\$ per Year If any average daily gross production rate exceeds 30,000 BOPD, Production Period = 100,000 US\$ per Year
State participation	Up to 20% with MOGE option to increase up to 25%	15 % undivided interest.	15 % undivided interest.
Other	CSR Obligations. Contractor must include a company registered in Myanmar	MOGE and CONTRACTOR shall collaborate to implement the Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative.	MOGE and CONTRACTOR shall collaborate to implement the Extractive Industries Transparency Initiative.

3.2.5. Main oil and gas projects

Offshore project

Yetagun project

The Yetagun gas field is an offshore gas field in the Andaman Sea, covering an area of approximately 24,130 km². Following the Yadana project, the US\$700 million Yetagun project was the second natural gas offshore project in Myanmar.

The field is estimated to hold three trillion cubic feet of gas and 80 million barrels of condensate in reserves.

The Yetagun field was discovered in December 1992. The field development activities started in 1996, construction of the pipeline and associated facilities were carried out in 1998 and 1999 and commercial production started in May 2000. The field is expected to continue production until 2030.

The percentage of shares held by every shareholder in this project is set out below:

Table 39: Percentage of shares in Yetagun project

		5	
Project	Operator	Partners	% of interest
Yetagun project	PCML		40.91%
		MOGE	20.45%
		PTTEP International Limited	19.32%
		Nippon Oil Exploration	19.32%
Total			100.00%

Source: EITI data

fadana

BLOCK M11

Natural gas produced from the field is supplied to the Petroleum Authority of Thailand (PTT) through the Taninthayi Pipeline operated by Taninthayi Pipeline Company (TPC), whereas the condensate from the field is stored in the Yetagun FSO vessel and sold to both domestic and international customers.

THAILAND

Andaman Sea

BLOCK M9 Zawtika

Chart 9: Yetagun project pipeline

Bangkok

Ratchabun Power Plant According to the data reported by TPC, details of the pipeline are set out below:

	Pipeline Name	Pipeline Length	Pipeline Diameter	Location
Pipeline Information	Taninthayi Pipeline	68 km	24 inches	Yetagun Gas Field Myanma Offshore and Thai-Myanmar border

The total volume of gas transported through this pipeline are as follows:

Table 40: The total volume of gas transported through the TPC pipeline

Date/month	Volume transported	Unit	Tariff rates	Project	Tariff in USD
2017-04-01	5,860,275	MMBTU	36% of Gas Revenue	Yetagun	13,599,753
2017-05-05	7,091,608	MMBTU	36% of Gas Revenue	Yetagun	16,457,268
2017-06-08	6,457,359	MMBTU	36% of Gas Revenue	Yetagun	14,981,806
2017-07-12	6,951,172	MMBTU	36% of Gas Revenue	Yetagun	16,563,235
2017-08-15	6,379,229	MMBTU	36% of Gas Revenue	Yetagun	15,453,095
2017-09-18	5,951,449	MMBTU	36% of Gas Revenue	Yetagun	14,456,271
2017-10-22	5,741,405	MMBTU	36% of Gas Revenue	Yetagun	14,549,571
2017-11-25	6,150,737	MMBTU	36% of Gas Revenue	Yetagun	15,586,879
2017-12-29	5,614,869	MMBTU	36% of Gas Revenue	Yetagun	14,228,909
2018-01-18	4,838,060	MMBTU	36% of Gas Revenue	Yetagun	12,679,589
2018-02-18	4,448,052	MMBTU	36% of Gas Revenue	Yetagun	11,657,455
2018-03-18	5,180,110	MMBTU	36% of Gas Revenue	Yetagun	13,576,033
Total	70,664,326				173,789,864

Fiscal regime

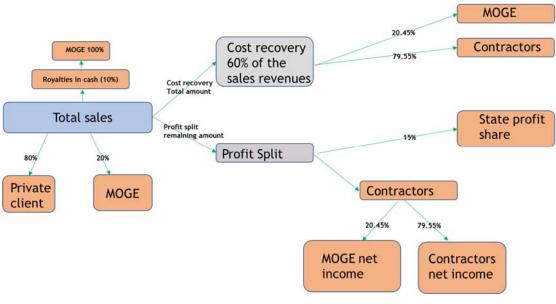
The data received from PCML indicates that the company is exploiting the Yetagun blocks under the following contracts:

Table 41: List of contracts of Yetagun blocks

Block Number	Onshore/Offshore	Contract Type	Activity Type	Location
M-12	Shallow Water Offshore	PSC	Production	Andaman Sea
M-13	Shallow Water Offshore	PSC	Production	Andaman Sea
M-14	Shallow Water Offshore	PSC	Production	Andaman Sea

Following discussions held with MOGE and PCML management, we understand that the fiscal regime related to those contracts can be explained as follows:

Chart 10: Yetagun project fiscal regime chart



- In this contract, the company PCML performs the gas sales then allocate to the partners their share according to their percentage shareholding, as included in the agreement.
- The royalties in cash is paid quarterly by PCML to the MOGE.
- 20% of the total sales is allocated to MOGE at a discounted price.

Production and exports

The total production of the Yetagun project as reported by PCML is detailed below:

Table 42: Yetagun production volume

		Production \	/olume
Block	For the month ending	Condensate (barrel)	Gas (MMmscf)
	30/04/2017	135,431	6,751
	31/05/2017	161,431	8,122
	30/06/2017	147,149	7,426
	31/07/2017	153,962	7,995
	31/08/2017	147,582	7,366
M-12/ M13/ M14	30/09/2017	136,713	6,903
M-12/ M13/ M14	31/10/2017	129,531	6,647
	30/11/2017	140,705	7,102
	31/12/2017	128,243	6,485
	31/01/2018	108,693	5,564
	28/02/2018	98,362	5,084
	31/03/2018	115,981	5,962
Total		1,603,783	81,407

Based on the data reported by PCML, total exports of the Yetagun project in 2017-2018 were detailed as follows:

Table 43: Yetagun exports volume

		Exp	oort Volume		Export Va	lue (USD)
Block	For the month ending	Condensate (barrel)	Gas (MMmscf)	Gas (mmbtu)	Condensate	Gas
	30/04/2017	367,435	6,161	5,860,275	19,846,985	37,777,090
	31/05/2017		7,465	7,091,608		45,714,633
	30/06/2017	430,339	6,811	6,457,359	20,988,919	41,616,128
	31/07/2017		7,336	6,951,172		46,008,987
	31/08/2017		6,733	6,379,229		42,925,265
M-12/	30/09/2017	412,923	6,283	5,951,449	24,026,338	40,156,309
M13/ M14	31/10/2017		6,042	5,741,405		40,415,474
	30/11/2017		6,488	6,150,737		43,296,885
	31/12/2017	430,473	5,921	5,614,869	29,264,415	39,524,748
	31/01/2018		5,084	4,838,060		35,221,080
	28/02/2018		4,672	4,448,052		32,381,818
	31/03/2018	183,636	5,450	5,180,110	12,612,685	37,711,204
Total		1,824,806	74,447	70,664,326	106,739,343	482,749,62 1

Shwe Natural Gas Project

The Shwe Natural Gas project consists of the Shwe, Shwe Phyu and Mya offshore gas fields, located in blocks A-1 and A-3 of the Bay of Bengal, Myanmar.

The project has been developed by a consortium of six companies, led by POSCO a subsidiary Daewoo International, which is also the operator of the project.

The percentage shareholding of every partner in this project is set out in the table below:

Table 44: List of percentage shareholding of Shwe project

Project	Operator	Partners	% of interest
	Daewoo		51%
The Shwe Natural		MOGE	15%
Gas project		ONGC Videsh	17%
		KOGAS	9%
		Gail India	8%
Total			100.00%

The first production gas from the Shwe project took place in July 2013 from the Mya field and commercial production started in August the same year.

Production from the Shwe gas field started in January 2014, as a result of which, the production by the end of 2014 was expected to reach 500 million cubic feet of gas a day.

Fiscal regime

According to the information received from Daewoo Posco, the company is exploiting the Shwe project under the following contracts:

Table 45: List of contracts of Shwe project

Block Number	Onshore/Offshore	Contract Type	Activity Type	Commodity	Location	Region
A-1	Offshore	PSC	Production	Natural Gas	Kyaukpyu	Rakhine State
A-3	Offshore	PSC	Production	Natural Gas	Kyaukpyu	Rakhine State

According to discussions held with MOGE and the Daweoo management, we understand that the fiscal regime related to those contracts can be set out as follows:

MOGE Cost recovery 60% of the Contractors sales revenues Total sales State profit share 80% to the private client **Profit Split** Private Contractors MOGE Companies MOGE net Contractors income net income

Chart 11: Shwe project fiscal regime chart

According to discussions held with MOGE and Daewoo Posco management we understand the following:

- royalties are paid in cash to partners every monthly. The total amount is 10% of the monthly sales (15% to MOGE and 85% to the remaining partners). In the 4th month, the partners repay the royalties to MOGE; and
- every month the operator performs the cash call in order to cover its production expenses.
 These amounts are repaid as cost recovery (after deduction of the royalties in cash). The expenses depend on the production, but the costs can be recovered up to 60% of the sales revenue.

Production and exports

Based on the information reported by Daewoo Posco, the total production of project Shwe in 2017-2018 were as follows:

Block A-1:

Table 46.1: Total production of Shwe project (block A1)

Block	For the month ending	Gas Production Volume (Mmscf)
	30/04/2017	4,744
	31/05/2017	6,769
	30/06/2017	9,605
	31/07/2017	3,592
	31/08/2017	3,565
A 4	30/09/2017	6,502
A-1	31/10/2017	10,524
	30/11/2017	10,368
	31/12/2017	11,027
	31/01/2018	11,177
	28/02/2018	9,984
	31/03/2018	9,510
Total	•	97,367

Block A-3:

Table 46.2: Total production of Shwe project (block A3)

Block	For the month ending	Gas Production Volume (Mmscf)
	30/04/2017	3,980
	31/05/2017	3,567
	30/06/2017	7,028
	31/07/2017	3,599
	31/08/2017	4,642
A-3	30/09/2017	5,575
AJ	31/10/2017	6,759
	30/11/2017	7,572
	31/12/2017	8,798
	31/01/2018	8,599
	28/02/2018	7,503
	31/03/2018	7,033
Total		74,656

Based on the data reported by Daewoo Posco, the total exports of the Shwe project in 2017 were as follows:

Block A-1:

Table 47.1: Total exports of Shwe project (block A1)

Block	For the month	Ехр	oort Volume	Export Value (USD)	Destination	
DIOCK	ending	Gas (Mmscf) Gas (mmbtu)		Gas	(Country)	
	30/04/2017	3,850	3,893,169	24,270,013	China	
	31/05/2017	5,452	5,512,923	34,367,563	China	
	30/06/2017	7,885	7,974,322	49,711,920	China	
	31/07/2017	2,423	2,450,096	15,659,297	China	
	31/08/2017	2,787	2,818,558	18,014,249	China	
۸.1	30/09/2017	5,742	5,806,297	37,109,783	China	
A-1	31/10/2017	9,317	9,421,753	61,383,662	China	
	30/11/2017	8,997	9,097,471	59,270,935	China	
	31/12/2017	9,136	9,238,188	59,416,864	China	
	31/01/2018	9,339	9,442,967	62,606,871	China	
	28/02/2018	8,336	8,428,873	55,883,429	China	
	31/03/2018	7,935	8,023,548	53,196,122	China	
Total		81,199	82,108,164	530,890,709		

Block A-3:

Table 47.2: Total exports of Shwe project (block A3)

Block	For the month	Ехро	rt Volume	Export Value (USD)	Destination	
DIOCK	ending	Gas (Mmscf)	Gas (mmbtu)	Gas	(Country)	
	30/04/2017	3,233	3,269,441	20,381,697	China	
	31/05/2017	2,886	2,918,897	18,196,402	China	
	30/06/2017	5,771	5,836,206	36,382,909	China	
	31/07/2017	2,792	2,823,578	18,046,337	China	
	31/08/2017	3,206	3,241,953	20,720,296	China	
A-3	30/09/2017	4,096	4,142,460	26,475,703	China	
A-3	31/10/2017	5,988	6,055,357	39,451,253	China	
	30/11/2017	6,548	6,621,327	43,138,609	China	
	31/12/2017	7,293	7,374,055	47,450,584	China	
	31/01/2018	7,186	7,265,518	48,170,385	China	
	28/02/2018	6,268	6,338,095	42,021,572	China	
	31/03/2018	5,873	5,938,569	39,372,712	China	
Total		61,140	61,825,457	399,808,459		

Overview of the Myanmar-China Oil & Gas Pipelines²¹

The Myanmar-China Oil & Gas Pipelines is an international cooperation project. The Myanmar-China Crude Oil Pipeline is jointly invested and constructed by SEAP and MOGE; their joint venture, South-East Asia Crude Oil Pipeline Company Limited (SEAOP), is responsible for its operation and management. While the Myanmar-China Gas Pipeline Project is jointly invested and constructed by SEAP, MOGE, POSCO DAEWOO, ONGC VIDESH, GAIL and KOGAS; their joint venture, South-East Asia Gas Pipeline Company Limited (SEAGP), is responsible for its operation and management.

Myanmar-China Crude Oil Pipeline:

The 771-kilometer long pipeline extends from Madè Island on the west coast of Myanmar to Ruili in the south western Chinese province of Yunnan, running through Rakhine State, the Magwe region, the Mandalay region, and Shan State. The Pipeline is 813 mm in diameter and is able of delivering 12Mt/a upon completion of the Phase I project, and 22Mt/a upon the completion of the Phase II project, with a total annual delivery of 2 million tons to Myanmar. A 300,000-ton crude oil terminal has been built, with an annual capacity of 22 million tons. On 10 April 2017, the Myanmar-China Crude Pipeline project was officially launched into operation.

Myanmar-China Gas Pipeline

The Myanmar-China Gas Pipeline starts at Ramree Island on the western coast of Myanmar and ends at Ruili in China's Yunnan Province. Running in parallel with the Myanmar-China Crude Oil Pipeline, the crude pipeline is 1,016 mm in diameter over a distance of 793 km in Myanmar. It can deliver 5.2 billion m³ per year upon completion of the Phase I project, and 12 billion m³ per year upon completion of the Phase II project. Pursuant to the cooperation agreement, four gas off-take stations (Kyaukphyu, Yenangyaung, Taungtha and Mandalay) were established to unload less than 20% of the pipeline's total delivery in Myanmar. On 28 July 2013, the Myanmar-China Gas Pipeline became operational and started to deliver natural gas to the Myanmar market through its off-take stations.

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http://csr.cnpc.com.cn/cnpccsr/xhtml/PageAssets/mdbg2016-en.pdf

The map²² below details the itinerary of the 2 pipelines:

CHINA



Chart 12: Shwe project pipelines

Volume of gas transported

The quantity of gas transported by SEAGP in 2017-2018 were as follows:

Table 48: Total gas transported by SEAGP

Date/month	Volume transported	Tariff rate	Unit	Tariff in USD
01/04/2017	9,654	2,306	\$/MMMSCF	22,262,142
01/05/2017	9,167	2,352	\$/MMMSCF	21,564,512
01/06/2017	16,258	2,429	\$/MMMSCF	39,497,343
01/07/2017	6,944	2,292	\$/MMMSCF	15,913,555
01/08/2017	7,719	2,361	\$/MMMSCF	18,224,891
01/09/2017	11,430	2,487	\$/MMMSCF	28,422,948
01/10/2017	16,941	2,553	\$/MMMSCF	43,245,333
01/11/2017	17,603	2,516	\$/MMMSCF	44,297,003
01/12/2017	19,513	2,469	\$/MMMSCF	48,175,221
01/01/2018	19,323	2,265	\$/MMMSCF	43,773,500
01/02/2018	17,175	2,257	\$/MMMSCF	38,767,694
01/03/2018	17,002	2,226	\$/MMMSCF	37,840,817
Total	168,730			401,984,959

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^{22 &}lt;u>https://oilprice.com/Energy/Crude-Oil/Myanmar-Oil-Pipeline-Could-Bring-Cheaper-Crude-To-China.html</u>

Volume of oil transported

The volume of oil transported by SEAOP in 2018 were as follows:

Table 49: Total Oil transported by SEAOP

Date/month	Volume transported	Unit	Tariff rates	Tariff total
01/02/2018	749,740	MTS	31.56	23,661,794
01/03/2018	715,266	MTS	31.56	22,573,794
Total	1,465,006			46,235,588

Yadana project

Total signed the Yadana production sharing contract with MOGE in July 1992 and operates the field with a 31.24% interest with the State-Owned Myanmar Oil and Gas Enterprise (MOGE) holding 15% interest.

The Yadana gas field is located in the Andaman Sea, approximately 60 kilometres offshore the nearest landfall in Myanmar. This major energy resource contains more than 5.3 trillion cubic feet (150 billion cubic metres) of natural gas, with an expected field life of 30 years. Commercial production began in the year 2000 and production averaged more than 21.5 million cubic metres per day in 2007.

The shareholding percentage hold by the partners in this project is set out below:

Table 50: Shareholders of Yadana project

Project	Operator	Partners	% of interest
	TOTAL E&P		31.24%
The Vadana areiest		Unocal Myanmar Offshore Co., Ltd	28.26%
The Yadana project		PTTEP	25.50%
		MOGE	15.00%
Total			100.00%

The gas is supplied to Thai power plants and is also sold on Myanmar's domestic market. The gas is transported onshore via a 346-kilometre subsea pipeline. A 63-kilometer onshore pipeline then takes it to the Thai border.

The Pipeline is managed by Mottama Gas Transportation Company (Yangon Branch) (MGTC), details of which are set out below:

Pipeline Length	Pipeline Diameter	Site	Location
410 Km	36"	Extending from offshore blocks M5-M6 to Myanmar-Thailand Boarder at Ban	Tanintharyi

The map below shows the route followed by the pipeline from the production area to the connection to export.

GULF OF MARTABAN

YADANA
FIELD

PIPELINE
CENTER

METERING
STATION

MYANMAR

GULF
OF
THAILAND

Chart 13: Yadana project pipeline

Based on the data reported by MGTC, the volume transported is detailed as below:

Table 51: Volume transported by MGTC

Date/month	Volume transported	Unit	Tariff rates	Project	Tariff in USD USD
April 2017	14,740	MMMSCF	\$/MMBTU	Yadana	26,618,278
May 2017	19,329	MMMSCF	\$/MMBTU	Yadana	35,474,277
June 2017	18,604	MMMSCF	\$/MMBTU	Yadana	30,305,747
July 2017	20,562	MMMSCF	\$/MMBTU	Yadana	34,139,394
August 2017	19,960	MMMSCF	\$/MMBTU	Yadana	34,176,046
September 2017	18,739	MMMSCF	\$/MMBTU	Yadana	33,062,810
October 2017	17,293	MMMSCF	\$/MMBTU	Yadana	35,011,715
November 2017	15,720	MMMSCF	\$/MMBTU	Yadana	31,844,991
December 2017	16,520	MMMSCF	\$/MMBTU	Yadana	36,252,608
January 2018	14,638	MMMSCF	\$/MMBTU	Yadana	30,710,952
February 2018	14,199	MMMSCF	\$/MMBTU	Yadana	32,274,009
March 2018	20,900	MMMSCF	\$/MMBTU	Yadana	46,028,617
Total	211,205				405,899,445

Fiscal regime

Based on the data received from Total E&P Myanmar, the company is exploiting the Yadana project under the following contracts:

Block Number	Onshore/ Offshore	Contract Type	Activity Type	Commodity 1	Area (Km2)	Location	Region
M5-M6	Offshore	PSC	Production	Natural Gas	26,141	Mottama Offshore	Tanintharyi

According to our discussion with the Total E&P Myanmar management, we understand that the fiscal regime related to those contracts can be explianed as below:

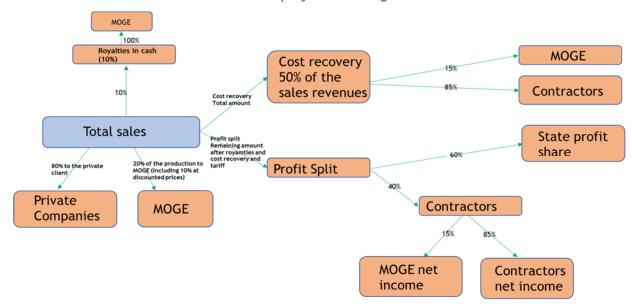


Chart 14: Yadana project fiscal regime chart

Production and exports

According to the information reported by Total E&P, the total production of the project Yadana were as follows:

	. DZ: TOTAL PIO		
Block	For the month ending	Gas Production Volume (Mmscf)	Production Value (USD)
M5-M6	Apr 2017	20,646	96,558,068
M5-M6	May 2017	26,443	123,669,777
M5-M6	Jun 2017	23,887	111,716,327
M5-M6	Jul 2017	26,194	130,853,690
M5-M6	Aug 2017	25,416	126,965,431
M5-M6	Sep 2017	23,865	119,221,474
M5-M6	Oct 2017	22,923	118,824,665
M5-M6	Nov 2017	21,230	110,049,075
M5-M6	Dec 2017	22,016	114,123,647
M5-M6	Jan 2018	20,801	111,546,495
M5-M6	Feb 2018	20,668	110,833,215
M5-M6	Mar 2018	27,692	148,499,248
Total		281,782	1,422,861,113

Table 52: Total production of Yadana project

Based on the data reported by Total E&P, the total exports of the Yadana project in 2017 were as follows:

Table 53: Total exports of Yadana project

Block	For the month ending	Export	: Volume	Export Value (ISB)	Doctination (Country)	
DIOCK	For the month ending	Gas (Mmscf)	Gas (MMBtu)	Export Value (USD)	Destination (Country)	
M5-M6	Apr 2017	14,740	10,642,203	68,602,833	Thailand	
M5-M6	May 2017	18,148	13,219,852	85,219,132	Thailand	
1413-1410	May 2017	1,181	860,573	-	Make up gas (*)	
M5-M6	Jun 2017	16,520	12,116,483	78,106,484	Thailand	
M2-M0	Juli 2017	2,084	1,528,251	-	Make up gas	
M5-M6	Jul 2017	17,515	12,972,373	87,986,417	Thailand	
1413-1410	Jul 2017	3,047	2,256,604	-	Make up gas	
M5-M6	Aug 2017	17,515	12,986,300	88,080,878	Thailand	
7413-1410	Aug 2017	2,445	1,813,166	-	Make up gas	
M5-M6	Sep 2017	16,950	12,563,290	85,211,771	Thailand	
MS MO	ЭСР 2017	1,789	1,326,196	-	Make up gas	
M5-M6	Oct 2017	17,293	12,818,700	90,234,675	Thailand	
M5-M6	Nov 2017	15,720	11,659,280	82,073,170	Thailand	
M5-M6	Dec 2017	16,520	12,255,734	86,271,788	Thailand	
7413-1410	Dec 2017	-	-	7,161,002	Make up gas	
M5-M6	Jan 2018	14,638	10,872,288	79,150,257	Thailand	
M5-M6	Feb 2018	14,148	10,549,813	76,802,639	Thailand	
M5-M6	Mar 2018	20,672	15,328,767	111,593,424	Thailand	
Total		210,926	155,769,873	1,026,494,470		

^(*) Make up Gas means the portion of the quantity of Contract Gas which Buyer has paid for but not taken in the relevant Month, and where the context so requires, means the aggregate of such quantities of Contract Gas credited to Buyer in respect of prior Months less any quantities of Contract Gas taken by Buyer.

Based on the data reported by Total E&P, the total local sales of the Yadana project in 2017-2018 were as follows:

Block For the month ending		Ехро	rt Volume	Export Value (USD)	
DIOCK	For the month ending	Gas (Mmscf) Gas (mmbtu)			
M5-M6	Apr 2017	5,215	3,724,974	14,695,395	
M5-M6	May 2017	6,775	4,849,771	21,541,615	
M5-M6	Jun 2017	4,847	3,516,454	13,872,763	
M5-M6	Jul 2017	5,121	3,715,946	15,424,520	
M5-M6	Aug 2017	4,870	3,502,212	14,537,332	
M5-M6	Sep 2017	4,756	3,422,134	14,204,936	
M5-M6	Oct 2017	5,047	3,628,836	15,633,025	
M5-M6	Nov 2017	5,050	3,623,164	15,608,591	
M5-M6	Dec 2017	4,943	3,570,081	15,379,909	
M5-M6	Jan 2018	5,716	4,132,922	18,413,407	
M5-M6	Feb 2018	6,108	4,402,189	22,087,025	
M5-M6	Mar 2018	6,440	4,625,704	23,338,348	
Total		64,889	46,714,387	204,736,866	

Zawtika project²³

The Zawtika project includes the development of the Zawtika, Kakonna and Gawthaka fields, located in Blocks M9 and Small North East Part of M11, offshore of Myanmar. The project is spread across an area of 12,306 square kilometres.

The Petroleum Authority of Thailand Exploration and Production International (PTTEP International) is the operator of the project. PTTEP owns an 80% interest in the project, with Myanmar Oil and Gas Enterprise (MOGE) holding the remaining 20%.

The USD 2bn project initially started delivering natural gas for domestic purposes in Myanmar in March 2014 at a rate of approximately 60 million standard cubic feet per day (Mmscf/d). In August 2014, it started exporting natural gas to Thailand at a rate of 240Mmscf/d.

The offshore Zawtika (PTTEP) natural gas project started production in March 2014.

On 5 January 2012, PTTEP Offshore Investment Limited (PTTEP) with Myanmar Oil and Gas Enterprise (MOGE) entered into a Shareholder Agreement with Andaman Transportation Limited (ATL) to invest in Zawtika gas transportation project.

According to the data reported by ATL, the total volume transported by the company in 2017 and 2018 was as follows:

Table 54: Total quantity transported by ATL

Date/month	Volume transported	Nature	Unit	Tariff rates	Project	Tariff
April 2017	6,533,621	Export	MMBTU	2.58	Zawtika	16,846,942
April 2017	1,675,208	Domestic	MMBTU	2.07	Zawtika	3,463,995
May 2017	7,441,998	Export	MMBTU	2.58	Zawtika	19,189,192
May 2017	1,838,053	Domestic	MMBTU	2.07	Zawtika	3,800,726
June 2017	7,819,569	Export	MMBTU	2.58	Zawtika	20,162,759
June 2017	1,813,410	Domestic	MMBTU	2.07	Zawtika	3,749,769
July 2017	7,764,695	Export	MMBTU	2.71	Zawtika	21,065,618
July 2017	1,358,802	Domestic	MMBTU	2.18	Zawtika	2,956,346
August 2017	7,593,911	Export	MMBTU	2.71	Zawtika	20,602,281
August 2017	1,309,043	Domestic	MMBTU	2.18	Zawtika	2,848,085
September 2017	7,154,784	Export	MMBTU	2.71	Zawtika	19,410,929
September 2017	1,248,661	Domestic	MMBTU	2.18	Zawtika	2,716,712
October 2017	7,166,288	Export	MMBTU	2.82	Zawtika	20,178,117
October 2017	1,000,535	Domestic	MMBTU	2.26	Zawtika	2,259,308
November 2017	6,631,484	Export	MMBTU	2.82	Zawtika	18,672,270
November 2017	1,176,793	Domestic	MMBTU	2.26	Zawtika	2,657,316
December 2017	6,585,995	Export	MMBTU	2.82	Zawtika	18,544,186
December 2017	1,642,762	Domestic	MMBTU	2.26	Zawtika	3,709,521
January 2018	5,580,570	Export	MMBTU	2.91	Zawtika	16,250,620
January 2018	1,231,485	Domestic	MMBTU	2.34	Zawtika	2,875,887
February 2018	5,428,714	Export	MMBTU	2.91	Zawtika	15,808,415
February 2018	1,235,613	Domestic	MMBTU	2.34	Zawtika	2,885,527
March 2018	7,710,576	Export	MMBTU	2.91	Zawtika	22,453,197

https://www.pttep.com/en/OurBusiness/Explorationandproduction/projects/Myanmar/Zawtikaproject.aspx

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Date/month	Volume transported	Nature	Unit	Tariff rates	Project	Tariff
March 2018	1,780,626	Domestic	MMBTU	2.34	Zawtika	4,158,296
Total	100,723,196					267,266,012

Fiscal regime

Based on the data received from PTTEP, the company is exploiting the Zawtika project under the following contracts:

Block Number	Onshore/Offshore	Contract Type	Activity Type	Commodity	Location
M-9	Shallow Water Offshore	PSC	Production	Natural Gas	Zawtika, Mottama

According to our discussion with the PTTEP management, we understand that the fiscal regime related to this contract can be explained as follows:

40% transportation tariff MOGE Royalties in cash Cost recovery 54% of the sales revenues PTTEP 60% of total Total sales sales State profit share Profit split Contractors MOGE net PTTEP net income income

Chart 15: Zawtika project fiscal regime chart

Production and exports

Based on the data reported by PTTEP, the total production of the Zawtika project are detailed as follows:

For the month ending	Production Volume Gas (Mmscf)	Production Value (USD)
30/4/2017	9,101	53,711,281
31/5/2017	10,173	60,602,791
30/6/2017	10,511	62,837,355
31/7/2017	9,992	62,963,379
31/8/2017	9,759	61,494,301
30/9/2017	9,245	58,076,371
31/10/2017	8,996	58,811,052
30/11/2017	8,609	56,127,336
31/12/2017	9,051	58,891,418
31/1/2018	7,567	50,829,062
28/2/2018	7,371	49,562,620
31/3/2018	10,375	70,014,339
	110,750	703,921,306
	ending 30/4/2017 31/5/2017 30/6/2017 31/7/2017 31/8/2017 30/9/2017 31/10/2017 30/11/2017 31/12/2017 31/1/2018 28/2/2018	ending Gas (Mmscf) 30/4/2017 9,101 31/5/2017 10,173 30/6/2017 10,511 31/7/2017 9,992 31/8/2017 9,759 30/9/2017 9,245 31/10/2017 8,609 30/11/2017 8,609 31/12/2017 9,051 31/1/2018 7,567 28/2/2018 7,371 31/3/2018 10,375

Table 55: the total production of the Zawtika project

According to the information reported by the company PTTEP, the total exports of the project Zawtika are detailed below :

Table 56: the total exports of the Zawtika project

Block	For the month ending	Export Volume Gas (Mmscf)	Export Value (USD)	
м9	30/4/2017	6,884	42,117,681	
	31/5/2017	7,785	47,973,352	
	30/6/2017	8,167	50,407,288	
	31/7/2017	8,108	52,664,820	
	31/8/2017	7,927	51,506,461	
	30/9/2017	7,489	48,528,038	
	31/10/2017	7,485	50,445,651	
	30/11/2017	6,929	46,681,005	
	31/12/2017	6,872	46,360,795	
	31/1/2018	5,818	40,626,550	
	28/2/2018	5,662	39,521,038	
	31/3/2018	8,051	56,132,993	
Total		87,177	572,965,671	

Onshore project

Chauk and Yenangyaung Fields

Interraresources holds 60% of the rights and interests to two of the largest onshore all producing fields in Chauk and Yenangyaung under two Improved Petroleum Recovery Contracts (IPRCs). The IPRCs with Myanma Oil and Gas Enterprise (MOGE) commenced on 4 October 1996. The two fields are jointly managed through Goldpetrol Joint Operating Company Inc. The adjacent Myanmar concession extend over a total area of approximately 1,800 square metres and are located along the Ayeyarwaddy River, approximately, 580 kilometres North of Yangon. At 1st April 2018,5808 wells had been drilled in the field and approximately 390 million barrels of oil and 176 bcf of gas had been produced. Estimated ultimate remaining recoverable oil is about 19 MMbbls.

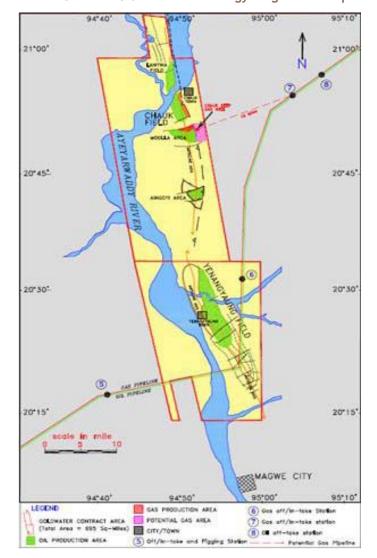


Chart 16: Chauk and Yenangyaung Fields map

Fiscal regime

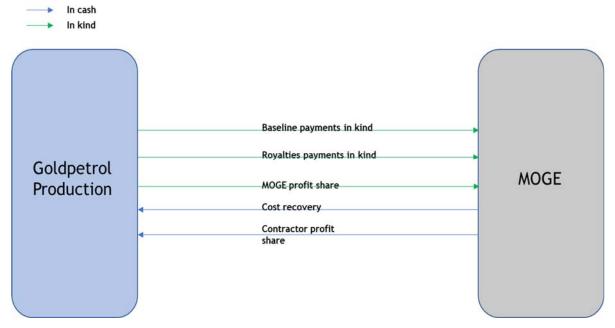
Based on the data received from Goldpetrol, the company is exploiting the project under the following contracts:

Table 57: the list of contracts of MOGE 1 and IOR 2 blocks

Block Number	Onshore/Offshore	Contract Type	Commodity 1	Area (Km2)	Location	Region
MOGE-1	Onshore	IPR	Crude Oil	60 Sq. Mile	Yenangyaung	Magway
IOR-2	Onshore	IPR	Crude Oil	82.5 sq. Mile	Chauk	Magway

Following our discussion with the Goldpetrol management, we understand that the fiscal regime related to this contract can be explained as follows:

Chart 17: Goldpetrol contract fiscal regime



The main idea in this type of contract is that MOGE receives the total production in kind and pays the company in cash. We also include the following ideas in order to clarify the fiscal regime of the IPR contract:

- the Baseline payment Is calculated according to the contract;
- incremental production = (Total production baseline);
- royalties in kind is calculated as follows: (total production baseline) * (10% +2.5%);
- cost recovery is calculated on the basis of the incremental production after the deduction of royalties. 50% of the remaining volume is used to determine the amount in cash to be paid by MOGE to Goldpetrol;
- Profit share: The remaining volume (after the deduction of the baseline, royalties and cost recovery) is split between Gold Petrol and MOGE: MOGE receives its profit share of 55%in kind while Gold Petrol receives 45% in cash.

Production

Based on the data reported by Goldpetrol, the total production is set out in the table below:

Table 58: the total production reported by Goldpetrol

	Oil Production Volume in bbl		Production	Value (USD)
For the month ending	MOGE-1	IOR-2	MOGE-1	IOR-2
2017-04-30	40,039	27,959	2,022,394	1,412,209
2017-05-31	41,270	28,217	1,984,265	1,356,673
2017-06-30	40,002	27,079	1,788,501	1,210,702
2017-07-31	41,488	30,506	1,922,979	1,413,953
2017-08-31	41,158	30,066	2,023,721	1,478,345
2017-09-30	39,784	29,567	2,115,332	1,572,077
2017-10-31	40,488	30,827	2,215,124	1,686,518
2017-11-30	39,208	29,886	2,345,831	1,788,079

	Oil Production Vo	lume in bbl	Production	Value (USD)
For the month ending	MOGE-1	IOR-2	MOGE-1	IOR-2
2017-12-31	39,882	30,149	2,440,386	1,844,817
2018-01-31	40,160	29,388	2,643,733	1,934,612
2018-02-28	36,456	26,864	2,271,557	1,673,896
2018-03-31	39,950	29,155	2,510,866	1,832,392
	479,885	349,663	26,284,688	19,204,274

Mann Field

The Mann Field is situated on the Northern plunging end of the 30-mile-long Mann-Minbu structure trend in the oil province of the Central Myanmar basin. The Mann field was discovered in April 1970 by Myanma Oil and Gas Enterprise (MOGE) and this recovery led to the Padaung formation. At 1st April 2018, 668 wells had been drilled in the field and approximately 122 million barrels of oil and 125 Bcf of associated gas had been produced. Estimated ultimate remaining recoverable oil is about 17 MMbbls. The field is currently producing about 1,234 barrels of oil per day from 330 wells.

MPRL E&P, formerly known as Myanmar Petroleum Resources Ltd, is the current holder of a Performance Compensation Contract originally signed between Baker Hughes Singapore and MOGE.

Fiscal regime

Based on the information received from MPRL E&P, MOGE is exploiting the project under the following contract:

Table 59: Details of the PCC contract

Block Number	Onshore/Of fshore	Contract Type	Activity Type	Commod ity 1	Commod ity 2	Area (Km2)	Locat ion	Regi on
Mann Oil Field MIC Permit			Producti	Crude	Natural			Mag
No.218 / 1996	Onshore	PCC	on	Oil	Gas	52 km2	Minbu	wav

Following a meeting held with the MPRL E&P management, we understand that the payment flows related to this contract are calculated as follows:

- MPRL E&P transfers the baseline payment to MOGE based on a formula established by the agreement. The difference between the total production and the baseline payment is the incremental production.
- MPRL E&P calculates the total cost incurred with regards to this project in USD and the amount is subsequently converted in number of barrels.
- The cost recovery (in kind) is transferred to MOGE representing 40% of the total cost supported by MPRL E&P, while the remaining 60% of this cost is paid to MPRL in cash.
- The difference between the incremental production and the cost recovery converted in number of barrels representing the compensation risk. MOGE keeps 65% of this amount in kind, while the equivalent of 35% of this amount is paid cash to MPRL E&P.
- It is important to note that in this type of contract, there are no royalties paid to MOGE. Additionally, all the production is transferred to MOGE in kind, whereas MPRL E&P receives all its payments in cash.

Production and exports

Based on the data reported by MPRL E&P, the total production is detailed as follows:

Table 60: Total production of Mann Oil Field

		Production V	olume/	Production '	Value (USD)
Block	For the month ending	Crude Oil (barrel)	Gas (Mmscf)	Crude Oil	Gas
Mann Oil Field	30/04/2017	41,284	56.043	1,872,149	92,168
Mann Oil Field	31/05/2017	42,213	58.357	1,920,177	95,973
Mann Oil Field	30/06/2017	40,542	60.661	1,725,390	99,763
Mann Oil Field	31/07/2017	42,062	60.845	1,989,453	100,066
Mann Oil Field	31/08/2017	41,793	60.701	1,919,875	99,829
Mann Oil Field	30/09/2017	40,414	60.445	2,120,476	99,408
Mann Oil Field	31/10/2017	41,311	62.757	2,277,413	103,210
Mann Oil Field	30/11/2017	39,690	59.033	2,283,316	97,086
Mann Oil Field	31/12/2017	40,764	58.360	2,479,186	95,978
Mann Oil Field	31/01/2018	41,109	58.766	2,555,303	98,704
Mann Oil Field	28/02/2018	36,360	52.707	2,190,673	88,527
Mann Oil Field	31/03/2018	39,945	58.179	2,530,897	97,718
Total		487,487	706.854	25,864,308	1,168,429

The sales of MOGE's share will be subject to a separate commodity trading report which will relate to the sale of the State's shares under the various oil and gas agreements.

3.2.6. PROCEDURES FOR THE AWARD OF OIL AND GAS BLOCKS

Blocks awarded during 2017-2018:

Following a meeting held with the Oil and Gas Planning Department (OGPD) management team, we understand that there has been no call for Bidding Round for exploration and production on both onshore and offshore after the financial year 2011-2013. We also understand that there are on-going discussions to launch an international bidding process during 2020 for the attribution / development of available onshore and offshore blocks following the notification of the new Oil and Gas law and pending the conclusion of discussions between the National Economic Coordination Committee NECC and MoPFI in order to update the fiscal terms of the PSC model.

From the list of oil blocks made available to us by MOGE for the purpose of preparing this report (presented in the annex 2 and 3), there were no new attribution during the FY 2017-2018.

Biddings rounds 2013-2014:

Before 2011, there was no Oil and Gas bidding process and the senior authorities allocated blocks to companies through direct negotiations. However, since 2010, Production Sharing Contracts are increasingly being awarded through international bidding rounds. A bidding process and evaluation procedure has been implemented for the award of blocks.

The first international bidding round \$ for opened onshore blocks took place in 2011. The second bidding round for opened onshore blocks and the first bidding round for opened offshore blocks took place in 2013.

On 17 January 2013, the ministry announced a round of bidding for 18 onshore blocks: 3 IPRs and 15 PSCs

- Expressions of Interest were due on 16 March 2013;
- 59 bidders were shortlisted for the second round of bidding;
- 26 shortlisted bidders submitted 53 bids for 16 blocks; and
- 11 bidders were awarded 16 onshore blocks on 10 October 2013.

Table 61: List of awarded onshore blocks

Recent onshore energy block winners						
Company name	Country	Number of blocks				
Production Sharing Contract						
ONGC Videsh	India	2				
Recent onshore energy block wi	nners					
Eni	Italy	2				
Petroleum exploration	Pakistan	2				
Recent onshore energy block wi	nners					
Brunei National Petroleum	Brunei	1				
Petronas	Malaysia	1				
Pacific Hunt energy	Canada	2				
CAOG S.a.r.l	Luxembourg	1				
JSOC Bashneft	Russia	1				
PTTEP South Asia Ltd and Palang	Thailand	1				
Sophon Offshore	Thailand	1				
Petroleum Recovery Contracts						
MPRL E&P	British Virgin Islands	2				

On 11 April 2013, a new bidding round was announced for shallow water blocks (11 PSCs) and deep-water blocks (19 PSCs) as follows:

- expressions of interest were due on 14 June 2013;
- 61 bidders were shortlisted for the second round of bidding;
- 30 shortlisted bidders submitted bids on 15 November 2013; and
- 13 bidders were awarded 10 shallow water blocks and 10 deep water blocks in March 2014 as follows:

Shallow water blocks:

Table 62: List of awarded blocks

N°	Block/Area	Company awarded	Country	Acreage (sm km)
1	A4	BG Asia Pacific and Woodside Energy(Myanmar)	UK and Australia	2,200
2	A5	Chevron (Unocal Myanmar Offshore Co. Ltd)	United States	10,600
3	A7	BG Asia Pacific and Woodside Energy(Myanmar)	UK and Australia	8,220
4	M4	Oil India Ltd, Mercator Petroleum Ltd and Oilmax Energy	India	na
5	M7	ROC Oil and Tap Oil	Australia	13,000
6	M8	Berlanga Holding	Netherlands	na
7	M15	Transcontinental Group	Australia	na
8	M17	Relianee Industries	India	27,600
9	M18	Relianee Industries	India	na
10	YEB	Oil India Ltd, Mercator Petroleum Ltd and Oilmax Energy	India	na

Deep water blocks

Table 63: List of awarded blocks

N°	Block/Area	Company awarded	Country	Acreage (sm km)
1	AD2	BG Asia Pacific and Woodside Energy(Myanmar)	UK and Australia	8,098
2	AD3	Ophir Energy Pic	United Kingdom	10,000
3	AD5	BG Asia Pacific and Woodside Energy(Myanmar)	UK and Australia	10,560
4	AD9	Shell Myanmar Energy and MOECO	Netherlands	na
5	AD10	Statoil and Conoco Philips	Norway and United States	9,000
6	AD11	Shell Myanmar Energy and MOECO	Netherlands	na
7	MD2	Eni Myanmar	Italy	na
8	MD4	Eni Myanmar	Italy	na
9	MD5	Shell Myanmar Energy and MOECO	Netherlands	na
10	YWB	Total E&P	France	na

Once an agreement has been reached between MoEE and the selected candidates, MoEE requests comments from relevant Government Agencies such as the Union Attorney General Office, the Union Auditor General Office, the Ministry of National Planning and Economic Development, Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry and the Central Bank on the draft contract.

Following the receipt of comments from these Government Agencies, the draft contracts are submitted to the Economic Committee Cabinet and Myanmar Investment Commission for approval. Once the Myanmar Investment Commission has approved these contracts, successful bidders can enter into the PSC Contracts.

12 companies (successful bidders) have executed PSC Contracts for 19 offshore blocks with MOGE.

The list of selected candidates was announced on the Ministry of Electricity and Energy Website which held a press release for announcement of selected candidates on 26 March 2014.

Criteria and process used for the block awarding:

For the bid rounds under the new process, MOEE set out the following bid assessment criteria:

- Technical capability;
- Financial capability;
- Prior experience in Myanmar;
- Financial terms for the block; and
- Experience relevant to the block (e.g. deep-water).

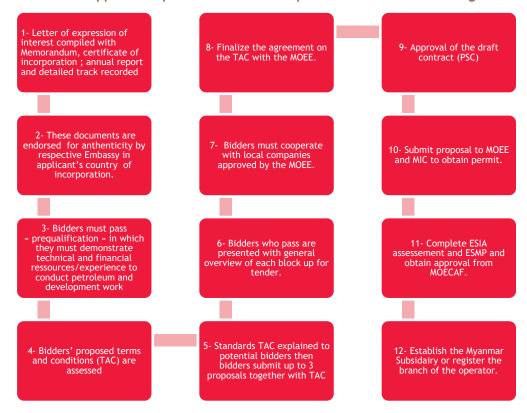
MOGE's Shallow/Deep Offshore PSC Selection Criteria allocated scores as follows:

Sr. No	Description Mark	Mark
1	Work Program and Expenditure	60%
2	Production Split	20%
3	Signature Bonus & Working Experience	10%
4	Financial Standing	10%
Total		100%

Moreover, for onshore and shallow water blocks, potential bidders must partner with at least one local company which is registered with the Oil and Gas Planning Department (OGPD). Bidders for deep water offshore blocks are not required to partner with a local company.

The figure below outlines the application process used by GOUM to manage the development for available oil and gas blocks.

Chart 18: the application process of the development for available oil and gas blocks



Permit transfer:

The transferor and transferee sign documents on the transfer or exchange of oil blocks and these are submitted to MOGE. The MOGE consent is required for transfer of interest. The MOGE checks with the IRD whether there are any taxable gains resulting from the transaction. The MOGE seeks approval from the Leading Committee of the MOEE and then from the Executive Committee when the IRD reply is received. Approval is sought from the MIC after receiving approval from the Executive Committee. It usually takes about 90 days in order to get written consent from the MOGE on transfer.

The MOGE confirmed that there was no transfer or exchange of interest in a block taken place during FY 2017-2018.

3.2.7. Policy on disclosure of contracts and licenses

Contracts disclosures

The oil and gas legislation do not include any express restrictions on the public disclosure of contracts and licenses by the government. However, signed contracts are not currently published due to the confidentiality provisions in oil and gas contracts.

Under the different types of contract, information regarding the exploration period, the work programme and expenditure, production periods, royalties, production shares, data fees, production bonuses for both crude oil and gas, domestic requirements, cost recovery provisions, training and research and development funds, state participation, income tax and tax holiday periods, profit sharing and arbitration and governing laws are addressed.

The existing oil and gas contracts are predominantly PSCs entered into by MOGE and private operators. PSCs are all based on a model contract that MoEE has used for several years. This model contract contains a confidentiality provision which prevents the public disclosure of information relating to oil and gas operations by both MOGE and the operators as follows:

Clause 27.5 of the model PSC stipulates that "Contractor undertakes to maintain in strictest secrecy and confidence all data and information purchased or acquired from MOGE as well as during the course of operations... until such time as MOGE agrees in writing to release the Contractor from its undertakings and obligations CONTRACTOR may disclose data and information to government authorities if required by law and, in order to facilitate the conduct of the Petroleum Operations may also disclose data and information to affiliates, its contractors, consultants and bona fide prospective assignees provided that the CONTRACTOR obtains an undertaking by the recipient to maintain such data in strictest secrecy and confidence. MOGE may use at its own discretion all the data and information obtained but shall undertake to maintain such data and information in the strictest secrecy and confidence during the term of this Contract.".

In practice, only the PSC signed between Total Myanmar E&P and MOGE for the Yedana project dated 9 July 1992 is publicly available²⁴ We also noted the existence of the model PSC published on an external website²⁵. We understand that this model was published during the bidding round of 2013 on MoEE's website but was subsequently removed from the website.

However, as part of efforts to improve transparency and the publication of contracts, MEITI and NRGI held the Contract Transparency Workshop on December 16, 2019.

This workshop brought together over 60 participants from various government departments, civil society organizations and private sectors (oil & gas, mining) and aim to:

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https://www.resourcecontracts.org/contract/ocds-591adf-6716589315/view#/pdf

²⁵ http://charltonsmyanmar.com/wp-content/uploads/2013/10/Model-Production-Sharing-Contract-Onshore.docx

- To increase knowledge of EITI stakeholders on contract transparency and to better understand the new EITI standards on contract transparency;
- To explore and identify potential challenges in implementing the standard; and
- To identify preparatory measures before January 2021.

The summary of the group discussion were:

- how to implement the new EITI standards 2019;
- identify possible challenges/barriers when implementing; and
- explore way to overcome those challenges/barriers.

Following this workshop, it was decided the following next steps:

- Work-plan sub-committee to discuss implementation of contract disclosure and then during MSG meeting; and
- Conduct another workshop in February or March 2020.

3.2.8. State participation in the oil and gas sector

The Constitution of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar 2008 stipulates that the state is the ultimate owner of all-natural resources including Oil and Gas.

According to chapter 2 of the State-Owned Economic Enterprises Law $(1989)^{26}$: "The Government has the sole right to carry out the following economic activities as State-Owned Economic Enterprise:

- exploration, extraction and sale of petroleum and natural gas and production of products of the same; and
- exploration and extraction of pearls, jade and precious stones and export of the same.

Following our review of the contextual data of the oil and gas sector, we understand that the State's intervention in the sector is made primary through MOGE, MPE and MPPE.

a. State Owned Enterprises (SOEs)- MOGE

In 1989, Myanmar enacted its State-Owned Economic Enterprise Law, identifying key areas of economic activities where the State would exercise control via SOEs. Although this law remains in effect, the Foreign Investment Law largely determines, in practical terms, how GOUM exercises its involvement in the extractive sector. For example, in contrast to the State-Owned Economic Enterprises Law, GOUM no longer exercises its right to monopolise the extraction of resources.

i. MOGE organisation chart:

According to the information published in the MOEE website²⁷, the MOGE organigram is presented as follow:

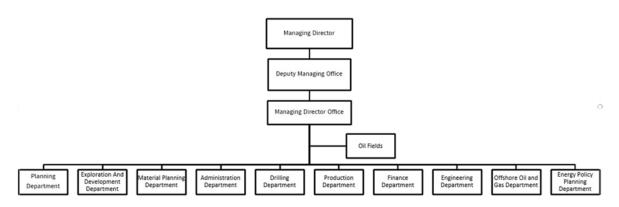


Chart 19: MOGE organigram

The responsibilities of the main departments are detailed as below:

Managing Director Office Of MOGE

- To manage and control the performance of respective Oil and Gas fields.
- To give instructions in order to issue, review and amend departmental policy, law and regulation. To collect and manage the information and data distribution by ICT.
- To perform internal auditing of the MOGE and overview the clarification of concerned department based on the Audit Report by Union Auditor General Office.

^{26 &}lt;u>https://www.burmalibrary.org/docs15/1989-SLORC_Law1989-09-State-Owned_Enterprise_Act-en.pdf</u>

https://energy.gov.mm/myanmar-oil-and-gas-enterprisemoge/

 To manage in order to collaborate with Local and Foreign Oil and Gas Companies and Organizations. To consolidate the statistical data or project done by concerned department under control of MOGE. To directive and supervise the administration, human resources management, oil and gas operations such as the exploration, drilling, production and distribution sectors.

Planning department

- Supervising the activities of foreign oil companies which are contracted by Production Sharing Contract with Myanma Oil and Gas Enterprise for the mutually beneficial cooperation.
- Submitting the approval of foreign oil companies' business issues to get the approval from Steering Committee.
- Reporting the weekly, monthly, quarterly, half-year and annually status of PSC companies to government office and other ministries.
- Submitting the approval of foreign oil companies' period extension of the block and land lease issues to get the permission from Myanma Investment Committee.
- Participating in onshore and offshore blocks' tender, to formulate National Energy Policy, Conducting the policy and participating to formulate and amendment the petroleum law.
- Supervising the operation of oil and gas exploration, production and distribution of Myanma Oil and Gas Enterprise.

Exploration and development department

- The Exploration & Development Department has the career of location the position of new exploration well in virgin area and development wells in existing oil and gas fields. This responsibility includes the acquisition of surface geological, geochemical and subsurface geophysical and identifying the possible location of hydrocarbon prospects and resources by evaluation of the all integrated G&G data and research work.
- E&D department has responsibility to deploy drilling rig position. In addition, it has to estimate initial oil & gas reserves in place and its future recoverable reserves, to lay down the short- and long-term plans of geological and geophysical surveys, to plan new drilling program and production estimates.
- To avoid the detriment to the country, E&D department steers and regulates the E&P activities of the international oil companies under PSC contracts and it has responsibility of technical cooperation together with PSC companies.
- E&D department monitors and supervises the safety and EIA, SIA process of the test wells, fields and exploration operations.
- It has responsibility to demarcate the area of oil and gas fields for official submission to the State.

Drilling department

- Taking full responsibility to reach the target depth within time frame.
- Supervise and guide the way to prevent the unexpected problems during Drilling Campaign.
- Director (Drilling) has the responsibility to serve as Chairman of Technical Sub Committee.
- Technical Sub Committee team have the responsibility to review and supervise for servicing
 jobs and tendering jobs which are operated by joint Venture Operators and the review
 results are reported in Management Committee Meeting to proceed in concern Offshore
 Work.

ii. Evolution of MOGE participation in the Oil and Gas sector

According to the information received from the MOGE, we understand that there were no changes in the MOGE participation in the Oil and gas sector between 2016-2017 and 2017-2018. The details of MOGE's interest in the different oil and gas projects are presented below.

Table 64: MOGE participation in the O&G sector

	Project		Operator			Inter	est dis	tribution	(in %)		
	Yadana	TOTAL	31%	MOGE	15%	UNOCAL	28%	PTTEP	26%		
Offshore	Yetagun	PCML	41%	MOGE	21%	Nippon Oil	19%	PTTEP	19%		
projects	Shwe	Daewoo	51%	MOGE	15%	ONGC	17%	Gail	8%	Korea Gas Corporation	9%
	Zawtika	PTTEP	80%	MOGE	20%						

Source: MOGE

The MOGE participation in the pipeline projects is presented as below:

Table 65: MOGE participation in pipeline projects

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Pipeline Project	Operator		Interest Distribution (in %)								
SEAGP	CNPC-SEAP	51%	MOGE	7%	Posco Daewoo	25%	Caspian E&P	8%	Gail (India) limited	4% AGP Co., Ltd	4%
Moattama	TOTAL	31%	MOGE	15%	UNOCAL	28%	PTTEP	26%			
Taninthayi Pipeline Company	Petronas	30%	MOGE	20%	Nippon Oil	19%	PTTEP	19%	PCML	115	
Andaman	PTTEP	80%	MOGE	20%							

Source: MOGE

- On the basis of the data reported by MOGE, it does not hold any shares in oil and gas operator companies.
- Following the list of permits presented in the annex 4 provided by the MOGE, we understand that MOGE does not hold any interests in the Onshore permits.

iii. Financial relationship between MOGE and the GOUM

Transfers performed by the MOGE

Following the review of data reported by MOGE, we note that it transferred the following amounts to the following Government Agencies:

Table 66: Transfers performed by the MOGE

Nature of transfers	Amount in million MMK	Beneficiaries	
5% Commercial Tax	233,671	IRD	
8% Specific Goods Tax	293,326	IRD	
State Contribution	114,832	Treasury department	
Income Tax	143,540	IRD	
Royalty and Bonus	352,874	OGPD	
Total	1,138,243		

According to the information received from the MOGE, we understand that in accordance with the oil and gas agreements (PSC, PCC and IPR), MOGE is responsible for the payments of all the taxes on the behalf of Oil and Gas companies except the income tax for the contracts signed before 2014. Thus, MOGE created a deposit fund at the Customs Department in order to support the different customs duties on the behalf of Oil and Gas companies. The movements of this deposit are detailed as below.

Table 67: Details of the MOGE deposit

Nature of transfers	Amount in million MMK
Customs deposit	31,000
Deduction from customs deposit	(539)
Net deposit in 31/03/2018	30,461

According to the data reported by the MOGE, we understand that the SOE is not distributing dividend.

Loans contracted by MOGE

According to information received from the MOGE, details of loans contracted are described as follows:

Table 68: Details of the MOGE loans

No	Contract No/	Agreement	Loan	Particulars	Curr	Curr Loan Amount		31.3.2018	Balance to	be Paid	Londor / Suppliors
NO	Purchase	Date	LOdii	Particulars	ency		Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Lender / Suppliers
1	PBC NO (2007)10,11,12 TOTAL NO. (031),(032), (033)	27.9.07	China Soft Loan	Four Drilling Rigs and Oil Field Equipment and Materials Project	USD in million	80.51	44.28	19.14	36.23	2.75	Export-Import of China / Central Bank of Myanmar
2	18 01 01-00 16 01(MY-C1)	15.1.13	JACA Loan	Offshore Petroleum Exploration Project	JY in million	11,629.72	5.84	5.78	11,623.88	23.25	Japan International Cooperation Agency
3	5300942322009591489	20.12.09	CDB (24")	Yadana-Yangon 24" Gas Pipeline Project	Euro in million	185.60	35.92	62.39	149.68	44.54	China Development Bank
4	5300942322010591241	16.12.10	CDB(EURO)	Offshore Natural Gas Development and Pipeline Project/ Onshore Natural Gas Pipeline Project	Euro in million	452.75	67.78	114.37	384.97	108.58	China Development Bank (CDB) Loan /Myanma Foreign Trade Bank
5	5300942322010591242	16.12.10	CDB(RMB)	Oil Pipeline Project	RMB in million	7,358.40	913.58	1,516.22	6,444.82	1,463.48	China Development Bank (CDB) Loan /Myanma Foreign Trade Bank

b. Myanma Petrochemical Enterprise (MPE)

We understand that the Myanma Petrochemical Enterprise (MPE) and Myanmar Petroleum Products Enterprise (MPPE) are mainly involved in the downstream sector. Thus, all details regarding those company will be included in the commodity trading report dedicated to the Oil and Gas Downstream sector.

The MPE was formerly known as Petrochemical Industries Corporation in 1975 and later changed to the MPE in 1989. The MPE is also a SOE under MOEE and is responsible for downstream petroleum sector in Myanmar production of petroleum and petrochemical products, urea fertiliser from crude oil and natural gas, transportation and movement of crude oil and petroleum products and marketing of LPG, urea fertiliser, motor gasoline and high-speed diesel. Petroleum sector consists of refineries, liquefied petroleum gas plants and fertiliser plants. ²⁸

The MPE is composed of eight departments as seen in the figure below:29



MPE has a vision of enhancing its production capacity of petroleum and petrochemical products using oil and natural gas from onshore and offshore oil blocks in an environmentally friendly production with energy saving technologies.

MPE has three refineries as discussed below.30

- No.1 Refinery (Thanlyin) is located in (Thanlyin), Yangon region and is operating at 20,000 barrels per operating day since 1963. It has three crude oil distillation (COD) units, one coke plant (5,200 BPSD), one candle plant (1.5 tons/day), one SBP Plant (50,000 IG/day), one lube oil blending unit (25,000 MT/year). COD (A) was constructed in 1955 and was decommissioned in 2005 due to safety requirements. Only COD (B) and COD (C) are in operations. Myanmar Liquefied Terminal (MLT) was constructed with the LPG storage capacity of 5,550 MT in 1985. In the past, No.1 Refinery (Thanlyin) previously processed local crude oil only but starting from 1990, imported crude oil is also processed. Condensate from Yetagun gas field is also processed starting from 2002. The main products are gasoline, diesel, ATF (Aviation Turbine Fuel) and SBP (Special Boiling Point). No.1 Refinery (Thanlyin) is currently operating as they are reviewing its production capacity and profitability.
- No.2 Refinery (Chauk) is situated in Chauk, Magway Region. It was built by Foster Wheeler Company from England in 1954 and it has atmospheric distillation tower, vacuum tower and wax plants. It processed only local crude oil and production capacity was designed for 6,000 BPSD but current running capacity is 2,285 BPSD. The main products are gasoline, kerosene, diesel, wax, fuel oil (FO), and blue oil.
- Mann (Thanbayakan) refinery is located near Thanbayarkan village in Minhla Township, Magway Region. It was built in 1982 with capacity of 25,000 BPSD by Mitsubishi Heavy Industry and production was started in 1986. The products are LPG, gasoline, kerosene, ATF (Aviation Turbine Fuel), diesel, fuel oil (FO), and petroleum coke. It is currently operating at the capacity of 8,600 BPSD (300,000 gallons per day).

MPE also has 5 urea plants. No. 1 Fertiliser Factory is operating in Sa-le at 205 Tons per day, No. 2 in Kyun Chaung at 207 Tons per day, No. 3 in Kyaw Zwa at 600 Tons per day, and No. 4 in Myaungdaga

²⁸ http://www.moee.gov.mm/en/ignite/page/415

²⁹http://www.moee.gov.mm/en/ignite/page/417

³⁰http://www.moee.gov.mm/en/ignite/page/439

and No. 5 in Kangyidaunt at 500 Tons per day. Only three factories, No. (1) Urea Fertiliser Factory in Sa-Le, No. (4) Urea Fertiliser Factory in Myaungdaga and No. (5) Urea Fertiliser Factory in Kangyidaunt are in operation at the total capacity of 700 Tons per day. The other two factories are shut down temporarily due to limited supply of natural gas.31

In addition, there are three LPG plants, one methanol plant and one bitumen plant operating under MPE. One LPG plant is in Minbu operating at 24 mMmscf per day since 1986, one in Nyaungdon operating at 10 to 16 mMmscf per day and another in Kyunchaung operating at 8 to 10 mMmscf per day since 2010. Of which No. (1) LPG Plant in Minbu and No. (2) LPG Plant in Nyaung Don are in operation. No. (3) LPG Plant in Kyunchaung is moved to Nyaung Don near No. (2) LPG Plant and it will resume its LPG production. They are operating at the total capacity of LPG 30 MT and Naphtha 18 MT per day in order to supply local demand. MPE has entered into a leasing contract with Yadanasu Co., Ltd., a local company, on 25 October 2017 to lease No. (2) LPG Plant and No. (3) LPG Plant, four LPG stations in Yangon and Hmawbi for 30 years. Through increased production of LPG, LPG is planned to be used as cooking fuel.32

There is a Methanol plant in Seiktha operating at 450 MT per day and bitumen plant in Thanlyin operating at 548 MT per day.

A new refinery is planning to be built near Thanbayarkan Refinery with a capacity of 2 to 5 million tons per year using crude oil from South East Asia Crude Oil Pipeline. EIA and SIA were carried out and reports were submitted to the MONREC via MOEE for the new refinery project. 33

MPE entered into joint venture agreement with AVA Kahyasis Investments Ptes., Ltd from Singapore and Same Sky Construction Co., Ltd and Guiding Star Group Ltd from Republic of the Union of Myanmar and set up a joint venture company called Asia AVA Gas Co., Ltd to carry our LPG businesses such as importation, storage and distribution. Project site is situated on 31.78 acres land in Bogyoke Village in Thanlyin Township and initial investment is USD 60 million and investment was permitted for 50 years. With the vision of supplying LPG as cooking fuel, MPE leased its existing LPG terminal in Thanlyin for one year to Parami Energy Services Co., Ltd who was awarded leased out of nine companies. Parami Energy Services Co., Ltd will import, store, distribute and do marketing of LPG.34

³¹http://www.moee.gov.mm/en/ignite/page/439

³²http://www.moee.gov.mm/en/ignite/page/439

³³ http://www.moee.gov.mm/en/ignite/page/440

³⁴http://www.moee.gov.mm/en/ignite/page/440

c. Myanma Petroleum Products Enterprise (MPPE)

The MPPE is one of the SOEs under the MOEE. It was established as Petroleum Products Corporation on 1 April 1975 under No. (2) Ministry of Industry and later changed to the MPPE on 1 April 1989.35

The MPPE distributes petroleum produced by Myanma Petrochemical Enterprise and is a regulator for private fuel import, storage and distribution. 261 out of 273 petrol stations run by MPPE were privatised starting from June 2010. It is destined to form a Public Private Partnership (PPP) company when there is an experienced foreign company with strong capital investment to form a joint venture.36

MPPE has eight departments as seen in the figure below:37



There are four main petrol storage and distribution departments, 19 storage and distribution subdepartments, five storage and distribution stations, eleven jet fuel sections, 14 regional distribution offices and 12 state-owned petrol stations under the MPPE.

260 fuel stations of the MPPE were privatised in 2010 and there were 2,065 privately-owned fuel retail stations licensed by the MPPE as of 22 February 2017. 25% of fuel retail stations are situated in Mandalay, 15% in Shan State and 10% in Bago and Ayeyarwaddy. Yangon has 7% of the total number of fuel retail stations. 2,089 licenses were granted for fuel retail stations, 8 for storage, 14 for vessels and 13 for airports by the MPPE as of 30 November 2017.³⁸

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³⁵ http://www.moee.gov.mm/en/ignite/page/449

³⁶http://www.moee.gov.mm/en/ignite/page/449

³⁷http://www.moee.gov.mm/en/ignite/page/451

³⁸http://www.moee.gov.mm/en/ignite/page/449

3.3. Legal framework and context of the mining sector (including G&J and Pearl)

3.3.1. General context of the mining sector

Myanmar is well known for the untapped potential of its extensive mineral portfolio. Home to the world's largest deposits of jade and some of the most sought-after rubies, it also has substantial deposits of lucrative metals as well as industrial minerals. Despite significant deposits, foreign investment across Myanmar's mining sector has lagged behind other key industries due to poor administration, legal uncertainty and ongoing conflicts. As such, the diverse landscape of Myanmar remains largely underexplored. However, with previous legal uncertainties addressed in recently amended mining laws and rules, a multitude of prospectors are waiting in the wings, ready to extract valuable resources³⁹.

Myanmar's mining sector is made up of large-scale mining, small scale artisan extraction and a certain amount of informal mining. The mining sector operates both through granting concessions to private investors and through State Owned Mining Enterprises placed under the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation (MONREC).

In the precious gem subsector, around 90% of the world's supply of Rubies are sourced from Myanmar and the country is also the world's largest single source of Jade. The Government of Myanmar prohibits the extraction of precious gems by foreign investors. The sub-sector also remains subject to sanctions, thus entirely off limits to foreign investors for the foreseeable future.

On 26 July 2018 the Department of Mines at the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation (MONREC) began accepting applications from local and international companies to undertake projects in the country.

The stage for this was set by the February promulgation of Notification No. 13/2018 (the Mine Rules), which implements the provisions laid out under the delayed 2015 Mines Law⁴⁰.

Copper makes up the largest export metal in the mining sector, while silver, lead, tin, tungsten and antimony deposits are widespread across the country. Exploration of metallic or industrial minerals can only be undertaken through a JVA with citizens of Myanmar.

3.3.2. Mineral resources

a) Gems and Jade

Myanmar is the world's single largest source of jadeite (jade) globally, accounting for an estimated 90% of global production.

Coloured gemstones are mined in approximately 50 countries worldwide. Of these, Myanmar is renowned for its abundance of high-quality gemstones, including world-class rubies, sapphires (ruby and sapphire are both varieties of corundum) and jadeite. Other gemstone varieties found in Myanmar include spinel, diamonds, tourmaline, peridot, topaz, garnet, moonstone, lapis lazuli, chrysoberyl, amber, quartz, and more. There are also a few extremely rare varieties of gemstone that are unique to Myanmar and have never been found anywhere else in the world.

The largest official venue for selling jade is the "Myanmar Gems and Jade Emporium," held in the capital Nay Pyi Taw up to three times a year. Jade is also sold at smaller trading centres and markets elsewhere in Myanmar, including in Mandalay, Yangon and Myitkyina, the capital of Kachin State.⁴¹

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³⁹https://oxfordbusinessgroup.com/myanmar-2019/mining

⁴⁰ https://oxfordbusinessgroup.com/news/myanmar%E2%80%99s-mining-sector-reopens-investors

⁴¹ https://resourcegovernance.org/sites/default/files/documents/jade-info-booklet.pdf

While a number of geological surveys of Myanmar's gem-producing areas have been undertaken over the past decades, the quality and reliability of these is not known, and there is very little publicly available information. The lack of clear and up-to-date geological information leads to a considerable amount of speculation and misinformation about potential gem-yielding areas, makes the allocation of gemstone production permits more challenging, and is also therefore a deterrent to investors. This is an area requiring further attention and strengthening.

Coloured Gemstones

The Mogok valley in Mandalay Division, around 150 miles North East of Mandalay, is probably the most well-known of Myanmar's gem producing areas due to its famous ruby deposits, and the Mogok stone tract has been known throughout history as the 'Land of Rubies'. The allure of certain wealth in return for control of the gemstone mines has fuelled conflicts in this area throughout history.

According to the 2017-2018 production data provided by Myanmar Gems Enterprise (MGE), 87.7% of the national gemstones production was extracted from Mandalay Division, followed by Shan State producing 12.2% of the national gemstones production as shown in the table below:

Commodity	Rough Ruby/Sapphires /Rough	Location	Weight		Value	%
	(Others)	(Region)	Carat	Kilo	MMK	
	Rough Ruby/Sapphires (20%)	Mandalay Division	3,963,496.60	3,227	1,063,700,000	87.7%
Come	Rough (Others) 10%	Mandalay Division	2,124,394.65	1,687.4	326,400,000	07.7/0
Gems	Rough Ruby/Sapphires (20%)	Shan State	861,273.50	-	192,608,200	12.2%
	Rough Ruby/Sapphires (20%)	Kachin State	165.80	-	893,200	0.1%

Table 69: Actual MGE, Coloured Gemstones

Jadeite

Jadeite (jade) is found predominantly in the Hpakant area of Kachin State as well as Mohnyin, and also in Hkamti Township in Sagaing Division. Myanmar is the world's main commercial source of jade although jadeite also occurs in Guatemala, Japan and the US. It is commonly estimated that up to 90% of the world's jade is now mined around the Hpakant area and sold to Chinese buyers. Myanmar's 'imperial jade' is the most valuable in the world with its translucent to almost transparent bright emerald green colour.

According to the 2017-2018 production data provided by MGE, Kachin State produced 98.3% of the national jadeite production followed by Sagaing Division for 1.7% as shown in the table below:

Commodity	Rough Ruby/Sapphires /Rough (Others)	Location Weight		Veight	Value	%
Commodity	Rough Ruby/Sappinies /Rough (Others)	(Region)	Carat	Kilo	MMK	/0
	Jade (Rough Materials) 20%	Kachin State	-	31,054,204	115,988,528,275	98.3%
lado	Others (Rough Materials) 10%	Kaciiii State	-	62,187	93,978,150	
Jade	Jade (Rough Materials) 20%	Cogning Division	-	559,464	1,977,357,400	1.7%
	Others (Rough Materials) 10%	Sagaing Division	-	1,918	30,249,600	

Table 70: Jade 2017-2018 production

b) Other minerals

Copper

Myanmar has nearly 65 copper occurrences, which include the world class high sulphidation copper deposits at Monywa. In the past copper was rather used as a by-product of the Bawdwin Mine, and copper has also become associated with epigenetic vein type and epithermal gold and silver deposits.

The Monywa high sulphidation copper deposits is located 150 km NW of Mandalay in Central Myanmar and is one of the largest copper resources in mainland southeast Asia, with 7 Mt of

contained copper. This foremost deposit constitutes three orebodies known as the Kyisintaung, Sabetaung, and Letpadaung, which have a total resource estimation of 1.5 billion tonnes with cutoff grade of 0.40% Cu. The Letpadaung Deposit is located 7 km to the south east of the other deposits mentioned and is one of the biggest copper mines in Myanmar. Production that has been taken from the Sabetaung, which is now considered to be mined in a single pit, and the Kyisintaung is known to commonly lie beneath a prominent hill to the immediate west of the Sabetaung and Letpadaung deposits, which underlie an isolated 6 km hill that is bisected by a north east trending valley. Together these deposits are strongly considered to comprise the northern most copper resource in the 7,000 km Banda Sunda Myanmar Arc.

Letpadaung is a large mine project operated by the Wanbao Mining Copper Ltd, in cooperation with the Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Ltd (UMEHL). Wanbao, a subsidiary of China North Industries Group Corp, bought the project from Ivanhoe, a Canadian mining company in 2011. Ivanhoe divested its share of the project in 2011 selling its stake for a reported \$103m to the Myanmar Wanbao Mining company under the Ministry of Mines (MoM). The final agreement with Wanbao, reached in 2012, under a joint venture (JV), gave it a 30% share of the eventual profits, while 19% would go to UMEHL and the remaining 51% to Myanmar's government. A later agreement gave 2% of profits to local development. The project is reported to have cost approximately \$1 billion to develop with an annual production target of 139,000 tonnes of copper⁴².

Refined Lead/ Refined Silver and Zinc Concentrates

Mining operations in Namtu Bawdwin lead/zinc mine started since the 15th century. The mine was operated by the Burma Mines Ltd prior to Myanmar's independence from British Colonial rule and became a joint venture operation in 1951. The mine is currently operating under No.1 Mining Enterprise. Other lead/zinc mines under No. 1 Mining Enterprise are Yadanatheingi and Bawsaing mines all of which are located in the Shan States. Bawdwin underground mine has its own concentrating plant for upgrading of sulphide ores of lead, where after the concentrates are fed into smelter at Namtu to produce refined lead and refined silver and zinc concentrates. By-products include copper matte, nickel speiss and antimonial lead. There are privately owned lead/zinc mines in the same region. Most of the lead/zinc production are exported. Silver and lead produced by the No.1 Mining Enterprise are also registered with London Metal Exchange.

Refined Tin, Tin Concentrate, Tin Wolfram mixed concentrates

The majority of tin-tungsten deposits are situated in the Tanintharyi (Tennanserim) Region, especially in the Dawei (Tavoy) and Myeik (Mergui) districts, except the largest deposit at Mawchi (Kayah State). The Dawei district has the largest and more important tin-tungsten lode mines, whereas more tin-rich tin-tungsten lode mines, tin lode mines, and alluvial tin deposits are found in the Myeik district. The Tagu tin-tungsten deposit is located in the middle region of the WGP in the southern part of Myanmar, and the tin-tungsten mineralised quartz veins are hosted by both granite and metasedimentary rocks.

The principal tin-producing area is located around the port town of Dawei. Most historical production was from elluvial/alluvial deposit types that are particularly focused around Myeik in the far south. This metallogenic province is also rich in tungsten spatially associated with the tin mineralisation, commonly in the form of wolframite and more rarely as scheelite. In some deposits, tungsten contents exceed tin, and there appears to be a geographic zonation in Sn:W ratio⁴³

The Mawchi mine, located in the Kayah State was well known for its tin tungsten scheelite mixed concentrate in the world market until most of the installations were destroyed during the Second World War. Tin and Tungsten mixed concentrates are also produced from various mines in Tanintharyi division. Heinda Kanbauk and Kalonta tin mines are major tin producing mines. All tin

 $^{^{42}}$ https://www.nytimes.com/aponline/2014/12/22/world/asia/ap-as-myanmar-mine-protest.html. 43 https://www.mdpi.com/2075-163X/9/11/654/htm

and tungsten mines have been privatised and at present there is no state operated tin tungsten mine apart from one tin smelter in Thanlyin.

Myanmar Pongpipat Company Limited, a Thai private own company under Foreign Direct Investment with Myanmar Investment Commission since 1999, operates the Heinda Tin Mine located in Dawei, Taninthayi Division with No.2 Mining Enterprise, Ministry of Nature Resources and Environmental Conservation. Heinda Tin Mine is regarded as one of the largest open-pit tin mines in the country. The mine was discovered in 1923 by Anglo-Burma with a three-megawatt hydro power plant. Myanmar Pongpipat Company Limited has been operating this mine since 1999. The main production is high grade Tin Concentrate.

Delco Limited operates in one of the nation's biggest tin mine, located in Dawei District of Tanintharyi Division in southern Myanmar. Under the Myanmar Mining Act, the company is currently operating for 5 years period and can extent the other 5 years at the end of the period. Its specialised product group is tin tungsten with concentration made to tin due to its versatile applications in electronics and hi-tech goods.

Coal

Myanmar is endowed with significant deposits of coal. The coal deposits are typically situated in pockets in southern, central, western and north-western Myanmar. The large-scale mines are located in Magway, Mandalay, Sagaing, Shan and Taninthary region.

Maw daung open-cast mine in Taninthary division produces over 500,000 tonnes annually which are exported across the border to Thailand. Private-owned coal mines in Shan State are operated by nine local entrepreneurs for local consumption.

The main active coal production projects are:

- coal mine in Kyauk Ohn Chaung, Kalaywa, Sagaing State is operated by Htoo Han Thit Co. Ltd;
- coal mine located in Sagaing region in western Myanmar, about 150 km from the plant site which supplies coal, is operated by Shwe Taung Mining Company Limited; and
- coal mine in <u>Sagaing Region</u>'s <u>Kalewa Township</u> is oprate by Max (Myanmar) Company Limited;

Gold

Myanmar has more than 300 gold occurrences. Gold deposits are classified as either primary or alluvial types. Gold deposits are located in six main geological associations/tectonic belts in Myanmar: Central Magmatic Arc, Tagaung-Myitkyina Belt, Sagaing Fault Zone, Mogok Metamorphic Belt (MMB), in the Chaung Magyi and Mergui Groups and Jade Mines Belt⁴⁴.

Kyaukpahtoe gold mine located in the Kawlin township Sagaing division is operated by Eternal Mining Co., Ltd. Private gold mines in Mandalay division, Sagaing division and Kachin States are being operated with production sharing contracts with ME 2. The government is working in joint venture with three foreign companies for exploration of gold and one of the companies is already at the production stage

Modi Momi Gold Mine, operated bt the National Prosperity Gold Production Group, estimates it holds more than 2.3m oz of gold.45

Following the passing of the new mining legislation in 2016, a first new foreign investment has been announced. Australian PanAust Group has been granted a license for exploration and production at three sites in Sagaing Region via its local subsidiary Wuntho Resources, a Joint Venture with local Myanmar Energy Resources Group International.

⁴⁴https://www.researchgate.net/publication/321079033_Chapter_25_Gold_deposits_of_Myanmar/link

⁴⁵ https://oxfordbusinessgroup.com/overview/treasure-trove-complex-geography-provides-diverse-mix-rich-minerals

Iron and Steel

Over 300 Iron ore occurrences have been recorded in Myanmar and most of them are of minor importance. The iron ore deposits of Northern Shan State are residual type. At Kyatwinye, 22meters thick limonite/hematite roll ores covering Devonian dolomite and sandstone. The reserve is about 3.0 mt with the grade of 54% Fe. At Pang Pet, near Taunggyi, the iron ore deposit is represented by primary hematite mineralisation bounded in two regional fault system in the Plateau limestone seem skarn type. Iron ore deposit at KathaingTaung, Lamaungof Phakhantand Taungnyoand Taungkadonof Shwegu area in Kachin state are related to the ultrabasic rocks⁴⁶.

No.1 Iron and Steel Plant at Pyin Oo Lwin smelts iron ore from Kyatwinye iron mine located 26 miles to the South East of Pyin Oo Lwin. No.1 iron steel plant produces sponge iron, pig iron and steel, steel grinding balls and steel round bars. The products are used locally for construction works.

Limestone

Two types of limestone are produced in Myanmar depending on the physical properties. Limestone which has a high calcium content with no outstanding physical appearance is used as raw material for cement production while limestone with inclusions giving rise to beautiful a texture and colour is used as decoration limestone, known as dimension stones. One of the outstanding decoration qualities of limestone mine is situated near Loikaw. Limestone production is sufficient for the local cement industry.

The main limestone mines are located in Ayeyarwady, Kayin, Mandalay and Shan region.

Pearl

Myanmar has been a producer of white and golden South Sea cultured pearls from the Pinctada maxima oyster since the 1950s. According to the Myanmar Pearl Enterprise⁴⁷, there is Four kinds of cultured pearls:

- Freshwater cultured pearl;
- Akoya cultured pearl;
- Tahitian cultured pearl; and
- Cultured pearl of the South Seas.

 $^{^{46}\} http://asean mining.dpim.go.th/dokuwiki/doku.php?id=myan mar:start$

⁴⁷ https://www.myanmarpearl.com/index.php/en/2015-05-26-06-25-44

MINERAL OCCURRENCES MAP OF MYANMAR Legend Antimony Barite Bauxite Bismuth Clay Coal Copper Corundum Feldspar Fluorite Glass Sand Gold Graphite Gypsum Heavy Mineral Manganese Nickel Phosphate Precious Stone Pyrite Serpentine Sodium Sulphate Steatite Sulphur Uranium Zinc Zircon Sand

3.3.3. Main mining projects

The main mining projects in Myanmar can be summarised in the table below:

Table 71: Main mining projects

Commodity	Project	Location	Company operating	Description
Gold	Modi Momi Gold Mine Project	Yamethin Township	National Prosperity Company limited	Gold mining, exploration, ore production, drilling, crushing & refining business at Narbu Taung Mining Plot (Acres 600) being under the large-scale area of gold mining project owned by National Prosperity Gold Production Group Company Limited, located at Modi Momi, Yamaethin Township, Mandalay Region. A survey of the concession estimates it holds more than 2.3m oz of gold. The largest gold miner the National Prosperity Gold Production Group which operates the Modi Momi mine, with a total processing capability of 400 ounces of gold per day.
Copper	Monywa Copper Project	Letpadaung, Salingyi Township, Sagaing Region	Wanbao Mining Ltd (Wanbao Mining) in joint venture with a Myanmar company, the Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Limited (UMEHL)	There are four large deposits of copper in the Monywa district, in Sagaing Region, north western Myanmar. They are situated in hills that rise out of the flood plain of the Chindwin River. These deposits have been developed as two, linked mining operations - the Letpadaung and S&K copper mines. Letpadaung is the largest of the four deposits and accounts for 75% of the total copper reserves. It is expected to produce 100,000 tonnes of cathode copper a year. Work to develop the Letpadaung mine began in 2011, and though the mine is still under construction it produced its first copper in May 2016. The three other deposits are located next to each other and have been developed since 1978 as the S&K mine. Since 2010, China-based Wanbao Mining Ltd (Wanbao Mining) has owned the two copper mines in joint venture with a Myanmar company, the Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Limited (UMEHL), and the state-owned company, Mining Enterprise 1 (ME1). Under the current production sharing contract (modified in July 2013) Wanbao Mining and UMEHL retain 49% of the profits and the remaining 51% goes to the Government of Myanmar, represented by ME1.
Zinc	Longh Keng zinc mine and Lashio zinc refinery project	Township of Lashio	Cornerstone Resources (Myanmar) Ltd	The long Keng zinc mine covers 8 km² of highly prospective ground and hosted two surface outcrops of high-grade smithsonite with a historical Inferred Resource of 170,000 tonnes at an average grade of 37% zinc for a total metal content of 63,000 tonnes. The ore is presently being processed at the Lashio Zinc refinery. The Lashio Zinc refinery has a capacity of 10,000t of LME (99,99% zinc) refined zinc per annum with plans to scale up capacity to 18,000t of refined zinc per annum. Lashio is the only modern zinc refinery plant with Myanmar's highly prospective Shan Plateau zinc and base metal province.
Nickel	Tagaung Taung Nickel Mine Project	Thabeikying, Mandalay	MYANMAR CNMC NICKEL COMPANY LIMITED	The Tagaung Taung nickel mine has a reserve of more than 30 million tons of high-grade nickel ore containing some 700,000 tons of nickel. The US\$800 million project has an annual output of 85,000 tonnes of ferronickel. The mine went into operation in 2009 under a production-sharing contract between the No. 3 Mining Enterprise of the Ministry of Mines and state-owned China Nonferrous Metal Mining Co.
Coal	Kalewa Coal Mine Project	Kalewa, Sagaing Region	Tun Thwin Mining	The reserve estimated at 100 million tons, the Kalewa Coal Mine Project is the major coal mine which covers an area of 4,500 acres in the Kalewa area, approximately 200 miles North West of Mandalay producing more than 100,000 tons of coal per year.
Tin	Heinda Tin Mining Project	Dawei, Tanintharyi Region	Myanmar Pong- pipat Co	The Heinda Mine, 25 km NE of Dawei, is a major open- pit placer tin mine that has been continuously operated for over 100 years and is still a major producer today. Since 1999, Heinda has been operated by Myanmar Pongpipat Co. a Thai company. Shan States tin within the Shan States in eastern Myanmar, tin-bearing granites have been reported. Major Shan producing areas include the Man Maw tin district

Commodity	Project name	Location	Company operating	Description
Iron	Pinpet Mount Iron Mining Project	Shan State		The Pinpet Mining Project is an open-pit iron ore mine in Mount Pinpet, Shan State. The Pinpet deposit consists of an estimated 10 million tons of hematite with 56.4% iron and reserves of limonite at 70 million tons with 42.6% iron. The mountain also has an estimated deposit of 30 million tons of limestone, which can be used to make cement.
Base metal	Bawdwin Mine Project	Namtu, Shan State	Win Myint Mo Industries	The Bawdwin base metal mine in Namtu, northern Shan State, is a world-class mineral site with significant zinc, lead, silver and copper deposits. The mine is also expected to produce some nickel and cobalt. The polymetallic deposit has a JORC resource of 94Mt at 4.2 per cent Pb, 107g/t Ag, 2.1 per cent Zn and 0.2 per cent Cu, according to the latest deposit estimates made at the site. Resource estimates at the site have continued to trend upwards over the past two years. The mine saw signs of new life in 2017 when Perth-based Myanmar Metals paid local company Win Myint Mo Industries a \$1.5 million deposit for the option to acquire an 85 per cent interest in the project. At that time, Myanmar Metals owned the concession to operate the mine. Myanmar Metals later exercised the option in June 2018, acquiring a 51 per cent participating interest in the project. The company ultimately formed a joint venture with Win Myint Mo Industries and East Asia Power (Mining) known as the Bawdwin Joint Venture (BJV). The project site is approximately 38 square kilometres. The relativity high grades found at the site thus far could put the mine in the first quartile of all large-scale underground and open-pit mines in the world in terms of grade and resource size.

3.3.4. Context of the Artisanal Mining Sector (AMS)

Myanmar's ASM sector is a major contributor to the country's economy. Experts estimate that the sector is worth hundreds of millions of dollars annually and supports the livelihoods of millions of people. Like many countries with large ASM populations, Myanmar struggles with high levels of informality. Experts estimate that over 90 percent of mining in Myanmar is informal. Most miners operate without legal permits from the government. ASM is associated with serious environmental, social and governance challenges⁴⁸.

ASM plays an important role in Myanmar's mining sector. In 2016 and 2017 ASM permits made up over 90 percent of official government issued production permits in the mining sector. A recent study by Pact estimates that the sector accounts for most gold, tin and industrial mineral production.

The sector employs hundreds of thousands of people and supports the livelihoods of millions. In gold and tin mining, ASM accounts for as much as 95 percent and 80 percent, respectively, of employment in 2016 to 2017. While ASM operations are spread across Myanmar, the highest concentrations are in Kachin, Mandalay, Sagaing, Shan and Tanintharyi.

Historically, Myanmar's legal framework for the minerals sector was highly centralised. Government policy largely ignored ASM. Following amendments to Myanmar's constitution, the 2015 Myanmar Mines Law and 2018 Mines Rules, the Myanmar government recently decentralised responsibilities for issuing artisanal and small-scale mining (ASM) permits to the country's states and regions. If well managed, decentralisation could make government policy more sensitive to the needs and concerns of miners and the communities impacted by mining activity.

The passage of the amended Myanmar Mines Law in 2015 and promulgation of the accompanying Mines Rules in February 2018 provide the legislative and regulatory framework for the decentralisation of powers of granting permits in the ASM sector. The law grants state and regional permit scrutiny boards the power to award ASM permits. According to a MONREC notification, the boards comprise the state and regional MONREC minister, a representative each from GAD, Department of Agricultural Land Management and Statistics, Forest Department, ECD and Department of Mines and an additional official appointed by the state and regional government. The Minister chairs the board while the state and Regional Director of the Department of Mines is the Secretary⁴⁹.

The mines law sets out the legal definitions of artisanal and small-scale mining. The law defines small-scale mining as commercial minerals production by companies with low capital investment and production volumes. The law defines artisanal mining as minerals production by individuals using only ordinary hand tools and basic machinery.

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⁴⁸ Unpacking Decentralization: Improving How States and Regions in Myanmar Issue Artisanal and Small-scale Mining Permits; NRGI, October 2019

⁴⁹Unpacking Decentralization: Improving How States and Regions in Myanmar Issue Artisanal and SmallScale Mining Permits; NRGI, October 2019.

The most important criteria used to classify different mines is the acreage of a permit. Table below shows acreage limits used for different permits. Small-scale production permits are valid for five to 10 years, depending on the mineral being produced and can be renewed for a maximum of two years per renewal.

Table 72: AMS type of permits

Permit type	Maximum permit size	Length of tenure	
Small scale			
Gold and other precious metals	Up to four acres	Five to 10 years	
Other metals	Up to 10 acres	(plus two years	
Industrial Minerals	Up to 20 acres	extensions)	
Artisanal			
Gold and other precious metals	Up to one acre		
Other metals	Up to three acres	One year	
Industrial Minerals	Up to five acres		

The most important criteria used to classify different mines is the acreage of a permit. The table below shows acreage limits used for different permits. Small-scale production permits are valid for five to 10 years, depending on the mineral being produced and can be renewed for a maximum of two years per renewal. The mines rules state that renewals can be issued by state and regional scrutiny boards in consultation with Union MONREC but provide no further detail on the steps and costs involved. The rules make reference to the possibility of extending artisanal permits but do not provide any additional details (e.g., the length of these extensions). The mines rules also give states and regions the right to issue small-scale exploration permits.

3.3.5. Legal and fiscal framework

Mining sector

Legal framework

The mining sector is governed by the following laws:

- 1994 Myanmar Mines Law50
- 1996 Myanmar Mines Rules⁵¹
- 2015 Amendment of Myanmar Mines Law⁵²
- 2018 Myanmar Mines Rules⁵³

The Union of Myanmar Mines Law was promulgated in September 1994 and Rules relating to the law followed in December 1996. The 1994 Myanmar Mines Laws covered prospecting, exploration, large scale, small scale and artisanal mining.

On 24 December 2015 Myanmar's parliament (the Pyidaungsu Hluttaw) passed Law No. 72 'An Act Amending the Myanmar Mining Law' (2015 Mines Law). The 2015 Mines Law amends Myanmar's outdated 1994 Mines Law.

The 2015 Amended Myanmar Mines Law covered medium scale mining, feasibility study, processing and trading and some definitions were amended such as "minerals" where it includes metallic minerals extracted from the rivers, creeks, ponds and lake basement, "permit" where it got extended to feasibility studies, processing and trading, "feasibility studies" which includes study on commercial viability such as extraction, processing, financials, environmental and social impact, "trading" where it means buying, selling, transport and storage of metallic minerals,

⁵⁰ http://www.mining.gov.mm/LAWS_mm/1.LAWS_mm/Mining_Law_Book_Eng_Myan.pdf

⁵¹http://www.mining.gov.mm/LAWS_mm/1.LAWS_mm/RULE_2018.pdf

⁵²http://www.myanmar-law-library.org/law-library/laws-and-regulations/laws/myanmar-laws-1988-until-now/union-solidarity-and-development-party-laws-2012-2016/myanmar-laws-2015/pyidaungsu-hluttaw-law-no-72-2015-law-amending-the-myanmar-mining-law-burmese.html

"artisanal mining" where basic mechanical mining practices are covered instead of production using ordinary hand tools.⁵⁴

According to the 1994 mining law, foreign investors were allowed to invest as joint venture partners in large scale mining depending on the quality and quantity of mineral deposit. The 2015 Mines Law allows for foreign shareholding in previously restricted mining related activities namely the trading and processing of minerals.

Large scale mining permits were granted for up to 25 years and small-scale mining permits for up to five years. The 2015 Mines Law provides for an increase in permit periods for both large-scale and small-scale production. Large-scale production permits, available for up to 25 years under the 1994 Mines Law, are now available for up to 50 years. Small-scale production permits, available for up to 5 years under the 1994 Mines Law, are now available for up to 10 years.

Prospecting permits remained the same for one year, exploration permits for three years and artisanal permits for one year with options to extend for up to four times.⁵⁵

Currently, there is no formal written mineral policy that would be comparable to the GOUM Energy Policy. However, MoM has a "policy direction". This policy direction sets out the government's overall privatisation goals, which are to encourage private sector investment into the mining sector and to avoid reliance on public sector funds. It is the policy of the Ministry of Mines not to make new investment on its own, but to encourage foreign and local investors to invest in the mining sector.

The forms of agreement may be generally on production sharing basis or profit-sharing basis, depending on equity contribution by both parties. Production sharing type of investment could either be straight split on total production or after cost recovery. The Ministry of Mines is flexible whether to have majority, minority or equal participation in equity participation joint ventures, depending on a case by case basis.

Any application for the award of a mining permit is subject to the signing of a production sharing or profit-sharing arrangements with MoM.

MoM can enter into agreements with mining operators through joint ventures with state owned enterprises (Mining Enterprise 1 and Mining Enterprise 2) on a production sharing basis. However, these joint ventures only happen for the most significant large-scale projects.

In addition to the Mining Legislations cited above, the following key legislations are relevant to the mining industry in Myanmar:

- Constitution of Myanmar (2008);
- Income tax legislation;
- Foreign investment legislation;
- Companies legislation;
- State-owned Economic Enterprises Law 1989;
- Myanmar Official Secrets Act 1923;
- Environmental Conservation Law 2012; and
- Contract Act 1872.
- Law n°45/2015 Amending the Constitution; and
- Notifications of Myanmar Investment Commission (MIC).

Fiscal framework

Royalties are based on ad valorem sales and the rates changed under the 2015 Amended Myanmar Mines Law. Operators were required to pay royalties either in cash or in-kind. Under the 1994 Mines Law, gold, platinum, uranium and silver were subject to 4%-5%, iron, zinc, copper, lead, tin, tungsten, nickel, antimony and aluminium at 3%-4% and industrial minerals or stones at 1%-3%. Under the 2015 Amended Mines Law, royalty on Gold, platinum, uranium is fixed at 5%, Silver, copper, lead, tungsten, nickel, heavy sands and others at 4%, Iron, zinc, lead, tin, tungsten,

⁵⁴http://www.mining.gov.mm/LAWS_mm/1.LAWS_mm/Mining_Law_Book_Eng_Myan.pdf

⁵⁵http://www.mining.gov.mm/LAWS_mm/1.LAWS_mm/Mining_Law_Book_Eng_Myan.pdf

aluminium, arsenic, manganese, cobalt and other at 3% and industrial minerals or stones at 2%. The table below indicates the Evolution of the royalty rate rage between 1994 and 2015 Mines Law.

Table 73: Evolution of the royalty rate rage for the other minerals

		, ,	
1994 Mines Law		2015 Mines Law	
Mineral	Royalty Rate Range	Mineral	Royalty Rate Range
Gold, platinum uranium, and silver	4 - 5%	Gold, platinum, uranium.	5%
Iron, zinc, copper, lead, tin, tungsten, nickel, antimony, aluminium		Silver, copper, lead, tungsten, nickel, heavy sands and others	4%
	3 -4 %	Iron, zinc, lead, tin, tungsten, aluminium, arsenic, manganese, cobalt and other	3%
Industrial minerals or stone	1 -3 %	industrial minerals or stones	2%

Source: Section 18, 2015 Amended Myanmar Mines Law

The Government receives revenue from mineral companies both in cash and in-kind. We understood from the initial meetings held with DOM and mining enterprises that the only in-kind royalty payments in FY 2017-2018 were from mining permits holders of copper, nickel, gold, tin and tungsten.⁵⁷

According Section 35, paragraph 202 of Mining material law, taxes on metal and other charges can be collected with cash". It is collected based on in kind of mining material and tax has been levied on No.1 Zinc, Nickel and No.2 Gold, Tin and tungsten according to production agreement law.

Department of Mining (DOM) is the Government Entity responsible of calculation, monitoring and collection of Royalty. DOM calculated and collected according to the mining material tax mentioned in the mining law Chapter 6 mining material tax Section 19, that is "Department of mining must calculate the value of metal according to the international market price of the current period when it sells".

It means, when mining material that are produced and selling with the percent (%) of royalty by the person who get permission of production mining material according to Chapter 6, mining and material tax, paragraph 18, must pay taxes on the value of mining material set by the DOM.

In the case of collecting taxes, as the value has been not calculated by international price, the price must be set according the section 5 of service agreement of section (21) management that is "the director general must set the amount to produce and selling price according to the market price after getting permission from department of ministry and committee of management".

Other taxes

The following taxes are collected from mineral companies:58

- income tax on taxable income is 25% unless there is tax exemption granted through MIC permit. Capital gains tax on gains derived from the disposal of capital assets are 10%; and
- commercial tax is 5% on domestic sales of minerals if turnover exceeds MMK 50 million in a financial year. For minerals, commercial tax is levied at zero percent on export.

In addition to the taxes collected, the government receives

- application fees, dead rent and license fees in cash from the permit holders collected by DOM; and
- State contribution from the SOE: Mining Entreprise (1) and the Mining Entreprise (2).

⁵⁶http://www.mining.gov.mm/DM_mm/1.DM_mm/Details.asp?submenuID=8&sid=186

⁵⁷Meeting held in Nay Pyi Taw with the DOM, the ME (1), the ME (2), the MGE and the MPE

Dead rents are payable from Year 1 exploration under the Mines Rules. Performance bank guarantees and signature bonuses are prescribed under PSCs but is not prescribed in the 2015 Amended Mines Law.⁵⁹

Production sharing

The 2015 Amended Mines Law encourages profit sharing rather than production sharing while 1994 Mines Law and 1996 Mines Rules prescribed for production sharing. Operators that enter into Production Sharing Contracts are responsible for 100% of production costs and are required to share a certain percentage of production to the relevant State Owner Enterprises (SOE) after paying % of royalties on the value of coal as per contract. The mining company and Mining Enterprise (ME1) operation allocate (Example of Coal: 2% of royalty) as per following:

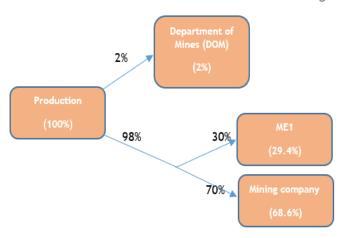


Chart 21: Other Minerals sector: Production sharing

More details about production sharing is presented in 3.3.13 State participation in mining sector.

Social and environmental provisions in the Mines Law and Rules

The 2015 Amended Mines Law requires joint venture operators to commit in environmental impact assessments and required feasibility studies to include information on social and environmental impact in the project proposed that showed an additional oversight on the feasibility studies. The Chief Inspector is responsible for inspecting system and controls for social and environmental impacts from the mining project under the 2015 Amended Mines Law. Operators are required to establish environmental/ social fund and fund for mines closure and rehabilitation while there is not enough prescription on site rehabilitation.⁶⁰

Several subsections were added by the 2015 amendments to the Mines Law which are intended to increase the scope of environmental and social responsibility of the mine operator.

- addition to Section 13e (1) requiring mines to minimise environmental damage and negative impacts on local communities, and to make an annual contribution to a fund for environmental conservation.
- An additional requirement (Section 13e (2) to contribute to a Mine Closure Fund for environmental rehabilitation and reforestation.

The Mines Rules contain (identical) requirements in Rule 51c (large-scale), 67c (mediumscale) and 85c (small-scale) for the company to submit at the time of its application for a Production Permit the evidence that it has undertaken negotiations with local communities about local social responsibility, and obtained their agreement.

⁵⁹http://www.myanmar-law-library.org/law-library/laws-and-regulations/laws/myanmar-laws-1988-until-now/union-solidarity-and-development-party-laws-2012-2016/myanmar-laws-2015/pyidaungsu-hluttaw-law-no-72-2015-law-amending-the-myanmar-mining-law-burmese.html

mining-law-burmese.html
60http://www.myanmar-law-library.org/law-library/laws-and-regulations/laws/myanmar-laws-1988-until-now/union-solidarity-and-development-party-laws-2012-2016/myanmar-laws-2015/pyidaungsu-hluttaw-law-no-72-2015-law-amending-the-myanmar-mining-law-burmese.html

Gems and jade

Most of the world's supply of rubies and jade are sourced from Myanmar. However, the Myanmar government prohibits the extraction of precious gems by foreign investors. Myanmar rubies and jadeite command the highest prices on international markets and Myanmar is the world's largest source of jadeite, accounting for an estimated 90% of global production as per Global Witness research61.

Gems and jade extraction, sales of rough gems and jade, cutting and polishing, sales of polished gems and jade, making jewellery and sales of jewellery in Myanmar are governed by the following laws and regulations:

- 1995 Myanmar Gemstone Law⁶²
- 1995 Myanmar Gemstone Rules
- 2003 Amendment of Myanmar Gemstone Law⁶³
- 2016 Second Amendment of Myanmar Gemstone Law⁶⁴
- 2019 Myanmar Gemstone Law⁶⁵

Pursuant to the 1995 Myanmar Gemstone Law, MONREC is to designate gemstone tract and gemstone blocks to determine the tenure of permit, floor price of gemstone block and invite competitive bids for gemstone blocks.

There are two types of licenses under the Myanmar Gemstone Law: gemstone extraction permits and gemstone trading licenses. The law intends to develop the whole value chain of gemstones in Myanmar while eradicating illegal extraction and trade. Extraction of ruby, sapphire, jade and diamonds are subject to a 20% royalty on production and others 10%.66

The enactment of the Myanmar Gemstone Law supersedes the Mining Law as such the Mining Law is no longer applicable to the gems sector effective in the year 1995. The Myanmar Gemstone Law was amended in 2003 and was later on amended in 2016. The significant changes in the second amendment is categorising gemstones into rough, cut and polished and jewellery and products made with gemstones. The 1995 Myanmar Gemstone Rules supported Myanmar Gemstones Law and technical guidance and procedures were prescribed. The Myanmar Gemstones Law was enacted on 30 January 2019. MGE is responsible for drafting rules and regulations. 67 As was the case under the 1994 Mines Law royalty rates do not vary with mine size.

Table 74: Evolution of the royalty rate rage for Gemstones and jade

1994 Mines L	aw	2015 Mines Law		
Mineral	Royalty Rate Range	Mineral	Royalty Rate Range	
Gemstones and jade	5 - 7.5%	Industrial minerals or gemstones	2%	

The 2015 Mines Law allows for foreign shareholding in previously restricted mining related activities namely the trading and processing of minerals.

The 2015 Mines Law provides for an increase in permit periods for both large-scale and small-scale production. Large-scale production permits, available for up to 25 years under the 1994 Mines Law, are now available for up to 50 years. Small-scale production permits, available for up to 5 years under the 1994 Mines Law, are now available for up to 10 years.

We gathered from the initial meetings with DOM, that it and MGE receive revenues from the gems and jade companies both in cash and in-kind. Income tax, capital gains tax, specific goods tax, commercial tax and withholding tax are collected in cash by IRD. Customs duties are collected in cash upon imports by MCD, commercial tax and Special goods tax for the IRD.

⁶¹ https://www.globalwitness.org/jade-story/

⁶² http://www.burmalibrary.org/docs15/1995-SLORC_Law1995-08-Myanmar_Gemstone_Law-en.pdf 63 http://www.myanmar-law-library.org/IMG/pdf/myanmar_laws_2003.pdf

⁶⁴http://www.myanmar-law-library.org/law-library/laws-and-regulations/laws/myanmar-laws-1988-until-now/union-solidarityand-development-party-laws-2012-2016/myanmar-laws-2016/pyidaungsu-hluttaw-law-no-23-2016-second-amendment-to-the-

myanmar-gemstone-law.html
65 http://www.myanmar-law-library.org/IMG/pdf/myanmar_gemstone_law.pdf

⁶⁶http://www.mining.gov.mm/DM_mm/1.DM_mm/Details.asp?submenuID=8&sid=186

⁶⁷http://www.myanmar-law-library.org/IMG/pdf/myanmar_laws_2003.pdf

The following taxes are collected from companies:68

- income tax on taxable income is 25% unless there is tax exemption granted through the MIC Permit. Capital gains tax on gains derived from the disposal of capital assets is 10%;
- Specific Goods Tax of 10% is charged on rough gemstones, 5% on finished goods produced, sales and exports.
- Specific goods tax paid upon production can be offset against the specific goods tax due upon sales and export; and
- a 5% Commercial tax is imposed on domestic sales of gems and jewellery if turnover exceeds MMK 50 million. For gems and jewellery, commercial tax is levied at zero per cent on export.

In addition to the taxes, the government receives application fees, royalties, dead rent and license fees from permit holders and state contribution from MGE. There is an in-kind royalty payment in FY 2016-2017 from jade companies.

The Gemstone Sector Supporting Committee was formed following notification 106/ 2017 on 9 November 2017 with 22 members represented from: Union Ministries, Gems and Jewellery Entrepreneurs Association and civil society by Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation. A series of workshops have been conducted in different regions in order to collect inputs from stakeholders for the gemstone policy that will be drafted with assistance from foreign experts. Monthly meetings were held where several issues were discussed and debated in order to obtain consensus on the framework of the gemstone policy. The Myanmar Gemstone Policy statement was drafted with the 36 statements from the following 16 topics that were published to the general public for comments and suggestions until 18 January 2019.

The new Myanmar Gemstones Law was enacted on 30 January 2019. It was criticised that it did not reflect a certain key issue of Draft Myanmar Gemstone Policy such as licensing criteria, transparency in the valuation process, conflicts of interest of the MGE roles both as a regulator and as a participant in the joint ventures and beneficial ownership disclosure.⁶⁹

Pearl

Pearl has six types of functions that need licenses and three types of activities that need to be registered, all of which are regulated under Myanmar Pearl Law⁷⁰ and Myanmar Pearl Rules.⁷¹ The Myanmar Pearl Law was enacted in 1995 and was amended in 2014 and again in 2018 while the Myanmar Pearl Rules was approved in 2000 and was amended in 2015 and 2016 following the restructuring of MPE and the Ministry.

The Myanmar Pearl Law 1995 has 13 Chapters and it specifies the license application and approval process, responsibilities of licensees and owners of registered vessels and registered technicians and divers, designation of oyster fishing ground, functions of MPE, Inspector General and Inspectors, administrative actions and penalties. The Myanmar Pearl Rules contain seven chapters and elaborate on the license application and approval process, responsibilities of licensees, registration application and approval process, responsibilities of registration holders, designation of oyster fishing ground and valuation team along with different application forms and license/registration forms with regulations.⁷²

The Government receives non-tax revenues from pearl companies in cash from the local companies and in-kind from foreign joint venture companies. Income tax on taxable income and capital gains, commercial tax, specific good tax and withholding tax are collected in cash by IRD. Customs duties are collected in cash upon import by MCD. There is no specific goods tax on certain key issues of Draft Myanmar Gemstone Policy:⁷³

 income tax on taxable income is 25% unless there is tax exemption granted through the MIC Permit. Capital gains tax of 10% arise on gains derived from the disposal of capital assets; and

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⁶⁸²⁰¹⁶ Union Tax Law

 $^{^{69} \}underline{\text{https://www.globalwitness.org/en/press-releases/myanmars-flawed-new-gemstone-law-set-to-restart-gemstone-permits-in-tainted-sector/}$

⁷⁰ http://www.mining.gov.mm/LAWS_mm/1.LAWS_mm/Pearl_Law_Myanmar.pdf

⁷¹ http://www.mining.gov.mm/LAWS_mm/1.LAWS_mm/The_Myanmar_Pearl_Rules.pdf

http://www.mining.gov.mm/LAWS_mm/1.LAWS_mm/Pearl_Law_Myanmar.pdf

⁷³2016 Union Tax Law

• commercial tax of 5% is payable on domestic sales of minerals where turnover exceeds MMK 50 million in a financial year. For pearls, commercial tax is levied at zero percent upon export.

In addition to the taxes, the government receives application fees, royalties, dead rent and license fees from the permit holders and state contributions from MPE. Only production split is received as in-kind from the foreign joint venture companies. 75% of the pearl produced is allowed to be exported.

3.3.6. Institutional framework

The Ministry of Mines (now under MONREC) is the Government Agency responsible for implementing GOUM's mineral policy, for planning and for enforcing the laws and regulations related to the mining sector.

The Ministry evaluates and processes all licence applications for the prospection and production of minerals (value added processing) in accordance with the 1994 Mining Law. It also monitors production operations and promotes investment in the minerals sector. According to the Mining Law, any naturally occurring minerals found on or under the ground and on Myanmar's continental shelf belong to the State of Myanmar.

The ministry is structured as follows:

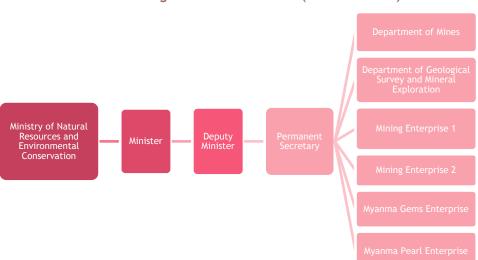


Chart 22: MONREC Organisational Structure (Mineral Affairs)

State Enterprises rely on a production sharing contract (PSC) system with private companies, by which 100% of the investments are borne privately and profits are shared between the two parties. According to GOUM officials, all mines are now either JVs or have been privatised and State Enterprises are no longer involved in the mining operations.

The functions of every department under the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation⁷⁴(MONREC) are set out in the table below:

Sr.	Departments	Responsibilities		
		·Mining policy		
		·Monitoring		
1	Department of Mines (DOM)	·Collecting taxes and revenue		
		·Salt and other mineral salts		
		·Chief Inspector		
2	Department of Geological Survey and Mineral	·Geological Survey		
	Exploration (DGSE)	·Minerals exploration		
		·Cadmium	·Mercury	
3	Mining Enterprise 1 (ME 1)	·Copper	·Iron	
3	Milling Litter prise 1 (ML 1)	·Antimony	·Zinc	
		·Chromium	·Aluminium	

Table 75: Function of departments under the MONREC

Sr.	Departments	Responsibilities	
		·Lead	·Arsenic
		·Silver	·Coal
		·Tellurium	·Graphite
		·Nickle	·Glass sand
		·Magnesium	·Limestone
		·Manganese dioxide	·Barite
		·Tin	·Rubidium
	Mining Enterprise 2 (ME 2)	·Tantalum-niobium	·Lithium
		·Titanium	·Hafnium
4		·Vanadium	·Indium
4		·Bismuth	·Gold
		·Molybdenum	·White gold
		·Rare earth elements	·Tungsten
		·Radioactive minerals	·Heavy metal
		·Ruby	
5	Myanma Come Enterprise (MCE)	·Sapphire	
3	Myanma Gems Enterprise (MGE)	·Jade	
		·Assorted gems	
6	Myanma Boarl Enterprise (MDE)	·Pearl	
	Myanma Pearl Enterprise (MPE)	·Oyster shell	

In March 2016, it was announced that the Ministry of Mines and the Ministry of Environmental Conservation and Forestry (MOECAF) would be merged into one ministry with the new incoming NLD government. The ministry is now called the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation (MONREC).

The Director General is the Chief Inspector of Mines under the Myanmar Mines Law and is responsible for scrutinising applications and granting of permits.⁷⁵

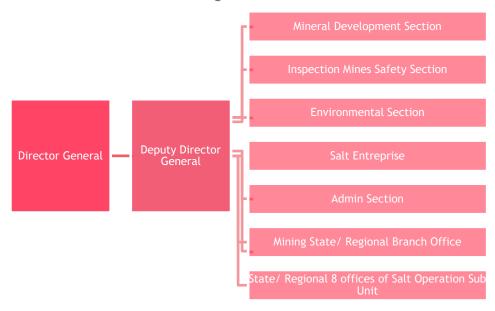
DOM comprises five sections: the Mineral Development Section, the Inspection Section, the Mineral Conservation and Environmental Control Section, the Salt Section and the Administration and Accounts Section.

75 http://www.mining.gov.mm/DM_mm/1.DM_mm/Details.asp?submenuID=8&sid=35

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The Organisation Structure of DOM is presented as below⁷⁶

Chart 23: DOM Organisational Structure



The duties and functions of the various sections falling under DOM are as follows⁷⁷:

Table 76: Function of the DOM

No.	Sections	Duties and Functions
		Increase the development of the mineral sector as directed for local and foreign investment.
	1 Mineral Development Section	Scrutinise the application for all permits in accordance with Myanmar Mines Law.
		Amendment of promulgated laws and regulations as and when necessary so that they are efficient at all times and in any conditions.
1		Perform activities relating to international mining industry including ASEAN countries.
		Train technicians at all level of operations in the mining sector.
		Carry out co-operations on relief to increase mineral products.
2	Inspection Mines Safety Section	Perform inspections on individuals, companies and associations that have been granted a license
		Report the inspection work
3	Environmental Section	Carry out the inspection of Mineral conservation

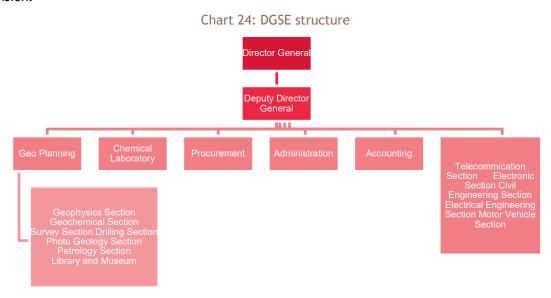
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⁷⁶http://www.mining.gov.mm/DM_mm/1.DM_mm/Details.asp?submenuID=8&sid=166

⁷⁷http://www.mining.gov.mm/DM_mm/1.DM_mm/Details.asp?submenuID=8&sid=180

No.	Sections	Duties and Functions
		Protect the environmental conservation works that may have detrimental effects due to mining operations and procession plants
4	Salt Enterprise	Industrially used salt required for industries and annual consumer's salt- supplement-demand are now being fulfilled and permitted licenses on crude salt, tablesalt, extra-mineral salts and fine salt productions are issued. To prevent the entire nation from iodine deficiency and its contribution of universal salt iodisation system has been practiced by making collaborative and cooperative effort with the Ministry of Health and UNICEF. Laboratory investigations are performed for detection of concentration of Sodium Chloride (NaCl) and Potassium lodidate (KIO3). To provide consumer's annual salt demand and industrially employed raw salt extract demand, private salt manufacturing sectors are supervised. Technical support is availed for production of solar salt, various mineral salts and iodated salt.
5	Admin Section	It is responsible for staff affairs, administration for liaising with external departments, security, sports, payroll and expenditure, finance and budget affairs of the Ministry.

The Department of Geological Survey and Mineral Exploration (DGSE) is responsible for country wide geological mapping, mineral prospecting, exploration and joint venture with foreign companies in mineral exploration and feasibility study. DGSE has seven activities: geology, geochemistry, geophysics, analytical laboratory, drilling, surveying and hydrogeology and provides five types of services; geological survey, mineral deposit evaluation, laboratory and pilot plant test work, feasibility and technical assistance. ⁷⁸ DGSE comprises five divisions: Geo-Planning Division, Chemical Laboratory Division, Procurement Division, Administrative Division and Accounting Division.



The main functions of DGSE are geological mapping, mineral prospecting, mineral exploration, topographic survey, detail geological mapping, geochemical survey, geophysical survey, drilling, data assessment and evaluation and laboratory analysis⁷⁹.

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⁷⁸ http://www.mining.gov.mm/DGSE_mm/1.DGSE_mm/Details.asp?submenuID=10&sid=36

⁷⁹ http://www.mining.gov.mm/DGSE_mm/1.DGSE_mm/Details.asp?submenuID=10&sid=105

3.3.7. Types of mining permits

A person or organisation that wishes to carry out prospecting, exploration, large scale production, medium or small-scale production activities in relation to gemstones, metallic minerals, industrial minerals or stones, must apply for a permit.

Different permits are issued by the Ministry of Mines, depending on the type of activities, or on whether or not foreigners are involved, and each permit will specify the conditions and restrictions that the applicant is required to comply with.

2015 Amendment of Myanmar Mines Law and 2018 Myanmar Mines Rules, specifies nine types of permits that can be issued: prospecting permit, exploration permit, Feasibility Study, large scale production permit, medium scale production permit, small scale production permits, subsistence production permits, Mineral Processing Permit and Mineral Sale and Purchase Permit.

Table 77: Type of mining permits

	31				
Permit Type	Definition	Validity period			
Prospecting permit	This is issued to an individual or organisation desirous of carrying out prospecting operations of metallic minerals, industrial minerals or stones. The total area of land for which the permit is attributed must not exceed 2,100 ${\rm km}^2$	Period not exceeding 1 year			
Mineral Exploration Permit					
Feasibility Study	This is issued to an individual or an organisation desirous of examining a mineral deposit to ensure whether it can be mined commercially or not when mineral exploration and prospection have been completed to that deposit.	Period not exceeding 1 year			
Large Scale Mineral Production Permit	This is issued to an individual or an organisation desirous of carrying out large scale production of metallic minerals, industrial minerals or stones. The total area of land for which the permit is attributed depends on investment on amount and ore Deposit.	Period between 15 years to 50 years			
Medium Scale Mineral Production Permit	This is issued to an individual or an organisation desirous of carrying out medium scale production operation of metallic minerals, industrial minerals or stones. The total area of land for which the permit is attributed must not exceed 1 km ²	Period between 10 years to 15 years			
Small Scale Mineral Production Permit	This is issued to an individual or an organisation desirous of carrying out small scale production operation of metallic minerals, industrial minerals or stones. The total area of land for which the permit is attributed between 0.0161 to $0.08~\rm km^2$.	Period between 5 years to 10 years			
Subsistence Mineral Production Permit	This is issued to an individual or an organisation desirous of carrying out subsistence mineral production operation of metallic minerals, industrial minerals or stones.	Period not exceeding 1 year			
Mineral Processing Permit	This is issued to an individual or an organisation desirous to processing of metallic minerals, industrial minerals or stone.	Period between 15 years to 50 years			
Mineral Sale and Purchase Permit	This is issued to an individual or an organisation desirous to carrying out large, medium and small-scale sales and purchases of metallic mineral, industrial minerals or stones.	Not exceeding (3) years			

3.3.8. Procedures for the award of mining permit

Other minerals

According the 2015 Mining Law and Rules, any person or organization desirous of carrying out prospecting, exploration, production operations of metallic minerals, industrial minerals or stone shall apply to the Ministry or to the Department depending of the type of minerals.

The 1996 Myanmar Mines Rules set out the procedural requirements for the application for various mining permits, including: (1) prospecting permits; (2) exploration permits; (3) large scale production permits; (4) small scale production permits; (5) subsistence scale production permits.

According the Active Licenses-permits as of 1st April 2017 to 31 March 2018, 243 mining permits were granted during 2017/2018. The table below indicates the details of those permits by type and commodity:

Table 78: Awarded permits by type and commodity:

Permit type	Number of permit awarded during 2017/2018
Exploration permit	36
Antimony	2
Coal	3
Copper & Associated	1
Dolomite	2
Gold & Associated	1
Gypsum	2
Lead	2
Lead & Zinc Associated	4
Limestone	2
Manganese Dioxide	1
Tin & Tungsten	16
Large scale production permit	1
Gold	1
Small scale production permit	198
Antimony	17
Biotite	1
Bosite	1
Chromium	2
Clay	1
Coal	32
Copper	6
Gold	95
Gypsum	1
Lead	7
Lead & Associated	9
Lead & Zinc Associated	12
Manganese Dioxide	7
Tin & Tungsten	7
Subsistence scale production permits	8
Bentonite	1
Clay	6
Limestone	1
Total	243

The list of mining licenses including the list of recipients is presented in Annex 6.

Description of the process for awarding the mining license

The application and granting procedure, i.e. application process, application requirements, granting process for each type of mining permit is defined by the 1994 Myanmar Mines Rules⁸⁰ as follows:

 $^{^{80}\ \} http://displacementsolutions.org/wp-content/uploads/THE-MYANMAR-MINES-LAW-1994.pdf$

Table 79: Application process by permit

Type of mining permit	Chapter
Application and Granting of Mineral Prospecting Permit	2
Application and Granting of Mineral Exploration Permit	3
Application and Granting of Large-Scale Mineral Production Permit	4
Application and Granting of Small-Scale Mineral Production Permit	5
Application and Granting of Subsistence Mineral Production Permit	6

Application with the New 2018 Mines Rules

The New 2018 Mines Rules set out the New certain procedural requirements for the application for various mining or mining-related permits, including: (1) prospecting permits; (2) exploration permits; (3) feasibility study permits; (4) large scale production permits; (5) medium scale production permits; (6) small scale production permits; (7) subsistence scale production permits; (8) mineral treatment permits; (9) mineral trading permits; and (10) integrated operations permits.

The application and granting procedure: application process, application requirements, granting process for each type of mining permit is defined by Myanmar Mines Rules 2018 as follows:

Table 80: Application process according to Myanmar Mines Rules 2018

Type of mining permit	Chapter
Application and Granting of Mineral Prospecting Permit	3
Application and Granting of Mineral Exploration Permit	4
Application and Granting of Mineral Feasibility Study Permit	5
Application and Granting of Large-Scale Mineral Production Permit	6
Application and Granting of Medium Scale Mineral Production Permit	7
Application and Granting of Small-Scale Mineral Production Permit	8
Application and Granting of Subsistence Mineral Production Permit	9

The table below indicates to which government entity the applicant should submitting his application under the 2018 Mines Rules:

Table 81: Government entities for permit submission

	Application to					
Types of permits	MONREC	Department of Mines	State and regions			
Exploration	Mineral	Stone	Mineral			
Large	Millerat					
Medium	Metallic and industrial Minerals	Stone				
Small	Restricts Minerals		Mineral			

Source: DOM

Under 2018 Mines Rules, The Government Agency responsible for issuing permits depending on the type of permit and the commodity as indicated in the table below:

Table 82: Government Agencies responsible for issuing permits

	Awarding authority						
Types of permits	MONREC after the app						
Types of perfilits	Foreign investment	Local in	Department of Mines	State and region			
	Government	Government Government M					
Exploration	Minaral (large and a)	Makallia Minanal	Mineral (large, Medium, small scale)	Stone	Mineral		
Large	Mineral (large scale)	Metallic Mineral	Stone & industrial Minerals				
Medium			Metallic and industrial Minerals	Stone			
Small			Restrict Minerals		Mineral		
Artisanal					milierat		

Source: DOM

Technical and financial criteria

Article 13 (a) of 1994 Myanmar Mines Rules stipulates that: « the applicant shall have adequate financial resources, technical competence and experience, to carry on effective exploration operation".

Article 24 of 1994 Myanmar Mines Rules stipulates that: " the applicant has adequate financial resources and also technical competence and experience to carry out the mineral production operation effectively;".

Additionally to Sub section (K) of chapter 1 of the 2015 Amendment of Myanmar Mines Law: "Large Scale extraction means the commercial production of the mineral as business activity with the permission to produce from 15 years to 50 years and which requires substantial investment and expenditure or special technical knowhow and methods according to the volume of the mineral deposit".

It is therefore manifest that the mining law and rules require the applicant to prove its technical and financial capacities.

Awarding method

We understand according the 1994 Myanmar Mines Rules that the awarding method is based on first-come-first-served basis.

However, with the 2018 Myanmar Mines Rules, the awarding method is depending on if the proposed area has been applied for by one or more than one applicant for a Minerals Exploration Permit, showing or not commercially viable extractability after a regional geological survey and study of that area.

Article 24 of the 2018 Myanmar Mines Rules stipulates that: The relevant permit granting department/ organisation shall:

[&]quot;Examine and select the first applicant and registered person or organization by giving them priority, if they meet the specifications prescribed in Rule 23, where the same proposed area has been applied for by one or more than one applicants for a Minerals Exploration Permit, and where a regional geological survey and study of that area has not been conducted".

[&]quot;If an area has been applied for with the Mineral Exploration Permit by one party or more than one party, and if the current Mineral Prospecting Permit holder is no longer desirous to continue but if it has complete geological data showing commercially viable extractability, in accordance with Rule 23 and specifications, the permit shall be selected based on a competitive basis".

It therefore appears that the award process is based on competitive basis if the complete geological data showing commercially viable extractability. Otherwise, the award of the area process is based on first-come-first-served basis.

Pearl

According to the information reported by the MPE⁸¹, There are ten types of pearl operations:

- oyster fishing and collecting;
- artificial breeding of oysters;
- oyster rearing;
- oyster culturing;
- pearl harvesting;
- sales of oyster shell;
- oyster diving vessel operation;
- pearl culturing technician;
- oyster rearing technician; and
- pearl culturing diving technician.

We understand also that there are two types of permits required based on the types of operations, license and registration. Ministry approves license for oyster fishing and collecting, artificial breeding of oysters, oyster rearing, oyster culturing, pearl harvesting and sales of oyster shells for foreign companies and artificial breeding of oysters, oyster rearing, oyster culturing and pearl harvesting for citizen companies while MPE approves licenses for oyster fishing and collecting and sales of oyster shells and registration of oyster diving vessel, pearl culturing technician, technician for artificial breeding of oyster, oyster rearing technician and pearl culturing diving technician.

Table 83: Types of Operations with License Requirement

NI-	Town of Openships	Torre	Ministry		MPE	
No.	Type of Operations	Туре	Foreign	Citizen	Foreign	Citizen
1	Oyster fishing and collecting	License	I	-	-	I
2	Artificial breeding of oysters	License	ſ	I	-	-
3	Oyster rearing	License	L	I	-	-
4	Oyster culturing	License	I	I	-	-
5	Pearl harvesting	License	L	I	-	-
6	Sales of oyster shell	License	I	-	-	I
7	Oyster diving vessel	Registration	-	-	T	I
8	Pearl culturing technician	Registration	-	-	ſ	I
9	Technician for artificial breeding of oyster	Registration	-	-	ſ	I
10	Oyster rearing technician	Registration	-	-	I	Γ
11	Pearl culturing diving technician	Registration	-	-	I	ſ

Different operations need to use different application forms

⁸¹ https://www.mopfi.gov.mm/sites/default/files/4th%20MEITI%20Report.pdf

Table 84: Types of Operations with Application Forms

No.	Type of Operations	Туре	Application Form for Foreign	Application Form for Citizen
1	Oyster fishing and collecting	License	MaPaLa - 1	MaPaLa - 5
2	Artificial breeding of oysters	License	MaPaLa - 1	MaPaLa - 2
3	Oyster rearing	License	MaPaLa - 1	MaPaLa - 2
4	Oyster culturing	License	MaPaLa - 1	MaPaLa - 2
5	Pearl harvesting	License	MaPaLa - 1	MaPaLa - 2
6	Sales of oyster shell	License	MaPaLa - 1	MaPaLa - 6
7	Oyster diving vessel	Registration	MaPaLa - 9	MaPaLa - 9
8	Pearl culturing technician	Registration	MaPaLa -10	MaPaLa -10
9	Technician for artificial breeding of oyster	Registration	MaPaLa - 15	MaPaLa - 15
10	Oyster rearing technician	Registration	MaPaLa - 16	MaPaLa - 16
11	Pearl culturing diving technician	Registration	MaPaLa -11	MaPaLa -11

Small scale mining application process

Small scale mining applications for industrial minerals with an area of less than 247.1 acres, small scale gold with an area of less than 20 acres and other minerals with an area of less than 50 acres and gemstones with an area of less than one acre require Initial Environmental Examination (IEE) and large projects require a full Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA).

Mineral prospecting and mineral exploration permit application must use Form (1) where the following information is requested.

- (1) Name of applicant
- (2) Identification number
- **Address** (3)
- (4) Location of area (village, township, district, region)
- Area (to be accompanied with a map scaled with 1 inch = 1 mile certified by Land Record (5) Department)
- Type of minerals to be prospected/ explored (6)
- Proposed period (up to one year for prospecting/ up to three years for exploration) (7)
- Financial capability (bank statement) (8)
- Technical competency (experience and work plan) (9)
- (10) Proposed programme (management personnel, method, equipment, estimate expense per square km)
- (11) Evidence of mineral occurrence in the proposed area
- (12) Environmental conservation measures
- (13) Ancillary requirements and plans
- (14) History of permits held in the past
- (15) Employment and training plan

🖶 Large scale or small scale mineral production permit application must use Form (3) where the following information is requested:

- (1) Name of applicant
- Identification number (2)
- Address (3)
- Name of shareholders holding more than 5% of interest (4)
- Location of area (village, township, district, region) (5)
- Area in square km (to be accompanied with a map scaled with 1 inch = 1 mile certified by (6) Land Record Department)
- (7) Type of minerals to be extracted
- (8) Development period
- (9) Production period
- (10) For large scale mining applicants
 - a. Estimate date of commencement of production
 - b. Estimate volume of monthly or yearly production
 - c. Type and size of mineral products to be producedd. Estimated recovery of mineral products

 - e. Estimate capital investment
 - f. List of machinery equipment and services required for mineral production operation
 - g. Cost of production
 - h. Marketing arrangement for mineral products
 - i. Income and cash flow statements
 - j. Details of method, period required and source of fund
- (11) For small scale mining applicants
 - a. Method of mining
 - b. Manpower
 - c. Machines
 - d. Production volume per year
 - e. Marketing and distribution of products
- (12) Rehabilitation and reclamation plan of land affected
- (13) Environmental conservation measures
- (14) Ancillary requirements and plans

- (15) History of permits held in the past
- (16) Employment and training plan

3.3.9. Register of mining licenses

Myanmar does not currently have a mining cadastre. We were provided with a list of active licenses, which is presented in Annex 6 of this report.

We understand that the process of implementing a mining cadastre is ongoing. This process began in 2016 with a diagnostic study. A consultant for the conceptual design was recruited in mid-2016. The objective of the pre-cadastre is to create a complete and clean database (graphic and alphanumeric, linked into a GIS) where all the existing mineral rights as well as the pending application should be properly included and codified. The first phase of conceptual design of the Myanmar mining cadastre was carried out by the consultant, between October 2017 and February 2018. His report identified the main deficiencies in the licensing methodology, proposed the required solutions and developed a roadmap for implementation of a new licensing methodology and a modern cadastre in Myanmar is consistent with the best international practice.

On 21 December 2018 the Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry (MoPFI) launched a ToR for an international consultancy for the development and installation of a computerised mining cadastre system in Myanmar (Phase II)⁸³. The principal objective of the assignment is the design, installation and testing of a new modern computerised Myanmar Mining Cadastre to automate the management of the application and granting of mining titles, guarantees the transparency, efficiency and performance of the process, as well as ensure the security of tenure and protection of mining titles. The new cadastral system would be based at the MONREC central office in Nay Pyi Taw, having also units in the states and regions where the decentralised licensing activities take place. It would improve governance and investment climate of the mining sector, provide easy access to minerals by private investors and improve transparency and public accountability. The Myanmar Mining Cadastre System would be required to:

- provide a robust and transparent system for the management of mineral and gemstones licenses consistent with the Myanmar Mining and Gemstone Laws;
- provide guidelines for appropriately formatted data, maps and reports for internal and external clients;
- provide various levels of security and access to the information, reflecting the various functional roles in license administration;
- provide reports and statistics for internal use and external dissemination;
- provide systems for dealing with issues of non-compliance and notices to companies for minor breaches; and
- > provide a client-focused and user-friendly interface with the investing community.

This contract started from 2018 and the project should be completed by December 2020 when the cadastre is expected to be fully operational.

3.3.10. Mining licence transfer

The 1996 Myanmar Mining Rules provided that the holder of a licence had the right to transfer the licence with the approval of the Ministry or the Department. However, no guidance was provided on the basis upon which the transfer was to be approved or rejected. The new 2018 Mines Rules provide the clarity required, which is procedural in nature, with the focus on ensuring the transferee complies with the conditions of the licence.

According article n°158 of Myanmar Mining Rules: "The company or organization to which the permit is transferred shall pay the transfer fee to the account specified by the Department of Mines or State or Region Worksite Scrutiny and Allocation Board at the prescribed rates for each type of operation as stated in the procedures made under the Law when the permission for the transfer permit is granted under Rule".

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⁸² https://myanmareiti.org/sites/myanmareiti.org/files/publication_docs/intermediate_report_tracking_changes1.pdf

https://myanmareiti.org/sites/myanmareiti.org/files/publication_docs/cadastre_tor_final_211218.pdf

According to the data reported by the DOM, we understand there was no licenses transfer during 2017-2018.

Technical and financial capacities of the transferee

The new rules 2018 don't specify if the transferee should have the technical and financial capacities but according article 155 the respective permit granting department may issue the permit or refuse to issue the permit if there the transferee is not eligible under the Law and these Rules. We understand that the technical and financial capacities are among the eligibility criteria.

3.3.11. Mining contracts

The Ministry may authorise any Director General of the relevant departments or the Managing Director of Mining Enterprises under the Ministry to enter into agreements relating to mineral prospection, mineral exploration, a mineral feasibility study, large-scale, medium scale or small-scale mineral production with any person, company or organisation.

The relevant State or Region Worksite Scrutiny and Allocation Board may authorise any officer of the departments under its management to enter into agreements relating to small scale mineral production with any local individual or local organisation.

Any person or organisation may enter into joint venture agreements relating to mineral prospecting, mineral exploration, feasibility studies or mineral production with any state-owned enterprises under the ministry, in accordance with these rules.

A person desirous of carrying out industrial minerals or stone prospecting, exploration or small-scale production with local citizen may enter into a joint venture agreement with any department under the management of the State or Region Worksite Scrutiny and Allocation Board, in accordance with these Rules.

The contracts may be signed through bidding or negotiation based on the specified terms and conditions. In practice, mining is usually conducted under production sharing contracts (PSCs), which are not mentioned in the Mining Rules 1996.

3.3.12. Policy on disclosure of contracts and licenses

Contracts disclosures

Contractual terms in the mining sector remain largely unknown. Companies inform us that under existing contractual terms (including the Non-disclosure terms), they are unable to disclose contracts without government consent, even where they are willing to do so.

We understand that the main type of model contract between mining operators and mining enterprises includes a confidentiality clause which prevents the parties from disclosing any information relating to the operations to third parties, except for information which is required to be disclosed by law to financial institutions for the purpose of funding. However, that clause does not expressly prohibit disclosure of the contracts themselves. Moreover, the mining legislation does not include any specific restrictions on the public disclosure of contracts and licenses by the government.

The Department of Geological Survey and Mineral Exploration has since made public and updated a sample agreement for prospection, exploration and feasibility study operations⁸⁴. The agreement includes information on fiscal terms and operational commitments. It also outlines the companies' administrative and legal responsibilities and the formation of a joint coordination committee for oversight of mining operations.

Contract allocation and transfer disclosure

The Mining Legislation does not restrict the disclosure of the award or transfer of mining permits or the criteria used for the granting of a licence.

In practice, MONREC does not publicly release any information on the award or transfer of mining permits and there may be restrictions on disclosure of such information in mining contracts signed with operators.

3.3.13. State participation in the mining sector

Production sharing contracts

The Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation (MONREC) utilises Production Sharing Contracts (PSCs). Under a PSC agreement the investor is required to come up with 100% of the investment. The government takes a share of the production according to a production sharing ratio agreed between the mining joint venture partners. The Production Sharing Ratio is based on the mineral commodity such as Gold, Copper, Lead, Zinc, Tin, Tungsten, Nickel, Manganese, industrial raw, mineral and coal and the current commodity prices on the London Metal Exchange.

The 1989 State-Owned Enterprises Law grants the Union Government the 'sole right' to carry out business in certain sectors. This includes all exploration, extraction and export of minerals, metals, pearl, jade and precious stones. Private operators and investors may, however, participate in the mining sector through contracts with the Government or by entering joint venture agreements with the relevant SOE. Such joint ventures operate on a production sharing basis, whereby the private partner is responsible for raising all capital for investment and production is shared with the relevant SOE in accordance with the terms and conditions set out in a negotiated Production Sharing Contract (PSC) The production sharing split and other taxes and royalty payments vary depending on several factors, including the mineral and whether the operator is a foreign or Myanmar citizen investor, the ratio is typically in the range of a 70%/30% split to the private company and the mining SOE, respectively.

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⁸⁴ Department of Geological Survey and Mineral Exploration, "[Sample] Agreement for prospecting, exploration and feasibility study of __ and associated minerals at __ area, __township, __ region" (web date 2012) and Department of Geological Survey and Mineral Exploration, "[Sample] Agreement for prospecting, exploration and feasibility study of __ and associated minerals at __ area, __township, __ region" (web date 2016).

According to government officials, all mines today have been either privatised or are operating in a public-private joint venture, with no mining projects run solely by an SOE.

State Owned Enterprises (SOEs)

The State-Owned Economic Enterprise Law grants the government discretion to allow investment either as joint venture between the government and the investor, or to allow the investor to pursue the enterprise independently under prescribed conditions.

Where the relevant Ministry considers that the application should be dealt with under the Foreign Investment Law, the company will be required to obtain a Foreign Investment permit. Criteria which suggest that Foreign Investment Law is applicable include: whether the Ministry believes the operation should be a joint venture with a State Owned Enterprise and the size of the proposed operation.

Joint venture companies which partner with the State or a State-Owned Enterprise must obtain a Foreign Investment Law permit along with a Companies Act permit. Foreign Investment Law permits are issued by the Myanmar Investment Commission (MIC). For joint-ventures, MIC has discretion to stipulate minimum equity participation requirements for each partner.

Although State-Owned Economic Enterprise Law remains in effect, the Foreign Investment Law largely determines in practical terms, how GOUM exercises its involvement in the extractive industries sector. In contrast to the State-Owned Economic Enterprises Law, GOUM no longer exercises its right to monopolise the extraction of resources.

Participation in the other minerals sector

Following our review of the context of the mining sector, we understand that the State's intervention in the mining sector is made primary through the No. 1 Mining Enterprise (ME1) and No. 2 Mining Enterprise (ME2).

State-Owned No. 1 Mining Enterprise (ME1)

No. 1 Mining Enterprise (ME1), a State-Owned Enterprise under MONREC, which oversees the production and marketing of non-ferrous metals such as lead, zinc, copper, silver, iron, aluminium, cadmium, cobalt, antimony, chromium, tellurium, mercury and arsenic, as well as byproducts such as antimonial lead and copper matte.

Participation of ME1 in the mining Joint Ventures

The enterprise is currently a partner in multiple joint ventures with both local and foreign mining companies operating in Sagaing Region, Township of Lashio, Shan State and Mandalay Region. The participation of ME1 in the mining Joint Ventures is presented in the Annex 6. We understood that there were no changes in the percentages detained in the JVs between 2016-2017 and 2017-2018.

Responsibility to cover expenses at various phases of the project cycle

According to Mines Law and regulations investors are expected to provide 100% of the exploration expenses until completion of the feasibility study. After a positive feasibility study, the joint venture is structured for the investor, with interest for the State Mining Enterprise (ME1), and interest for the government.

Participation of ME1 in the equity of mining companies

We understood that ME1 did not hold any participation in the equity of mining companies in 2017/2018.

Revenues

ME1's revenues are comprised of:

- revenues from the sale of the state's share of production (production split);
- production split (cash payment); and
- application fees.

Based on the data reported by ME1, the total revenues collected during 2017/2018 amounted MMK 21,982,876,571. The table below indicates the total revenues disaggregated by revenue stream:

	Figures in MMK
Revenue stream	2017/2018
Production split	16,831,786,328
in-Kind payment sales revenues	3,844,711,775
Other received amount	1,306,378,468
Total	21,982,876,571

The Revenues collected from the sale of the state's share of production during 2017/2018 amounted MMK 3,844,711,775. ME1 did not report details of the sale revenues disaggregated by commodity, by transaction, by destination and individual buying company.

Financial relationship between mining ME1 and the government

Myanmar's profit-making ME1s are permitted to retain 55% of their profits with 20% being transferred to Public Treasury as State contribution, while 25% is paid as corporate income tax.

Transfers performed by ME1 to government during 2017/2018

The table below indicates the total amount transferred by ME1 to government during 2017/2018 detailed by payment flow:

	Figures in MMK
Revenue stream	2017/2018
Transfers to Treasury department (State contribution 20%)	6,030,447,000
Corporate Income Tax	7,538,061,100
Total	13,568,508,100

Loans or subsidies received from government

based on the data reported by the ME1, we identified the following loan which details are presented as below:

Table 85: Details of the ME1 loan

			Total		Terms of the	Transaction	
Beneficiary	Sector	Currency	amount of the loan	Date of grant	Repayment period	Interest rate	Outstanding amount on 31/03/2018
I. No (1) Mining Enterprise							
(1) Japan Loan							
(i) Steel Mill Renovation (MY-C1, JICA)	Mining	JPY	4,637	28-12-1982	30 years	1.01%	3,050
Total		JPY	4,637				3,050

Other account (OA) of ME1

Based on the data received from ME1 related to OA, we note that the closing balance amounted to MMK 65,554,803,629 as detailed below:

Table 86: Details of the ME1 OA

	Figures in MMK
2017/2018	Amount
Opening Balance	62,860,037,560
Add: Total Received Amount	21,982,876,571
Less: Total Expenditure Amount	19,288,110,502
Closing balance as of 31 March 2018	65,554,803,629

Audit of Annual Statements of No.1 Mining Enterprise

ME1 undergoes an audit by the Office of the Auditor General annually. The primary purpose of the audit is to determine whether the correct percentage of ME1 reported income is paid to the State in terms of income tax and state contribution. The OAG is also responsible for appointing a third-party auditor to review the finances of ME1's joint venture partners. We did not receive a copy of the audit report of the Financial Statements of the JV for the year ending 31 March 2018. We are informed that the report cannot be disclosed to the public.

Social payments and quasi-fiscal expenditures

Based on the data reported by ME1, the company did not make any social payments or quasi-fiscal expenditure during FY 2017-2018.

State-Owned No. 2 Mining Enterprise (ME2)

ME (2) is responsible for mining tin concentrate, tungsten concentrate, tin - tungsten mixed concentrate and gold. Several production sharing agreements are entered into with local and foreign companies.

Participation of ME2 in the mining Joint Ventures

The enterprise is currently a partner in multiple joint ventures with both local and foreign mining companies in Kachin State, Kayah State, Shan State, Mon State, Sagaing Region, Mandalay Region and Tanintharyi Region. The participation of ME2 in the mining Joint Ventures is presented in Annex 6 of the report. We are informed that there were no changes in the percentages detained in the JVs between 2016-2017 and 2017-2018.

Responsibility to cover expenses at various phases of the project cycle

According to the Mines Law and regulations, investors are expected to provide 100% of the exploration expenses until completion of the feasibility study. After a positive feasibility study, the joint venture is structured for the investor, with interest for the State Mining Enterprise (ME2), and interest for the government.

Participation of ME2 in the mining companies

We are informed that ME2 did not hold any participation in the equity of mining companies in 2017/2018.

Revenues

ME2's revenues received from mining companies comprised:

- revenues from the sale of the state's share of production (production split-in kind);
- production split (cash payment); and
- application fees.

Based on data reported by ME2, the total revenues collected from mining companies during 2017/2018 amounted MMK 18,871,240,255. The table below indicates the total revenues disaggregated by revenue stream:

Table 87: Details of the ME2 revenue

	Figures in MMK
Revenue stream	2017/2018
in-Kind payment sales revenue	15,271,025,812
Production split (*)	3,275,074,021
Application fees (*)	125,000,000
Other Fees (Penalty/Rental machineries) (*)	200,140,422
Total	18,871,240,255

^(*) only revenues received from mining companies selected in the reconciliation scope 2017/2018

The Revenues collected from the sale of the State's share of production during 2017/2018 amounted MMK 15,271,025,812. The table below sets out details of the sale revenues by commodity.

			Figures in MMK
Type of Minerals	Sale Volume	Unit	Sale Value
Gold	7,192	Tical	6,582,090,339
Tin, Tungsten & Mixed Ore	720	MT	8,649,373,513
Pyro Refined Tin	1	MT	39,561,960
Total			15,271,025,812

Financial relationship between mining ME2 and the government

Myanmar's profit-making ME2s are permitted to retain 55% of their profits, while 20% is transferred to Public Treasury as State contribution and the remaining Being paid 25% as corporate income tax.

Transfers made by ME2 to government during 2017/2018

The table below shows the total amount transferred by ME2 to government during 2017/2018 detailed by payment flow:

Table 88: Details of the ME2 revenue

Revenue stream

2017/2018

Transfers to Treasury department (State contribution 20%)

Corporate Income Tax

1,544,892,000

Transfer to DOM

1,768,192,270

Commercial Tax

65,161,535

Capital Gains Tax

3,015,990

Total

Loans or subsidy received from government

According to the information reported by ME2, the company did not receive any loans or subsidy from government during FY 2017/2018

Other account (OA) of ME2

The available amount in the OA at 31 March 2018 amounted to MMK 112,010,740,361. This was confirmed by the ME2's Financial Statements ended 31 March 2018. The table below indicates the total amount received and the total expenditure amount and OA's closing balance at 31 March 2018.

	Figures in MMK
2017/2018	Amount
Opening Balance	103,777,420,747
Add: Total Received Amount	21,656,626,867
Less: Total Expenditure Amount	13,423,307,253
Closing balance as of 31 March 2018	112,010,740,361

Audit of Annual Financial Statements of No.2 Mining Enterprise

ME2 is audited by the Office of the Auditor General on an annual basis. The primary purpose of the audit appears to be to determine whether the correct percentage of ME2 reported income is paid to the State in terms of income tax and state contribution. OAG is also responsible for appointing a third-party auditor to review the financial statements of ME2's joint venture

partners. We have received a copy of the audit report of ME2's Financial Statements ending 31 March 2018. We understood that the audit report is not publicly disclosed.

Social payments and quasi-fiscal expenditures

According to the information reported by ME2, the company did not make any social payments or quasi-fiscal expenditure during FY 2017-2018.

Participation in the Gems and Jade sector:

Following our review of the contextual data of the Gems and Jade sector, we understand that the State's intervention in this sector is made primary through the Myanmar Gems Enterprise (MGE).

MGE supervises and grants permits to local private entrepreneurs, who wish to make joint venture production with the nation on mutual benefit allowing to produce in the tracts. Myanmar Gems Enterprise also organises the emporiums and special sales three times a year for the productive jades and gems sale. Moreover, Myanmar Gems Enterprise encourages Gems and jewellery Traders to allow permit, so that the jewellery shops are being developed and the market takes place in Yangon.⁸⁵

MGE's authority is not clearly defined in the existing legislations or regulations. Instead, MONREC has delegated its authority under the Myanmar Gemstone Law (1995) to MGE via ministry rules and regulations. MGE's self-stated duties are identified on its website as: (a) the designation of gemstone blocks in gemstone tract areas; (b) the granting of gemstone production permits to national entrepreneurs and cooperative societies; (c) the charge taxes on gemstone production and the sale of raw or finished gemstones and jewellery; and (d) the holding of gems emporiums under the supervision of MONREC. In practice, however, MGE has assumed wider-ranging commercial and regulatory responsibilities:

- Commercial activities: MGE participates in jade and gemstone joint ventures on behalf of the State, which are based on a model contract. While the size of licenses granted to private operators are capped at 1 acre, companies entering into joint venture agreements may mine up to 50 acres under a single permit at a minimum price of MMK 1 million per acre. The criteria by which MGE's joint venture partners are determined are not specified in laws or relevant internal directives. MGE's interest in mining joint ventures is freely carried out and MGE is not obligated to bear any operational costs. Joint ventures are required to market their production at semi-annual jade and gemstone emporiums, with MGE and private partners receiving 25% and 75% of revenues from these sales respectively. Under its model contract, MGE may alternatively receive a 50% share of production from joint ventures. However, the government does not appear to have pursued this option in recent years.
- Regulatory activities:
 - Policymaking: MGE has been responsible for drafting regulations and directives under the Myanmar Gemstone Law. MGE participates in the Central Gemstone Supervisory Committee, which is responsible for advising MONREC on regulatory matters (including the designation of gemstone tracts, licensing, taxation and gemstones sales) and arbitrating disputes over gemstone valuation. The supervisory committee is chaired by the Deputy Minister of MONREC (formerly Deputy Minister of Mines) and also includes representatives from other relevant Government Agencies, gemstone experts and technicians, and members of the Myanmar Gems and Jewellery Entrepreneurs' Association and the country's national-level industry group.
 - Licensing: Under the former government, MGE was responsible for the review of license applications, collection of associated revenues, and maintenance of permit records. MGE also participated in the Working Committee for issuing permits,

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⁸⁵ http://www.mining.gov.mm/MGE/1.MGE/Details.asp?submenuID=17&sid=48

- inspecting and supervising gemstone blocks, which made recommendations to the leading committee on license allocation and the designation of gemstone tracts.
- ♣ Monitoring: Although the legal basis for its role is not clear, MGE has exercised de facto authority over enforcement of monitoring jade and gemstone mining companies' compliance with fiscal and operational terms included in licenses and contracts, including environmental, social, health and safety standards.
- Revenue collection: Companies are required to report their gemstone production to the local MGE office. Royalty payments are determined by eleven regional "valuation bodies" which comprises:
 - three officers from MGE (one of whom serves as the chair of the valuation body):
 - a representative from the region/state government;
 - a member of the region/state parliament;
 - a township revenue officer;
 - a representative from Myanmar Gems and Jewellery Entrepreneurs Association (MGJEA); and
 - two business owners with expertise in jade/gems.

Shareholding of MGE in Gems and Jade Joint Ventures

- In 2017-2018, MGE held 25% in all the Gems and Jade JVs. The list of active licenses is presented in the Annex 5 of the report.
- From the data received from MGE, it appears that the company does not hold any shares in other private companies.

Financial relationship between mining SOEs and the State

The data received from MGE shows the detail of revenues collected and transferred by MGE and the balance of its respective Other Accounts in the table below.

Table 89: Details of the MGE other accounts

 $\ \ \, \text{Amounts in MMK}$

Bank Account Name	Incentive Accounts	Museum Entrance Fee	Myanmar Gems Enterprise	Myanmar Gems Enterprise	Emporium Central Committee	Total
Bank Account No.	OA-011782	OA-011771	OA-010659(SEE)	SEE-10532	OA- 012570	
Opening Balance (1.4.2017)	3,280,412,510	499,815,803	683,705,850,049	-	610,823,289	688,096,901,652
Inflows	5,123,630,452	3,522,500	174,658,756,547	902,174,704	2,685,779,422	183,373,863,624
Outflows	3,710,393,756	1,896,450	103,777,226,977	216,300,000	1,139,489,312	108,845,306,495
Closing Balance (31.3.2018)	4,693,649,206	501,441,853	754,587,379,619	685,874,704	2,157,113,399	762,625,458,781

MGE payment flows in relation with other account 1,2 and 3 are described for each bank account of MGE are as follow:

(1) Bank Account No. OA-010659

Bank Account Name Myanmar Gems Enterprise

Sr.	Receipt (Income)	Sr.	Withdraw (Expenses)
1	Sales	1	Production expenses/ Operation expenses
2	Service income	2	Administration expenses
	Other income	3	Distribution expense
	Penalty fee income	4	Wages, Salary and Pension
3	Licence fee income	5	Commercial Tax
3	25% income sales of gems from JV net of tax	6	Special goods tax
	Registration fees	7	Income Tax
	Others general income	8	State contribution

OA-011782 (2) Bank Account No.

> Bank Account Name Incentive account

Sr.	Receipt	Sr.	Withdraw
		1	Supervision fees paid to regional supervisors and staff of MGE
1 Supervision fees af	Supervision fees after deduction of services fees and special goods tax	2	2 25% state contribution
	- 1999 Wife absence 20000 for	Supervision fees paid to regional supervisor and staff of MGE 2 25% state contribution 75% development of JV operation and supervision committee	

(3) Bank Account No. OA-011171

> Myanmar Gems Enterprise Bank Account Name

Sr.	Receipt (Income)	Sr.	Withdraw (Expenses)
4	Selection Francisco de La MANZ		50% of receipt for maintenance charges
'	Entrance Fee collected by MMK	2	remaining 50% to state contribution

According to 2017-2018 MGE audit report, the statements of total revenues and expenditure for the year were as follows:

Table 90: MGE statements of total revenues and expenditure

Amounts in MMK

Description	Revised Budget		Suspense Account Actual
Expenses			
Cost of goods sold	1,844.400	(-)	16,785.213
Administration Expenses	2,603.484		2,595.805
	4,447.884	(-)	14,189.408
Less: Security Expenses	-		-
Distribution Expenses	30.350		14.839
Financial Expenses	1.000		20.400
Special Goods Tax	350.000		-
Total Operation Expenses	4,829.234	(-)	14,154.169
Income			
Sales	837.434		1,286.146
Income related to Gems Law	40,110.835		40,394.343
Income from Services	46,557.452		41,455.087
Other income	140,034.617		132,984.107
Total Income	227,540.338		216,119.683

Military Holding Companies

The two large military holding companies, Myanmar Economics Holding Public Company Limited (UMEHL) and Myanmar Economic Corporation (MEC) hold important positions in Myanmar's economy, including in the energy, mining and gems sectors. These two companies which report to directorates of the Defence Services are set up under laws that provide protections and privileges to state-based companies.

The purpose of setting up both companies was to generate funds for the welfare of both activeduty and retired Defence Services personnel and their families. This has been accomplished through a combination of profit distribution and job provision for family members of military personnel as well as for veterans themselves.

Myanmar Economics Holding Public Company Limited (MEHPCL)

Presentation

MEHPCL was set up in 1990 under the Special Companies Act as the economic arm of the Burmese military, during a period of privatisation and transition from a socialist command economy, with an initial capital of USD 1.6 billion. UMEHL was set up to generate profits from light industry and the trade of commercial goods.

In the mid-2000s it expanded into services and trading activities. Its current holdings include stakes in almost all sectors of the Myanmar economy.

MEHPCL is jointly owned by two military departments: the Directorate of Defence Procurement and Defence Personnel (active and veterans), including high-ranking military officials. IRD collects the revenues in accordance with the existing laws, rules and regulations. MEHPCL has been paying commercial taxes for the year 2017-2018.

MEHPCL participate in various projects in Myanmar as shown in the table below:

Region/State	Area	Туре
Mandalay	Kyaukpukhet	Limestone
Mandalay	Hsin Mountain	Granite
Mon	Mayangon	Granite
Mon	Kyauk Mae Mountain	Granite
Mon	Tir War Mountain	Granite
Sagaing	Kyay Sin Mountain	Copper
Sagaing	Kyauk An Che	Coal
Sagaing	Letpadaung Mountain	Copper

Table 91: MEHPCL main projects

MEHPCL subsidiaries include Myanmar Imperial Jade Company and Myanmar Ruby Enterprise, which operate mines at Mogoke, Mongshu, Nayar, Mawchi and Thabeikkyin. Some of these operations are subcontracted to other domestic companies.

The subsidiaries of Myanmar Ruby Enterprise Limited are as follow:

- Kayah State Mining Co., Ltd.
- DuWun Star Gems and Jade Co., Ltd.
- Thein Nget Star Gems and Jade Co., Ltd.
- Sait Taya Star Gems and Jade Co., Ltd.
- Dana Thedi Star Gems and Jade Co., Ltd.
- Thit Sar Pan Gems and Jade Co., Ltd.
- Pone Nyat Gems and Jade Co., Ltd.
- Sabal Gems and Jade Co., Ltd.
- Myanmar Imperial Jade Gems and Jade Co., Ltd.

These companies have been included in the reconciliation scope for 2017-2018.

The information reported by MEHPCL indicates that it holds shares in the following companies:

Trading Business

- Myawaddy Trading Limited
- Shwe Gradamar International Trading Limited
- Adipati Agricultural Produce Trading Limited
- Ngwe Pinlae Livestock Breeding and Fisheries Co.,Ltd
- Myanmar Ruby Enterprise Limited

Myanmar Ruby Enterprise (MRE) is in the gems and jade production.

Myanmar Imperial Jade Gems and Jade company limited is solely operate the exploration and production of gems and jade. The sharing ratio is the same as with Myanmar Ruby Enterprise.

The company is also involved in other sectors such as services, production, local and foreign joint venture businesses.

Financial relationship between MEHPCL and the government

MEHPCL pays taxes to the government on its extractive activities, both in-kind and cash. The cash payments made by MEHPCL on mining activities and reported by Government Agencies after reconciliation amounted MMK 29,133,864,790.

The cash payments made by MEHPCL subsidiaries on Gems and Jade activities and reported by Government Agencies after reconciliation are set out in the table below:

Table 92: Payments performed by the MEHPCL subsidiaries

Amount MMK No. Company **Government Disclosure** Myanmar Ruby Enterprise (Jewellery) Co., Ltd. 431,713,780 2 Thein Nhget Star 330,055,801 3 Duwon Star (Gem&Jwellery)Co.,Ltd 2,401,246 4 Dana Thedi Star (Gem&Jwellery) Co.,Ltd 3,501,503 Si Tra Star 2,083,860 6 Pone Nyet (Gem & Jewellery) Co.,Ltd 62,551,391 Thit Sar Pann (Gems & Jewellery) Co.,Ltd 1,550,000 Jasmine (Sabae(Gem & Jewellery) Co.,Ltd) 12,977,549 Total 846,835,130

The in-kind payments made by MEHPCL to government during 2017-2018 are set out in the table below:

Commodity	Unit	Volume
Gold	Tical	728
Copper	MT	12,551

According to our discussion with the management company, the company is not distributing dividends to its shareholders.

Social payments and quasi-fiscal expenditure

MEHPCL has reported paying kyat 703,611,120 of social payments. The company did not provide us the details of those payments and the name and function of the beneficiary. The table below indicates the amount of mandatory social payments and voluntary social payments, as follows:

Table 93: Social payments performed by the MEHPCL

	Figures in MMK
Social payments	Amount
Mandatory Corporate Social Responsibility	676,261,120
Voluntary Corporate Social Responsibility	27,350,000
Total	703,611,120

The Myanmar Economic Corporation (MEC)

The Myanmar Economic Corporation (MEC) was set up in 1997, during the Asian financial crisis. MEC is one of the two major conglomerates and holding companies operated by the Burmese military forces. It was founded in 1997 to set up profitable heavy industries that can provide the Burmese military access to supplies of important materials (e.g. cement and rubber).

MEC operates under the Ministry of Defence's Directorate of Defence Procurement (DPP), with its private shares exclusively owned by active-duty military personnel. MEC's capital was issued through revenues generated from the public auctioning of State-Owned Enterprises throughout the 1990s. Through joint ventures with foreign companies and mergers with smaller companies, MEC has positioned itself as one of Burma's largest corporations.

Unlike UMEHL, MEC was more explicitly focused on serving the industrial and technological needs of the armed forces, as well as on larger-scale infrastructure projects. Although less is publicly known about MEC than UMEHL, OAG has the power to request audits from MEC but not from UMEHL.

MEC is also involved in extractive activities, namely in the extraction of gypsum, marble, limestone, coal, gems and Jade. MEC's mining interests are presented in the table below.

Region/State Area Туре Kayin Than Dai Mountain Limestone Mandalay Yathayt Mountain Marble Shan (East) Mongku Coal Tanintharyi Maw Taung Coal Shan (East) Maw Taung Gypsum Kachin State Sha Yaung Kha Jade Shan State Lwai Saung htauk Gem

Table 94: MEC mining interests

Based on the information received from MONREC, the following (MEC) subsidiaries presented in table below are in joint venture operation with No.2 Mining Enterprise.

Sr. Company Name

Remarks

Khaya State Metal Production Co., Ltd.

Ye Htut Kyaw Mining Co., Ltd.

Representative of Khaya State Metal Production Co., Ltd.

Production Co., Ltd.

Table 95: MEC list of subsidiaries

MEC is also involved in manufacturing activities. The company has 36 factories across the country near the extractive areas. It produces raw materials, which it transfers to other factories such as These companies have been included in the reconciliation scope for the cement factory in order to produce final products. MEC has two cement factories:

- N1 produces cement for building constructions for the Ministry of Defence; and
- N2 cement factory also sells to the public at standard prices.

Financial relationship between MEC and the government

MEC pays taxes to the government on its extractive activities. The cash payments made by MEC on mining activities and reported by Government Agencies after reconciliation amounted to MMK 10,398,923,559. MEC officials inform us that the company did not distribute dividends to the government or to any other shareholders.

The cash payments made by MEC on its Gems and Jade activities and reported by Government Agencies after reconciliation amounted to MMK 48,695,337. We are informed that the company did not distribute dividends to its shareholders.

According to our discussion with the management company, the company is not distributing dividends to its shareholders.

Social payments and quasi-fiscal expenditure

MEC did not report any social payments or quasi-fiscal expenditure.

3.3.14. Pricing and valuation systems

Gems and Jade Sale valuation and allocation system:

According to MGE, valuation in accordance with Myanmar Gems Law is performed by a committee composed of the chairman of Myanmar Gems Enterprise, representatives from relevant departments, parliament representatives from relevant state and region / state, representatives of regional governments, gems and jade association representatives and third parties.

The geological graduates of the department are presented with jadeite, jade, and jade. Exploring gem pairs the unique stones presented at the show are limited in volume and can be estimated by auction prices, qualitative tests and good practice, as well as good practice. According to the prices of jade shown in emporium, the royalty fees are collected by valuation organisation.

Graduates of the Geology Degree have been awarded diplomas and master degree. Attend international exhibitions to gain international experience and the department invites outside consultants to hold seminars and the department was invited by staff from the department to attend a seminar held by the Jewellers Association in Yangon in January 2018.

According to the Myanmar Gems Act year 1995, rubies, sapphires and jade (20%) and other gems are subject to a 10% royalty fees. There is amended the Myanmar Gems Act which enacted on January, 30 2019, rubies / sapphire and Jade (10%) and other gems are subject to a (5%) royalty fees.

Valuation of jade and rough jade and the prices for the gem exhibitions for the calculation of prices, outside market prices, type of market based on market and market prices are making necessary adjustments according to quality.

Other mineral products

According to DOM letter of the 10 March 2020 "the production system according to the Myanmar law of mining Section 25, Agreement contract section 163(a) Production agreement contract in respect of material kind.

Product	=	Royalties	+	the remaining coal
Eg.(Coal)	=	2%	+	98%
100 Ton	=	2 Ton	+	98 Ton

As to the facts that when mining material that are produced and sold with 2% taxes by the person who get permission of production mining material according to Chapter 6, mining and material tax, paragraph 18, must pay taxes on the value of mining material set by the department of ministry, after the company paid 2% taxes on the value of coal as per contract, the company and no.1 mining operation allocate as per following.

The remaining coal	=	ME 1	+	Contractor
(Coal)	=	30%	+	70%
98 Ton	=	29.4 Ton	+	68.6 Ton

In order to collect tax on the mining material, Department of Mines calculated and collected according to the mining material tax mentioned in the mining law Chapter 6 mining material tax Section 19, that is "Department of mining must calculate the value of metal according to the international market price of the current period when it sell".

The following agreements are included in the Section 21 of mutual agreement contract of allocation on the production of mining material with the agreement of Office of the Antony general.

(a) Section 21-1(a) "To make the committee included with ME1 and representative of Contractor. The Chairman must be the Director General of ME1 and must include 5 members."

- (b) Section 21-1(D) "The committee must negotiate and discuss about procedure of excavation and production of coal according to contract, technological issues, Management issues and Selling Issues"
- (c) Section 21-1(E) "Committee's decision and negotiation must be presented to department of ministry and management committee.

Therefore, in the case of collecting taxes on Mining material, as the value of coal has been not calculated by international price, the price must be set according the section 5 of service agreement of section (21) management that is "the director general must set the amount to produce and selling price according to the market price after getting permission from department of ministry and committee of management.

According to the fact "taxes on metal and other charges can be collected with cash" mentioned in Section 35, paragraph 202 (E) of Mining material law, it is collected based on in kind of mining material and tax has been levied on No.1 Zinc, Nickel and No.2 Gold, Tin and tungsten according to production agreement law."

Pearl:

According to the information received from the MPE, the pearl selling system can be presented as below:

- 1. The pearl sales are performed by auction system in local and oversea markets;
- 2. There was form of valuation committee composed by the Director General (or) Deputy Director General as chairman, experts or technicians as member according to the Myanmar Pearl Law chapter 12, section 25, sub-section (A). There must be at least 7 minimum members or maximum 11 members. The is valuation and allocation of pearl done by the valuation committee
- 3. There is sharing the 25% to state and 75% to company according to the production sharing contract of oversea companies. The local companies need to pay the oyster seeding payment MMK 2,000 kyats per oyster to state and the 100% productive pearl are received by companies.
- 4. There is selling the pearl with local and foreign currencies in local or oversea which are received from the sharing of foreign companies and local companies pearl after paying the seeding tax.

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3.4. Reforms in the extractive sector

3.4.1. The post-validation activities

Following the validation decision of 4th October 2019, the Myanmar EITI process was assessed as meaningful process in implementing 2016 standards and the Board has determined that Myanmar will have 18 months, i.e. until 16 April 2021, before a second Validation to carry out corrective actions. Following our review of the post validation process we noted the following activities:

- Creation of a validation group: the MSG decided to create a subgroup in charge of the follow up of the implementation of the validation recommendation.
- Contract transparency workshop: MEITI and NRGI held the Contract Transparency Workshop on December 16, 2019.

This workshop brought together over 60 participants from various government departments, civil society organizations and private sectors (oil & gas, mining) and aim to:

- To increase knowledge of EITI stakeholders on contract transparency and to better understand the new EITI standards on contract transparency;
- To explore and identify potential challenges in implementing the standard; and
- To identify preparatory measures before January 2021.
- Implementation of a Beneficial Ownership register: the detail of this implementation is presented in the section 3.7.
- SOE reforms: The SOEs Reform Workshop on Extractive Sector was held on February 22-23, 2019 with the participation of the MSG members, relevant government agencies and development partners. Government agencies presented current implementation frameworks and challenges and way forward and future plans were discussed.

3.4.2. The abolition of other accounts

The other accounts are banks accounts used by the SOE to receive a proportion of their profit and used to cover raw materials, such as fuel for trucks, as well as capital expenses, debt expenses and other expenses⁸⁶.

In June 2019, Myanmar's cabinet issued a directive to abolish the Other Accounts and as a result, state-owned enterprises (SOEs) will have to transfer all of their net income to the Union government, and not their own accounts.

According to the union government meeting no, (5/2019) resolution, the closing balance of the other Union Fund Account- Other Account (UFA-OA) deposit to the Union budget Fund account in FY 2019-2020. Therefore, UFA-SOE Account and UFA-OA Account which are entitled for 20 SOEs in will be combined to one account as Union Budget Fund of all SOEs.

We understand that this step was a preliminary step before the abolition of those accounts. In fact, in June 2019, Myanmar's cabinet issued a directive to abolish the Other Accounts and as a result, state-owned enterprises (SOEs) will have to transfer all of their net income to the Union government, and not their own accounts.

https://resourcegovernance.org/sites/default/files/documents/state-owned-economic-enterprise-reform-in-myanmar_0.pdf

3.4.3. The Myanmar mining rules

Following the Notification No. 13/2018, the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation (MONREC) enacted the new Myanmar Mines Rules.

The key changes brought by the Mines Law Amendments include⁸⁷:

- increasing the maximum production permit period, for large scale production projects to 50 years;
- allowing joint ventures, between foreign investors and local investors, in the case of small and medium scale production projects upgraded to become large scale production projects;
- specifying the criteria for determining size of individual production permit areas; and
- providing a guaranteed right to production permit for those who have successfully carried out prospecting and exploration and completed a feasibility study.

The clarifications provided by the new Mines Rules include further guidance and addressing certain regulatory concerns for the creation of the necessary legal and regulatory environment conducive to investment in the mining industry including:

- Procedures for application of relevant permits: the Mines Rules set out certain
 procedural requirements for the application for various mining or mining-related
 permits. The Mines Rules provide that production permit holders will be able to
 conduct mineral treatment and mineral trading, without requiring specific permits.
- Permitted area and tenure: the Mines Rules contain details for investors in relation to permitted area and tenure. It provides that the "permitted area" for "large scale mineral operations plot" (i.e. area to be used for prospecting, exploration, feasibility study, and/or (large scale) production) shall be from 1 to 2100 square kilometres, and for "medium scale mineral operations plot" (i.e. area to be used for prospecting, exploration, feasibility study, and/or (medium scale) production), it shall be 1 square kilometre. The Mines Rules also sets out details related to the tenure of various mining permits. The Mines Law Amendments states that the maximum production permit period for a large-scale production project is from 15 to 50 years.
- Focus on environmental considerations: investors should be aware that environmental considerations are priority at the various levels of mining-related operations. Depending on the type of permit applied for, an investor may be required to submit various instruments for managing environmental impacts, such as Initial Environmental Examination, Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) and/or Environmental Management Plan ("EMP"). The Mines Rules also state that permit holders shall be responsible for all expenses relating to environmental conservation. In this regard, the Mines Rules envisage permit holders to set-up an environmental conservation fund at a Myanmar state-owned bank.

3.4.4. The 2017 Myanmar company law⁸⁸

The Myanmar Companies Law came into effect on 1 August 2018. The main changes incorporated in this law can be summarised as follows:

- foreigners can now hold 35% in the Myanmar companies;
- companies can register online as long as they explain their overall structure and intended activities; and
- companies can be formed with only one director and one shareholder.

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⁸⁷ https://www.shlegal.com/news-insights/myanmar-mines-law-amendments

⁸⁸ https://www.dica.gov.mm/sites/dica.gov.mm/files/document-files/final_mcl_english_version_6_dec_president_signed_version_cl.pdf

3.4.5. Petroleum and petroleum products law 20-2017

The Union Parliament of Myanmar enacted the Petroleum and Petroleum Product Law of 2017 on 1st August 2017⁸⁹. The objective of this law are as follows:

- to carry out the petroleum and petroleum product businesses activities systematically in accordance with the provisions of the law, stipulated standards, procedures and conditions:
- to enable the petroleum and petroleum product business activities to carry out safely without environmental impact;
- to establish free and fair competition in carrying out petroleum and petroleum product business activities;
- ❖ to secure energy requirement and energy security of the Union; and
- to obtain tax revenues for the State.

3.4.6. Union taxation law and fiscal amendments

Following the review of the Union Taxation Law 2017 and the Union Taxation Law 2018, we note the following tax amendments related to the extractive sector:

- ❖ Amendments to the Union Taxation Law 2017Raw/finished jade, rubies, sapphires jewelleries sold at Myanmar domestic jewellery exhibitions held by the government are now exempted from commercial tax.
- The specific goods tax rates for importation and production of specific goods within the country have been changed as follows:
 - decrease in specific goods tax rate on raw jade from 20% to 15%.
 - decrease in specific goods tax rate on raw rubies, sapphires, emeralds, diamonds and other precious gems from 20% to 10%.
 - decrease in specific goods tax on the export of raw jade from 20% to 15%.
 - decrease in specific goods tax on the export of raw rubies, sapphires, diamonds, emeralds and other precious gems from 20% to 10%.

Amendments to the Union Taxation Law 2018

- Under the Union Taxation Law 2018, pure gold (Standard gold bars, gold block, gold coins) became exempt from commercial tax; and
- diamonds and emeralds are no longer on the list of businesses for extraction gems and producing and trading completed gems and jewellery in accordance with Section 34, Chapter 8 of the Union Taxation Law 2018, which specifies that sales of gems or jewellery, either in local or foreign currency are subject to:
 - specific Goods Tax at the rate of 5 to 10%; and
 - Commercial tax at 5% for import, production, selling and trading regardless of the threshold of non-taxable revenue.

3.4.7. Notification no. 104/2019% law: the beneficial ownership (BO)

This notification was issued on the 2 October 2019 and confirmed the mandate of the Beneficial Ownership Task Force to make decisions regarding ownership disclosures and empowers the Directorate of Investment and Company Administration (DICA) to implement them. The notification also paves way for several companies and state-owned enterprises operating in Myanmar's oil and

90 https://myanmareiti.org/sites/myanmareiti.org/files/publication_docs/notification_bo.pdf

⁸⁹

https://www.myanmartradeportal.gov.mm/uploads/legals/2018/7/Petrol%20and%20Petroleum%20Product%20Law%202017%20(Eng).pdf

gas production and transportation, mineral, pearl, jade and coloured gemstone industries to disclose their beneficial owners by 1 January 2020.

We understand that NRGI, DICA and the task force members were involved in the preparation of Myanmar's Beneficial Ownership register published in the DICA website⁹¹.

3.4.8. Environmental and mine closure and rehabilitation funds by the Department of Mines under MoNREC

According to the Letter No.47 (2)19/Mineral (7907) of the 5th July 2019, it was decided to operate the environmental conservation and development fund in accordance with the mines rules and mining law 189,190,191,192 to 193. The fund will be used the environmental damage due to exploration or assessment and rehabilitation.

The letter states that "The permit holders shall be responsible for all expenses relating to environmental conservation and based on the relevant Environmental Management Plan (EMP) for mineral exploration, production and/or processing and the permit holders must set-up and contribute to environmental conservation fund at a Myanmar state-owned bank for each block.

The Letter No.47 (2)19/Mineral (7907) of the 5^{th} July 2019, issued for the establishment of the fund for mine closure and environmental rehabilitation. This fund is to be used in the expired mining blocks closure and rehabilitation.

According to the letter, an estimation should be established for the fund amount which will used in mine closure and rehabilitation plan.

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⁹¹ https://www.dica.gov.mm/

3.5. Budget process

In Myanmar, accounting is on a cash basis, following the double entry principle. Most payments are made through the Myanmar Economic Bank (MEB) by cheques or bank transfers. Tax revenue is usually paid into MEB by the taxpayer directly, based on an assessment raised by the tax authorities, although some fees and charges are collected in cash and paid in by the relevant Government Agency.

Accounting records are originated by the spending/revenue raising Government Agency. Aggregation and reconciliation for reporting and control purposes are conditioned by the largely manual, paper-based processes that are still used in both the originating agencies and in MEB.

The accounting year for the Government runs from April to March. Accounts are prepared in the form of consolidated financial statements, including several annexes. Copies of the financial statements are provided to the Minister of Planning and Finance, the Cabinet, and the President.

Since 1st October 2018, the accounting year for the government runs from October to September.

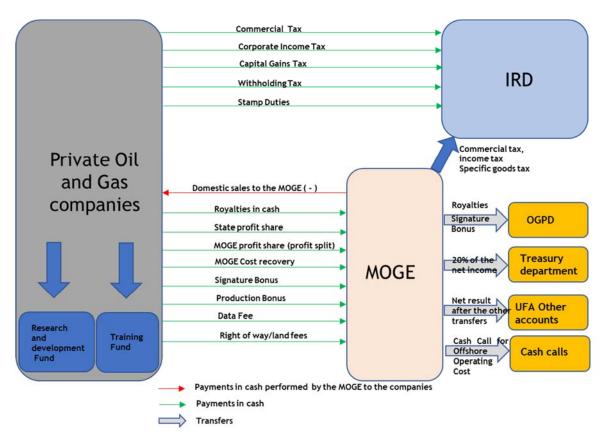
Since 2011, the Parliament has set up two specialised committees for the purpose of providing oversight of the Government's public finances. The Public Accounts Committee (PAC) has a bipartisan membership and vets the budget bill and the audit report. The Planning and Finance Committee is responsible for reviewing the national development plan and legislative matters related to the financial sector. Since 2012/13 these committees have reviewed and rationalised the executive budget proposal significantly and have been instrumental in having the approved Budget Law published in the local press.

In order to coordinate and integrate state and regional budgets with the Union's budget, the government has also set up the Financial Commission and the National Planning Commission. Since 2011, the new planning and budgeting practices have resulted in the decentralisation of Public Financial Management (PFM) policy functions from the President's Office to the Ministry of Planning, Finance (MoPFI) and the Ministry of National Planning and Economic Development (MNPED) respectively.

3.6. Revenues collection and other accounts allocation

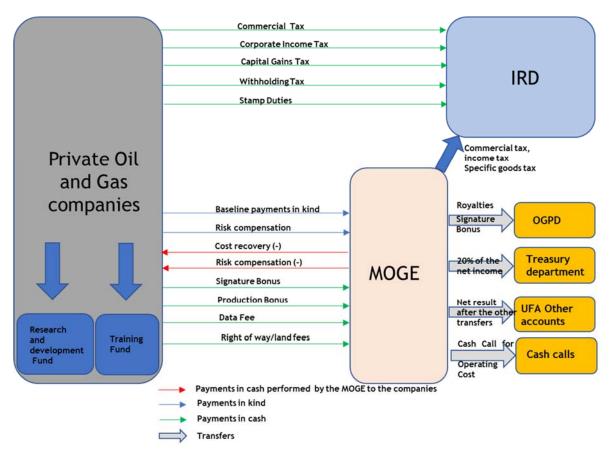
3.6.1. Oil and gas payments flow chart

PSC contracts



- According to this type contract, the operator performs the Oil and Gas sales then allocate to the different partners their share according to the interest percentage included in the agreement;
- Every month the operator performs the cash call in order to cover its production expenses, then this amount is repaid as cost recovery (after deduction of the royalties in cash). Those expenses depend on the production, but the cost recovery is always 60% of the sales revenue.
- The royalties are paid in cash on a quarterly basis or monthly basis;
- The difference between the state profit share and the MOGE profit share is explained as follow:
 - The state profit share is calculated based on the production sales after the deduction of the cost recovery;
 - The MOGE profit share: after the deduction of the cost recovery and the state profit share, the remaining amount is divided between the different contractors according to their interest. The amount received by the MOGE is the MOGE profit share.
- 10% of the total sales is performed to MOGE on a discounted price.

PCC contracts



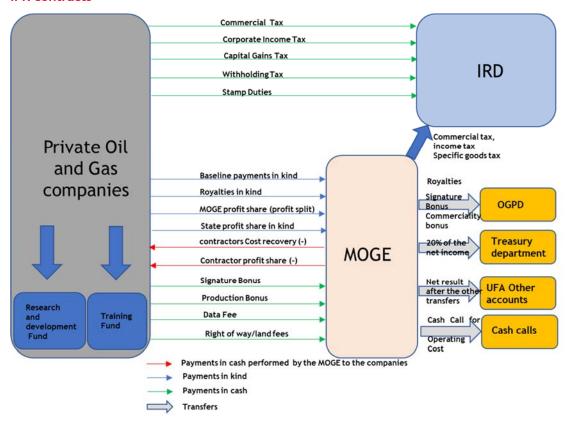
The operator transfers the baseline payment to the MOGE based on a formula established by the agreement. The difference between the total production and the baseline payment is **the** incremental production.

Then, the operator establishes the total cost supported related to this project in USD, then this amount is converted in number of barrels.

The cost recovery (in kind) is transferred to the MOGE representing 40% of the total cost supported by the operator, 60% of this cost is paid by the MOGE to the operator in cash.

The difference between the incremental production and the cost recovery converted in number of barrels represent the risk compensation. The MOGE keeps 65% of this amount in kind. The equivalent of 35% of this amount is paid in cash to the operator.

IPR contracts

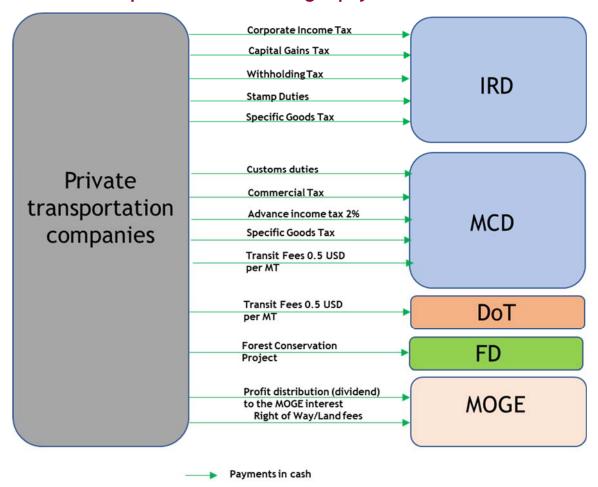


The main idea in this type of contract is that the MOGE receives the total production in kind and pay the company in cash.

We also include the following ideas in order to clarify the fiscal regime of the IPR contract:

- The Baseline payment Is calculated according to the contract;
- Incremental production = (Total production baseline);
- Royalties in kind is calculated as follows: (total production baseline) * (10% +2.5%);
- Cost recovery: is calculated based in the incremental production after the deduction of royalties. 50% of the remaining quantity is used to determine the amount in cash to be paid by the MOGE to the company;
- Profit share: The remaining quantity (after the deduction of the baseline, royalties and cost recovery) is divided between company and MOGE: MOGE receive the profit share in kind: 55% in kind and company receive 45% in cash;

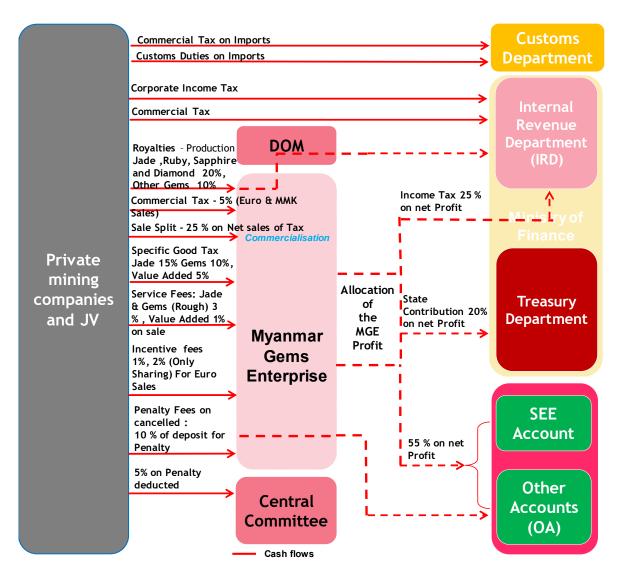
3.6.2. Transportation of oil and gas payments flow chart



The definition of the payment flows is presented in the section 4.2.7. For the forest conservation project payment , this payment flow is performed by transportation companies to support Tanintharyi Nature Reserve. However, this payment was not reported by any of the transportation companies.

3.6.3. Mining sector payments flow chart

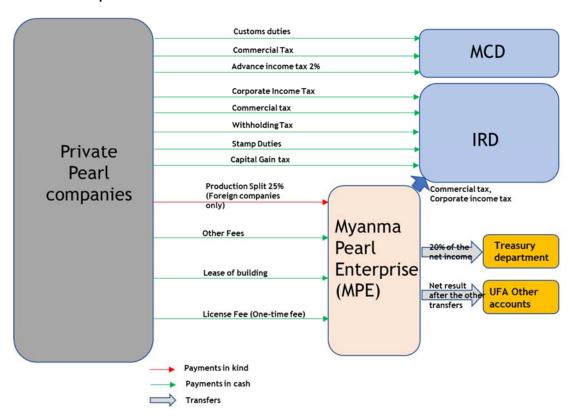
a. Jade and Gemstones



Incentive Fees are collected as below (After deducted Specific Good Tax and Service Fees on sales) US\$ 1-100000 = 2 % US\$ 100001-300000 = 1.5 % US\$ 300001-400000 = 1.25%

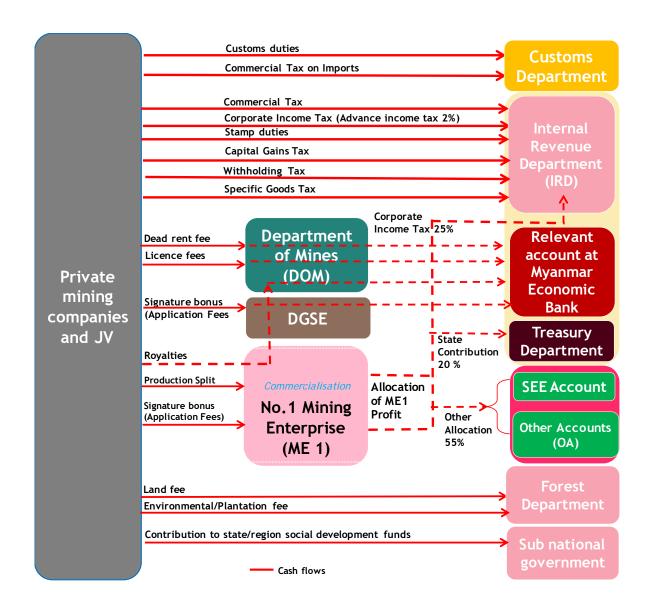
US\$ 400001 and above = 1%

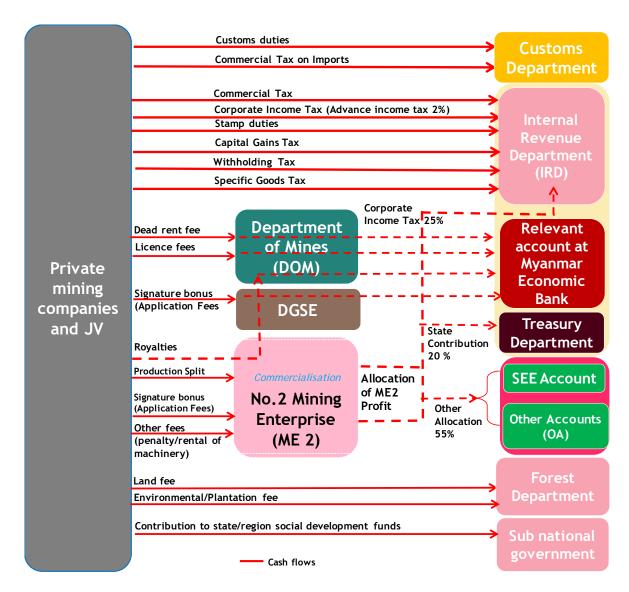
b. Pearl companies



c. Other minerals

For companies paying taxes to ME1:





3.6.4. the Union Fund Account-Other Accounts (UFA-OA)

Management of the UFA-OA

The letter No. Ba-4/Budget/(5/2015) of the Budget department dated 5-March-2015 related to the management of the Union Fund Account-Other Accounts present the general rules governing inflows and outflows of the Union Fund Account-Other Accounts (UFA-OA) opened at the level of the SOE's.

According to this letter, The type of revenues received by the SOEs must be deposit into its respective (UFA-OA) are :

- sales of product production (or) operation income
- licence and entrance fees, profit share of JV and partners which are under other income received.

The following SOEs revenues should be deposit in the SOEs normal accounts:

- Confiscate as fine
- Deposits according to audit finding
- Deposit of surplus from union budget fund, income form change

Income from rental of fixed assets

This letter presents also the type of expenses to be funded by the SOE normal account and expenses to be funded from its owned other account. In fact, according to this letter:

- Expenses to be funded by the SOE's OA: the raw material purchase expenses, production/ operation expenses, commercial tax, income tax and state contribution are incurred by the SOE's own OA account;
- Expenses to be funded by the SOE's normal account :Other production expenses, administration expenses, selling and distribution expenses, research and development expenses and financial expenses.

Calculation details of the amount transferred to SOEs-OA:

According to our discussion with the Budget department, we understand that the amounts to be transferred to this account are calculated as follows:

Revenues	XXXX	
Less: Expenses	(xxxx)	
Add: Other Income	Xxxx	
Profit	Xxxx	
Less: CT	(xxxx)	
Less: SGT	(xxxx)	
Profit before tax	Xxxx	A
Income (25% x A)	(xxxx)	
State Contribution (20% x A)	(xxxx)	
Other account (OA) - (55% x A)	Xxxx	

The budget department UFA-OA auditing process:

- The Budget Department requests the audited closing balances by AOG of OAs from every SOEs;
- The Budget Department requests the OAs' closing balances and bank statements of each SOEs from Myanmar Economic Bank (MEB)
- The Budget Department reconciled the data received from SOEs with MEB.
- If there is any discrepancy, the budget department requests the SOEs to reconcile the balances with the MEB and respond by a formal letter.
- After reconciled the OA balances of SOEs, the Budget Department recorded the closing balances of OA for each SOE.

MOGE OA inflows-outflows details:

According to the data reported by the MOGE, the UFA-OA the payments flows are detailed as below \cdot

Table 96: MOGE OA inflows-outflows details

Figures in million MMK **UFA-OA MOGE details** Amount Opening Balance as of 1 April 2017 5,598,952 2,376,750 Add: Total Received Amount In-flow of revenues during the year 2,376,750 a)Income from Sale of Crude Oil ,Natural Gas and CNG(Onshore) 180,516 b)Income from Sale of Natural Gas and Condensate(Offshore) 1,743,690 c)Income from Service Chgs Of PSC Contract including Handling charges 1,221 d) Misculleous revenue including lending revenues and Vice President Salary...) 98,448 e) Receipt of Royalty and Bonus 352,874 Less: Total Expenditure Amount (1,692,899)Payments made during the year (1,692,899)(233,671) a) 5% Commercial Tax (293,326) b) 8% Specific Goods Tax

No.	UFA-OA MOGE details	Amount
	c)State Contribution	(114,832)
	d)Income Tax	(143,540)
	e) Cash Call for Offshore Operating Cost	(283,258)
	f) Other Expenses (i.e. Salaries, Pension, Variable Cost, Fixed Cost	(271,398)
	g) Transfer to OGPD (Royalty and Bonus)	(352,874)
4	Closing balance as of 31 March 2018	6,282,803

According to the data received from the MOGE, the transfer to the OA amounted to 683,850 million MMK and represents the difference between the opening balance and the closing balance detailed above.

Recalculation of the different transfers made by the MOGE:

Following the calculation rules set out in The letter No. Ba-4 / Budget / (5/2015), we recalculated the amount to be transferred to the OA and the other transfers. The results are set as below :

Revenues	2,376,750	
Less: Expenses		
e) Cash Call for Offshore Operating Cost	(283,258)	
f) Other Expenses (i.e. Salaries, Pension, Variable Cost, Fixed Cost	(271,398)	
g) Transfer to OGPD (Royalty and Bonus)	(352,874)	
Add: Other Income	-	
Profit	1,469,220	
a) 5% Commercial Tax	(233,671)	
b) 8% Specific Goods Tax	(293,326)	
Profit before tax	942,223	Α
Income (25% x A)	(235,556)	
State Contribution (20% x A)	(188,445)	
Other account (OA) - (55% x A)	518,223	

Following this recalculation, we raised the differences detailed below:

Figures in million MMK

List	MOGE figures	BDO recalculation	Difference
State Contribution	114,832	188,445	(73,613)
Income Tax	143,540	235,556	(92,016)
Transfer to OA	683,851	518,223	165,628
Total	942,223	942,223	

We can conclude from this recalculation that the differences are due to transfers with different allocation keys which mean that the rules of 20%SC-25%IT-55%OA was not respected. The allocation was performed following the percentage detailed below:

List	MOGE % used	BDO recalculation	Difference
State Contribution	12%	20%	-8%
Income Tax	15%	25%	-10%
Transfer to OA	73%	55%	18%
Total	100%	100%	0%

MGE OA inflows-outflows details:

According to the data reported by the MGE, the total amount transferred to the UFA-OA is 72,359 million MMK and represents the difference between the inflow and the outflow detailed below:

Table 97: MGE OA inflows-outflows details

Figures in million MMK No. **UFA-OA MGE details** Amount Opening Balance as of 1 April 2017 687,514 Add: Total Received Amount 181,125 2 In-flow of revenues during the year 181,125 Less: Total Expenditure Amount (108, 765)3 Payments made during the year (108,765)Closing balance as of 31 March 2018 759,874

ME1 OA inflows-outflows details:

According to the data reported by the ME1, the total amount transferred to the UFA-OA is 2,704 million MMK and represents the difference between the inflow and the outflow detailed below:

Table 98: ME1 OA inflows-outflows details

Figures in million MMK UFA-OA ME1 details No. Amount Opening Balance as of 1 April 2017 62,860 21,983 Add: Total Received Amount In-flow of revenues during the year 16,832 a) Production Split b) Sale(Mill Tailing) 3,845 c) Application Fees Less: Total Expenditure Amount (19,288)Payments made during the year a) Pension expenditure (3,706)3 b) Corporate Income Tax expenditure (7,538)c) State Contribution (6,030)d) Salary& wages (869)4 Closing balance as of 31 March 2018 65,555

ME2 OA inflows-outflows details:

According to the data reported by the ME2, the total amount transferred to the UFA-OA is 8,233 million MMK and represents the difference between the inflow and the outflow detailed below:

Table 99: ME2 OA inflows-outflows details

Figures in million MMK No. **UFA-OA ME2 details** Amount Opening Balance as of 1 April 2017 103,777 Add: Total Received Amount 21,657 2 In-flow of revenues during the year 21,657 Less: Total Expenditure Amount (13,423)3 Payments made during the year (13,423)Closing balance as of 31 March 2018 112,011

MPE OA inflows-outflows details:

According to the data reported by the MOGE, the total amount transferred to the UFA-OA is 7,537 million MMK and represents the difference between the inflow and the outflow detailed below :

Table 100: MPE OA inflows-outflows details

Figures in million MMK

No.	UFA-OA MPE details	Amount
1	Opening Balance as of 1 April 2017	37,134
2	Add: Total Received Amount	15,108
2	In-flow of revenues during the year	15,108
2	Less: Total Expenditure Amount	(7,569)
3	Payments made during the year	(7,569)
4	Closing balance as of 31 March 2018	44,673

3.7. Beneficial Ownership (BO)

3.7.1. BO context in Myanmar

Following the review of government's policy regarding the BO disclosure and the legislation regulating the publication of those data, we note that the 2017 Myanmar Company Law introduced the ownership interest concept on both direct and indirect shareholding, regulating transfer of shares relevant to overseas corporations for foreign shareholdings. The 2014 Anti-Money Laundering Law provides a definition of BO and domestic and international politically exposed persons (PEPs) that are aligned with international best practices. The 2013 Anti-Corruption Law promotes transparency of the rule of law and governance sector. DICA issues an Anti-Corruption Code of Ethics for Companies and Body Corporates, requiring all companies and body corporates that are incorporated within the Union to carry out business activities in line with the code of ethics of 03 August 2018. The 2016 Myanmar Investment Law provides conflict of interest provisions relevant to Commissioners and the PEP requirement. 92

3.7.2. BO task force and progress in the implementation of BO register

A BO task force for extractive industries was set up on 30 June 2018 through an order No. 60/2018 by MoPFI. It comprises 13 members representing the MEITI National Coordination, directors from DOM, MOGE, DICA, the Attorney General Office (AGO), the Office of Auditor General (OAG), CBM, the Anti-corruption Commission and the Financial Information Unit as well as two representatives from the private sector and two representatives from civil society organisations.

The terms of reference of the BO Task Force is set out below:

- prepare and implement the Work Plan in order to implement BO Roadmap;
- identify a focal agency the agency that shall lead in the implementation of Work Plan;
- identify the agency(ies) that is (are) best suited to collect, maintain and disclose BO data;
- recruit a consultant for the implementation of BO if deemed necessary
- undertake consultations and develop amendments to the legal framework and implementing regulations in order to embed the requirement for BO disclosure (including sanctions or incentives for BO disclosure; level of detail of BO disclosures; data validation and frequency of updates);
- oversee and support while reviewing relevant national laws, regulations and orders in extractive sector;
- support in reviewing to the relevant national laws and regulations to assess whether the BO and Political Exposed Person (PEP) definitions developed by METI align fully with the existing national legislation and developing amendments as necessary;
- oversee and support in reviewing relevant national laws, regulations and contractual terms to assess whether there are any legal or regulatory barriers to disclosure of BO (for example, confidentiality clauses).
- initiate with the Sector Specific approach to BO disclosure;
- support the implementation of the BO on a pilot scale;
- implement the activities for timely disclosure of BO data in the MEITI report since 1 January 2020 in compliance with the 2016 EITI Standard;
- hold BO Task Force meetings for coordination as required;
- implement decisions of BO Task Force meetings;
- make suggestions for BO activities to MEITI Working Committee meeting;
- develop and propose transitional arrangements to the EITI International Secretariat to meet the 1 January 2020 requirement, if deemed necessary;

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⁹² BO Progress Information for Short Publication provided by NCS Technical Team

- provide guidance on the work of the National Coordination Secretariat (NCS) in regard to BO: and
- receive relevant national and international training and workshop related to BO.

BO for Myanmar has twelve components that contribute to successful implementation (refer to the figure below). In addition, it will benefit the national procurement and public infrastructure projects, should the government mainstream the BO practices in procurement.

The Draft Beneficial Ownership Roadmap of Myanmar can be presented below 93

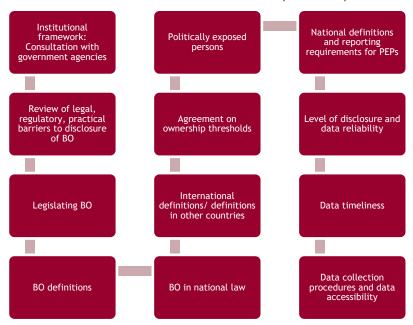


Chart 25: Draft Beneficial Ownership Roadmap

We understand that Myanmar EITI has conducted awareness-raising activities with government, companies and civil society organisations. The EITI Multi-Stakeholder Group (MSG) is adopting a phased approach to implement reforms with concrete short and long-term plans on data collection, first through EITI Reports and eventually through systematic disclosures by DICA. Details on beneficial owners have been disclosed through a pilot report published in 201894.

We also understand the Myanmar government issued a notification on the 2 October 2019 and confirmed the mandate of the Beneficial Ownership Task Force to make decisions regarding ownership disclosures and empowers the Directorate of Investment and Company Administration (DICA) to implement them. The notification also paves the way for several companies and stateowned enterprises operating in Myanmar's oil and gas production and transportation, mineral, pearl, jade and coloured gemstone industries to disclose their beneficial owners by January 1, 2020.

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⁹³https://eiti.org/sites/default/files/documents/bo_roadmap_-_myanmar.pdf 94 https://eiti.org/sites/default/files/documents/eiti_myanmar_bo_pilot_report-final.pdf

3.7.3. EITI requirements

The 2016 EITI Requirement recommends that implementing countries maintain a publicly available register of the beneficial owners of the corporate entity(ies) that bid for, operate or invest in extractive assets, including the identity(ies) of their beneficial owner(s), the level of ownership and details of how ownership or control is exerted. Where possible, beneficial ownership information should be incorporated in existing filings by companies to corporate regulators, stock exchanges or agencies regulating extractive industry licensing. Where this information is already publicly available, the EITI Report should include guidance on how to access this information.

The EITI standard provides a basic definition of beneficial ownership, and states that the information made available should include the identity of each company's beneficial owner or owners, and their level of ownership. Where information is already publicly available, for example, through stock exchange disclosures, EITI reports should include guidance on how this information can be accessed.

Beneficial Ownership as defined by the EITI Standard

- i) A beneficial owner in respect of a company means the natural person(s) who directly or indirectly ultimately owns or controls the corporate entity
- ii) The multi-stakeholder group should agree an appropriate definition of the term beneficial owner. The definition should be aligned with (f)(i) above and take international norms and relevant national laws into account and should include ownership threshold(s). The definition should also specify reporting obligations for politically exposed persons.
- iii) Publicly listed companies, including wholly owned subsidiaries, are required to disclose the name of the stock exchange and include a link to the stock exchange filings where they are listed.
- iv) In the case of joint ventures, each entity within the venture should disclose its beneficial owner(s), unless it is publicly listed or is a wholly owned subsidiary of a publicly listed company. Each entity is responsible for the accuracy of the information provided.

3.7.4. Definition of beneficial ownership

Based on the review of Myanmar's legal framework which does not include provisions relating to the beneficial ownership definition or disclosure and taking into account EITI Requirement 2.5, the following definition of Beneficial Ownership is adopted by the MSG:

Definition of beneficial ownership

In accordance with the EITI Standard 2019, Requirement 2.5.f.i, with the decision of the MEITI Multi Stakeholder Group, a beneficial owner is defined as:

- 1. The individual holds, directly or indirectly, 5% and above of the shares in the public or private company or corporate entity.
- 2. The individual holds, directly or indirectly, 5% and above of the voting rights in the public or private company or corporate entity.
- 3. The individual holds the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the public or private company or corporate entity.
- 4. The individual has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence or control over the public or private company or corporate entity. (Reference to "ultimately owns or controls" refer to situations in which ownership/control is exercised through a chain of ownership or by means of control other than direct control. This definition should also apply to a beneficiary under a life or other investment.")
- 5. For shareholding entitiesi. which are state-owned enterprises or their subsidiaries, disclose the parent ministry and country.
- *ii.* which are publicly listed, disclose the name of the stock exchange and a web link to stock exchange filings. "95

The following definition of Politically Exposed Persons (PEPs) is adopted by the MSG:

Politically Exposed Persons (PEPs)

Politically exposed persons (PEPs)

Definition. Politically exposed persons (PEPs) within the Myanmar EITI framework are defined as individuals who are or were entrusted with prominent public functions, either domestically or internationally. The coverage also includes:

1. family members defined as individuals related to a PEP, by common ancestry, through marriage or similar forms

of partnership; and

2. close associates defined as those who are closely connected to a PEP in their public roles, either socially or professionally.

Coverage. For detailed coverage of individuals defined as PEP in Myanmar, refer to the link:

https://myanmareiti.org/sites/myanmareiti.org/files/publication_docs/bo_pep_coverage_eng_0.pdf.

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https://myanmareiti.org/sites/myanmareiti.org/files/publication_docs/beneficial_ownership_definitionupdate.pdf

3.7.5. BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP REPORTING

The MSG agreed in its 25th meeting resolution held on 27 November 2019:

- for the companies from BO Data Collection Phase I to update their BO Data and;
- to collect BO Data for any additional companies from 5th MEITI Report Scope which are not part of BO Data Collection Phase I.

This means that the information wasn't requested within the reporting templates addressed.to the companies included in the scope but will be extracted from the external B.O report prepared exclusively for this purpose.

Following the "Final Report of the BO Data Disclosure Analysis Consultant" prepared by the consultant "Charlotte Boyer" in January 2020, the 162 companies included in the scope of the 4th MEITI report (FY 2016-2017) were requested to disclose their beneficial owners through an online form before 28 October and 8 November 2019.

Charlotte's latest report dated 20 Feb states that "121 companies submitted their form on time, or a submission rate of 74%. Among the submitted forms, 80 were judged fully filled-in with consistent information, while 10 were categorized as containing minor errors or omissions, and 31 as containing significant gaps undermining the credibility of the data or translating a weak understanding of the beneficial ownership requirements. In total, 270 beneficial owners were reported, among them 261 natural persons. 90% of the beneficial owners are natural persons exerting their control through direct shares, illustrating how companies have, in their overwhelming majority, straightforward structures with beneficial owners being the shareholders." Table below shows the status of companies' submissions by sector:

B.O not submitted **B.O** submitted **Sub-Sector** Total % 15 Jade & Gems 68 83 81% Mining 10 20 30 68% Oil and Gas 12 19 31 61% Oil and Gas Transportation 3 4 25% 1 Pearl 1 10 90% SOE 1 4 5 80% Total 42 121 163 74%

Table 101: B.O companies follow up

The data was published online on 28 December 2019 at https://bo.dica.gov.mm/. The report is a review of the data that was disclosed by the 121 companies who submitted a BO form before the deadline.

After reviewing the first MEITI beneficial ownership disclosure, we noted that 240 companies from the 2017-2018 scope were not included in the disclosure because they were not under the scope in the first disclosures. The table below details the companies selected in the 2017-2018 scope which were included in the BO disclosure:

^{96 &}lt;a href="https://myanmareiti.org/en/publication/review-first-meiti-beneficial-ownership-disclosure?fbclid=lwAR1H4KJAG5QJJ4B6eOfpsuy_Odjm4YG25pEre5wm6_zQVC4jrnvaRU89ydM">https://myanmareiti.org/en/publication/review-first-meiti-beneficial-ownership-disclosure?fbclid=lwAR1H4KJAG5QJJ4B6eOfpsuy_Odjm4YG25pEre5wm6_zQVC4jrnvaRU89ydM

Table 102: Review of the first M-EITI beneficial ownership disclosure

		Review o	f the first M-	EITI beneficia	l ownership o	disclosure	
Sector	2017- 2018 Scope	Fully completed BO Form	BO Form submitted with Minor Gaps	BO Form submitted with Significant Gaps	BO Form Not Submitted	Total Companies contacted to submit a BO Form	2017-2018 Scope (companies not contacted)
Jade & Gems	209	49	2	6	12	69	140
Mining	94	11	1	5	7	24	70
Oil and Gas	56	4	3	10	11	28	28
Oil and Gas Transportation	5	-	-	1	3	4	1
Pearl	11	7	-	2	1	10	1
SOE	5	2	1	1	1	5	-
Other companies	-	7	3	6	8	-	-
Total	380	80	10	31	43	140	240

Auditing and accounting

3.8.1. Private companies

Under the Myanmar Company Law 2017, companies must keep proper books of accounts at their registered office. Financial statements must be prepared in accordance with Myanmar Accounting Standards (MAS).

Accounting practices in Myanmar have been historically based on British accounting standards and Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP). For several years, Myanmar adopted International Accounting Standards for reporting purposes, while the Myanmar Accountancy Council (MAC), through the Myanmar Institute of Certified Accountants (MICPA) has adopted the majority of International Accounting Standards that existed in 2003 and 2004. In 2010, MAC withdrew all 30 of International Accounting Standards and replaced them with 29 new Myanmar Accounting Standards and 8 new Myanmar Financial Reporting Standards that were identical to the 2010 International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS). Such standards were published in the Official Gazette and became effective on 4 January 2011. Public companies and financial institutions are required to apply MFRS (Myanmar Financial Reporting Standards, which are a word-for-word equivalent of IFRS). SMEs must apply MFRS for Small and Medium Enterprises (SMEs) (word-for-word equivalent of IFRS for SMEs).

Recently, the Myanmar Accountancy Council (MAC) has signed the agreement for the Supply of Data for the Adoption and Publication of IFRS Standards between Myanmar Accountancy Council and IFRS Foundation Cooperation in order to adopt International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) in Myanmar. In July 2018, MAC announced the adoption of the latest versions of IFRS standards for financial reporting periods beginning in or after the 2022-2023 financial year for both public companies, financial institutions and SMEs. Early adoption of IFRS standards is permitted.

The tax assessment year runs from 1 April to 31 March. This is mandatory even for branches of foreign companies which may have a different financial year-end. The Myanmar Internal Revenue Department (IRD) issued a Letter on 15 May 2019 confirming the change of fiscal year end from 1 April - 31 March to 1 October - 30 September that shall apply to co-operatives and private enterprises from 1 October 2019. This confirmation is in line with the provisions in the Union Taxation Law 2018 (UTL 2018) and Union Taxation Law 2018-2019 (UTL 2018-2019) stating that the fiscal year for Income Tax Law shall be the same for taxpayers including both private taxpayers and cooperative societies, starting from 1st October 2018.

The Myanmar Companies Act 1914 and subsidiary legislation (Myanmar Companies Rules 1940 and Myanmar Companies 18 Detailed Report Regulations 1957) (together, the Companies Legislation) govern the conduct of companies and company affairs in Myanmar today. The Companies Legislation contains annual reporting requirements for companies registered in Myanmar, including the

preparation of statutory reports setting out the share capital and details of the receipts and payment of a company (Section 148 of the Myanmar Company Law 2017) and financial reports containing balance sheets and profit and loss statements (Section 260 of the Myanmar Company Law 2017). Such reports are required to be audited and sent to the Companies Registrar as well as members of the companies. The Companies Legislation also imposes certain auditing requirements for companies in which the Government holds shares (Section 282 of the Myanmar Company Law 2017). The Myanmar Company Law 2017 also requires companies to appoint an auditor and companies are required to submit audited financial statements to the tax authorities annually by 31 December.

Section 285 of the Myanmar Company Law 2017 requires an auditor to report to the members of a company on the financial statements examined by the auditor at the annual general meeting. The auditor's report must state, amongst others, whether or not in their opinion the balance sheet and profit and loss account referred to in the auditor's report are drawn up in accordance with law, whether or not the balance sheet gives a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company. The opinion should also state whether the company's accounting records have been kept by the company as required by law.

In practice, however, the financial reporting and auditing provisions of the Companies Legislation are not comprehensively or consistently applied and there is limited transparency on the financial affairs of companies in Myanmar today.

Myanmar Companies Law was enacted by the Pyidaungsu Hluttaw on 6 December 2017, replacing the Myanmar Companies Act of 1914. The requirements of Financial Reports and Audit are prescribed in Division 24 of the Law. The requirement of Repeal of certain existing Regulations and continued effect of others is prescribed in Article 471,472 of the Law.

The companies selected in the EITI scope were required to confirm whether their financial statements for the period covered by this report had been audited. Details on the confirmations received can be found in Annex 7 of the report.

3.8.2. Public sector and SOEs

In Myanmar there is a special Government Agency - Office of the Auditor General of the Union (OAGM) - the supreme audit institution of Myanmar, which is accountable to the President and the Parliament simultaneously. This body carries out controls over the execution of the State's budget and payment of taxes and other mandatory payments, including payments from SOEs and partners.

OAGM was set up under the 2008 Constitution as an independent agency, for the appointment of the Auditor General. This was made by the President with the approval of the Parliament.

OAGM performs audits consistent with Generally Accepted Auditing standards comparable with International Organisation of Supreme Audit Institutions (INTOSAI) audit standards.

All SOEs are required to submit bi-annual financial reports which have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Standards to OAGM. According to OAGM, the annual audit includes all tax and non-tax payments made by all partners to the extractive industries sector project. Other Accounts, held by the SEEs, are state fund accounts that are audited by the OAGM, as are all the state accounts held at MEB.

Union Auditor General has the authority to audit government ministries, SOEs and to give comment on the appointment of their Joint Ventures auditors. According to the amendment of Union Auditor General Law (2018), the Union Auditor General has a duty to audit the Joint Ventures companies jointly owned by the Government, if necessary. The Union Auditor General also has a duty to re audit the accounts of private companies which have been already audited by a certified public accountant and practicing accountant relating to taxes and revenues to be paid to the Union if necessary, but currently lacks the capacity and the resources to do so. OAG's effectiveness and capacity to hold government ministries, SOEs and the Parliament to account has yet to be determined, and its reports are not disclosed to the public.

OAGM sends bi-annual summary reports both to the President and the Parliament simultaneously. However, there are no penalties for delayed submissions.

The Union Auditor General is also Chairman of the Myanmar Accountancy Council which deals with accounting standards in Myanmar. Accounting standards have been developed for the commercial sector which is also applicable to SOEs in the "commercial" form of their accounts. But, to date, there are no standards or statements of practice that apply to the Government's financial statements which include SOEs activities prepared on a cash basis in parallel.

Government departments maintain their accounting system on cash basis, while SOEs maintain their accounting system on the accrual basis. However, the current form of the financial statements does not fully reflect the IPSAS requirements.

4. DETERMINATION OF THE RECONCILIATION SCOPE

4.1. Introduction

The EITI Standard defines materiality as follows: "Payments and revenues are considered material if their omission or misstatement could significantly affect the comprehensiveness of the EITI Report."

Different ways could be used to define materiality for the 2017-2018 EITI Report. The most common way consists of defining materiality in terms of a minimum value of payment to government, the other could be based on the size of the company (for example, a minimum annual size) or the type of permit held (large scale, production).

The purpose of this section is to propose thresholds so that the reconciliation report covers all material payments and revenues from the extractive sector in Myanmar. The materiality analysis in this report was based on company data provided by Government Agencies on the basis of the aggregate of their projects rather than on the projects themselves.

The aggregate tax data used includes all relevant benefit streams stated in oil and gas and mining legislations. Common taxation including CIT, CT and specific Goods Tax and customs duties were also considered during the materiality analysis.

4.2. Analysis of payments to government

4.2.1. Common taxation analysis (tax revenue streams)

Payments flows

The Internal Revenue Department (IRD) within MoPFI is responsible for the collection of taxes revenue streams. The documentation received from IRD shows six (6) types of taxes paid by extractive companies:

Table 103: List of payments collected by the IRD from the private companies

In billion kyats Corporate Specific Capital Commercial Withholding Stamp Sector Income Goods Gain Duty Tax Tax Tax Tax Tax 1.260 Mining 39.395 59.073 1.047 0.007 0.018 Oil & Gas 56.690 38.228 1.560 Oil & Gas 0.733 184.682 Transportation Pearl 0.009 0.184 0.020 Gems & Jade 11.097 16.885 0.684 0.109 0.000 86.622 Total 107.924 299.053 87.882 3.312 0.116 0.018

The list of taxes and payments collected by IRD from State-owned Enterprises (SOE) and reported by IRD are as follows:

Table 104: List of payments collected by the IRD from the SOEs

In billion kyats Specific Commercial Income Sector Goods Tax Tax Tax No. 1 Mining Enterprise (ME1) 0.03 7.54 No. 2 Mining Enterprise (ME2) 0.06 1.55 Myanmar Gems Enterprise (MGE) 0.00 55.67 0.18 2.89 Myanmar Pearl Enterprise (MPE) 0.15 Myanmar Oil and Gas Enterprise (MOGE) 292.89 153.66 143.54 Total 153.91 211.19 293.07

The Customs Department within MoPFI is responsible for the collection of customs duties. The 2017-2018-income reports shows two types of taxes paid by extractive companies:

Table 105: List of payments collected by the MCD from the private companies

In billion MMK

	Custom o	duties	Commerci	al taxes	Total	Total
Sector	Border import	Normal import	Border import	Normal import	Custom duties	Commercial tax
Gems and Jade companies		1.82		2.52	1.82	2.52
Mining companies	0.25	1.59	0.4	3.27	1.84	3.67
Pearl companies	1.67	0.01	0.12	0.02	1.68	0.15
Grand Total	5.34	4	6.3	3	5.34	6.34

Scope decided by the MSG

Based on the above, the payment flows of the tax revenues flows collected by IRD and the Customs Department that was decided to include by the MSG in the 2017-2018 reconciliation are detailed below:

Ν°	Payment flows	Governmental Agency
1	Corporate Income Tax	Internal Revenue Department (IRD)
2	Commercial Tax	Internal Revenue Department (IRD)
4	Capital Gains Tax	Internal Revenue Department (IRD)
3	Withholding Tax	Internal Revenue Department (IRD)
4	Stamp Duties	Internal Revenue Department (IRD)
5	Specific Goods Tax	Internal Revenue Department (IRD)
6	Customs duties (Normal and border imports)	Myanmar Customs Department (MCD)
7	Commercial Tax (Normal and border imports)	Myanmar Customs Department (MCD)
8	Advance income tax 2% collected by the MCD	Myanmar Customs Department (MCD)
9	Specific Goods Tax collected by the MCD	Myanmar Customs Department (MCD)

Those payment flows should be reported by all the companies (Oil and Gas, Oil and Gas transportation, Gems and Jade, other minerals and Pearl Sectors) without threshold.

In addition, the MSG decided to include the following entities and data in the reconciliation process:

- all SOEs in the reconciliation scope without applying a materiality threshold;
- all payments and transfers made by MONREC and MoEE to MoPFI regardless whether they are recorded in the budget accounts or in off-budget accounts; and

the revenues collected for companies which have made payments below the proposed materiality thresholds through the unilateral disclosure by Government Agencies in accordance with EITI Requirement 4.2.b.

4.2.2. Oil and gas payments analysis (non-tax revenue streams)

Payments flows

Following the analysis of the documentation received from MOGE, we identified the following payments:

Table 106: List of payments collected by the MOGE from the private companies

In billion kyats **Amount** Amount Non-tax payment Cumulative % in kind in cash (in bbl) Production split 707 707 67% Royalties in cash 309 1,016 96% Signature Bonus 44 1,060 100% Land Fee 1 -1,061 100% Royalties in kind 43,451 1,061 100% Total 1,061 43,451

Following to our discussion with the MOGE management and our understanding of the Oil and Gas sector, we identified 4 type of Oil agreements. We will present below the payments flows identified for every type of agreement:

Production sharing contracts (PSC):

The payment flows identified following the review for this type of contract are presented below:

Table 107: Definition of payment flows

percentage (mentioned in the agreement) The same rate applies for both oil and Inmar is paid in cash.
e net profit after the deduction of the cost . This payment is calculated according to the project.
e net profit after the deduction of the cost
e cost recovery
ne MOGE.
n of an O&G contract.
ortion to the quantities of hydrocarbons e Production Bonus is specified in the PSC.
fshore blocks. It is payable within 30 days greement.
MOGE. The amount of the land rent is
nt from the training fund and not the
nt from the Research and Development Fund and to this fund
T t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t t

Performance Compensation Contract (PCC):

The payment flows identified following the review for this type of contract are presented below:

N	Payment flows	Definition
Pa	yment in kind	
1	Baseline payments in kind	In-kind payment made by Oil and Gas companies to MOGE. The amount and payment modalities are detailed in the PCC (Performance Compensation Contracts) and IPR (Improved Petroleum Recovery Contract).
2	Cost recovery	the share of the MOGE on the cost recovery
3	Risk compensation	In-kind payment made by Oil and Gas onshore companies to MOGE. The amount and payment modalities are detailed in the agreements.
Pa	yment in cash	
1	Cost recovery (-)	paid by MOGE to companies in cash
2	Risk compensation (-)	or profit sharing 35% paid by MOGE in cash
3	Signature Bonus	Amount paid upon conclusion of an O&G contract.
4	Production Bonus	Bonus paid to MOGE in proportion to the quantities of hydrocarbons produced. The amount of the Production Bonus is specified in the PSC.
5	Data fee	Data fee is levied only on offshore blocks. It is payable within 30 days after the signature of the agreement.
6	Right of way/land fees	Land fees is payable to the MOGE. The amount of the land rent is specified in the agreement.
7	Annual expenses of the Training Fund	The amount effectively spent from the training fund and not the amount allocated to this fund
8	Annual expenses of Research and Development Fund	The amount effectively spent from the Research and Development Fund and not the amount allocated to this fund

Improved Petroleum Recovery contracts (IPR):

The payment flows identified following the review for this type of contract are presented below:

N°	Payment flows	Definition
Pay	ment in kind	
1	Baseline payments in kind	In-kind payment made by Oil and Gas companies to MOGE. The amount and payment modalities are detailed in the PCC (Performance Compensation Contracts) and IPR (Improved Petroleum Recovery Contract).
2	Royalties in kind	Royalties are charged at the percentage (mentioned in the agreement) of the value of production. The same rate applies for both oil and natural gas. Royalties in Myanmar is paid in kind.
3	MOGE profit share (profit split) in kind	the share of the MOGE on the net profit in kind
4	State profit share in kind	the share of the state on the net profit after the deduction of the cost recovery and the profit split.
Pay	ment in cash	
1	contractor Cost recovery (-)	The cost recovery of the contractors paid in cash
2	Contractor profit share (-)	The contractor profit share 35% paid in cash
3	Signature Bonus	Amount paid upon conclusion of an O&G contract.
4	Production Bonus	Bonus paid to MOGE in proportion to the quantities of hydrocarbons produced. The amount of the Production Bonus is specified in the PSC.
5	Data fee	Data fee is levied only on offshore blocks. It is payable within 30 days after the signature of the agreement.
6	Right of way/land fees	Land fees is payable to the MOGE. The amount of the land rent is specified in the agreement.
7	Annual expenses of the Training Fund	The amount effectively spent from the training fund and not the amount allocated to this fund
8	Annual expenses of Research and Development Fund	The amount effectively spent from the Research and Development Fund and not the amount allocated to this fund

Scope decided by the MSG

The MSG decided to include all the non-tax revenue streams in the scope of the 2017-2018 EITI report without applying a materiality threshold. To include the process of Training Fund, Research and Development Fund managed by MOGE.

Based on the above, the oil and gas payment flows that we propose to include in the 2017-2018 reconciliation scope may be summarised as follows:

Production sharing Contract (PSC) Payments in Cash 1 Domestic sales to the MOGE (-) 2 MOGE Cost recovery 3 MOGE profit share (profit split) 4 **Production Bonus** 5 Royalties in cash State profit share Performance Compensation Contract (PCC) Payments in kind 7 Baseline payments in kind 8 Cost recovery Risk compensation Payments in cash 10 Cost recovery (-) 11 **Production Bonus** 12 Risk compensation (-) Improve Petroleum Recovery Contract (IPR) Payments in kind 13 Baseline payments in kind MOGE profit share (profit split) in kind 14 15 Royalties in kind 16 State profit share in kind Payments in cash 17 contractor Cost recovery (-) Contractor profit share (-) 19 **Production Bonus** Common payments to the different type of contracts Payments in cash 20 Signature Bonus 21 Right of way/land fees 22 Data fee 23 Annual expenses of the Training Fund 24 Annual expenses of Research and Development Fund

4.2.3. Oil and gas transportation payments analysis (non-taxes revenues streams)

Payment flows `

We noted that the following payment flows were included in the previous EITI reports:

Table 108: Payment flows paid by the transportation companies

		In billion kyats
N°	Payment flows	Amount reported by MOGE (2017-18)
1	Profit Sharing Oil and Gas transportation	
2	Transit fees Oil and Gas transportation	
3	Road right fee Oil and Gas transportation	10.61

Scope decided by the MSG

The MSG decided to include all oil and gas transportation payments in the scope without applying a materiality threshold.

In accordance with Requirement 4.4 of the EITI Standard, tariff rates and volumes of the transported commodities should be reported in the EITI Report.

4.2.4. Gems and jade sector payments analysis (non-tax revenues streams)

Payments flows

According to the data provided by MONREC there are seven categories of fees and charges payable by Gems and Jade companies to the ministry. These fees and charges are set out in the table below:

Table 109: Payment flows paid by the G&J companies

			In billion kyats
Payment	Amount	%	Cumulative
Permit fees	365.30	49%	49%
Specific goods tax	180.00	24%	74%
Sale Split	128.08	17%	91%
Service Fees - 3%	40.71	6%	97%
Royalties	23.89	3%	100%
Penalties	2.70	0%	100%
Commercial Tax	0.38	0%	100%
Total	741.06	100%	

Scope decided by the MSG

The MSG decided to include all non-tax revenue streams in the scope of EITI report without threshold. According to the above, the gems and jade payment flows that was decided to include in the 2017-2018 reconciliation scope may be summarised as follows:

Table 110: Payment flows included in the G&J scope collected by the MGE

Ν°	Payment flows	Agency
1	Permit/licence fees	MGE
2	Specific goods tax	MGE
3	Sale Split	MGE
4	Service Fees - 3%	MGE
5	Royalties on production	DOM
6	Penalties	MGE
7	Commercial Tax	MGE

Following the review of the taxation regime of the Gems and Jade companies and the previous EITI reports, the MSG decided to include the following fees and payments in the 2017-18 scope without threshold.:

Table 111: Payment flows included in the G&J scope

N°	Payment flows	Agency
1	Incentive fees	MGE
2	Environment/plantation fee	Forest Department
3	Land fees	Forest Department
4	In-kind: Production split	MGE
5	Royalties	MGE
6	Entrance fees	Central Committee

4.2.5. Other minerals sector payments analysis (non-tax revenues streams)

Payment flows

According to the data provided by MONREC there are six categories of fees and charges payable by mining companies to the ministry. These fees and charges are set out in the table below:

Table 112: Payment flows included in the other minerals scope

	-	<u> </u>	l	n billion kyats
N°	Payment	Amount	%	Cumulative
1	Production Split (Mineral Tax)	34.90	82%	82%
2	In Kind Royalties	3.16	7 %	90%
3	Dead Rent Fee	2.76	6%	96%
4	Royalty	1.48	3%	100%
5	License Fee	0.10	0%	100%
6	Application Fee	0.03	0%	100%
	Total	42.43	100%	

Moreover, following meetings held with MONREC and the Forestry Department, we identified the following additional non-tax payments:

Table 113: Payment flows included in the other minerals

Ν°	Payment flows
1	Land Fees
2	Environment/plantation fees

Following the review of the taxation regime of the mining companies and the previous EITI reports, the following additional non-tax payments were identified:

Table 114: Payment flows collected by the ME1 and ME2

N°	Payment flows	Agency
1	Production Split (In Kind)	(ME1 & ME2)
2	Application Fee	(ME1 & ME2)
3	Other fees (penalty/rental of machinery)	ME2

Scope decided by the MSG

On the basis of the information provided by MONREC, the MSG decided to include all non-tax revenue streams in the scope of the 2017-2018 report without applying the materiality threshold. Accordingly, the mining payment flows that we propose to be included in the 2017-2018 reconciliation scope may be summarised as follows:

N°	Payment flows	Governmental Agency
1	Royalties	DOM
2	Dead Rent fee	DOM
3	Licence fee	DOM
4	Application Fee	DGSE
5	Land Fees	Forest Department
6	Environment/plantation fee	Forest Department
7	Production Split	ME1 / ME2
8	Application Fees	ME1 / ME2
9	Other fees (penalty/rental of machinery) (*)	ME2
10	In-kind Production split	DOM

4.2.6. Pearl sector payments analysis (non-tax revenues streams)

Payment flows

According to the data provided by MPE there are five categories of fees and charges payable by Pearl companies to the as follows:

			In Kyat
N°	Payment	Amount	%
1	Royalty (Seeding Tax)	702,000,010	93.94%
2	Lease of Building	43,800,000	5.86%
3	Other Fees (Registration & Annual Fees)	1,477,000	0.20%
4	License Fee	-	0.00%
5	Production split 25% in kind (Foreign companies only)	62,575	
	Total in cash	747,339,585	100.00%

Scope decided by the MSG

The MSG decided to include all the non-tax revenue streams in the scope of the 2017-2018 EITI reports without applying a materiality threshold.

Based on the above, the Pearl payment flows to be included in the 2017-2018 reconciliation scope may be summarised as follows:

N°	Payment flows	In Cash	In kind
1	Royalty (Seeding Tax)		•
2	Lease of Building	Х	
3	Other Fees (Registration & Annual Fees)	X	
4	License Fee	Х	
5	Production split 25% in kind (Foreign companies only)	-	Х

4.2.7. Definition of the payments flows

Based on the selection criteria presented in the previous section, the following payment flows were selected in the scope.

Common taxation

Table 115: Definition of the Payment flows included in the scope

N°	Payment flows	Definition			
Payments to IRD and Customs Department					
Paymen	its to IRD and Customs	For the company that is registered and established in Myanmar under the Myanmar			
1	Corporate Income Tax (CIT)	Companies Act or the Special Companies Act 1950, the other income except the salary heading of the non-resident foreigner, the business that operates with the permission issued by the Myanmar Investment Commission, State Owned economic organizations, the income tax is 25 % of net profit.			
2	Commercial Tax	Commercial tax is levied on the sales of goods and services and applies to certain transactions as defined in the Commercial Tax Law. Commercial tax is applied to the gross sales of goods and services. For imported goods, commercial tax is calculated on the "cost, insurance and freight" (CIF) value of goods plus customs duties. The commercial tax levied on the export of electricity is at a rate of 8% and crude oil at a rate of 5%. Commercial tax is at zero percent on exports, except in the case of exported electricity and crude oil. The application for registration must be in the prescribed form and filed one month before the commencement of business.			
3	Specific good Tax	Special Goods Tax is payable on goods that are imported goods, manufacturing goods that are produced in the domestic market and exported goods. There are 17 specific goods with tax rates from 5% to 80%. The specified tax rates on the specific good; Natural gas: 8% Raw Jade:15% Raw ruby, sapphire and precious stone:10% Finished products of jade, ruby, sapphire, and other precious stones jewellery made by finished products of jade, ruby, sapphire, and other precious stones 5% The exported log different type of timber:10% The specific goods tax is not levied on the exports except from the above five specific goods			
4	Stamp Duties	Stamp duties collected from the sale of judicial and non-judicial stamps. Judicial stamps represent fees payable under the Court Fees Act. Non-judicial stamp duty is levied on various types of instruments required to be stamped under the Myanmar Stamp Act.			
-		The sale, exchange or transfer of capital assets are levied for income tax purposes on gains calculated based on the difference between gross sales and the purchase cost of assets plus any additions less depreciation.			
5	Capital Gains Tax	Capital assets for income tax purposes are defined as lands, buildings, vehicles, or any other asset owned by an entity including shares, bonds and intangibles. CGT is levied at 10% on the capital gain and payments are required to be made within thirty days from the date of disposal of the capital assets.			
		Withholding tax (WHT) is a tax where any person or company making certain payments is required to deduct from such payments and remit to the Government Agencies.			
		The tax withheld must be paid to IRD within seven days from the date of withholding.			
		Tax withheld from payments to residents will be set off against the tax due on their final tax assessments. Tax withheld from payments to non-resident companies (except the branches registered in Myanmar) is a final tax.			
		Latest updates:			
		Notification 51/2017 dated on 22 May 2017			
6	Withholding tax	Notification No. 51/2017 has been replaced by Notification No. 47/2018 starting from 1 July 2018.			
		Notification 47/2018 dated on 18 June 2018			
		Notification N° 41/2017 has been replaced by Notification N° 47/2018 staring from 1 July 2018.			
		The main change is the removal of withholding tax on payments for goods and services to residents. However, payments made by the Government are still subject to a 2% withholding tax.			
		In the new notification, for payment made by the government under paragraph (c) of the withholding tax rates table below, MoPFI states the payment exemption threshold			

N°	Payment flows	Definition
		of MMK 1 million in a year. It is also stated that no withholding tax is required for payments made between Government Agencies.
7	Other significant payments (> 50,000 USD)	To avoid material omissions, a line entitled "Other significant payments flows" has been included in the reporting template for extractive companies to report any significant payments including any payment flows which are not expected in the reporting template and which are above USD 50,000.
Paymei	nts to Customs Departm	ent
1	Commercial Tax	A commercial tax is levied on the sales of goods and services and applies to certain transactions as defined in the Commercial Tax Law. Commercial tax is applied to the gross sales of goods and services. For imported goods, commercial tax is calculated via the "cost, insurance and freight" (CIF) value of goods.
		Goods imported to Myanmar are subject to Customs Duties and are required to be declared to the Myanmar Customs Department accordingly.
2	Customs Duties	The tariff rate for import of goods generally range from 0% to 40% of the value of the goods.
		For exports of goods, export duty is levied on certain commodities.

Oil and Gas payments

Payment flows in kind

Table 105: Definition of the Payment flows included in the scope

	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
	N°	Payment flows	Definition	
Payments to MOGE		nts to MOGE		
	1	State profit share	It is the State's entitlement to the Profit Oil/Gas of the Oil and Gas produced. It is calculated based on the production sales after the deduction of the cost recovery;	
	2	MOGE profit share	The MOGE profit share: after the deduction of the cost recovery and the state profit share, the remaining amount is divided between the different contractors according to their interest. The amount received by the MOGE is the MOGE profit share.	
	3	Royalties	Royalties are charged at the percentage (mentioned in the contract) of the value of production. The same rate applies for both oil and natural gas. Royalties in Myanmar could be paid in kind or in cash (PSC in cash and IPR in kind).	
	4	Baseline payment	In-kind payment made by Oil and Gas onshore companies to MOGE. The amount and payment modalities are detailed in the PCC (Performance Compensation Contracts) and IPR (Improved Petroleum Recovery Contract)	
	5	Risk compensation	In-kind payment made by Oil and Gas onshore companies to MOGE. The amount and payment modalities are detailed in the PCC (Performance Compensation) Contracts and IPR (Improved Petroleum Recovery Contract).	

Payment flows in cash

Table 105: Definition of the Payment flows included in the scope

Ν°	Payment flows	Definition
Paymei	nts to MOGE	
6	Payment out of production	it was defined as a reimbursement of undivided interests by MOGE in the total of the rights and obligations can be made in kind or "Payment out of Production" of fifty percent (50%) of MOGE'S production entitlement under the Contract valued commencing from the beginning of Commercial Production. It is also classified as inkind in the previous reports. This is applicable to all Contractors. 97
7	Signature Bonus	Bonus paid upon conclusion of a (Production Sharing Contract (PSC). The amount of the Signature Bonus is specified in the PSC.
8	Royalties	Royalties are charged at the percentage (mentioned in the contract) of the value of production. The same rate applies for both oil and natural gas. Royalties in Myanmar could be paid in kind or in cash (PSC in cash and IPR in kind).

⁹⁷ 2016-2017 EITI report

N°	Payment flows	Definition
9	State profit share	It is the State's entitlement to the Profit Oil/Gas of the Oil and Gas produced. It is calculated based on the production sales after the deduction of the cost recovery;
10	Production Bonus	Bonus paid to MOGE in proportion to the quantities of hydrocarbons produced. The amount of the Production Bonus is specified in the PSC.
11	MOGE profit share	The MOGE profit share: after the deduction of the cost recovery and the state profit share, the remaining amount is divided between the different contractors according to their interest. The amount received by the MOGE is the MOGE profit share.
12	Dividend	This is the distribution of profits in proportion to the number of shares held directly in the Extractive Company.
13	Training Fund	A training contribution is payable annually by concession holders. Different annual payments apply during the exploration and production periods. The payments to the training fund are not transferred to MOGE, they are held by the extractive companies and managed by a monitoring committee of which MOGE is a member.
14	Research and Development Fund	Contractors should pay an annual contribution to a Research and Development (R&D) Fund from the start of production. This contribution is equal to 0.5% of contractor's share of profit production.
16	Data fee	Data fee is levied only on offshore blocks. It is payable within 30 days after the signature of the PSC.
17	Land fees/Dead rent fee	Land fees is payable to the Ministry of Environmental Conservation and Forestry. The amount of the land rent is specified in the PSC
18	Other significant payments (> 50,000 USD)	To avoid material omissions, a line entitled "Other significant payments flows" has been included in the reporting template for extractive companies to report any significant payments including any payment flows which are not expected in the reporting template and which are above USD 50,000.
19	Contribution to the State/region social development fund	It is the annual contribution made by Oil and Gas companies to the State/region social development fund.

Oil and Gas transportation payments

Table 115: Definition of the Payment flows included in the scope

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
N°	Payment flows	Definition
Paymen	nts to MOGE	
1	Profit Sharing Oil and Gas transportation	It is MOGE's share of the Oil and Gas transported via the pipeline.
2	Transit fees Oil and Gas transportation	Transit fees are paid by extractives companies to MOGE for the use of the pipelines.
3	Road right fee Oil and Gas transportation	Road right fees are paid to MOGE by the companies which operate the pipelines.

Mining sector payments

Payment flows in kind

Table 115: Definition of the Payment flows included in the scope

N°	Payment flows	Definition
Paymer	nts to MoM	
1	Production Split	Production is shared between the parties. The percentage of the SOE and the percentage of each partner are mentioned in the PSC. The Ministry of Mines share can be increased if production increases.
2	Royalties	Royalties are paid by a mining licence holder to DOM on the sales value of all products extracted. Royalties for Mining Projects are payable on: -Precious metallic minerals - Iron, copper, zinc, lead, etc. from 3% to 4%; and -Gold, silver, platinum from 4% to 5%.

Cash payment

Table 115: Definition of the Payment flows included in the scope

N°	Payment flows	Definition
		Definition .
Departn N°1 Min	nts to Ministry of Mines nent of Mines ning Enterprise (ME1) ning Enterprise (ME2)	
1	Royalties	Royalties are paid by a mining licence holder to DOMon the sales value of all products extracted. Royalties for Mining Projects are payable on: -Precious metallic minerals - Iron, copper, zinc, lead, etc. from 3% to 4%; and -Gold, silver, platinum from 4% to 5%.
2	Signature Bonus	Bonus paid within 30 days after conclusion of mining agreement. The amount of the Signature Bonus is specified in the agreement.
3	Production Split	Production is shared between the parties. The percentages payable to the SOE and to each partner are mentioned in the PSC. The Ministry of Mines' share can be increased if production increases.
4	Dead Rent Fees	Land rent also called "dead rent" is payable during mineral prospecting and exploration stages. The amount of the land rent is specified by 2018 mining rules.
5	Licence Fees	Fees payable by an applicant of mining rights to be granted a mining license or permit.
6	Application Fees	Fees payable by an applicant for a mining right
7	Dividend	This is the distribution of profits in proportion to the number of shares held directly in the Extractive Company.
8	Other significant payments (> 50,000 USD)	To avoid material omissions, a line entitled "Other significant payments flows" has been included in the reporting template for extractive companies to report any significant payments including any payment flows which are not expected in the reporting templates and which are above USD 50,000.
Paymen	ts to MGE	
9	Royalties (20%)	Royalties are levied on the Jade, Ruby, Sapphire and Diamond production at the rate of 20%. These royalties are collected by MGE and cash paid to DOM.
10	Royalties (10%)	Royalties are levied on the other Gems Production at the rate of 10% These royalties are collected by MGE and cash paid to DOM.
11	Sale Split	It is the share of the State on the revenues of Gems & Jade sales made in the annual emporium.
12	Emporium Fees / Sale Fees	These fees are payable by the participants at the Gems and Jade Emporium.
13	Commercial Tax	A commercial tax is levied on the sales of goods and services and applies to certain transactions as defined in the Commercial Tax Law.
14	Permit Fee	Permit fees are payable by the holders of Gems and Jade rights
15	Service Fees	Service fees are payables by the participants to the Emporium at the rate of 3% for the raw materials and 1% for the values added products
16	Incentives	These fees are payable at the rate of 1% or 2% only by Joint Venture partners.
N°	Payment flows	Definition
Paymen	ts to Forest Departmen	t -Ministry of Environmental Conservation and Forestry
13	Land rental fees	Land rent also called "dead rent" is payable on mineral prospecting and exploration stages. The amount of the land rent is specified by the mining agreement.
14	Environmental / Plantation fees	Environmental / Plantation fees is payable by mining companies when they obtain their mining licenses.
Paymen	its General Administrati	ion Department-Ministry of Home Affairs
15	Mineral taxes	This includes 'fees from licenses for the extraction of minerals such as stone, laterite, limestone, marble, gypsum, clay, or other minerals which are not under the special mining rule.' In some cases, there is a fee per mill or rent per acre; in other cases, as with marble, GAD receives a certain number of kyat per 100 cubic feet extracted.
Paymen	ts to States/Regions	
16	Contribution to the State/region social development fund	It is the annual contribution made by companies to the State/region social development fund.

Social payments

The private sector's contribution to good governance in the extractive industries sector typically comes through either individual projects (which can be classed, in EITI terms, as "social payments"), as Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) programmes, or in a more structured form as Community Development Agreements which are incorporated into legal contracts between the operator and the government.

Under the EITI 2016 Standard, all forms of social payments must be recorded in the annual EITI reports, whether these social payments are mandated by law or included within the contract.

We understand that in Myanmar there are no social payments mandated by law, but social expenditure made voluntarily through CSR programmes which are implemented in accordance with company policies. We refer to two major CSR programmes, for the Yadana (Socio-Economic Programme (SEP)) and Shwe Gas pipelines. We also understand that some companies could be contractually obligated to contribute to the local CSR spending.

We cannot confirm whether companies have contractual obligations to make social payments since we could not consult these contracts

We understand that CSR has been established at the level of MOGE. 2% of the Net Profit of MOGE will be allocated to this fund.

MEITI may wish to play a role in ensuring greater transparency and accountability in these programmes by requiring detailed reporting on social expenditure for all companies that will be selected in the scope. The selected companies will be required to provide details of the projects and the beneficiaries of such expenditure.

N°	Flux	Definition
1	Mandatory social payments	These flows relate to mandatory social payments made by extractive companies in the development of local communities under agreements and contracts or commitments to communities and local councils. These include payments made by extractive companies to finance health infrastructure projects, schools, roads, truck farming and those supporting the actions of local communities, compensation other than those granted in return for direct compensations.
2	Voluntary social expenditures	These flows relate to voluntary social payments made by extractive companies in the development of local communities under agreements and contracts or commitments to communities and local councils. These include payments made by extractive companies to finance health infrastructure projects, schools, roads, truck farming and those supporting the actions of local communities, compensation other than those granted in return for direct compensations.

4.3. List of reporting entities decided by the MSG

4.3.1. Approach for the selection of reporting entities for inclusion in the reconciliation scope

We understand that extractive revenues are collected by MONREC and MoEE for the specific payments while MoPFI collects common taxation. We also understand that tax revenues received by MoPFI from the mining sector may relate to activities other than mining operations as mining companies are allowed to operate in several sectors according to Myanmar regulations.

The Customs Department within MoPFI is responsible for the collection of Customs Duties, however Commercial tax and Specific Good Tax are collected by IRD.

Therefore, the materiality analysis was based on the statements of revenues provided by the SOEs, MONREC, IRD and the Customs Department for the fiscal years 2017-2018.

4.3.2. List of reporting entities decided by the MSG for 2017-2018 EITI report

a. Oil and Gas sector

Materiality analysis

According to the data provided by MOGE and OGDP, payments made by the Oil and Gas companies for the FY 2017-2018 are set out in the table below:

							In I	oillion kyats
Company	Project	Land Fee	Royalties in cash	Royalties in kind	State's Share	Total in cash	Cumulative	%
Total E & P Myanmar (Yangon Branch) Co.,Ltd	Yadana Project	1.36	104.09		261.74	367.19	367.19	31%
Daewoo International Corporation	Shwe Project	-	91.38	-	216.02	352.91	720.1	30%
PCML	Yetagun Project	-	54.67	-	214.32	314.88	1034.98	27%
PTTEP Ltd	Zawtika Project	-	56.65	-	15.25	131.63	1166.61	11%
Goldpetrol JOC Inc	Chauk and YNG	-	2.01	43,451.48	-	2.01	1168.62	0%
Total		1.36	308.79	43,451.48	707.33	1168.62		

Moreover, according to the data submitted by MOGE, Signature Bonuses of USD 44.08 million were paid in the FY 2017-2018 in addition to the payments in the table above. The breakdown by company and by block is detailed as follows:

Company	Date	Block	In billion kyats Amount paid
Woodside Energy (Myanmar)Pte.Ltd (Yangon Branch)	7-2-2018	Block A-7	31.28
Petronas Carigali Myanmar Inc (Branch Office)	12-5-2017	IOR-7	4.04
Gold Petrol JOC Inc	7-11-2017	Chauk and Yenanchaung	2.03
Unocal Myanmar Offshore Co.,Ltd (Yangon Branch)	24-11-2017	Block A-5	1.35
Berlanga Myanmar Pte.Ltd (Myanmar Branch)	12-10-2017	Block M-8	1.35
Total E & P Myanmar (Yangon Branch) Co.,Ltd	9-11-2017	Block YWB	1.35
ENI Myanmar B.V(Myanmar Branch)	13-3-2018	Block MD-4	1.34
CFG Energy Pte(Myanmar Branch)	27-10-2017	Block M-8	0.68
CFG Energy Pte(Myanmar Branch)	26-7-2017	Block M-15	0.67
Total			44.08

According to the data provided by IRD, the following payments were made by the oil and gas companies during the FY 2017-2018:

			In billio	on kyats
Company	Commercial Tax	Income Tax	Withholding Tax	Total
Berlanga Myanmar Pte Ltd., (Myanmar Branch)	-	-	0.03	0.03
CAOG PTE LTD (MYANMAR BRANCH)	-	-	0	0
Gail JJ India Ltd	-	0.5	-	0.5
Gold Petrol Joint Operating Company Inc., (GJOC Inc.)	0.63	-	=	0.63
Nippon Oil Exploration (Myanmar) Ltd	-	4.31	-	4.31
ONGC Videsh Ltd.,	0.04	-	0	0.04
PC Myanmar (Hong Kong) Limited	16.11	-	-	16.11

Company	Commercial Tax	Income Tax	Withholding Tax	Total
Petronas Carigali Myanmar Inc (PCMI)	1.91	=	=	1.91
Posco Daewoo Corporation (Myanmar E&P Office)	0.83	-	1.49	2.32
PTTEP International Ltd.	26.56	16.84	0.04	43.44
Statoil Myanmar Pte. Ltd	0.04	-	-	0.04
Total E&P Myanmar	5.1	-	-	5.1
Unocal Myanmar Offshore Co., Ltd.	-	15.95	-	15.95
Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte Ltd	6.11	-	-	6.11
Grand Total	57.32	37.6	1.56	96.48

Scope decided by the MSG

the MSG decided to include the 56 companies' oil and gas companies holding Oil and Gas licenses as an operator, partner in the production field or Operators with Blocks in the Study and Exploration Phases. The list of selected companies is detailed below:

Table 116: List of Oil and Gas companies selected in the scope

Туре	Ν°	Company
State Owned Enterprise	1	Myanma Oil and Gas Enterprise
	2	Gold Petrol Joint Operating Company Inc., (GJOC Inc.)
	3	MPRL E&P
0	4	PC Myanmar (Hong Kong) Limited
Operator in producing field	5	Posco Daewoo Corporation (Myanmar E&P Office)
	6	PTTEP International Ltd.
	7	Total E&P Myanmar
	8	Gail JJ India Ltd
	9	Korea Gas Corporation
Partner in the producing field	10	Nippon Oil Exploration (Myanmar) Ltd
	11	ONGC Videsh Ltd.,
	12	Unocal Myanmar Offshore Co., Ltd.
	13	Asia Orient International Ltd. (CJs Oc Nobel Oil)
	14	Bashneft International B.V. (Myanmar Branch)
	15	Berlanga Myanmar Pte Ltd., (Myanmar Branch)
	16	BG Exploration & Production Myanmar Pte. Ltd. (Myanmar Branch)
	17	Brunei National Petroleum Company Sdn Bhd (PB Myanmar)
	18	CAOG PTE LTD (MYANMAR BRANCH)
	19	CFG Energy Pte Ltd.,
	20	ENI Myanmar B.V. (Myanmar Branch)
Operators with Blocks in the Study and	21	IsTech Energy EP-5 Pte Ltd., (Myanmar Branch)
Exploration Phases	22	Jubilant Oil & Gas Pte. Ltd.
	23	North Petro-Chem Corporation Myanmar Ltd. (NPCMM) Ophir Myanmar (Block AD-3) Limited (Myanmar Branch)
	25	Pacific Hunt Energy Corporation (Myanmar Branch)
	26	Parami Energy Development Company Ltd
	27	Apex Geo Services Co.,
	28	Petronas Carigali Myanmar Inc (PCMI)
	29	Petrovietnam Exploration Production Corporation
	30	Reliance Industries Ltd.
	31	Shell Myanmar Energy Pte. Ltd Yangon Branch

Туре	N°	Company
	32	SNOG Pte Ltd
	33	Tap Energy (M-7) Co., Ltd. (Statoil)
	34	TRG M15 Pte. Ltd.
	35	Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte Ltd
	36	MOECO Asia Pte. Ltd
	37	SmartE&PInternational Co.,Ltd
	38	United National Resources Development Services Co., Ltd
	39	Century Bright Gold Co., Ltd
	40	Myanmar Petroleum Exploration & Production Co., Ltd.
	41	Royal Marine Engineering Co.,Ltd
	42	Eden Group Co., Ltd
	43	Maurel & Prom Exploration & Production
	44	CNPC International Ltd.
	45	Asia Petroleum Investment Company (APIC)
	46	UPR Pte Ltd.
	47	A-1 Mining Company.Ltd.
	48	Win Precious Resources Pte Ltd.
	49	Palang Sophon Offshore Pte. Ltd. (PSO)
	50	Smart Technical Services Ltd.
	51	Lister Services Co., Ltd.
	52	Machinery and Solutions Co., Ltd.
	53	Sun Apex Holdings Ltd.
	54	Young Investment Group Co. Ltd.
	55	IGE Pte. Ltd.
	56	UNOG Pte. Ltd.

b. Transportation of Oil and Gas

Materiality analysis

Specific payments and taxes

According to the data provided by MOGE, we identified the following payments related to the transportation of Oil and Gas sector:

Company	Project	Road right fee Oil and Gas transportation
South East Asia Gas Pipeline Co., Ltd (Great Ocean Branch) SEAGP	Shwe	9.20
Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline (SEAOP)	NC	0.39
Andaman Transportation Limited (Yangon Branch) (ATL)	NC	1.02
Total		10.61

The documentation provided by MOGE shows an additional right of way payment amounting 0.7 billion kyats related to the Yetagan offshore project. We were unable to identify the transportation company that made this payment.

Common law tax and payments

According to the data provided by IRD, the following payments were made by Oil and Gas transportation companies:

				In billion kyats
No	Company	Commercial Tax	Income Tax	Total
1	Moattama Gas Transportation Co.,Ltd (MGTC)	-	131.31	131.31
2	South East Asia Gas Pipeline Co.,Ltd (Great Ocean Branch) SEAGP	0.73	-	0.73
3	Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC (Myanmar Branch)	-	53.38	53.38
	Total	0.73	184.68	185.42

Following the data provided by the Customs Department, we did not come across any payment made by Oil and Gas transportation companies.

Scope decided by the MSG

Given the limited number of operators, the MSG decided to include all the entities without applying a materiality threshold. On this basis, five oil and gas transportation companies will be included in the reconciliation scope. Those companies are presented as follows:

Table 117: List of Transportation companies selected in the scope

Company	Scope 2017-18	Scope 2016-17
South East Asia Gas Pipeline Co.,Ltd (Great Ocean Branch) (SEAGP)		
Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline (SEAOP)		
Andaman Transportation Limited (Yangon Branch) (ATL)		
Moattama Gas Transportation Co.,Ltd (MGTC)		
Taninthayi Pipeline Company LLC (Myanmar Branch) (TPC)		

c. Gems and Jade sector

Materiality analysis

The statements of revenues obtained from MONREC do not include the registration number of the companies. The names of some companies have been spelt differently from one government agency to another. These differences may be also due to the translation of these statements from Myanmar to English. Therefore, it would be erroneous to compile these data using company names as minor errors in these names may affect the accuracy of the materiality analysis.

Due to these constraints, the analysis of the materiality threshold has been done separately for each Government Agency without compiling all the data.

The payments made by Gems and Jade companies were collected from MONREC, IRD, Customs Department and the Forestry Department. Details of these payments by Government Agency are as follows:

	In billion	kyats
Government agency	Amount	%
Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation MONREC	741.063	86%
Internal Revenue Department IRD	115.397	13%
Myanmar Customs Department MCD	4.342	1%
Forestry Department FD	0.003	0%
Total	860.80	100%

Due to same limitations mentioned for the 2017-2018 data, the materiality has been analysed for each Government Agency separately without compiling all the data.

Materiality analysis of the MONREC data

Based on the data provided by MONREC, the profile of payments for Gems and Jade sector in FY 2017-2018 is set out in the following table:

Gems and Jade Companies/Taxpayers				
Payment threshold	Number of companies/ taxpayers	Revenue collected by MoM (billion Kyats)	Weight / total collected revenue	Cumulative weight
Amount > Kyats 10 billion	7	147.59	20%	20%
Kyats 5 billion <amount 10="" <kyats="" billion<="" td=""><td>23</td><td>151.94</td><td>21%</td><td>40%</td></amount>	23	151.94	21%	40%
Kyats 3 billion <amount 5="" <kyats="" billion<="" td=""><td>27</td><td>102.82</td><td>14%</td><td>54%</td></amount>	27	102.82	14%	54%
Kyats 2 billion <amount 3="" <kyats="" billion<="" td=""><td>28</td><td>67.90</td><td>9%</td><td>63%</td></amount>	28	67.90	9%	63%
Kyats 1.5 billion <amount 2="" <kyats="" billion<="" td=""><td>29</td><td>50.58</td><td>7%</td><td>70%</td></amount>	29	50.58	7%	70%
Kyats 1 billion <amount 1.5="" <kyats="" billion<="" td=""><td>41</td><td>51.69</td><td>7%</td><td>77%</td></amount>	41	51.69	7%	77%
Kyats 0.84 billion <amount 1<br="" <kyats="">billion</amount>	23	20.68	3%	80%
Amount < Kyats 0.84 billion	2,431	147.87	20%	100%
Total	2,609	741.06	100%	

According to the above table, the companies paying taxes of more than **Kyats 0.84 bn** represent **80**% of the total revenues collected by MONREC from companies operating in the Gems and Jade sector.

The materiality threshold above means that Gems and Jade companies making **80**% of reported payments to MONREC will be included in the reconciliation i.e. all companies making payments to MONREC in excess of **0.84 bn Kyats**.

Accordingly, the MSG decided to select 178 companies for the reconciliation exercise on the basis of the data obtained from MONREC as follows:

Table 118: List of Gems and Jade companies selected in the scope

	Gems and Jade companies proposed for the reconciliation scope 2017-2018		
Ν°	Company name	N°	Company name
1	Linn Lett Win Yadanar Gems Co Ltd	90	Nay La Pwint
2	Yar Za Htar Ni	91	Ma Li Kha Gemstone Co
3	YADANAR TAUNG TEN	92	Wan Full
4	Wai Aung Gabar	93	Aung Tu Ka Dana
5	Ayeyar Yadanar Gems & Jewellery Co., Ltd	94	Yadanar Moe Myay
6	AKNK	95	Shine Family
7	SILVER ELEPHANT GEMS CO LTD	96	Thein Gabar Aung
8	Phyo Thiha Kyaw	97	Jade Treasure
9	Same Wai Hlaing (SWH)	98	Lawka Nandar
10	Mya Garden (GEG)	99	Ngwe Si Hein
11	Kan Pwint Oo	100	Myat Pan Khaing
12	Shwe Ngar Koe Kaung	101	Lon Hine
13	Shwe Gaung Gaung Gems Co Ltd	102	Shwe Yaung Sin
14	Htun Tauk Zabu Gems & Jewellery Co;Ltd.	103	Hein Aung Lin Htet Jade Co. Ltd
15	Sein Lon Taung Tan (SLTT-S)	104	Phar Kant Sai Bon
16	Ayar Jade	105	Thigi Myintzu Yadanar
17	Shining Star Light Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	106	Same Nay Chi (SNC)

	Gems and Jade companies proposed t	or the reconciliation	n scope 2017-2018
N°	Company name	N°	Company name
18	Yadanar Sin Thiri Gems Co	107	Seine Light
19	SHWE OAK KHAI MINING CO., LTD.	108	New Lucky Green Gems
20	Jade Mountain	109	Mya San Dar (MSD)
21	Thi Yaw Ma Ni	110	Jade Thazin
22	Phoe Thar Htoo	111	Kaung Su Aung
23	Myanma Seinn Lei Aung Gems Co Ltd.	112	Kachin National Development
24	Yadanar Yaung Chi	113	Kyaut Seinn Tapyay
25	Lin Htet Aung	114	Kaung Wai Yan Co
26	Norbal Three Star (GMMK)	115	Seine Sein
27	WAN BROTHERS	116	Lucky Star Jade Group
28	Mya Yaung Tun	117	Yadanar Si
29	Nan Htike Pyae Paing Co	118	Ah Mhan Akhan Kyauk Seinn
30	Khun Paooe	119	Yadanar Thayaphu
31	Shwe Tataing	120	Kaung Mon Yadanar
32	Great Genesis Gems (GMH)	121	Seine Yaung Myay
33	Htat Aye Yar	122	Global Sun Light
34	Wai Family	123	Aung Hlaing Kyawlwa
35	Sai Taung Co	124	Ah Phoe Tan San Chain Mhe
36	KYAUK SEINN NANDAW GEMS & JEWELLERY Co Ltd	125	Seine Aung
37	Jade Land	126	Myint Shinn
38	Jade Than Lwin	127	U Kyaw Thet
39	111	128	Buu Gar
40	Kaung Myat Thu Ka	129	Jade Shae Saung
41	Seine Pwint Pwint Wai	130	Jade Min
42	Khine Myanmar	131	Yi Li Fa [YLF]
	Unity	132	Pyi Yadanar
	Wai Yan Thar (WYT)		Tharyar Kyinu Phwe
45	Sin Gaung Taung	134	Myanmar Thura [MTY]
46	GREEN MOUNTAIN CO; LTD	135	Kyaut Seinnn Karbarkyaw
47	Chang Long Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	136	Hole In One
48	Kyaut Myat Min	137	Nay Chi Yadanar
49	Yadanar Shwe Ye Win	138	Kyauk Same Win Kabar
50	Myit Sone Ayar	139	Oo Ru Seine Yadanar
51	Yadanar Aung Chan	140	Kaung Htike
52	Myanmar Imperial Jade Co	141	Sein Minn Yadanar
53	Khin Zaw Aung & Brother	142	Yadanar Kyal Ngar Pwint
54	Myanmar First Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	143	Kyal Lin
55	Ever Winner [EW]	144	3 3
56	Shwe Hein Htet Gems Co Ltd	145	
57	Myo Nwe Gems	146	Khine Lon
58	Tun Naing Aung	147	Pon Taung Thar
59	Nay Min Kabar Co	148	Palaung National
60	Zabu Thiri Co	149	Yadanar Linn
61	Yadanar Three Elephants Co	150	Yadanar Kyar Phyu

	Gems and Jade companies proposed for the reconciliation scope 2017-2018			
N°	Company name	N°	Company name	
62	Kyaing International (GKI)	151	Sein Thura San	
63	Nan Oo Yadanar	152	Aung Shwe Kabar	
64	Su Htoo Pan	153	San Taw Win	
65	Long Byit	154	Jade Crystal Palace	
66	Super Sein	155	Shwe Hwa	
67	Win le' Yadanar	156	Aung Myin Thu	
68	Kyal Sin Phyu	157	Gold Jade	
69	Yadanar kyal	158	Thet Hein	
70	ARS Gems [ARS]	159	Myanmar Kywal Wa Thaw Myay	
71	Yadanar Pyae Phyo Aung	160	MEGA STAR JEWEL LIMITED	
72	Jade Padathar Gems Co,Ltd	161	Kan Sein Pwint	
73	Ruby Dragon Company	162	Myanmar Winning Gate (GMWG)	
74	Northern Jade World	163	San Family	
75	Kaung Htet Khaing	164	Hone Yin Yi Shin	
76	Kaung Swan Htet Co	165	Kyal Ta Khon Sein	
77	Shwe Ywat Hlwar	166	Gandawin Kyaut Myat Garden	
78	Same Lei Yadanar Win Co (SLYW)	167	Kaung Taw Myay	
79	Phar kant Bayin	168	U Hla Soe Oo	
80	Agga Yadanar	169	80000	
81	Shwe War Myae (mandalay)	170	Than Lwin Kyaw Kyar	
82	Delta Land	171	Gems Shwe Pyi Co	
83	Seine Lone Aung	172	Moe Brothers	
84	Aung Hein Minn	173	Innwa Nay Chi Co	
85	Kyauk Seinn Sun Shwin Jade Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	174	Jade Master	
86	Yadanar Aung Tun Tauk	175	Taw Win Jade Dragon	
87	U YA GEMS	176	Shwe Tun Win	
88	Chaung Brother	177	Kan Thar Yar	
89	Myat Yamon	178	Jade Brothers	

Materiality analysis of IRD data

Based on the data provided by IRD, payments for Gems and Jade sector in the FY 2017-2018 are set out in the following table:

Gems and Jade Companies/Taxpayers				
Payment threshold	Number of companies/ taxpayers	Revenue collected by IRD (billion Kyats)	Weight / total collected revenue	Cumulative weight
Amount > Kyats 3 billion	8	60.74	53%	53%
Kyats 2 billion <amount 3="" <kyats="" billion<="" td=""><td>7</td><td>16.38</td><td>14%</td><td>67%</td></amount>	7	16.38	14%	67%
Kyats 1 billion <amount 2="" <kyats="" billion<="" td=""><td>8</td><td>10.29</td><td>9%</td><td>76%</td></amount>	8	10.29	9%	76%
Kyats 0.5 billion <amount 1="" <kyats="" billion<="" td=""><td>13</td><td>8.66</td><td>8%</td><td>83%</td></amount>	13	8.66	8%	83%
Amount < Kyats 0.5 billion	411	19.33	17%	100%
Total	447	48.14	100%	

Accordingly, the companies paying taxes of more than **0.5** bn Kyats represent **83**% of the total revenue collected by IRD from companies operating in the Gems and Jade sector.

The materiality threshold decided by the MSG above means that Gems and Jade companies making 83% of reported payments to IRD will be included in the reconciliation i.e. all companies making payments to IRD in excess of 0.5 bn Kyats.

Accordingly, 36 companies will be selected for the reconciliation exercise on the basis of the data obtained from IRD as follows:

Table 119: List of additional Gems and Jade companies selected in the scope

Table 117. Else of additional delits and dade companies selected in the scope		
Gems and Jade companies propose	d for the reconciliation scope 2017-2018	
Linn Lett Win Yadanar Gems Co.,Ltd *	Kyauk Seinn Sun Shwin Jade Gems & Jewellery Co;Ltd*	
Yar Zar Htar ne Gems Co.,Ltd *	Khin Zaw Aung & Brothers Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd *	
Myat Myittar Mon (G & J) Co.,Ltd	Shining Star Light Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd*	
Yadanar Taung Tann Gems Co.,Ltd *	Nay Min Kabar Jade & Gems Co.,Ltd *	
Wai Aung Gabar Gems Company Limited *	Shwe Gaung Gaung Gems Co.,Ltd *	
Kan Pwint Oo Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd *	Shwe Hein Htet Gems Co.,Ltd*	
Myanmar Imperial Jade Co.,Ltd *	Pang Huke Duwa Co.,Ltd	
AUNG HEIN MIN CO., LTD *	Great Genesis Gems Co.,Ltd *	
Silver Elephant Gems Co.,Ltd *	Agga Yadanar Jade, Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd *	
Ayar Jade Co.,Ltd *	Phyo Thiha Kyaw Gems Co.,Ltd *	
Myo Nwe Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd *	Nay La Pwint *	
Unity Gems Co.,Ltd *	Kaung Swan Htet Co.,Ltd *	
Kyaing Int'L Trading Co.,Ltd *	Shwe Pyi Thar Thama	
Myanmar Thura Gems Co.,Ltd *	Kaung Su Aung Jade & Gems *	
Sein Lom Taung Tan Gems Co.,Ltd *	Yadanar Yaung Chi Gems Co.,Ltd *	
Thirawmani Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd *	Khant Shwe Pyi Co.,Ltd	
Ayeyar Yadanar Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd *	Agga Yadanar Min Yarzar Jade Gems *	
Thein Gabar Aung Co.,Ltd *	Aung Myin Thu Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd*	
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^(*) Company already selected on the basis of MONREC data

Materiality analysis of Customs data

Based on the data provided by the Customs Department, payments received from the Gems and Jade sector in the FY 2017-2018 are set out in the following table:

Gems and Jade Companies/Taxpayers				
Payment threshold	Number of companies/taxpayers	Revenue collected by Customs Department (billion Kyats)	Weight / total collected revenue	Cumulative weight
Amount > Kyats 1 billion	1	2.14	49%	49%
Kyats 0.5 billion <amount 1="" <kyats="" billion<="" td=""><td>1</td><td>0.84</td><td>19%</td><td>69%</td></amount>	1	0.84	19%	69%
Kyats 70 million <amount 0.5="" <kyats="" billion<="" td=""><td>7</td><td>0.93</td><td>21%</td><td>90%</td></amount>	7	0.93	21%	90%
Kyats 50 million <amount 70="" <kyats="" million<="" td=""><td>3</td><td>0.18</td><td>4%</td><td>94%</td></amount>	3	0.18	4%	94%
Amount <kyats 99="" million<="" td=""><td>29</td><td>0.26</td><td>6%</td><td>97%</td></kyats>	29	0.26	6%	97%
Total	41	4.34	100%	

Accordingly, the companies paying taxes of more than **70 million Kyats** represent **90%** of the total revenues collected by the Customs Department from companies operating in the Gems and Jade sector.

The materiality threshold decided by the MSG above means that mining companies making **90**% of reported payments to the Customs Department will be included in the reconciliation i.e. all companies making payments to the Customs Department in excess of **70 million Kyats**.

Accordingly, nine (9) companies will be selected for the reconciliation exercise on the basis of the data obtained from the Customs Department as follows:

Gems and Jade companies proposed for the reconciliation scope 2017- 2018		
Kaung Swan Htet *	Yadanar San Shwin Gem	
Nilar Yoma	Yadanar Moe Myay Gem *	
Lyan Shan	Mega Star Jewel*	
Yadanar Myat Noe Thwe Gem	111 (triple one) *	
Kvi Wai Yan	·	

^(*) Company already selected on the basis of MONREC data

Materiality analysis for the Forestry Department

Based on the data provided by the Forestry Department, payments for Gems and Jade sector in the FY 2017-2018 are set out in the following table:

Gems and Jade sector Companies/Taxpayers				
Payment threshold	Number of companies/ taxpayers	Revenue collected by Forest Department (million Kyats)	Weight / total collected revenue	Cumulative weight
- Amount > Kyats 1 million	1	2.73	93%	93%
Amount <kyats 1="" million<="" td=""><td>4</td><td>0.20</td><td>7%</td><td>100%</td></kyats>	4	0.20	7%	100%
Total	5	2.93	100%	

According to the above table, Hee Ya Gems paid land fees of **2,73 million Kyats** representing **93**% of the total revenues collected by the Forestry Department from companies operating in the Gems and Jade sector.

The materiality threshold decided by the MSG above means that Gems and Jade companies making 93% of reported payments to the Forestry Department will be included in the reconciliation i.e. all companies making payments to the Customs Department in excess of **2,73 million Kyats**.

Hee Ya Gems will therefore be selected for the reconciliation exercise on the basis of the data obtained from the Forestry Department.

Scope decided by the MSG

The materiality thresholds decided by the MSG above means that Gems and Jade companies making **80**% of reported payments to MONREC, IRD, Customs Department and Forestry Department will be included in the reconciliation scope.

Therefore, on the basis of the data obtained from MONREC, IRD, Customs Department and Forestry Department, 188 companies have been selected for the reconciliation exercise:

Table 120: List of G&J companies selected in the scope

	Table 120: List of G&J co	ompanies setet	tica in the scope
N°	Company name	N°	Company name
1	Linn Lett Win Yadanar Gems Co Ltd	95	Shine Family
2	Yar Za Htar Ni	96	Thein Gabar Aung
3	YADANAR TAUNG TEN	97	Jade Treasure
4	Wai Aung Gabar	98	Lawka Nandar
5	Ayeyar Yadanar Gems & Jewellery Co., Ltd	99	Ngwe Si Hein
6	AKNK	100	Myat Pan Khaing
7	SILVER ELEPHANT GEMS CO LTD	101	Lon Hine
8	Phyo Thiha Kyaw	102	Shwe Yaung Sin
9	Same Wai Hlaing (SWH)	103	Hein Aung Lin Htet Jade Co. Ltd
10	Mya Garden (GEG)	104	Phar Kant Sai Bon
11	Kan Pwint Oo	105	Thigi Myintzu Yadanar
12	Shwe Ngar Koe Kaung	106	Same Nay Chi (SNC)
13	Shwe Gaung Gams Co Ltd	107	Seine Light
14	Htun Tauk Zabu Gems & Jewellery Co;Ltd.	108	New Lucky Green Gems
15	Sein Lon Taung Tan (SLTT-S)	109	Mya San Dar (MSD)
16	Ayar Jade	110	Jade Thazin
17	Shining Star Light Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	111	Kaung Su Aung
18	Yadanar Sin Thiri Gems Co	112	Kachin National Development
19	SHWE OAK KHAI MINING CO., LTD.	113	Kyaut Seinn Tapyay
20	Jade Mountain	114	Kaung Wai Yan Co
21	Thi Yaw Ma Ni	115	Seine Sein
22	Phoe Thar Htoo	116	Lucky Star Jade Group
23	Myanma Seinn Lei Aung Gems Co Ltd.	117	Yadanar Si
24	Yadanar Yaung Chi	118	Ah Mhan Akhan Kyauk Seinn
25	Lin Htet Aung	119	Yadanar Thayaphu
26	Norbal Three Star (GMMK)	120	Kaung Mon Yadanar
27	WAN BROTHERS	121	Seine Yaung Myay
28	Mya Yaung Tun	122	Global Sun Light
29	Nan Htike Pyae Paing Co	123	Aung Hlaing Kyawlwa
30	Khun Paooe	124	Ah Phoe Tan San Chain Mhe
31	Shwe Tataing	125	Seine Aung
32	Great Genesis Gems (GMH)	126	Myint Shinn
33	Htat Aye Yar	127	U Kyaw Thet
34	Wai Family	128	
35	Sai Taung Co	129	Jade Shae Saung
36	KYAUK SEINN NANDAW GEMS & JEWELLERY Co Ltd	130	Jade Min
37	Jade Land	131	Yi Li Fa [YLF]
38	Jade Than Lwin	132	Pyi Yadanar
39	111	133	Tharyar Kyinu Phwe
40	Kaung Myat Thu Ka	134	,
41	Seine Pwint Pwint Wai	135	Kyaut Seinnn Karbarkyaw
42	Khine Myanmar	136	Hole In One
43	Unity	137	,
44	Wai Yan Thar (WYT)	138	Kyauk Same Win Kabar

N°	Company name	N°	Company name
45	Sin Gaung Taung	139	Oo Ru Seine Yadanar
46	GREEN MOUNTAIN CO; LTD	140	Kaung Htike
47	Chang Long Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	141	Sein Minn Yadanar
48	Kyaut Myat Min	142	Yadanar Kyal Ngar Pwint
49	Yadanar Shwe Ye Win	143	Kyal Lin
50	Myit Sone Ayar	144	Ngwe Young Stone
51	Yadanar Aung Chan	145	Wan Chan
52	Myanmar Imperial Jade Co	146	Khine Lon
53	Khin Zaw Aung & Brother	147	Pon Taung Thar
54	Myanmar First Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	148	Palaung National
55	Ever Winner [EW]	149	Yadanar Linn
56	Shwe Hein Htet Gems Co Ltd	150	Yadanar Kyar Phyu
57	Myo Nwe Gems	151	Sein Thura San
58	Tun Naing Aung	152	Aung Shwe Kabar
59	Nay Min Kabar Co	153	San Taw Win
60	Zabu Thiri Co	154	Jade Crystal Palace
61	Yadanar Three Elephants Co	155	Shwe Hwa
62	Kyaing International (GKI)	156	Aung Myin Thu
63	Nan Oo Yadanar	157	Gold Jade
64	Su Htoo Pan	158	Thet Hein
65	Long Byit	159	Myanmar Kywal Wa Thaw Myay
66	Super Sein	160	MEGA STAR JEWEL LIMITED
67	Win le' Yadanar	161	
68	Kyal Sin Phyu		Myanmar Winning Gate (GMWG)
	Yadanar kyal		San Family
	ARS Gems [ARS]		Hone Yin Yi Shin
71	Yadanar Pyae Phyo Aung		Kyal Ta Khon Sein
	Jade Padathar Gems Co,Ltd		Gandawin Kyaut Myat Garden
	Ruby Dragon Company		Kaung Taw Myay
74		168	U Hla Soe Oo 80000
75	Kaung Htet Khaing	169	
76 77	Kaung Swan Htet Co Shwe Ywat Hlwar	170	Than Lwin Kyaw Kyar Gems Shwe Pyi Co
78	Same Lei Yadanar Win Co (SLYW)	171	•
	Phar kant Bayin		Innwa Nay Chi Co
80	Agga Yadanar	173	Jade Master
81	Shwe War Myae (mandalay)	175	Taw Win Jade Dragon
82	Delta Land	176	Shwe Tun Win
83	Seine Lone Aung	177	Kan Thar Yar
84	Aung Hein Minn	178	Jade Brothers
85	Kyauk Seinn Sun Shwin Jade Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	179	Myat Myittar Mon (G & J) Co.,Ltd
86	Yadanar Aung Tun Tauk	180	Pang Huke Duwa Co.,Ltd
87	U YA GEMS	181	Shwe Pyi Thar Thama
88	Chaung Brother	182	Khant Shwe Pyi Co.,Ltd
89	Myat Yamon	183	Nilar Yoma
	•		

N°	Company name	N°	Company name
90	Nay La Pwint	184	Lyan Shan
91	Ma Li Kha GemStone Co	185	Yadanar Myat Noe Thwe Gem
92	Wan Full	186	Kyi Wai Yan
93	Aung Tu Ka Dana	187	Yadanar San Shwin Gem
94	Yadanar Moe Myay	188	Hee Ya Gems

The MSG also decided to include 31 additional companies based in the number of licenses owned by companies as follows:

No.	Additional List	Jade and Gem JV List
1	MOGOK PRIDE	Gem
2	EXCELLENT RUBY & SAPPHIRE	Gem
3	CHIT KYI YAE	Gem
4	SHWE NAING TUN	Gem
5	R.B.G	Gem
6	KHINE THIT SAR	Gem
7	MYANMAR LABA	Gem
8	METAL METERO	Gem
9	RUBY TIGER	Gem
10	THAN HTIKE LU	Gem
11	BIRDS GEM	Gem
12	ZABUKYAWAUNG	Gem
13	KYAN FAMILY	Gem
14	HTAY PAING	Gem
15	JADE YADANAR*	Jade
16	RED MOUNTAIN	Jade
17	JADE YADANAR*	Jade
18	KYAW NAING & BROTHERS	Jade
19	SEILOM TAUNG TANG*	Jade
20	WAI AUNG KABAR*	Jade
21	LINN LATT WIN*	Jade
22	LAW LU	Jade
23	PHOE THER HTOO*	Jade
24	JADE VARIETY*	Jade
25	MYO NEW*	Jade
26	U YA GEMS*	Jade
27	MYANMAR SITHU	Jade
28	THEITHI AUNG NGWE MOE	Jade
29	Pwint Phoo Nadi	Jade
30	SHWE YWET HLWER*	Jade
31	Emerald Garden*	Jade

^(*) Company already selected on the basis of MONREC, IRD, MCD and Forest Department data

The MSG decided also to add the company Myanmar Economic Corporation the reconciliation scope.

Therefore, based on the above criteria, the reconciliation scope decided by the MSG for the FY 2017-2018 is as follows:

Table 121: Final list of G&J companies selected in the scope

Ν°	Company name	N°	Company name
1	Linn Lett Win Yadanar Gems Co Ltd		Same Nay Chi (SNC)
2	Yar Za Htar Ni		Seine Light
3	YADANAR TAUNG TEN	107	New Lucky Green Gems
4	Wai Aung Gabar	109	Mya San Dar (MSD)
5	Ayeyar Yadanar Gems & Jewellery Co., Ltd	110	Jade Thazin
6	A K N K	111	Kaung Su Aung
7	SILVER ELEPHANT GEMS CO LTD	112	
8	Phyo Thiha Kyaw	113	Kyaut Seinn Tapyay
9	Same Wai Hlaing (SWH)		Kaung Wai Yan Co
10	Mya Garden (GEG)		Green Diamond Gems & Jewellery Co. Ltd
11	Kan Pwint Oo		Lucky Star Jade Group
12	Shwe Ngar Koe Kaung		Yadanar Si
13			All Right Company
14	Htun Tauk Zabu Gems & Jewellery Co;Ltd.		Jewel Crown Company
15			Kaung Mon Yadanar
16	Ayar Jade	121	Seine Yaung Myay
17	Shining Star Light Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd		Global Sun Light
18	Yadanar Sin Thiri Gems Co	123	Aung Hlaing Kyawlwa
19	SHWE OAK KHAI MINING CO., LTD.	124	
20	Jade Mountain	125	Seine Aung
21	Thi Yaw Ma Ni	126	Myint Shinn
22	Phoe Thar Htoo	127	U Kyaw Thet
23	Myanma Seinn Lei Aung Gems Co Ltd.	128	Buu Gar
24	Yadanar Yaung Chi	129	Jade Shae Saung
25	Lin Htet Aung	130	Jade Min
26	Norbal Three Star (GMMK)	131	Yi Li Fa [YLF]
27	WAN BROTHERS	132	Pyi Yadanar
28	Mya Yaung Tun	133	MELODIOUS GEMS COMPANY LIMITED
29	Nan Htike Pyae Paing Co	134	Myanmar Thura [MTY]
30	Khun Paooe	135	Kyaut Seinnn Karbarkyaw
31	Great wall Gems&Jade company	136	Hole In One
32	Great Genesis Gems (GMH)	137	Nay Chi Yadanar
33	Htat Aye Yar	138	Kyauk Seinn Wingabar Jade Gems & Jewellery Co.
34	Wai Family	139	Oo Ru Seine Yadanar
35	Sai Taung Co	140	Kaung Htike
36	Kyauk Same Nan Taw (GKN)	141	Sein Minn Yadanar
37	Jade Land	142	Treasure Five Star Co., Ltd
38	Jade Than Lwin	143	Kyei Linn Gems & Jade Company
39	111	144	Ngwe Young Stone
40	Kaung Myat Thu Ka	145	Wan Chang
41	Seine Pwint Wai	146	Khaing Lon Gems
42	Khine Myanmar	147	Pon Taung Thar
BDO) LLP	178	EITI MYANMAR

Ν°	Company name	N°	Company name
43	Unity	148	Palaung National
44	Wai Yan Thar (WYT)	149	Treasure Linn
45	Sin Gaung Taung	150	Treasure White Lotus
46	GREEN MOUNTAIN CO;LTD	151	Sein Thura San
47	Chang Long Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	152	Aung Shwe Kabar
48	Kyaut Myat Min	153	San Taw Win
49	Yadanar Shwe Ye Win	154	Jade Crystal Palace
50	Myit Sone Ayar	155	Shwe Hwa
51	Yadanar Aung Chan	156	Aung Myin Thu Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd
52	Myanmar Imperial Jade Co	157	Gold Jade
53	Khin Zaw Aung & Brother	158	Thet Hein
54	Myanmar First Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	159	Myanmar Kywal Wa Thaw Myay
55	Ever Winner [EW]	160	MEGA STAR JEWEL LIMITED
56	Shwe Hein Htet Gems Co Ltd	161	Kan Sein Pwint
57	Myo Nwe Gems	162	Myanmar Winning Gate (GMWG)
58	Tun Naing Aung	163	San Family
59	Nay Min Kabar Co	164	Hone Yin Yi Shin
60	Zebu Thiri Gems Co.,ltd	165	Green Comet gems& Jade company
61	Yadanar Three Elephants Co	166	Gandawin Kyaut Myat Garden
62	Kyaing International (GKI)	167	Kaung Taw Myay
63	Nan Oo Yadanar	168	U Hla Soe Oo
64	Su Htu Pan	169	80000
65	Long Byit	170	Than Lwin Kyaw Kyar
66	Super Sein	171	Kyauk Myet Shwe Pyi
67	Win Lei Yadanar	172	Moe Brothers
68	Kyal Sin Phyu	173	Innwa Nay Chi Co
69	Treasure Star Co., Ltd	174	Jade Master
70	ARS Gems [ARS]		Taw Win Jade Dragon
71	Yadanar Pyae Phyo Aung	176	Shwe Tun Win
72	Jade Padathar Gems Co,Ltd	177	Kan Thar Yar
73	Ruby Dragon Company	178	Jade Brothers
74	Northern Jade World	179	Myat Myittar Mon (G & J) Co.,Ltd
75	Kaung Htet Khaing	180	Pang Huke Duwa Co.,Ltd
76	Kaung Swan Htet Co	181	Shwe Pyi Thar Gems Trading and Faceting Co-op,Ltd
77	Shwe Ywat Hlwar	182	Khant Shwe Pyi Co.,Ltd Nilar Yoma
78	Same Lei Yadanar Win Co (SLYW)	183	
79 80	Hpakan King Gems & Jewellery Co. Ltd Agga Yadanar Jade Gems & Jewellery Co., LTD	184	Lyan Shan Yadanar Myat Noe Thwe Gem
81	Shwe War Myae (mandalay)	186	Kyi Wai Yan
82	Delta Land	187	Yadanar San Shwin Gem
83	Seine Lone Aung	188	HERA Co., ltd
84	Aung Hein Minn	189	MOGOK PRIDE
85	Kyauk Seinn Sun Shwin Jade Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	190	EXCELLENT RUBY & SAPPHIRE
86	Yadanar Aung Tun Tauk	191	CHIT KYI YAE
87	U YA GEMS		SHWE NAING TUN
37	o in delib	1/2	JIME HAIRO TON

N°	Company name	Ν°	Company name
88	Chaung Brother	193	R.B.G
89	Myat Yamon	194	KHINE THIT SAR
90	Nay La Pwint	195	Myanmar Lar Ba Gems Co., Ltd.
91	Ma Li Kha Gemstone Co	196	METAL METERO
92	Wan Full	197	RUBY TIGER
93	Aung Tu Ka Dana	198	THAN HTIKE LU
94	Yadanar Moe Myay	199	BIRDS GEM
95	Shine Family	200	ZABUKYAWAUNG
96	Thein Gabar Aung	201	KYAN FAMILY
97	Jade Treasure	202	HTAY PAING
98	Lawka Nandar	203	RED MOUNTAIN
99	Ngwe Si Hein	204	KYAW NAING & BROTHERS
100	Myat Pan Khaing	205	LAW LU
101	Lon Hai	206	MYANMAR SITHU
102	Shwe Yaung Sin	207	THEITHI AUNG NGWE MOE
103	Hein Aung Lin Htet Jade Co. Ltd	208	Pwint Phoo Nadi
104	Phar Kant Sai Bon	209	Myanmar Economic Corporation

105 Thigi Myintzu Yadanar

For the other companies which made payments below the thresholds presented above, we recommend the disclosure by Government Agency of the combined benefit streams, including those companies whose production are exported, in accordance with EITI Requirement 3.

d. Mining sector

The payments made by the mining companies were collected by MONREC (including ME1 and ME2), IRD, the Customs Department and the Forest Department. Details of these payments by Government Agency are as follows:

		In billion Kyat
Government Agency	Amount	%
IRD	100.80	67%
MONREC (including ME1 and ME2)	42.43	28%
Customs Department	5.51	4%
Forestry Department	1.49	1%
Total	150.22	100%

Materiality Analysis

Based on the data provided by MONREC (including ME1 and ME2), the profile of payments for other minerals sector in FY 2017-2018 is set out in the following table:

Mining Companies/Taxpayers						
Payment threshold	Number of companies /taxpayers	Revenue collected by MoM (billion Kyats)	Weight / total collected revenue	Cumulative weight		
Amount > Kyats 5 billion	1	6.65	16%	16%		
Kyats 1 billion <amount 5="" <kyats="" billion<="" td=""><td>8</td><td>14.25</td><td>34%</td><td>49%</td></amount>	8	14.25	34%	49%		
Kyats 0.5 billion <amount 1="" <kyats="" billion<="" td=""><td>9</td><td>6.90</td><td>16%</td><td>66%</td></amount>	9	6.90	16%	66%		
Kyats 0,15 billion <amount 0,5="" <kyats="" billion<="" td=""><td>21</td><td>5.51</td><td>13%</td><td>79%</td></amount>	21	5.51	13%	79 %		
Kyats 0,10 billion <amount 0,15="" <kyats="" billion<="" td=""><td>12</td><td>1.61</td><td>4%</td><td>82%</td></amount>	12	1.61	4%	82%		
Kyats 50 million <amount 100="" <kyats="" million<="" td=""><td>36</td><td>2.52</td><td>6%</td><td>88%</td></amount>	36	2.52	6%	88%		
Amount <kyats 50="" million<="" td=""><td>539</td><td>4.99</td><td>12%</td><td>100%</td></kyats>	539	4.99	12%	100%		
Total	1,038	42.43	100%			

According to the above table, companies operating in other minerals subsector and which paid taxes of more than **0.15** bn Kyats represent **79**% of the total revenues collected by MONREC.

The materiality threshold decided by MSG above means that mining companies making **79**% of reported payments to MONREC, ME1 and ME2 will be included in the reconciliation i.e. all companies making payments to MONREC, ME1 and ME2 in excess of **0.15 bn Kyats**.

Accordingly, the MSG decided to include the 39 companies detailed below in the reconciliation scope.

Company Reg No	Company	Type of mineral
101027546	NATIONAL PROSPERITY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold
105444192	MYANMAR ECONOMIC CORPORATION LIMITED	Limestone/ Clay/ Copper/ Coal/ Marble/ Granite/ Gypsum
116058790	GEO ASIA INDUSTRY & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold
117328058	CORNERSTONE RESOURCES (MYANMAR) LTD.	Zin
107350594	ETERNAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold
103947189	MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED	Gold/ Copper/ Coal/ Granite/ Bauxite
111611327	KAYAH STATE MINERAL PRODUCTION COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten Associated
101082474	SHWE MOE YAN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold/ Lead & Associated
109035068	GPS JOINT VENTURE COMPANY LIMITED	Lead
178268163	SHWE TAUNG MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone/ Clay/ Coal
106646872	DELCO LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
141288016	MAX (MYANMAR) COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone/ Coal
BDO LLP	181	EITI MYANMAI

Company Reg No	Company	Type of mineral
101585220	FIRST RESOURCES COMPANY LIMITED	Gypsum
113988045	PACIFIC LINK CEMENT INDUSTRIES LIMITED	Limestone
112358587	WIN MYINT MO INDUSTRIES COMPANY LIMITED	Lead & Zinc Associated
	No. (2) Heavy Industry, Ministry of Industry	Glass Sand/ Limestone/ Marble/ Buxite/ Clay/ Iron
106803838	MYANMAR PONGPIPAT COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
155743298	NGWE YI PALE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone/ Buxite/ Coal/ Gypsum
101781372	NEW DAYS ASIA MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead & Associated
131415710	HTOO INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	Iron/ Coal/ Gypsum
110005199	HARBOR STAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Copper& Associated (Lead & Zinc)
118051289	MANDALAY GOLDEN FRIEND MINING CO., LTD.	Coal
109529788	MYANMAR GOLDEN POINT FAMILY CO., LTD.	Gold
179607255	THAN TAW MYAT COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone
113284412	TUN THWIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
104054625	MANDALAY DISTRIBUTION & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
	YCDC	Coal
163480255	SAN LIN INTERNATIONAL EXPORT & IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED	Iron/ Lead & Zinc Associated
110622678	KAN PWINT OO MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
117343227/ 108012463	TOP TEN STAR PRODUCTION CO., LTD.	Lead & Associated
102961366	HEAY HEIN COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
101201996	NGWE KABAR MYANMAR COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
103947189	MYAUK KYUN THU MA MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold
104418821	XIE SHAN MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead
117675386	DRAGON CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	Coal/ Limestone
102093003	PRINCE MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead & Zinc Associated
103472008	HTAT YEE LINN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold
103600111	MYAY NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead
114804703	THA BYU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Antimony

Moreover, the following payments in kind were received by MONREC from the other minerals sector in the FY 2017-2018:

Name of Company	Type of Minerals	In Kind per payment Ton
MYANMAR ECONOMIC CORPORATION LIMITED	Copper	2,158.95
MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED	Copper	2,830.23
MYANMAR CNMC NICKEL COMPANY LIMITED	Nickel	867.00
MTANMAR CHMC NICKEL COMPANT LIMITED	Ferronickel	2,451.49

According to the above table, only the company "MYANMAR CNMC NICKEL COMPANY LIMITED" is selected for the reconciliation exercise.

Following the review of the documentation received from the ME2, we identified the following payments in kind (Gold) from the mining sector in FY 2017-2018:

Company	Type of Minerals	In Kind (Payment) Toz	Weight / total collected revenue	Cumulative weight
NATIONAL PROSPERITY GOLD PRODUCTION GROUP LIMITED *	Gold	3,961.32	37%	37%
GEO ASIA INDUSTRY & MINING COMPANY LIMITED *	Gold	1,575.67	15%	51%
ETERNAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED *	Gold	955.00	9%	60%

Company	Type of Minerals	In Kind (Payment) Toz	Weight / total collected revenue	Cumulative weight
SHWE MOE YAN COMPANY LIMITED *	Gold	613.15	6%	66%
MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED *	Gold	418.95	4%	70%
MYANMAR GOLDEN POINT FAMILY CO., LTD.	Gold	110.25	1%	71%
HTAT YEE LINN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	106.05	1%	72%
MYAUK KYUN THU MA MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	97.65	1%	73%
MYANMAR GOLDEN POINT FAMILY CO., LTD	Gold	96.25	1%	74%
AGGA YADANAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	78.75	1%	74%
RUBY DRAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	77.70	1%	75%
THEIDDI AUNG SHWE MOE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	75.60	1%	76%
MYANMAR KYIN SEIN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	63.00	1%	76%
AUNG HTUN LINN SHEIN WIN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	59.85	1%	77%
WARM POOL COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	54.60	1%	77%
MYA THEINGI MINERAL PRODUCTION COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	53.55	0%	78%
ASIA GOLDEN LIGHT MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	50.40	0%	78%
MAY FLOWER MINING ENTERPRISES LIMITED	Gold	50.40	0%	79%
SEA SUN STAR MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	50.40	0%	79%
YADANAR AUNG TAW MU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	50.40	0%	80%
SHWE URU AUNG MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	39.90	0%	80%
HONG YUAN SHENG COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	37.80	0%	80%
THAN SHWE YI AUNG COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	37.80	0%	81%
AUNG WOON NAY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	31.50	0%	81%
DOUBLE DRAGON COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	31.50	0%	81%
SAI AGRICULTURE INVESTMENT COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	31.50	0%	82%
SAN PARAME MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	31.50	0%	82%
SHWE PYI THAR GOLD PRODUCTION & REFINING CO., LTD	Gold	31.50	0%	82%
SOUTHERN BANNER MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	31.50	0%	83%
AYE NYEIN DANA COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	30.45	0%	83%
TAN CHU SHIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold Gold	30.45	0%	83%
SHWE TAUNG NYUNT COMPANY LIMITED ZA LATT PWINT PHU COMPANY LIMITED		29.92	0%	83%
ARKAR MYINT MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold Gold	29.40 28.35	0%	84%
MYANMAR SHWE PYI HEIN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	28.35	0%	84%
NGWE LA WON THA MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	28.35	0%	84%
SHWE PYI KYAL TAKHON COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	28.35	0%	85%
TACHILEIK SHWE SIN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	28.35	0%	85%
TACHILEIK SHWE TAUNG CO., LTD	Gold	28.35	0%	85%
TUN PYI THEIN SAN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	28.35	0%	85%
WAI TEL MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	28.35	0%	86%
SHWE SIN MOE COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	28.34	0%	86%
FUTURE ENGINEERING & GOLD, MINING CO., LTD	Gold	27.30	0%	86%
GOLD WINNER ASSOCIATION COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	27.30	0%	87%
KAUNG KIN KYEI SIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	27.30	0%	87%
SHWE AYE YEIK COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	27.30	0%	87%
SHWE MOE THOON AUNG MINING COMPANY	Gold	27.30	0%	87%
GOLDEN MOON LIGHT COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	26.77	0%	88%
AUNG SHWE SIN MYAT COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	25.20	0%	88%
GOLDEN VILLEY INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	25.20	0%	88%
HEIN MYITTAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	25.20	0%	88%

Company	Type of Minerals	In Kind (Payment) Toz	Weight / total collected revenue	Cumulative weight
HTEAN SHWE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	25.20	0%	88%
PHWINT PHYO THIT COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	25.20	0%	89%
PHYAUNGT PHYU PYAW SHWIN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	25.20	0%	89%
SEIN NAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	25.20	0%	89%
SHWE LET WEL THONENARA MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	25.20	0%	89%
SHWE MI KHIN TAUNG MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	25.20	0%	90%
SHWE THEIN THAN KABA MINERAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	25.20	0%	90%
YARZA MIN SHWE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	25.20	0%	90%
SHWE SU THAN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	21.00	0%	90%
AUNG SHWIN LE COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.75	0%	90%
AWZAR SHWE PYAE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.75	0%	91%
HEIN KAUNG SAT MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.75	0%	91%
LWE KHAM LONE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.75	0%	91%
NGWE TAUNG MINN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.75	0%	91%
PYAE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.75	0%	91%
SAI AUNG SHAN MINING CORPORATE COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.75	0%	91%
SHAN SHWE LI MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.75	0%	91%
SHWE TAUK HTAIN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.75	0%	92%
THAN HTIKE SHWE SIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.75	0%	92%
UNITED POWER RESOURCES COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.75	0%	92%
YADANAR THAKHIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.75	0%	92%
LIN KHANT KYAW COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.23	0%	92%
SHWE MAHAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.23	0%	92%
AUNG LA PYAE COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.22	0%	92%
AUNG PYAE PHYO COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.22	0%	93%
PYI SONE AUNG MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.22	0%	93%
WANA AND SONS MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	15.22	0%	93%
GOLD SEVEN STAR COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	14.70	0%	93%
GOLDEN ZAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	14.70	0%	93%
HEIN THAN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	14.70	0%	93%
KAN LINN THU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	14.70	0%	93%
KHAING SOE LINN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	14.70	0%	94%
MAN SHWE THITSAR GEMS & JEWELLERY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	14.70	0%	94%
NATURAL GOLD MINING & PRODUCTION COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	14.70	0%	94%
PYI CHIT THAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	14.70	0%	94%
SEVEN TWO SEVEN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	14.70	0%	94%
IKELENG PHONE AUNG COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	14.17	0%	94%
SHWE HTAY BAMAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	14.17	0%	94%
SHWE THANT OO COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	14.17	0%	94%
THWEMI THAR SU MINING CO, LTD	Gold	13.77	0%	95%
NAING MYINT MO COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	13.60	0%	95%
THIRI YADANAR TOE COMPANY LIMITED.	Gold	12.60	0%	95%
AUNG PYAE THAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	95%
AUNG TAING SAN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	95%
BO MYINT MIN ZAW COMPANY LIMITED.	Gold	12.60	0%	95%
CERTAIN MINERAL EXPLORATION COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	95%
EASTERN SHAN BRIGHT COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	95%
Golden Brothers Unity Mining Co,Ltd	Gold	12.60	0%	96%
GOLDEN KING HOUSE COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	96%

Company	Type of Minerals	In Kind (Payment) Toz	Weight / total collected revenue	Cumulative weight
GOLDEN MASCOT INTERNATIONAL TRADING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	96%
HMU MYAT SHIN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	96%
HTOON SHWE SIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	96%
HTUT KHAUNG KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	96%
IMAWBUM COMPANY LIMITED.	Gold	12.60	0%	96%
KYAW SOE YA SHWE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	96%
LA PYI WUN GOLD MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	96%
MAHA SHWE ZABU CO., LTD	Gold	12.60	0%	97%
MARGA SHWE TAUNG COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	97%
MEGA BANNER COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	97%
MOE HTI MOE MI COLLECTIVE SMALL SCALE GOLD PRODUCTION ENTREPRENEURS COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	97%
MYANMAR SHWE TOE PWAR MANN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	97%
MYANMAR SHWE YARZAR COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	97%
MYINT OO AUNG COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	97%
NATURE MEN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	97%
NAUNG TONG DRAGON COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	98%
NILAR LIN LAT CO., LTD	Gold	12.60	0%	98%
SEIN MYA LWIN MINING CO., LTD	Gold	12.60	0%	98%
SHINN THANT AUNG MYIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	98%
SHWE LA WYAING MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	98%
SHWE MOE SANEAIN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	98%
SHWE OH SI MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	98%
SHWE PHYOE KYWE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	98%
SHWE SINGU REGION DEVELOPMENT PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	98%
SHWE SUNE THAIKE COMPAMY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	99%
SHWE TOE HLYAN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	99%
SHWE WAR WIN AUNG COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	99%
SI SHWE TOE COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	99%
SOUTHERN VALUE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	99%
THITSAR MYINT MYAT COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	99%
TREASURE OF TRUTH COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	99%
TUN HEIN HYLAN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	99%
YADANAR KADAEE THAIK TRADING COMPANY LIMITED (မေးရန်)	Gold	12.60	0%	100%
YADANAR KYWE WA CHAN THAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	100%
YADANAR SHWE POUN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	12.60	0%	100%
NC	Gold	12.60	0%	100%
NC	Gold	12.60	0%	100%
Total		10,789.79	100%	

According to the above table, the companies paying more than **400 Toz** represent **70%** of the total revenue in kind collected by the ME2 from companies operating in other minerals subsector.

The materiality threshold decided by MSG above means that mining companies making **70**% of reported payments in kind to ME2 will be included in the reconciliation i.e. all companies making payments in kind to ME2 in excess of **400 Toz**.

According to the above, five (5) companies will be selected for the reconciliation exercise on the basis of the data obtained from MONREC as follows:

Company	Type of Minerals
NATIONAL PROSPERITY GOLD PRODUCTION GROUP LIMITED *	Gold
GEO ASIA INDUSTRY & MINING COMPANY LIMITED *	Gold
ETERNAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED *	Gold
SHWE MOE YAN COMPANY LIMITED *	Gold
MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED *	Gold

(*) Company already selected on the basis of MONREC data

Given that all these companies have already been selected on the basis of MONREC data, no companies are selected on the basis of ME2 in kind payments.

Furthermore, the following payments in kind (Tin/ Tungsten Mixed Ore) were received by ME 2 from the other minerals sector in the FY 2017-2018:

Company	Type of Minerals	In Kind (Payment) MT	Weight / total collected revenue	Cumulative weight
KAYAH STATE MINERAL PRODUCTION COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	146.61	34%	34%
DELCO LIMITED	Tin	118.61	27%	61%
MYANMAR PONGPIPAT COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	81.59	19%	80%
NGWE KABAR MYANMAR COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	26.24	6%	86%
YE HTUT KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	10.00	2%	89%
MYANMAR TIN -TUNGSTEN COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	9.60	2%	91%
MINING WORLD COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	8.53	2%	93%
DAWEI MYAY MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	5.33	1%	94%
POPA-L COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	3.96	1%	95%
KAYAH HTARNI MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	3.94	1%	96%
LIR MU KOH COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	3.94	1%	97%
U SAUNG THU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	3.36	1%	98%
WAI INTERNATIONAL MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	2.76	1%	98%
KAYAH GOLDEN GATE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	2.35	1%	99%
AUNG HEIN BO WIN COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	1.75	0%	99%
PYAE SONE MYAT MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	1.50	0%	100%
NAN THILAR MINING COMANY LIMITED	Tin	1.03	0%	100%
SILVER BRIGHT COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	0.51	0%	100%
Total		431.61	100%	

According to the above table, companies operating in other minerals subsector and which paid more than **9 MT** represent **91%** of the total revenues in kind collected by ME2.

The materiality threshold decided by MSG above means that mining companies making 91% of reported payments in kind to ME2 will be included in the reconciliation i.e. all companies making payments in kind to ME2 in excess of 9 MT.

According to the above, five (5) companies will be selected for the reconciliation exercise on the basis of the data obtained from MONREC as follows:

Company	Type of Minerals
KAYAH STATE MINERAL PRODUCTION COMPANY LIMITED *	Tin
DELCO LIMITED *	Tin
MYANMAR PONGPIPAT COMPANY LIMITED *	Tin
NGWE KABAR MYANMAR COMPANY LIMITED *	Tin
YE HTUT KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Tin
MYANMAR TIN -TUNGSTEN COMPANY LIMITED	Tin

(*) Company already selected on the basis of MONREC data

Materiality analysis of IRD data

Based on the data provided by IRD, the payments for other minerals sector in FY 2017-2018 are set out in the following table:

Mining Companies/Taxpayers					
Payment threshold	Number of companies/taxpayers	Revenue collected by IRD (billion Kyats)	Weight / total collected revenue	Cumulative weight	
- Amount > Kyats 10 billion	2	78.50	78%	78% -	
Kyats 1 billion <amount 10="" <kyats="" billion<="" td=""><td>3</td><td>14.64</td><td>15%</td><td>92%</td></amount>	3	14.64	15%	92%	
Kyats 0.5 billion <amount 1="" <kyats="" billion<="" td=""><td>3</td><td>2.17</td><td>2%</td><td>95%</td></amount>	3	2.17	2%	95%	
Amount <kyats 0.5="" billion<="" td=""><td>317</td><td>5.48</td><td>5%</td><td>100%</td></kyats>	317	5.48	5%	100%	
Total	325	100.80	100%		

According to the above table, companies operating in the other minerals sector and which paid taxes of more than 1 billion Kyats represent 92% of the total revenues collected by IRD.

The materiality threshold decided by MSG above means that mining companies making 92% of reported payments to IRD will be included in the reconciliation i.e. all companies making payments to IRD in excess of 1 billion Kyats.

According to the above, five (5) companies are selected for the reconciliation exercise on the basis of the data obtained from IRD as follows:

				billion Kyats
License holder	Total		Total collected revenue	Cumulative Revenue
Myanmar Yang Tse Copper Ltd		50.03	50%	50%
Myanma Economic Holdings Public Co., Ltd *		28.47	28%	78%
Myanmar Economic Corporation *		8.96	9%	87%
Eden Energy & Natural Resources Development Co., Ltd		3.69	4%	90%
Kanbawza Industries Ltd		1.97	2%	92%

(*) Company already selected on the basis of MONREC data

Materiality analysis of Customs department data

Based on the data provided by the Customs Department, payments for other minerals sector in the FY 2017-2018 are set out in the following table:

billion Kyats Mining Companies/Taxpayers Revenue Weight / total Number of collected Cumulative Payment threshold collected companies/ by Customs weight taxpayers revenue Department Amount > Kyats 1 billion 2 84% 84% 4.62 Kyats 0.1 billion <Amount <Kyats 1 billion 2 9% 93% 0.52 Amount < Kyats 0.1 billion 31 0.37 **7**% 100% Total 35 5.51 100%

According to the above table, companies operating in the other minerals sector and which paid taxes of more than **0.1** bn Kyats represent **93**% of the total revenue collected by the Customs Department from companies.

The materiality threshold decided by MSG above means that mining companies making 93% of reported payments to the Customs Department will be included in the reconciliation i.e. all companies making payments to the Customs Department in excess of Kyats 0.1 bn.

According to the above, four (4) companies are selected for the reconciliation exercise on the basis of the data obtained from the Customs Department as follows:

License holder	
MYANMAR WANBAO MINING COPPER LTD.	
MYANMAR YANG TSE COPPER LIMITED. **	
MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS LIMITED. *	

CORNERSTONE RESOURCES (MYANMAR) LTD. *

- (*) Company already selected on the basis of MONREC data
- (**) Company already selected on the basis of IRD data

Materiality analysis of Forest Department

Based on the data provided by the Forest Department, payments for other minerals sector in the FY 2017-2018 are set out in the following table:

Mining Companies/Taxpayers				
Payment threshold	Number of companies/ taxpayers	Revenue collected by Forest Department (billion Kyats)	Weight / total collected revenue	Cumulative weight
- Amount > Kyats 0.1 billion	3	0.88	59%	59%
Kyats 20 million <amount 0.1="" <kyats="" billion<="" td=""><td>6</td><td>0.29</td><td>19%</td><td>78%</td></amount>	6	0.29	19%	78%
Amount <kyats 20="" billion<="" td=""><td>89</td><td>0.32</td><td>22%</td><td>100%</td></kyats>	89	0.32	22%	100%
Total	98	1.49	100%	

According to the above table, companies operating in the other minerals sector and which paid taxes of more than **20 million Kyats** represent **78**% of the total revenues collected by the Forestry Department.

The materiality threshold decided by MSG above means that mining companies making 78% of reported payments to the Forestry Department will be included in the reconciliation i.e. all companies making payments to the Forest Department in excess of 20 million Kyats.

According to the above, the additional companies detailed below are selected for the reconciliation exercise on the basis of the data obtained from the Customs Department as follows:

License holder
TUN THWIN *
HTAR WA YA
MANDALAY DISTRIBUTION *
MAX MYANMAR *
YANGON CITY DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE
WUNTHO RESOURCES*
SHWE TAUNG *
MYANMAR ECONOMIC HOLDINGS LIMITED *
TUN TAUK SA *
(*) Company already selected on the basis of MONREC data

Proposed scope

The materiality thresholds recommended above means that mining companies making 88% of reported payments to MONREC, ME1, ME2, IRD, MCD and FD will be included in the reconciliation scope.

Therefore, on the basis of the data obtained from MONREC, ME1, ME2, IRD, Customs Department and Forest Department, 47 companies will be selected for the reconciliation exercise:

N°	Company Reg No	Company	Type of mineral
1	101027546	NATIONAL PROSPERITY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold
2	105444192	MYANMAR ECONOMIC CORPORATION LIMITED	Limestone/ Clay/ Copper/ Coal/ Marble/ Granite/ Gypsum
3	116058790	GEO ASIA INDUSTRY & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold
4	117328058	CORNERSTONE RESOURCES (MYANMAR) LTD.	Zin
5	107350594	ETERNAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold
6	103947189	MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED	Gold/ Copper/ Coal/ Granite/ Bauxite
7	111611327	KAYAH STATE MINERAL PRODUCTION COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten Associated
8	101082474	SHWE MOE YAN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold/ Lead & Associated
9	109035068	GPS JOINT VENTURE COMPANY LIMITED	Lead
10	178268163	SHWE TAUNG MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone/ Clay/ Coal
11	106646872	DELCO LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
12	141288016	MAX (MYANMAR) COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone/ Coal
13	101585220	FIRST RESOURCES COMPANY LIMITED	Gypsum
14	113988045	PACIFIC LINK CEMENT INDUSTRIES LIMITED	Limestone
15	112358587	WIN MYINT MO INDUSTRIES COMPANY LIMITED	Lead & Zinc Associated
16		No. (2) Heavy Industry, Ministry of Industry	Glass Sand/ Limestone/ Marble/ Buxite/ Clay/ Iron
17	106803838	MYANMAR PONGPIPAT COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
18	155743298	NGWE YI PALE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone/ Buxite/ Coal/ Gypsum
19	101781372	NEW DAYS ASIA MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead & Associated
20	131415710	HTOO INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	Iron/ Coal/ Gypsum
21	110005199	HARBOR STAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Copper& Associated (Lead & Zinc)
22	118051289	MANDALAY GOLDEN FRIEND MINING CO., LTD.	Coal
23	109529788	MYANMAR GOLDEN POINT FAMILY CO., LTD.	Gold
24	179607255	THAN TAW MYAT COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone
25	113284412	TUN THWIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal

N°	Company Reg No	Company	Type of mineral
26	104054625	MANDALAY DISTRIBUTION & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
27		YCDC	Coal
28	163480255	SAN LIN INTERNATIONAL EXPORT & IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED	Iron/ Lead & Zinc Associated
29	110622678	KAN PWINT OO MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
30	117343227/ 108012463	TOP TEN STAR PRODUCTION CO., LTD.	Lead & Associated
31	102961366	HEAY HEIN COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
32	101201996	NGWE KABAR MYANMAR COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
33	103947189	MYAUK KYUN THU MA MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold
34	104418821	XIE SHAN MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead
35	117675386	DRAGON CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	Coal/ Limestone
36	102093003	PRINCE MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead & Zinc Associated
37	103472008	HTAT YEE LINN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold
38	103600111	MYAY NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead
39	114804703	THA BYU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Antimony
40	115122282	YE HTUT KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
41	106131341	MYANMAR TIN -TUNGSTEN COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
42		Myanmar Yang Tse Copper Ltd	Copper
43	118193601	Eden Energy & Natural Resources Development Co., Ltd	Barite
44	134879211	Kanbawza Industries Ltd	Limestone/ Coal/ Gypsum
45		MYANMAR WANBAO MINING COPPER LTD	Copper
46		HTAR WA YA	
47	108341157	MYANMAR CNMC NICKEL COMPANY LIMITED	Nickel

The MSG also decided to include 32 large scale companies based on commodity and Acre as follows:

N°	Company Reg No	Company	Type of mineral
1	103687241	24 HOUR MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone/ Gypsum
2	104959474	A & A NATURAL RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD	Tin & Tungsten
3	108410094	ASIA PHYO MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone
4	111788340	BLUE DIAMOND CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone
5	104028462	DAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
6	102404661	DIAMOND SHARK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
7		Directorate of Military office of Chief of Defence Industries, Ministy of Defence	Iron/ Coal/ Limestone
8	129020334	GREEN ASIA COMPANY LIMITED	Coal/ Limestone
9	100706083	GREEN STRATEGIC MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Quartz
10	100430363	GROUP OF FOUR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
11	105552475	HTUT KHAUNG KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal/ Gold
12	117418820	JUNE CEMENT INDUSTRY LTD.	Granite
13	116551748	LINN PYAE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead & Zinc Associated
14	110744463	LOI CHAI NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
15	100784866	MAY FLOWER MINING ENTERPRISES LIMITED	Coal/ Gold
16	114974269	MINING WORLD COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
17	105617070	MOUNT CHING YING MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead & Zin Associated/ Marble
18	101715809	MYANMAR APEX MINING CO., LTD	Coal
19	112682317	MYANMAR NAING GROUP MINING COMPANY LTD	Limestone

N°	Company Reg No	Company	Type of mineral
20	110108567	MYANMAR SIMCO SONG DA JOINT STOK COMPANY LIMITED	Marble
21	116291568	MYINT INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone
22		No. (3) Heavy Industry. Ministry Of Industry	Gypsum
23	118049551	SHWE PAUK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
24	109973629	SHWE PIN LE MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
25	116492032	SILVER BRIGHT COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
26	115516027	THE SILVER LION MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Antimony
27	116447428	THIHA THANT HEIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
28	102861965	TRIPLE "A" CEMENT INTERNATIONAL COMPANY LIMITED	Gypsum
29	119718384	U E EXPORT IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
30	117032973	UNITED CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone
31	111029180	YIG COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
32	108744308	YOUNG INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone

Therefore, the MSG also decided to include 15 small scale companies based on Acre 100 and above as follows:

N°	Company Reg No	Company	Type of mineral
1	198408573	SEA SUN STAR MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED	Copper Associated
2	104449093	ZABU TALU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Copper Associated
3	100678624	RUBY DRAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Antimony
4	3269/2016-17	HTAY FAMILY COMPANY LIMITED	Antimony
5	106135533	SEIN CHI LIN MINING CO., LTD.	Coal
6	103580234	AUNG HTUN LINN SHEIN WIN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold
7	761/1998-1999	Future Mining Co.,Ltd	Gold
8	761/1998-1999	Future Engineering Gold Mining	Gold
9	103309565	SHWE MYINT THAUNG YINN INDUSTRY & MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	Gypsum
10	111192928	MYANMAR MYO KO MEDICAL INSTRUMENT COMPANY LIMITED	Iron
11	103798841	SAT WINE INN ARR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead
12	106564965	SHWE SAPAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead & Zinc, Copper
13	103801990	NAN KANAUNG MINING & ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED	Manganese Dioxide
14	101853578	NEW ERA GOLD COMPANY LIMITED	Marble
15	106174911	SHWE PYI NAGAR COMPANY LIMITED	Quartz

Therefore, on the basis of the data obtained from MONREC, IRD, Customs Department, Forestry Department and MSG decision, 94 companies will be selected for the reconciliation exercise:

Table 122: List of other minerals companies selected in the scope

N°	Company Reg No	Company	Type of mineral
1	101027546	NATIONAL PROSPERITY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold
2	105444192	MYANMAR ECONOMIC CORPORATION LIMITED	Limestone/ Clay/ Copper/ Coal/ Marble/ Granite/ Gypsum
3	116058790	GEO ASIA INDUSTRY & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold
4	117328058	CORNERSTONE RESOURCES (MYANMAR) LTD.	Zin
5	107350594	ETERNAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold
6	103947189	MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED	Gold/ Copper/ Coal/ Granite/ Bauxite
7	111611327	KAYAH STATE MINERAL PRODUCTION COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten Associated

N°	Company Reg No	Company	Type of mineral
8	101082474	SHWE MOE YAN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold/ Lead & Associated
9	109035068	GPS JOINT VENTURE COMPANY LIMITED	Lead
10	178268163	SHWE TAUNG MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone/ Clay/ Coal
11	106646872	DELCO LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
12	141288016	MAX (MYANMAR) COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone/ Coal
13	101585220	FIRST RESOURCES COMPANY LIMITED	Gypsum
14	113988045	PACIFIC LINK CEMENT INDUSTRIES LIMITED	Limestone
15	112358587	WIN MYINT MO INDUSTRIES COMPANY LIMITED	Lead & Zinc Associated
16		No (2)Heavy Industry, Ministry of Industry	Glass Sand/ Limestone/ Marble/ Buxite/ Clay/ Iron
17	106803838	MYANMAR PONGPIPAT COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
18	155743298	NGWE YI PALE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone/ Buxite/ Coal/ Gypsum
19	101781372	NEW DAYS ASIA MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead & Associated
20	131415710	HTOO INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	Iron/ Coal/ Gypsum
21	110005199	HARBOR STAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Copper& Associated (Lead & Zinc)
22	118051289	MANDALAY GOLDEN FRIEND MINING CO., LTD.	Coal
23	109529788	MYANMAR GOLDEN POINT FAMILY CO., LTD.	Gold
24	179607255	THAN TAW MYAT COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone
25	113284412	TUN THWIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
26	104054625	MANDALAY DISTRIBUTION & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
27		YCDC	Coal
28	163480255	SAN LIN INTERNATIONAL EXPORT & IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED	Iron/ Lead & Zinc Associated
29	110622678	KAN PWINT OO MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
30	117343227/ 108012463	TOP TEN STAR PRODUCTION CO., LTD.	Lead & Associated
31	102961366	HEAY HEIN COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
32	101201996	NGWE KABAR MYANMAR COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
33	103947189	MYAUK KYUN THU MA MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold
34	104418821	XIE SHAN MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead
35	117675386	DRAGON CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	Coal/ Limestone
36	102093003	PRINCE MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead & Zinc Associated
37	103472008	HTAT YEE LINN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold
38	103600111	MYAY NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead
39	114804703	THA BYU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Antimony
40	115122282	YE HTUT KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
41	106131341	MYANMAR TIN -TUNGSTEN COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
42		Myanmar Yang Tse Copper Ltd Eden Energy & Natural Resources Development Co.,	Copper
43	118193601	Ltd	Barite
44	134879211	Kanbawza Industries Ltd	Limestone/ Coal/ Gypsum
45		MYANMAR WANBAO MINING COPPER LTD	Copper
46		HTAR WA YA	
47	108341157	MYANMAR CNMC NICKEL COMPANY LIMITED	Nickel
48	103687241	24 HOUR MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone/ Gypsum
49	104959474	A & A NATURAL RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD	Tin & Tungsten
50	108410094	ASIA PHYO MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone
51	111788340	BLUE DIAMOND CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone
52	104028462	DAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal

N°	Company Reg No	Company	Type of mineral
53	102404661	DIAMOND SHARK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
54		Directorate of Military office of Chief of Defence Industries, Ministry of Defence	Iron/ Coal/ Limestone
55	129020334	GREEN ASIA COMPANY LIMITED	Coal/ Limestone
56	100706083	GREEN STRATEGIC MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Quartz
57	100430363	GROUP OF FOUR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
58	105552475	HTUT KHAUNG KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal/ Gold
59	117418820	JUNE CEMENT INDUSTRY LTD.	Granite
60	116551748	LINN PYAE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead & Zinc Associated
61	110744463	LOI CHAI NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
62	100784866	MAY FLOWER MINING ENTERPRISES LIMITED	Coal/ Gold
63	114974269	MINING WORLD COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
64	105617070	MOUNT CHING YING MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead & Zin Associated/ Marble
65	101715809	MYANMAR APEX MINING CO., LTD	Coal
66	112682317	MYANMAR NAING GROUP MINING COMPANY LTD	Limestone
67	110108567	MYANMAR SIMCO SONG DA JOINT STOK COMPANY LIMITED	Marble
68	116291568	MYINT INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone
69		No. (3) Heavy Industry. Ministry Of Industry	Gypsum
70	118049551	SHWE PAUK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
71	109973629	SHWE PIN LE MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
72	116492032	SILVER BRIGHT COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten
73	115516027	THE SILVER LION MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Antimony
74	116447428	THIHA THANT HEIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
75	102861965	TRIPLE "A" CEMENT INTERNATIONAL COMPANY LIMITED	Gypsum
76	119718384	U E EXPORT IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
77	117032973	UNITED CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone
78	111029180	YIG COMPANY LIMITED	Coal
79	108744308	YOUNG INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone
80	198408573	SEA SUN STAR MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED	Copper Associated
81	104449093	ZABU TALU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Copper Associated
82	100678624	RUBY DRAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Antimony
83	3269/2016-17	HTAY FAMILY COMPANY LIMITED	Antimony
84	106135533	SEIN CHI LIN MINING CO., LTD.	Coal
85	103580234	AUNG HTUN LINN SHEIN WIN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold
86	761/1998-1999	Future Mining Co.,Ltd	Gold
87	761/1998-1999	Future Engineering Gold Mining	Gold
88	103309565	SHWE MYINT THAUNG YINN INDUSTRY & MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	Gypsum
89	111192928	MYANMAR MYO KO MEDICAL INSTRUMENT COMPANY LIMITED	Iron
90	103798841	SAT WINE INN ARR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead
91	106564965	SHWE SAPAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead & Zinc, Copper
92	103801990	NAN KANAUNG MINING & ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED	Manganese Dioxide
93	101853578	NEW ERA GOLD COMPANY LIMITED	Marble
94	106174911	SHWE PYI NAGAR COMPANY LIMITED	Quartz

For the other companies which made payments below the thresholds presented above, we recommend the disclosure by Government Agencies of the combined benefit stream from the companies in accordance with EITI Requirement 3.

e. Pearl sector

Materiality Analysis

Due to the limited number of companies (11) in this sector, the MSG decided that all the Pearl companies will be included in the reconciliation scope without applying a materiality threshold.

Scope decided by the MSG

The list of companies to be included in the reconciliation scope for the EITI Report for the FY 2017-2018 are as follows:

Table 123: List of pearl companies selected in the scope

Number	License holder
1	Myanmar Tasaki Co., Ltd
2	Myanmar Atlantic Co., Ltd
3	Myanmar Andman Co., Ltd
4	Belpearl Myanmar Co., Ltd
5	Nino Pearl Culturing Co., Ltd
6	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Zinyaw)
7	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Jalan)
8	Annawar Pearl Co., Ltd (Marine Pearl Company)
9	Pyae Sone Htet Myint Co., Ltd
10	Aquagold Myanmar Co., Ltd
11	Pyae Phyo Tun Co., Ltd

f. Payments and transfers made by SOEs to Government agencies

The MSG decided to include all payments and transfers made by SOEs to Government agencies regardless whether they are recorded in the budget accounts or in off-budget accounts.

4.4. Selection of Government Agencies

Based on the scoping study of extractive companies and payment flows selected for the 2017-2018 EITI Report, eleven (11) Government Agencies and five (5) SOEs will be required to report the revenues collected from extractive sector as follows:



4.5. Fiscal year

The period covered by the fifth EITI Report for Myanmar is the fiscal year 2017-2018.

Therefore, payment flows and contributions made between 1 April 2017 and 31 March 2018 should be reported by companies and Government Agencies.

The dates to be considered are those mentioned on the flag receipts or the dates of the cheques / bank transfers.

4.6. Other information to be disclosed

Bartering arrangements

According to Requirement 4.3.d of EITI (2016), payments in kind or barters identified during the period covered by this study should be included in the EITI report.

Other material payments flow

To avoid material omissions, a line entitled "Other significant payments flows" has been included in the reporting template for extractive companies to report any significant payments USD 50,000 including any payment flow which is not shown in the reporting templates.

Social payments

In accordance with Requirement 6.1 of the EITI Standard, companies are required to disclose social expenditures when mandated by law or contract. Where such benefits are provided in-kind, it is required that companies disclose the nature and deemed value of the in-kind transaction. The beneficiaries and their functions should also be disclosed.

The reconciliation is not possible for social payments due to the various nature of beneficiary that cannot be included in the scope of the reconciliation.

The selected companies will be required to disclose their social payments unilaterally including the following payments flows:

- Mandatory social payments;
- Voluntary social payments;
- The Corporate Social responsibility payments; and
- Contribution to the State/region social development fund

The definition of those payment flows is provided in the section 4.2 of this report.

Quasi fiscal expenditure

Quasi-fiscal expenditures include arrangements whereby SOE undertake public social expenditure such as payments for social services, public infrastructure, fuel subsidies and national debt servicing, etc. outside of the national budgetary process.

The MSG decided that the SOEs selected in the scope disclose all quasi fiscal expenditure. These payments will be reported unilaterally.

Loans /Loan guarantee granted to Entities operating in extractive sector

EITI Requirement 3.6 (c) states where the government and SOE(s) have provided loans or loan guarantees to mining, oil and gas companies operating within the country, details on these transactions should be disclosed in the EITI Report. Accordingly, the MSG decided that the reporting entities should disclose loans /Loan guarantee granted by SOE's to entities operating in the extractive sector.

Production and export

Based on the provisions of Requirement 3 of the EITI Standard (2016), the MSG decided to include the flows and volumes of production and exports in the 2017-2018 report as follows:

- The MSG decided that the reporting entities should report the production data. Production values will be reported on the basis of the cost price. Otherwise, the production value will be reported by the average selling price multiplied by the production of the period; and
- exports volumes and values: the volumes and values of exports will be subject to reporting
 by reporting entities. The data collected will be reconciled. The export values will be
 reported on the basis of their FOB prices.

Employment in the extractive sector

Based on the provisions of Requirement 6 of the EITI Standard, the MSG decided that the staff employed by extractive companies is disclosed, broken down between local employees and expatriates and between men and women.

4.7. Reliability and certification of data to be reported

In order to comply with Requirement No 5 of the EITI Standard (2016) which seeks to guarantee the credibility of the data submitted by reporting entities, the MSG adopted the following approach in the context of the preparation of the 2017-2018 Myanmar EITI report:

For extractive companies

The Reporting Templates submitted by extractive companies selected in the reconciliation scope should be:

- signed by a person authorised to represent the extractive company;
- supported by detailed receipts of the payments reported; and
- supported by the audit report of the extractive company for the fiscal year 2017-2018.

For Government Agencies

The Reporting Templates submitted by Government Agencies included in the reconciliation scope must be:

- signed by a person authorised to represent the Government Agency;
- accompanied by detailed receipts of the payments reported; and
- certified by the Auditor General.

4.8. Disaggregation level

The MSG decided that the Reporting Templates and the data are submitted:

- by extractive company;
- by Government Agency; or SOE for each company/taxpayer selected in the reconciliation scope;
- by tax and by type of payment flows as detailed in the Reporting Template; and
- by project/permit/license...

For each payment flow reported, companies/taxpayers and Government Agencies must produce details by receipt / payment, by date and by beneficiary.

The companies will also be requested to provide the audit report for 2017-2018.

4.9. Acceptable margin of error

For the 2017-18 fiscal year, the acceptable margin of error for reconciliation differences (after adjustments), between the reported payments by extractive companies and the revenue reported by Government Agencies, is 2% of the total extractive revenue reported.

In addition, for the purposes of reconciliation of payment flows, a threshold of **1,500,000 Kyats** is proposed from which a difference requires the collection of the necessary supporting documents from the reporting entities for its analysis and its adjustment.

5. RECONCILIATION RESULTS

We present below detailed results of the reconciliation exercise, as well as differences noted between amounts paid by extractive companies and amounts received by Government Agencies. We have highlighted the amounts initially reported and the adjustments made following our reconciliation work, as well as the final amounts and unreconciled differences.

5.1. Payments of Oil & Gas companies

5.1.1. Cash flows reconciliation by company

The tables below summarise the differences between the payments reported by extractive companies and receipts reported by Government Agencies.

The tables include consolidated figures based on the reporting templates prepared by each extractive company and Government Agency, adjustments made by us following our reconciliation work and residual, unreconciled differences.

Table 124: Oil and gas payments reconciled by company

Amounts in MMK

	l	Templates originally lodged				Adjustments		Final amounts			
No.	Company	Extractive company	Government	Difference	Extractive company	Government	Difference	Extractive company	Government	Difference	
		(a)	(b)	(c) =(a - b)	(d)	€	(f) = (d-e)	(g) = (a+d)	(h) = (b+e)	(i) = (g-h)	
1	Gold Petrol Joint Operating Company Inc., (GJOC Inc.)	(14,410,700,217)	(14,183,355,327)	(227,344,890)	67,047,593	(160,298,311)	227,345,904	(14,343,652,624)	(14,343,653,638)	1,014	
2	MPRL E&P	(14,675,019,330)	(14,675,019,330)	-	-	-	-	(14,675,019,330)	(14,675,019,330)	-	
3	PC Myanmar (Hong Kong) Limited	281,235,480,559	297,301,796,151	(16,066,315,592)	(11,288,370)	(16,077,621,327)	16,066,332,957	281,224,192,189	281,224,174,824	17,365	
4	Posco Daewoo Corporation (Myanmar E&P Office)	57,901,192,104	264,332,010,339	(206,430,818,235)	204,155,815,541	(2,275,001,467)	206,430,817,008	262,057,007,645	262,057,008,872	(1,227)	
5	PTTEP International Ltd.	(164,272,760,607)	100,828,795,381	(265,101,555,988)	219,820,241,597	(45,281,324,995)	265,101,566,592	55,547,480,990	55,547,470,386	10,604	

		Tem	nplates originally lodge	d		Adjustments			Final amounts			
No.	Company	Extractive company	Government	Difference	Extractive company	Government	Difference	Extractive company	Government	Difference		
		(a)	(b)	(c) =(a - b)	(d)	€	(f) = (d-e)	(g) = (a+d)	(h) = (b+e)	(i) = (g-h)		
6	Total E&P Myanmar	331,482,620,774	348,780,362,658	(17,297,741,884)	12,200,828,132	(5,096,913,752)	17,297,741,884	343,683,448,906	343,683,448,906			
7	Gail JJ India Ltd		500,853,775	(500,853,775)		-	-		500,853,775	(500,853,775)		
8	Nippon Oil Exploration (Myanmar) Ltd	-	4,307,263,379	(4,307,263,379)	_		-		4,307,263,379	(4,307,263,379)		
9	ONGC Videsh Ltd.,		44,141,968	(44,141,968)		(42,111,812)	42,111,812		2,030,156	(2,030,156)		
10	Unocal Myanmar Offshore Co., Ltd.	15,939,662,340	17,303,141,801	(1,363,479,461)	1,363,479,461	-	1,363,479,461	17,303,141,801	17,303,141,801			
11	Berlanga Myanmar Pte Ltd., (Myanmar Branch)	1,613,466,561	1,386,474,472	226,992,089	(257,297,561)		(257,297,561)	1,356,169,000	1,386,474,472	(30,305,472)		
12	BG Exploration & Production Myanmar Pte. Ltd. (Myanmar Branch)	53,960,472		53,960,472	(7,324,248)		(7,324,248)	46,636,224		46,636,224		
13	CAOG PTE LTD (MYANMAR BRANCH)	1,449,153,226	617,079	1,448,536,147	(1,448,705,299)		(1,448,705,299)	447,927	617,079	(169,152)		
14	CFG Energy Pte Ltd.,	1,356,021,300	1,355,820,000	201,300	-	-	-	1,356,021,300	1,355,820,000	201,300		
15	ENI Myanmar B.V. (Myanmar Branch)	2,324,493,544	1,355,999,916	968,493,628	(773,865,516)	181,052,705	(954,918,221)	1,550,628,028	1,537,052,621	13,575,407		
16	IsTech Energy EP-5 Pte Ltd., (Myanmar Branch)	11,512,519		11,512,519	-	881,340	(881,340)	11,512,519	881,340	10,631,179		
17	Ophir Myanmar	1,804,642	71,540,002	(69,735,360)		(71,540,002)	71,540,002	1,804,642		1,804,642		

		Ten	nplates originally lodge	d		Adjustments		Final amounts			
No.	Company	Extractive company	Government	Difference	Extractive company	Government	Difference	Extractive company	Government	Difference	
		(a)	(b)	(c) =(a - b)	(d)	€	(f) = (d-e)	(g) = (a+d)	(h) = (b+e)	(i) = (g-h)	
	(Block AD-3) Limited (Myanmar Branch)										
18	Pacific Hunt Energy Corporation (Myanmar Branch)	16,548,189,846	-	16,548,189,846	(16,548,189,846)	-	(16,548,189,846)	-			
19	Petronas Carigali Myanmar Inc (PCMI)	4,067,640,000	5,980,120,178	(1,912,480,178)		(1,912,480,178)	1,912,480,178	4,067,640,000	4,067,640,000		
20	Shell Myanmar Energy Pte. Ltd Yangon Branch	796,708,353		796,708,353	(725,110,047)		(725,110,047)	71,598,306		71,598,306	
21	Tap Energy (M-7) Co., Ltd. (Statoil)	-	37,030,523	(37,030,523)	-	(37,030,523)	37,030,523	-	-		
22	Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte Ltd	35,040,714,479	37,425,263,700	(2,384,549,221)	(3,717,088,708)	(6,101,639,862)	2,384,551,154	31,323,625,771	31,323,623,838	1,933	
23	Myanmar Petroleum Exploration & Production Co., Ltd.	-	11,064,522	(11,064,522)	-		-	-	11,064,522	(11,064,522)	
24	Royal Marine Engineering Co.,Ltd	-	20,412,341	(20,412,341)	-	(4,200,214)	4,200,214	-	16,212,127	(16,212,127)	
25	Eden Group Co., Ltd	-	4,978,378,454	(4,978,378,454)	-	(3,811,569,062)	3,811,569,062	-	1,166,809,392	(1,166,809,392)	
26	CNPC International Ltd.	-	9,080,670,147	(9,080,670,147)	-	-	-	-	9,080,670,147	(9,080,670,147)	
27	Smart Technical Services Ltd.	-	357,037,151	(357,037,151)		(246,328,501)	246,328,501		110,708,650	(110,708,650)	

	Company	Templates originally lodged				Adjustments		Final amounts			
No.		Extractive company	Government	Difference	Extractive company	Government	Difference	Extractive company	Government	Difference	
		(a)	(b)	(c) =(a - b)	(d)	€	(f) = (d-e)	(g) = (a+d)	(h) = (b+e)	(i) = (g-h)	
28	Machinery and Solutions Co., Ltd.		106,763,580	(106,763,580)		(57,047,064)	57,047,064		49,716,516	(49,716,516)	
29	Young Investment Group Co. Ltd.	5,976,250		5,976,250	(5,976,250)	-	(5,976,250)		-		
	Total	556,470,116,815	1,066,707,182,860	(510,237,066,045)	414,112,566,479	(80,993,173,025)	495,105,739,504	970,582,683,294	985,714,009,835	(15,131,326,541)	

5.1.2. Payments flows reconciliation by revenue stream

Payments in kind:

The table below shows the total in kind Payments reported by extractive companies and Government Agencies, taking into account all adjustments:

Table 125: Oil and gas payments reconciled by payment flow

		Templates originally lodged				Adjustments		Final amounts		
N°	Description of Payment	Extractive company	Govt	Difference	Extractive company	Govt	Difference	Extractive company	Govt	Difference
MOGE										
PCC										
Payme	nts in kind									
1	Baseline payments in kind	748,939	748,939	-	-	-	-	748,939	748,939	-
2	Cost recovery	378,130	378,130	-	-	-	-	378,130	378,130	-
3	Risk compensation	67,273	67,273	-	-	-	-	67,273	67,273	-
IPR										
Payme	nts in kind									
4	Baseline payments in kind	481,182	481,182	-	-	-	-	481,182	481,182	-
5	MOGE profit share (profit split) in kind	72,110	-	72,110	-	-	-	72,110	-	72,110
6	Royalties in kind	43,451	43,451	-	-	-	-	43,451	43,451	-
7	State profit share in kind	-	73,585	(73,585)	-	-	-	-	73,585	(73,585)

Payments in cash:

The table below shows the total cash Payments reported by extractive companies and Government Agencies, taking into account all adjustments:

Table 125: Oil and gas payments reconciled by payment flow

Amounts in MMK

	Descripti	Τε	emplates originally lodg	ed		Adjustments			Final amounts	
N°	on of Payment	Extractive company	Govt	Difference	Extractive company	Govt	Difference	Extractive company	Govt	Difference
Finance a										
Customs Departme	ent		190,757,692	(190,757,692)		(14,877)	14,877		190,742,815	(190,742,815)
1	Customs duties (Normal and border imports)		190,757,692	(190,757,692)		(14,877)	14,877		190,742,815	(190,742,815)
Internal F Departme		34,013,499,821	111,074,903,183	(77,061,403,362)	(442,712,253)	(62,563,481,862)	62,120,769,609	33,570,787,568	48,511,421,321	(14,940,633,753)
2	Corporate Income Tax	22,717,824,013	50,174,484,096	(27,456,660,083)	10,702,476,476	(1,687,431,514)	12,389,907,990	33,420,300,489	48,487,052,582	(15,066,752,093)
3	Commerci al Tax for MOGE contracto rs sales	50,053,237	60,881,113,526	(60,831,060,289)	(50,053,237)	(60,881,113,526)	60,831,060,289		-	-
4	Withholdi ng Tax	4,179,622,681	19,305,561	4,160,317,120	(4,070,939,767)		(4,070,939,767)	108,682,914	19,305,561	89,377,353
5	Stamp Duty	41,804,165	-	41,804,165	-	5,063,178	(5,063,178)	41,804,165	5,063,178	36,740,987
6	Other significan t payments (> USD 50,000)	7,024,195,725	-	7,024,195,725	(7,024,195,725)		(7,024,195,725)		-	-
MOGE										
PSC		498,694,177,924	942,926,962,186	(444,232,784,262)	425,549,115,848	(18,683,695,156)	444,232,811,004	924,243,293,772	924,243,267,030	26,742
Payments		498,694,177,924	942,926,962,186	(444,232,784,262)	425,549,115,848	(18,683,695,156)	444,232,811,004	924,243,293,772	924,243,267,030	26,742
7	Domestic sales to the MOGE (-)	(466,558,995,232)	(654,155,961,929)	187,596,966,697	(187,596,966,695)	-	(187,596,966,695)	(654,155,961,927)	(654,155,961,929)	2

Descripti	Te	emplates originally lodge	ed		Adjustments			Final amounts	
on of Payment	Extractive company	Govt	Difference	Extractive company	Govt	Difference	Extractive company	Govt	Difference
MOGE Cost recovery	(256,732,572,949)	274,679,114,421	(531,411,687,370)	531,108,989,803	(302,700,469)	531,411,690,272	274,376,416,854	274,376,413,952	2,902
MOGE profit share (profit split)	73,833,138,647	99,111,310,383	(25,278,171,736)	23,536,752,337	(1,741,420,595)	25,278,172,932	97,369,890,984	97,369,889,788	1,196
Productio n Bonus		-	-	-	-	-		-	-
Royalties in cash	317,045,861,922	339,352,600,179	(22,306,738,257)	15,887,554,847	(6,419,190,598)	22,306,745,445	332,933,416,769	332,933,409,581	7,188
State profit share	831,106,745,536	883,939,899,132	(52,833,153,596)	42,612,785,556	(10,220,383,494)	52,833,169,050	873,719,531,092	873,719,515,638	15,454
	(14,675,019,330)	(14,675,019,330)		-	-	-	(14,675,019,330)	(14,675,019,330)	-
in cash	(14,675,019,330)	(14,675,019,330)	-	-		-	(14,675,019,330	(14,675,019,330)	-
Cost recovery (-)	(13,561,187,430)	(13,561,187,430)	-		-		(13,561,187,430)	(13,561,187,430)	-
Risk compensa tion (-)	(1,113,831,900)	(1,113,831,900)	-	-	-	-	(1,113,831,900)	(1,113,831,900)	-
	(17,010,311,602)	(17,010,312,616)	1,014				(17,010,311,602)	(17,010,312,616)	1,014
in cash	(17,010,311,602)	(17,010,312,616)	1,014		-	-	(17,010,311,602	(17,010,312,616)	1,014
contracto r Cost recovery (-)	(12,699,309,723)	(12,699,309,963)	240				(12,699,309,723)	(12,699,309,963)	240
Contracto r profit share (-)	(4,311,001,879)	(4,311,002,653)	774		-		(4,311,001,879)	(4,311,002,653)	774
payments ferent type cts	55,447,770,002	44,199,891,745	11,247,878,257	(10,993,837,116)	254,018,870	(11,247,855,986)	44,453,932,886	44,453,910,615	22,271
in cash	55,447,770,002	44,199,891,745	11,247,878,257	(10,993,837,116)	254,018,870	(11,247,855,986)	44,453,932,886	44,453,910,615	22,271
Signature Bonus	55,182,462,762	44,199,891,745	10,982,571,017	(10,982,548,746)	-	(10,982,548,746)	44,199,914,016	44,199,891,745	22,271
Annual expenses	265,307,240	-	265,307,240	(11,288,370)	254,018,870	(265,307,240)	254,018,870	254,018,870	-
	on of Payment MOGE Cost recovery MOGE profit share (profit share (profit split) Productio n Bonus Royalties in cash State profit share in cash Cost recovery (-) Risk compensa tion (-) in cash contracto r Cost recovery (-) Contracto r Profit share (-) share (-) serent type ts in cash Signature Bonus Annual	mode	MOGE Cost recovery MOGE profit share (profit split) Productio n Bonus Royalties in cash State profit share (14,675,019,330) in cash (17,010,311,602) (17,010,312,616) in cash (17,010,311,602) (17,010,312,616) in cash (17,010,311,602) (17,010,312,616) contracto r Cost recovery (-) Contracto r Signature Bonus Annual 265 307 240	On of Payment Extractive company Govt Difference MOGE Cost recovery (256,732,572,949) 274,679,114,421 (531,411,687,370) MOGE profit share (profit split) 73,833,138,647 99,111,310,383 (25,278,171,736) Productio n Bonus Royalties in cash State profit share 317,045,861,922 339,352,600,179 (22,306,738,257) State profit share (14,675,019,330) (14,675,019,330) - (14,675,019,330) (14,675,019,330) - (13,561,187,430) (13,561,187,430) - (17,010,311,602) (17,010,312,616) 1,014 in cash (2,699,309,723) (12,699,309,963) 240 contracto r Cost recovery (-) (4,311,001,879) (4,311,002,653) 774 share (-) profit share (-) 55,447,770,002 44,199,891,745 11,247,878,257 signatur	Difference	Description Description	Payment Paym	Extractive company Covt Covt company Covt Difference Company Covt covt covt covt covt covt covt covt c	Extractive

	Descripti	T	emplates originally lodge	ed		Adjustments			Final amounts	
N°	on of Payment	Extractive company	Govt	Difference	Extractive company	Govt	Difference	Extractive company	Govt	Difference
	of the Training Fund									
Social Pa	yments	5,946,884,011		5,946,884,011				5,946,884,011		5,946,884,011
22	Mandator y Corporate Social Responsib ility	362,400		362,400				362,400		362,400
23	Voluntary Corporate Social Responsib ility	5,946,521,611	-	5,946,521,611	-	-		5,946,521,611	-	5,946,521,611
	Total	556,470,116,815	1,066,707,182,860	(510,237,066,045)	414,112,566,479	(80,993,173,025)	495,105,739,504	970,582,683,294	985,714,009,835	(15,131,326,541)

5.1.3. Adjustments to the reporting templates

Adjustments to the companies reporting templates

Adjustments per companies

The detail of the adjustments performed to the companies RT detailed per companies is presented below:

Table 126: Oil and gas companies adjustments by company

Amounts in MMK

No ·	Company	Tax paid not reported	Tax paid reported but outside the period covered	Tax paid reported but outside the reconciliation scope	Tax amount incorrectly reported	Payments already supported by the MOGE on the behalf of companies	Tax paid on other identification number	Total Extractive company Adjustments
1	Gold Petrol Joint Operating Company Inc., (GJOC Inc.)	67,047,593	-	-		-	-	67,047,593
2	PC Myanmar (Hong Kong) Limited	-	-	(11,288,370)	-	-	-	(11,288,370)
3	Posco Daewoo Corporation (Myanmar E&P Office)	204,155,815,541	-	-	-	-	-	204,155,815,541
4	PTTEP International Ltd.	(152,417,338,741)	(29,365,441,766)	(6,212,280,288)	407,815,302,392	-	-	219,820,241,597
BDC) LLP			205				EITI MYANMAR

No	Company	Tax paid not reported	Tax paid reported but outside the period covered	Tax paid reported but outside the reconciliation scope	Tax amount incorrectly reported	Payments already supported by the MOGE on the behalf of companies	Tax paid on other identification number	Total Extractive company Adjustments
5	Total E&P Myanmar	12,200,828,132	-	-	-	-	-	12,200,828,132
6	Unocal Myanmar Offshore Co., Ltd.	1,363,479,461	-	-	-	-	-	1,363,479,461
7	Berlanga Myanmar Pte Ltd., (Myanmar Branch)	-	-	(173,480,806)	-	(1,055,763)	(82,760,992)	(257,297,561)
8	BG Exploration & Production Myanmar Pte. Ltd. (Myanmar Branch)	-	-	-	-	(7,324,248)	-	(7,324,248)
9	CAOG PTE LTD (MYANMAR BRANCH)	-	-	(71,695,012)	-	(4,277,612)	(1,372,732,675)	(1,448,705,299)
10	ENI Myanmar B.V. (Myanmar Branch)	-	-	(773,865,516)	-	-	-	(773,865,516)
11	Pacific Hunt Energy Corporation (Myanmar Branch)	-	(10,982,548,746)	(5,565,641,100)	-	-	-	(16,548,189,846
12	Shell Myanmar Energy Pte. Ltd Yangon Branch	-	-	(693,690,683)	-	(31,419,364)	-	(725,110,047)
13	Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte Ltd	-	-	-	(3,717,088,708)	-	-	(3,717,088,708)
14	Young Investment Group Co. Ltd.	-	-	-	-	(5,976,250)	-	(5,976,250)
	Total	65,369,831,986	(40,347,990,512)	(13,501,941,775)	404,098,213,684	(50,053,237)	(1,455,493,667)	414,112,566,479

Adjustments per tax

The detail of the adjustments performed to the companies RT detailed per payment flows is presented below :

Table 127: Oil and gas companies adjustments by payment flows

Amounts in MMK **Payments** Tax paid already Tax paid Tax paid on reported but **Total Extractive** Tax amount reported but supported by other Tax paid not Revenue stream outside the incorrectly company reported outside the the MOGE on identification reconciliation reported Adjustments period covered the behalf of number scope companies 65,369,831,986 (40,347,990,512)404,098,213,684 (1,455,493,667)414,112,566,479 (13,501,941,775)(50,053,237)Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry (MoPFI) 16,914,756,764 (13,490,653,405)(3,717,088,708)(50,053,237)(99,673,667)(442,712,253)Internal Revenue Department (IRD) 16,914,756,764 (13,490,653,405) (3,717,088,708)(50,053,237)(99,673,667) (442,712,253)1 Corporate Income Tax 16,914,756,764 (6,212,280,288)10,702,476,476 Commercial Tax for MOGE contractors' sales (50,053,237)(50,053,237)Withholding Tax (254, 177, 392)(3,717,088,708)(99,673,667)(4,070,939,767)Other significant payments (> USD 50,000) (7,024,195,725)(7,024,195,725)MOGE 48,455,075,222 (40,347,990,512) 407,815,302,392 - (1,355,820,000) 414,555,278,732 (11,288,370)PSC (29, 365, 441, 766) 407,815,302,392 425,549,115,848 47,099,255,222 Payments in Cash 47,099,255,222 407,815,302,392 425,549,115,848 (29, 365, 441, 766) Domestic sales to the MOGE (-) (187,596,966,695)(187,596,966,695) 6 MOGE Cost recovery 123,293,687,411 407,815,302,392 531,108,989,803 MOGE profit share (profit split) 23,536,752,337 26,720,501,551 (3,183,749,214)Royalties in cash 15,887,554,847 25,957,436,613 (10,069,881,766)9 State profit share 58,724,596,342 (16,111,810,786)42,612,785,556 Common payments to the different type of contracts 1,355,820,000 (10,982,548,746)(11,288,370)(1,355,820,000) (10,993,837,116) Payments in cash 1,355,820,000 (10,982,548,746)(11,288,370)(1,355,820,000) (10,993,837,116) 10 Signature Bonus 1,355,820,000 (10,982,548,746)(1,355,820,000)(10,982,548,746) Annual expenses of the Training Fund (11,288,370)(11,288,370)Total 65,369,831,986 (40.347.990.512) (13,501,941,775) 404.098.213.684 (50.053.237) (1.455.493.667) 414,112,566,479

Adjustments to the government reporting templates

Adjustments per companies

The detail of the adjustments performed to the government agencies RT detailed per companies is presented below:

Table 128: Oil and gas government adjustments by companies

Amounts in MMK

No.	Company	Tax received not reported	Tax received reported but outside the period covered	Tax reported but not received	Tax received on other identification number	Payments already supported by the MOGE on the behalf of companies	Total Government Adjustments
1	Gold Petrol Joint Operating Company Inc., (GJOC Inc.)	122,060,829	-	(282,359,140)	-	-	(160,298,311)
2	PC Myanmar (Hong Kong) Limited	30,851,684	-	-	(14,877)	(16,108,458,134)	(16,077,621,327)
3	Posco Daewoo Corporation (Myanmar E&P Office)	42,114,481	-	-	-	(2,317,115,948)	(2,275,001,467)
4	PTTEP International Ltd.	-	(18,683,695,156)	-	(40,872,627)	(26,556,757,212)	(45,281,324,995)
5	Total E&P Myanmar	-	-	-	-	(5,096,913,752)	(5,096,913,752)
6	ONGC Videsh Ltd.,	-	-	-	-	(42,111,812)	(42,111,812)
7	ENI Myanmar B.V. (Myanmar Branch)	181,052,705	-	-	-	-	181,052,705
8	IsTech Energy EP-5 Pte Ltd., (Myanmar Branch)	881,340	-	-	-	-	881,340
9	Ophir Myanmar (Block AD-3) Limited (Myanmar Branch)	-	-	-	-	(71,540,002)	(71,540,002)
10	Petronas Carigali Myanmar Inc (PCMI)	-	-	-	-	(1,912,480,178)	(1,912,480,178)
11	Tap Energy (M-7) Co., Ltd. (Statoil)	-	-	-	-	(37,030,523)	(37,030,523)
12	Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte Ltd	4,181,838	-	-	-	(6,105,821,700)	(6,101,639,862)
13	Royal Marine Engineering Co.,Ltd	-	-	-	-	(4,200,214)	(4,200,214)
14	Eden Group Co., Ltd	-	-	-	-	(3,811,569,062)	(3,811,569,062)
15	Smart Technical Services Ltd.	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	(246, 328, 501)	(246,328,501)
16	Machinery and Solutions Co., Ltd.	-	-	-	-	(57,047,064)	(57,047,064)
	Total	381,142,877	(18,683,695,156)	(282,359,140)	(40,887,504)	(62,367,374,102)	(80,993,173,025)

Adjustments per tax

The detail of the adjustments performed to the government agencies RT detailed per payment flows is presented below:

Table 129: Oil and gas government adjustments by payment flows

							Amounts in MMK
No.	Revenue stream	Tax received not reported	Tax received reported but outside the period covered	Tax reported but not received	Tax received on other identification number	Payments already supported by the MOGE on the behalf of companies	Total Government Adjustments
		381,142,877	(18,683,695,156)	(282,359,140)	(40,887,504)	(62,367,374,102)	(80,993,173,025)
Minis	stry of Planning, Finance and Industry (MoPFI)	127,124,007		(282,359,140)	(40,887,504)	(62,367,374,102)	(62,563,496,739)
Cust	oms Department				(14,877)		(14,877)
1	Customs duties (Normal and border imports)	-	-	-	(14,877)	-	(14,877)
Inter	rnal Revenue Department (IRD)	127,124,007		(282,359,140)	(40,872,627)	(62,367,374,102)	(62,563,481,862)
2	Corporate Income Tax	122,060,829	-	(282,359,140)	(40,872,627)	(1,486,260,576)	(1,687,431,514)
3	Commercial Tax for MOGE contractors' sales	-	-	-	-	(60,881,113,526)	(60,881,113,526)
4	Stamp Duty	5,063,178	-	-	-	-	5,063,178
MOG	E	254,018,870	(18,683,695,156)				(18,429,676,286)
PSC			(18,683,695,156)				(18,683,695,156)
Payn	nents in Cash	-	(18,683,695,156)	-	-	-	(18,683,695,156)
5	MOGE Cost recovery	-	-	-	-	-	(302,700,469)
6	MOGE profit share (profit split)	-	(2,044,121,064)	-	-	-	(1,741,420,595)
7	Royalties in cash	-	(6,419,190,598)	-	-	-	(6,419,190,598)
8	State profit share	-	(10,220,383,494)	-	-	-	(10,220,383,494)
Com	mon payments to the different type of contracts	254,018,870					254,018,870
Payn	nents in cash	254,018,870	-	-	-	-	254,018,870
9	Annual expenses of the Training Fund	254,018,870	-	-	-	-	254,018,870
	Total	381,142,877	(18,683,695,156)	(282,359,140)	(40,887,504)	(62,367,374,102)	(80,993,173,025)

5.1.4. Unreconciled discrepancies

Following our adjustments made, the total unreconciled discrepancies amounted to MMK (15,131,328,016) representing (1.53%) of total payments reported by Government Bodies. These unreconciled differences are summarised below: Unreconciled discrepancies per company:

Table 130: Unreconciled discrepancies per company

Amounts in MMK Reporting template Tax not reported

No.	Company	Unreconciled difference	not submitted by the extractive company	by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the Govt Body	Not material difference
1	Shell Myanmar Energy Pte. Ltd Yangon Branch	71,598,306	-	-	71,598,306	-
2	BG Exploration & Production Myanmar Pte. Ltd. (Myanmar Branch)	46,636,224		-	46,636,224	-
3	ENI Myanmar B.V. (Myanmar Branch)	13,575,407	-	(179,916)	13,755,323	-
4	IsTech Energy EP-5 Pte Ltd., (Myanmar Branch)	10,631,179		-	10,631,179	-
5	Ophir Myanmar (Block AD-3) Limited (Myanmar Branch)	1,804,642	-	-	1,804,642	-
6	CFG Energy Pte Ltd.,	201,300		-	201,300	-
7	PC Myanmar (Hong Kong) Limited	17,365	-	-	-	17,365
8	PTTEP International Ltd.	10,604	-	-	-	10,604
9	Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte Ltd	1,933	-	-	-	1,933
10	Gold Petrol Joint Operating Company Inc., (GJOC Inc.)	1,014		-	-	1,014
11	Posco Daewoo Corporation (Myanmar E&P Office)	(1,227)	-	-	-	(1,227)
12	CAOG PTE LTD (MYANMAR BRANCH)	(169,152)		(617,079)	447,927	-
13	ONGC Videsh Ltd.,	(2,030,156)	(2,030,156)	-	-	-
14	Myanmar Petroleum Exploration & Production Co., Ltd.	(11,064,522)	-	(11,064,522)	-	-
15	Royal Marine Engineering Co.,Ltd	(16,212,127)	(16,212,127)	-	-	-
16	Berlanga Myanmar Pte Ltd., (Myanmar Branch)	(30,305,472)	-	(30,325,810)	-	20,338
17	Machinery and Solutions Co., Ltd.	(49,716,516)	(49,716,516)	-	-	-
18	Smart Technical Services Ltd.	(110,708,650)	(110,708,650)	-	-	-
19	Gail JJ India Ltd	(500,853,775)	(500,853,775)	-	-	-
20	Eden Group Co., Ltd	(1,166,809,392)	(1,166,809,392)	-	-	-
21	Nippon Oil Exploration (Myanmar) Ltd	(4,307,263,379)	(4,307,263,379)	-	-	-

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No.	Company	Unreconciled difference	Reporting template not submitted by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the Govt Body	Not material difference
22	CNPC International Ltd.	(9,080,670,147)	(9,080,670,147)	-	-	-
	Total	(15,131,326,541)	(15,234,264,142)	(42,187,327)	145,074,901	50,027

Reporting template not submitted by the extractive company:

8 companies did not submit their reporting templates and for which government agencies reported payments. Those companies are:

	Amounts in MMK
Company	Amount reported by the government agencies
CNPC International Ltd.	(9,080,670,147)
Nippon Oil Exploration (Myanmar) Ltd	(4,307,263,379)
Eden Group Co., Ltd	(1,166,809,392)
Gail JJ India Ltd	(500,853,775)
Smart Technical Services Ltd.	(110,708,650)
Machinery and Solutions Co., Ltd.	(49,716,516)
Royal Marine Engineering Co.,Ltd	(16,212,127)
ONGC Videsh Ltd.,	(2,030,156)
Total	(15,234,264,142)

Unreconciled discrepancies per tax:

In kind payments:

Table 131: Unreconciled discrepancies per tax in kind

		Discrepancies explanations					
No. Revenue Stream	Unreconciled difference	Reporting template not submitted by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the Govt Body	Not material difference		
MOGE	48,552		(73,585)	72,110	50,027		
IPR	(461)	-	(73,585)	72,110	1,014		
Payments in kind	(1,475)	-	(73,585)	72,110	-		
10 MOGE profit share (profit split) in kin	72,110	-	-	72,110	-		
11 State profit share in kind	(73,585)	-	(73,585)		-		

Tax not reported by the extractive company

The discrepancies regarding the payment in kind is due to the following reason:

- MOGE reported a payment of 73,585 bbl as State profit share in kind
- The company GOLDPETROL JOC. Inc. reported a payment of 72 110 bbl as profit share (profit split) in kind

In cash payments:

Table 132: Unreconciled discrepancies per tax in cash

					Am	nounts in MMK
				Discrepancies expla	nations	
No.	Revenue Stream	Unreconciled difference	Reporting template not submitted by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the Govt Body	Not material difference
		(15,131,328,016)	(15,234,264,142)	(42,260,912)	145,147,011	50,027
Ministry	of Planning, Finance and Industry (MoPFI)	(15,131,376,568)	(15,234,264,142)	(42,187,327)	145,074,901	-
Custom	s Department	(190,742,815)	(179,498,377)	(11,244,438)		-
1	Customs duties (Normal and border imports)	(190,742,815)	(179,498,377)	(11,244,438)	-	-
Interna	Revenue Department (IRD)	(14,940,633,753)	(15,054,765,765)	(30,942,889)	145,074,901	-
2	Corporate Income Tax	(15,066,752,093)	(15,035,460,204)	(31,291,889)	-	-
3	Withholding Tax	89,377,353	(19,305,561)	-	108,682,914	-
4	Stamp Duty	36,740,987	-	349,000	36,391,987	-
MOGE		48,552	-	(73,585)	72,110	50,027
PSC		26,742	-			26,742
Paymer	its in Cash	26,742	-	-	-	26,742
5	Domestic sales to the MOGE (-)	2	-	-	-	2
6	MOGE Cost recovery	2,902	-	-	-	2,902
7	MOGE profit share (profit split)	1,196	-		-	1,196
8	Royalties in cash	7,188	-	-	-	7,188
9	State profit share	15,454	-		-	15,454
IPR		(461)	-	(73,585)	72,110	1,014
Paymer	its in cash	1,014	-	-	-	1,014
12	contractor Cost recovery (-)	240	-	-	-	240
13	Contractor profit share (-)	774	-	-	-	774
Commo	n payments to the different type of contracts	22,271	-	-	-	22,271
Paymer	its in cash	22,271	-	-	-	22,271

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			Discrepancies explanations						
No.	Revenue Stream	Unreconciled difference	Reporting template not submitted by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the Govt Body	Not material difference			
14	Signature Bonus	22,271	-	-	-	22,271			
	Total	(15,131,326,541)	(15,234,264,142)	(42,187,327)	145,074,901	50,027			

Reporting template not submitted by the extractive company:

The payment flows of the companies that did not submit their reporting templates listed above are mainly composed pf the payments of corporate income tax for 15,035,460,204 MMK, customs duties for 179,498,377 MMK and withholding tax for 19,305,561 MMK.

5.2. Payments of Gems and Jade companies

5.2.1. Cash flows reconciliation by company

For Companies in scope:

The tables below summarise the differences between payments reported by extractive companies and receipts reported by Government Agencies.

The tables include consolidated figures based on the reporting templates prepared by each extractive company and Government Agency, adjustments made following our reconciliation work and the residual, unreconciled differences:

Table 133: Gems and Jade payments reconciliation per company

	Temp	lates originally lod	ged		Adjustments		Final amounts			
Company	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government €	Difference (f) = (d-e)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+e)	Difference (i) = (g-h)	
Linn Lett Win Yadanar Gems Co Ltd	36,979,696,968	37,223,464,814	(243,767,846)	278,258,703	42,932,419	235,326,284	37,257,955,671	37,266,397,233	(8,441,562)	
Yar Za Htar Ni	32,482,335,147	32,034,040,992	448,294,155	591,920	448,886,202	(448,294,282)	32,482,927,067	32,482,927,194	(127)	
YADANAR TAUNG TEN	21,860,448,263	23,817,029,166	(1,956,580,903)	1,956,580,903	-	1,956,580,903	23,817,029,166	23,817,029,166	-	
Wai Aung Gabar	23,125,056,609	23,125,056,624	(16)	-	-	-	23,125,056,609	23,125,056,624	(16)	
Ayeyar Yadanar Gems & Jewellery Co., Ltd	4,096,010,058	4,137,651,754	(41,641,696)	241,961,052	200,319,565	41,641,487	4,337,971,110	4,337,971,319	(209)	
AKNK	-	43,957,340	(43,957,340)	-	-	-	-	43,957,340	(43,957,340)	
SILVER ELEPHANT GEMS CO LTD	20,570,667,536	11,017,063,347	9,553,604,189	(9,556,297,060)	-	(9,556,297,060)	11,014,370,476	11,017,063,347	(2,692,872)	
Phyo Thiha Kyaw	10,351,491,965	13,776,295,452	(3,424,803,487)	-	(3,424,693,487)	3,424,693,487	10,351,491,965	10,351,601,965	(110,000)	
Same Wai Hlaing	8,877,127,349	8,877,127,349		-	-	-	8,877,127,349	8,877,127,349	-	

	Tem	olates originally lod	ged		Adjustments		Final amounts			
Company	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government €	Difference (f) = (d-e)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+e)	Difference (i) = (g-h)	
Mya Garden	8,332,306,202	8,328,661,018	3,645,184	-	12,969,969	(12,969,969)	8,332,306,202	8,341,630,987	(9,324,785)	
Kan Pwint Oo	6,875,269,107	6,203,345,545	671,923,562	(671,923,562)	-	(671,923,562)	6,203,345,545	6,203,345,545	-	
Shwe Ngar Koe Kaung	349,936,252	349,936,252	-	-	-	-	349,936,252	349,936,252	-	
Shwe Gaung Gaung Gems Co Ltd	2,850,505,388	2,930,849,587	(80,344,199)	83,510,575	3,031,121	80,479,454	2,934,015,962	2,933,880,708	135,254	
Htun Tauk Zabu Gems & Jewellery Co;Ltd.	2,413,813,506	2,878,564,069	(464,750,563)	436,572,092	(28,305,468)	464,877,560	2,850,385,598	2,850,258,601	126,997	
Sein Lonm Taung Tan	6,180,094,190	7,993,029,438	(1,812,935,248)	1,810,518,135	-	1,810,518,135	7,990,612,324	7,993,029,438	(2,417,114)	
Ayar Jade	6,955,340,026	7,012,369,297	(57,029,270)	56,842,573	64,100	56,778,473	7,012,182,599	7,012,433,397	(250,797)	
Shining Star Light Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	5,974,017,581	6,158,061,678	(184,044,097)	78,798,023	-	78,798,023	6,052,815,604	6,158,061,678	(105,246,074)	
Yadanar Sin Thiri Gems Co	798,596,138	515,918,173	282,677,965	(203,040,427)	81,053,202	(284,093,629)	595,555,711	596,971,375	(1,415,663)	
SHWE OAK KHAI MINING CO.,LTD.	3,136,460,200	2,637,271,150	499,189,050	(499,189,050)	-	(499,189,050)	2,637,271,150	2,637,271,150	-	
Jade Mountain	5,423,953,001	5,350,582,685	73,370,317	1,587,462	74,957,781	(73,370,319)	5,425,540,463	5,425,540,466	(2)	
Thirawmani	7,910,586,895	5,661,998,671	2,248,588,224	(2,246,976,132)	833,991	(2,247,810,123)	5,663,610,762	5,662,832,662	778,100	
Phoe Thar Htoo Gems Co.,Ltd.	4,832,256,604	4,781,219,654	51,036,950	3,035,324	59,313,865	(56,278,542)	4,835,291,927	4,840,533,519	(5,241,592)	
Myanma Seinn Lei Aung Gems Co Ltd.	1,772,439,205	2,504,042,143	(731,602,938)	105,777,302	(604,066,348)	709,843,651	1,878,216,508	1,899,975,795	(21,759,287)	
Yadanar Yaung Chi	1,070,086,981	1,008,689,069	61,397,913	(0)	40,373,466	(40,373,466)	1,070,086,981	1,049,062,535	21,024,447	

	Temp	lates originally lodg	ged		Adjustments		Final amounts			
Company	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government €	Difference (f) = (d-e)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+e)	Difference (i) = (g-h)	
Linn Htet Aung Gems Co.,Ltd.	391,819,051	406,717,661	(14,898,610)	54,858,501	39,959,890	14,898,610	446,677,552	446,677,552	-	
Norbal Three Star	5,616,386,762	5,770,900,332	(154,513,570)	154,099,461	-	154,099,461	5,770,486,223	5,770,900,332	(414,109)	
WAN BROTHERS	5,492,778,978	5,426,331,914	66,447,064	(66,447,064)	-	(66,447,064)	5,426,331,914	5,426,331,914	-	
Mya Yaung Tun	80,454,319	89,310,279	(8,855,960)	8,811,300	-	8,811,300	89,265,619	89,310,279	(44,660)	
Nan Htike Pyae Paing Co	690,517,039	680,427,121	10,089,918	-	-	-	690,517,039	680,427,121	10,089,918	
Khun Paooe	4,985,156,178	5,206,466,092	(221,309,914)	219,983,726	-	219,983,726	5,205,139,903	5,206,466,092	(1,326,189)	
Great wall Gems&Jade company	203,405,293	61,928,464	141,476,829	-	143,476,829	(143,476,829)	203,405,293	205,405,293	(2,000,000)	
Great Genesis Gems	5,553,989,650	6,354,377,886	(800,388,236)	64,227,119	(736,161,117)	800,388,236	5,618,216,769	5,618,216,769	-	
Wai Family	3,125,092,116	3,125,092,116	-	-	-	-	3,125,092,116	3,125,092,116	-	
Seng Tawng Gems&Jewell ery Co., Ltd	2,094,292,043	2,094,293,154	(1,111)	-	-	-	2,094,292,043	2,094,293,154	(1,111)	
Kyauk Same Nan Taw	2,904,292,485	2,904,292,485	-	-	-	-	2,904,292,485	2,904,292,485	-	
Jade Land	-	991,522	(991,522)	-	-	-	-	991,522	(991,522)	
1 1 1	2,478,967,585	2,397,523,013	81,444,573	20,000,000	105,652,066	(85,652,066)	2,498,967,585	2,503,175,079	(4,207,493)	
Kaung Myat Thu Ka	3,530,878,949	3,458,252,247	72,626,702	2,926,550	100,882,447	(97,955,897)	3,533,805,499	3,559,134,694	(25,329,195)	
Khine Myanmar	358,747,261	203,601,921	155,145,341	(121,678,086)	36,047,242	(157,725,328)	237,069,176	239,649,163	(2,579,987)	
Unity	1,872,763,608	1,520,654,927	352,108,681	(353,512,334)	68,102	(353,580,436)	1,519,251,275	1,520,723,030	(1,471,755)	
Wai Yan Thar	80,661,952	46,285,247	34,376,705	(34,376,705)	-	(34,376,705)	46,285,247	46,285,247	-	
Sin Gaung Taung	671,678,048	27,035,087	644,642,961	(644,642,961)	-	(644,642,961)	27,035,087	27,035,087	0	
GREEN MOUNTAIN CO;LTD	2,031,899,863	2,360,710,639	(328,810,776)	1,251,534,951	923,980,739	327,554,213	3,283,434,814	3,284,691,378	(1,256,563)	

	Temp	lates originally lod	ged		Adjustments		Final amounts			
Company	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government €	Difference (f) = (d-e)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+e)	Difference (i) = (g-h)	
Chang Long Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	1,770,389,259	1,839,463,739	(69,074,480)	-	-	-	1,770,389,259	1,839,463,739	(69,074,480)	
Kyaut Myat Min	101,424,810	101,937,664	(512,853)	-	-	-	101,424,810	101,937,664	(512,853)	
Yadanar Shwe Ye Win	480,429,111	478,785,213	1,643,898	-	2,061,279	(2,061,279)	480,429,111	480,846,492	(417,381)	
Myit Sone Ayar	1,951,196,181	1,934,790,604	16,405,577	1,552,796	17,965,123	(16,412,327)	1,952,748,977	1,952,755,727	(6,750)	
Yadanar Aung Chan	41,707,603	83,484,428	(41,776,825)	-	(34,314,620)	34,314,620	41,707,603	49,169,808	(7,462,205)	
Myanmar Imperial Jade Co	4,293,147,277	4,470,869,601	(177,722,324)	183,258,280	5,535,956	177,722,324	4,476,405,557	4,476,405,557	-	
Khin Zaw Aung & Brother	3,540,585,962	3,547,071,509	(6,485,547)	11,591,460	6,252,690	5,338,771	3,552,177,422	3,553,324,198	(1,146,776)	
Myanmar First Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	3,174,937,381	3,172,508,397	2,428,984	(2,428,984)	-	(2,428,984)	3,172,508,397	3,172,508,397	-	
Ever Winner	593,421,070	995,186,489	(401,765,419)	10,834,463	(390,930,956)	401,765,419	604,255,533	604,255,533	-	
Shwe Hein Htet Gems Co Ltd	1,201,385,898	1,035,533,036	165,852,862	-	165,852,862	(165,852,862)	1,201,385,898	1,201,385,898	-	
Myo Nwe Gems	2,130,859,240	2,348,111,828	(217,252,588)	240,148,126	23,057,787	217,090,339	2,371,007,366	2,371,169,615	(162,249)	
Tun Naing Aung	992,846,715	1,571,144,920	(578,298,205)	168,215,193	(409,604,314)	577,819,507	1,161,061,908	1,161,540,607	(478,699)	
Nay Min Kabar Co	1,353,880,234	2,338,281,265	(984,401,031)	-	(984,401,025)	984,401,025	1,353,880,234	1,353,880,240	(6)	
Zebu Thiri Gems Co.,ltd	654,471,651	658,573,979	(4,102,327)	-	-	-	654,471,651	658,573,979	(4,102,327)	
Yadanar Three Elephants Co	2,568,497,691	2,851,709,145	(283,211,454)	311,468,294	21,056,912	290,411,382	2,879,965,985	2,872,766,057	7,199,928	
Kyaing International	345,465,884,569	2,948,553,219	342,517,331,350	(342,593,515,064)	-	(342,593,515,064)	2,872,369,506	2,948,553,219	(76,183,713)	

	Temp	olates originally lode	ged		Adjustments		Final amounts			
Company	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government €	Difference (f) = (d-e)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+e)	Difference (i) = (g-h)	
Nan Oo Yadanar	192,947,578	172,373,206	20,574,372	1,696,460	22,477,746	(20,781,286)	194,644,038	194,850,952	(206,914)	
Su Htu Pan	156,443,265	158,326,959	(1,883,694)	(69,739)	-	(69,739)	156,373,526	158,326,959	(1,953,433)	
Long Byit	129,242,273	102,067,199	27,175,074	(66,908,163)	-	(66,908,163)	62,334,110	102,067,199	(39,733,089)	
Win Lei Yadanar	56,576,007	120,247,662	(63,671,655)	63,648,850	-	63,648,850	120,224,857	120,247,662	(22,805)	
Kyal Sin Phyu	11,638,509	23,697,825	(12,059,315)	-	-	-	11,638,509	23,697,825	(12,059,315)	
Treasure Star Co., Ltd	1,210,280,978	1,305,732,474	(95,451,496)	115,208,215	20,000,000	95,208,215	1,325,489,193	1,325,732,474	(243,281)	
ARS Gems	495,108,897	280,920,054	214,188,843	(216,608,583)	346,938	(216,955,521)	278,500,314	281,266,992	(2,766,678)	
Yadanar Pyi Phyo Aung Gems Co., Ltd	241,874,729	396,845,158	(154,970,429)	158,111,183	8,982,310	149,128,874	399,985,913	405,827,468	(5,841,555)	
Jade Padatar Gems Co,Ltd	1,205,460,960	1,357,132,253	(151,671,293)	151,668,504	-	151,668,504	1,357,129,464	1,357,132,253	(2,788)	
Ruby Dragon Company	1,171,985,650	1,159,991,766	11,993,884	29,824,479	3,884,508	25,939,971	1,201,810,129	1,163,876,274	37,933,855	
Northern Jade World	2,048,974,000	-	2,048,974,000	(2,048,974,000)	-	(2,048,974,000)	-	-	-	
Kaung Htet Khaing	61,156,968	61,156,968	-	-	-	-	61,156,968	61,156,968	-	
Kaung Swan Htet Co	1,593,654,885	1,574,911,021	18,743,864	(3,882,185)	14,075,479	(17,957,664)	1,589,772,700	1,588,986,500	786,200	
Shwe Ywat Hlwar	172,936,632	136,193,138	36,743,495	-	37,914,026	(37,914,026)	172,936,632	174,107,164	(1,170,531)	
Same Lei Yadanar Win Co	3,477,221,127	2,215,486,384	1,261,734,743	(1,261,734,743)	-	(1,261,734,743)	2,215,486,384	2,215,486,384	-	
Hpakan King Gems & Jewellery Co. Ltd	50,354,783	51,667,704	(1,312,921)	-		-	50,354,783	51,667,704	(1,312,921)	
Agga Yadanar Jade Gems & Jewellery Co., LTD	1,662,437,551	1,732,656,333	(70,218,782)	124,156,720	53,994,483	70,162,237	1,786,594,270	1,786,650,816	(56,545)	

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Shwe War Myae	17,443,984	49,936,003	(32,492,019)	32,491,320		32,491,320	49,935,304	49,936,003	(698)	
Delta Land	943,833,055	176,735,526	767,097,529	(766,992,283)	-	(766,992,283)	176,840,772	176,735,526	105,246	
Seine Lone Aung	38,468,373	38,468,373	-	-	-	-	38,468,373	38,468,373	-	
Aung Hein Minn	629,709,449	577,026,314	52,683,135	(57,683,970)	(4,988,262)	(52,695,708)	572,025,480	572,038,053	(12,573)	
Kyauk Seinn Sun Shwin Jade Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	3,015,481,523	1,875,507,984	1,139,973,540	(1,139,973,540)		(1,139,973,540)	1,875,507,984	1,875,507,984	-	
Yadanar Aung Tun Tauk	55,253,103	52,995,058	2,258,045	-	2,258,045	(2,258,045)	55,253,103	55,253,103	-	
U YA GEMS	3,751,347,085	1,834,595,880	1,916,751,205	(1,798,455,412)	118,024,930	(1,916,480,342)	1,952,891,672	1,952,620,810	270,862	
Chaow Brothers Gemstone Enterprise Ltd	461,353,002	1,018,796,469	(557,443,467)	557,443,467	-	557,443,467	1,018,796,469	1,018,796,469	-	
Myat Yamon	1,917,869,095	1,996,588,578	(78,719,482)	103,016,790	26,094,963	76,921,827	2,020,885,886	2,022,683,541	(1,797,655)	
Nay La Pwint	1,200,402,053	1,196,339,668	4,062,386	2,937,567	7,000,000	(4,062,433)	1,203,339,620	1,203,339,668	(48)	
Ma Li Kha Gem Stone Co	340,644,429	715,109,256	(374,464,827)	37,833,590	-	37,833,590	378,478,019	715,109,256	(336,631,237)	
Wan Full	16,786,147	56,537,201	(39,751,054)	25,834,877	-	25,834,877	42,621,024	56,537,201	(13,916,177)	
Aung Tu Ka Dana	-	3,920,400	(3,920,400)	-		-	-	3,920,400	(3,920,400)	
Yadanar Moe Myay	247,640,474	165,097,247	82,543,228	90,225	82,231,844	(82,141,619)	247,730,699	247,329,091	401,609	
Shein Family gems Co., Ltd.	75,406,369	64,864,948	10,541,421	-	6,579,804	(6,579,804)	75,406,369	71,444,752	3,961,617	
Thein Gabar Aung	223,145,919	100,030,622	123,115,297	(74,574,660)	48,758,188	(123,332,848)	148,571,259	148,788,810	(217,551)	
Jade Treasure	575,768,767	301,163,174	274,605,594	(255,878,958)		(255,878,958)	319,889,810	301,163,174	18,726,636	

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Lawka Nandar	637,923,891	783,224,238	(145,300,347)	-	(137,236,814)	137,236,814	637,923,891	645,987,424	(8,063,532)	
Ngwe Si Hein	410,790,339	369,523,493	41,266,846	-	-	-	410,790,339	369,523,493	41,266,846	
Myat Pan Khaing	1,757,603,431	1,757,574,857	28,574	-	-	-	1,757,603,431	1,757,574,857	28,574	
Lon Hai	-	8,313,540	(8,313,540)	-	-	-	-	8,313,540	(8,313,540)	
Goldend Light gems	223,149,013	263,325,385	(40,176,372)	-	2,957,031	(2,957,031)	223,149,013	266,282,416	(43,133,403)	
Hein Aung Lin Htet Jade Co. Ltd	191,111,922	222,427,286	(31,315,363)	-	-	-	191,111,922	222,427,286	(31,315,363)	
Phar Kant Sai Bon	-	12,053,265	(12,053,265)	-	-	-	-	12,053,265	(12,053,265)	
Thigi Myintzu Yadanar	322,458,549	95,112,824	227,345,724	(72,485,193)	84,083,020	(156,568,213)	249,973,355	179,195,844	70,777,511	
Seinn Nay Chi Gems & jade company	1,769,908,266	2,522,114,382	(752,206,116)	-	-	-	1,769,908,266	2,522,114,382	(752,206,116)	
Seine Light	-	101,935,390	(101,935,390)	-	-	-	-	101,935,390	(101,935,390)	
New Lucky Green Gems	22,550,308	20,896,065	1,654,243	-	1,705,042	(1,705,042)	22,550,308	22,601,107	(50,799)	
Mya San Dar	2,772,994	2,772,994	-	-	-	-	2,772,994	2,772,994	-	
Jade Thazin	150,023,470	231,221,887	(81,198,418)	-	-	-	150,023,470	231,221,887	(81,198,418)	
Kaung Su Aung	740,042,651	2,172,775,951	(1,432,733,300)	67,189,154	(557,943,762)	625,132,916	807,231,804	1,614,832,189	(807,600,384)	
Kachin National Development	713,201,538	724,225,194	(11,023,656)	-	(11,023,616)	11,023,616	713,201,538	713,201,578	(40)	
Jade Thapyae Co.,ltd	39,216,341	40,507,815	(1,291,474)	-	-	-	39,216,341	40,507,815	(1,291,474)	
Kaung Wai Yan Co	75,599,699	167,602,381	(92,002,682)	-	-	-	75,599,699	167,602,381	(92,002,682)	
Green Diamond Gems & Jewellery Co. Ltd	113,228,080	101,551,123	11,676,957		11,676,944	(11,676,944)	113,228,080	113,228,067	13	

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Lucky Star Jade Group	343,171,705	212,967,289	130,204,416	29,153,302	158,817,600	(129,664,298)	372,325,007	371,784,889	540,118		
Yadanar Si	5,000,000	14,516,160	(9,516,160)	-	-	-	5,000,000	14,516,160	(9,516,160)		
All Right Company	179,237,699	179,843,721	(606,022)	-	-	-	179,237,699	179,843,721	(606,022)		
Jewel Crown Company	661,271,446	426,182,150	235,089,296	(230,771,576)	4,317,720	(235,089,296)	430,499,870	430,499,870	-		
Kaung Mon Yadanar	60,575,733	108,777,498	(48,201,765)	(40,314)	-	(40,314)	60,535,418	108,777,498	(48,242,079)		
Global Sun Light	112,734,873	111,441,681	1,293,192	-	-	-	112,734,873	111,441,681	1,293,192		
Aung Hlaing Kyawlwa	1,506,544	98,338	1,408,206	-	-	-	1,506,544	98,338	1,408,206		
Value Standard	818,324,700	693,800,754	124,523,946	-	124,963,957	(124,963,957)	818,324,700	818,764,711	(440,011)		
Seine Aung	772,550,796	772,550,209	587	-	-	-	772,550,796	772,550,209	587		
Myint Shin Gems Co.,LTd	1,914,971	1,914,971	-	-	-	-	1,914,971	1,914,971	-		
U Kyaw Thet	1,301,741,629	1,302,149,861	(408,232)	-	-	-	1,301,741,629	1,302,149,861	(408,232)		
Buu Gar	-	248,820	(248,820)	-	-	-	-	248,820	(248,820)		
Jade Pioneer Mining Limited	10,090,523	11,438,889	(1,348,366)	-	-	-	10,090,523	11,438,889	(1,348,366)		
Kyauk Seinn Minn Gems	520,475,973	536,706,693	(16,230,720)	-	-	-	520,475,973	536,706,693	(16,230,720)		
Yi Li Fa	10,272,703	1,324,103,474	(1,313,830,770)	-	-	-	10,272,703	1,324,103,474	(1,313,830,770)		
Pyi Yadanar	1,231,539,336	1,232,539,336	(1,000,000)	-	-	-	1,231,539,336	1,232,539,336	(1,000,000)		
MELODIOUS GEMS COMPANY LIMITED	108,468,151	108,468,151	-	-	-	-	108,468,151	108,468,151	-		
Myanmar Thura	2,427,532,589	1,308,244,318	1,119,288,271	(855,542,693)	263,026,219	(1,118,568,912)	1,571,989,895	1,571,270,537	719,358		
Nay Chi Yadanar Co., Ltd.	448,317,118	481,363,474	(33,046,356)	-	46,518,095	(46,518,095)	448,317,118	527,881,569	(79,564,451)		

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Kyauk Seinn Wingabar Jade Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	1,459,903,724	842,278,060	617,625,664	(617,580,695)	-	(617,580,695)	842,323,029	842,278,060	44,970
Ou Ryu Sein Yadanar	13,180,111	13,180,111	-	-	-	-	13,180,111	13,180,111	-
Kaung Htike	-	6,810,780	(6,810,780)	-	-	-	-	6,810,780	(6,810,780)
Sein Minn Yadanar	10,821,439	10,821,661	(222)	-	-	-	10,821,439	10,821,661	(222)
Treasure Five Star Co., Ltd	-	1,000,220	(1,000,220)	-	-	-	-	1,000,220	(1,000,220)
Kyei Linn Gems & Jade Company	2,576,707	4,576,707	(2,000,000)	-	-	-	2,576,707	4,576,707	(2,000,000)
Silver Sand Stone Gems co.,	210,511,732	210,511,732	-	-	-	-	210,511,732	210,511,732	-
Wan Chang	23,682,297	25,610,942	(1,928,645)	-	-	-	23,682,297	25,610,942	(1,928,645)
Khaing Lon Gems Co., Ltd	951,697,833	978,313,265	(26,615,432)	26,615,432	-	26,615,432	978,313,265	978,313,265	-
PON TUNG THARR GEMS COMPANY LIMITED	390,195,202	406,952,477	(16,757,275)	-	-	-	390,195,202	406,952,477	(16,757,275)
Treasure Linn Gems Co.,Ltd	74,126,774	61,304,436	12,822,339	-	12,061,922	(12,061,922)	74,126,774	73,366,358	760,417
Treasure White Lotus	191,839,794	164,308,805	27,530,989	-	14,767,671	(14,767,671)	191,839,794	179,076,476	12,763,318
Sein Thura San	1,079,675,060	1,095,771,854	(16,096,794)	-	-	-	1,079,675,060	1,095,771,854	(16,096,794)
Aung Shwe Kabar	50,921,786	28,134,869	22,786,916	(22,626,000)	-	(22,626,000)	28,295,786	28,134,869	160,917
San Taw Win	894,507,116	895,147,124	(640,008)	-	-	-	894,507,116	895,147,124	(640,008)
Jade Crystal Palace	6,766,920	6,766,920	-	-	-	-	6,766,920	6,766,920	-
Aung Myin Thu Gems &	396,870,964	403,039,857	(6,168,893)	-	-	-	396,870,964	403,039,857	(6,168,893)

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Jewellery Co.,Ltd			_							
Gold Jade	773,150,385	722,038,164	51,112,222	(7,040,608)	44,071,614	(51,112,222)	766,109,778	766,109,778	-	
Thet Hein Gems & Jewellery Co;Ltd.	20,009,686	51,232,280	(31,222,594)	32,465,020	-	32,465,020	52,474,706	51,232,280	1,242,426	
Myanmar Rich Land Gems	795,516,678	633,261,777	162,254,901	(163,647,831)	-	(163,647,831)	631,868,847	633,261,777	(1,392,930)	
MEGA STAR JEWEL LIMITED	164,595,769	164,399,457	196,312	1,966,200	-	1,966,200	166,561,969	164,399,457	2,162,512	
Kan Sein Pwint	1,975,800	5,799,380	(3,823,580)	-	-	-	1,975,800	5,799,380	(3,823,580)	
Myanmar Winning Gate	765,589,917	831,947,156	(66,357,239)	-	-	-	765,589,917	831,947,156	(66,357,239)	
San Family	203,458,842	218,879,538	(15,420,696)	-	-	-	203,458,842	218,879,538	(15,420,696)	
HONG YENG YEE SHIN GEMS & JADE COMPANY LTD	99,524,011	66,964,958	32,559,053	(33,454,600)	-	(33,454,600)	66,069,411	66,964,958	(895,547)	
Green Comet gems& Jade company	167,217,919	70,823,163	96,394,756	-	-	-	167,217,919	70,823,163	96,394,756	
Gandawin Kyaut Myat Garden	56,064,947	55,429,079	635,868	1,581,000	-	1,581,000	57,645,947	55,429,079	2,216,868	
U Hla Soe Oo	890,224,495	890,224,495	-	-	-	-	890,224,495	890,224,495	-	
80000	996,268,623	880,629,460	115,639,163	(115,974,113)	-	(115,974,113)	880,294,510	880,629,460	(334,950)	
Than Lwin Kyaw Kyar	228,760,646	219,160,646	9,600,000	-	9,600,000	(9,600,000)	228,760,646	228,760,646	-	
Kyauk Myet Shwe Pyi	1,655,810,443	1,340,486,698	315,323,746	(315,623,746)	-	(315,623,746)	1,340,186,698	1,340,486,698	(300,000)	
Moe Brothers	65,106,123	63,845,789	1,260,334	-	-	-	65,106,123	63,845,789	1,260,334	
Innwa Nay Chi Co	161,628,345	91,749,814	69,878,530	(68,451,310)	-	(68,451,310)	93,177,035	91,749,814	1,427,221	

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Jade Master	70,255,464	70,425,687	(170,224)	-	-	-	70,255,464	70,425,687	(170,224		
Shwe Tun Win	404,354,431	405,222,313	(867,883)	-	(855,000)	855,000	404,354,431	404,367,313	(12,883)		
Jade Brothers	40,056,360	40,056,360	-	-	-	-	40,056,360	40,056,360	-		
Myat Myittar Mon (G & J) Co.,Ltd	-	1,912,660,067	(1,912,660,067)	-	(1,912,660,067	1,912,660,067	-	-			
Pang Huke Duwa Co.,Ltd	221,117,058	288,358,068	(67,241,010)	-	-	-	221,117,058	288,358,068	(67,241,010)		
Shwe Pyi Thar Gems Trading and Faceting Co- op.,Ltd	760,006,040	739,242,584	20,763,456				760,006,040	739,242,584	20,763,456		
Khant Shwe Pyi Co.,Ltd	7,292,069,446	1,407,797,027	5,884,272,419	(87,860,902)	5,796,411,524	(5,884,272,426)	7,204,208,544	7,204,208,551	(7)		
Nilar Yoma	18,200,198	203,402,729	(185,202,531)	-	(185,202,531)	185,202,531	18,200,198	18,200,198	-		
Lyan Shan	732,920,478	548,151,779	184,768,699	(97,050,962)	87,717,737	(184,768,699)	635,869,516	635,869,516	-		
Yadanar Myat Noe Thwe Gem	299,846,186	245,600,608	54,245,578	(68,839,581)	(13,294,440)	(55,545,141)	231,006,605	232,306,168	(1,299,563)		
Kyi Wai Yan	169,785,714	90,578,867	79,206,847	(25,126,349)	68,463,360	(93,589,709)	144,659,365	159,042,227	(14,382,862)		
Yadanar San Shwin Gem	487,126,965	397,102,384	90,024,581	1,780,510	91,805,091	(90,024,581)	488,907,475	488,907,475	-		
MOGOK PRIDE	6,910,061	6,821,561	88,500	-	-	-	6,910,061	6,821,561	88,500		
EXCELLENT RUBY & SAPPHIRE	1,450,000	1,450,000	-	-	-	-	1,450,000	1,450,000	-		
CHATKYIYAY GEMS & JEWELLERY CO.,LTD	7,871,973	21,024,512	(13,152,539)	12,810,200	-	12,810,200	20,682,173	21,024,512	(342,339)		
SHWE NAING TUN	666,569	1,883,435	(1,216,866)	-	<u>-</u>	-	666,569	1,883,435	(1,216,866)		
R.B.G	83,160,225	83,160,225	-	-	-	-	83,160,225	83,160,225			
KHINE THIT SAR	44,353,658	43,331,610	1,022,048	-	-	-	44,353,658	43,331,610	1,022,048		
RDO LLD				221	=				EITI MVANIMAD		

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Myanmar Lar Ba Gems Co., Ltd.	1,500,000	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	1,500,000	1,500,000	-
METAL METERO	4,131,168	7,451,168	(3,320,000)	-	-	-	4,131,168	7,451,168	(3,320,000)
THAN HTIKE LU	48,424,605	48,622,465	(197,860)	-	-	-	48,424,605	48,622,465	(197,860)
BIRDS GEM	-	910,000	(910,000)	-	-	-	-	910,000	(910,000)
ZABUKYAWAU NG	36,458,458	38,302,935	(1,844,477)	-	-	-	36,458,458	38,302,935	(1,844,477)
KYAN FAMILY	6,804,915	17,404,291	(10,599,376)	-	-	-	6,804,915	17,404,291	(10,599,376)
HTAY PAING	106,173,301	67,198,906	38,974,394	(36,513,329)	-	(36,513,329)	69,659,971	67,198,906	2,461,065
KYAW NAING & BROTHERS	176,082,151	170,221,293	5,860,857	-	-	-	176,082,151	170,221,293	5,860,857
LAW LU	87,210,729	85,409,007	1,801,722	(1,801,722)	-	(1,801,722)	85,409,007	85,409,007	-
MYANMAR SITHU	34,531,571	35,039,940	(508,369)	-	-	-	34,531,571	35,039,940	(508,369)
Pwint Phoo Nadi	4,220,045	4,220,045	-	-	-	-	4,220,045	4,220,045	-
Myanmar Economic Corporation	247,232,283	48,695,337	198,536,946	-	-	-	247,232,283	48,695,337	198,536,946
Total	703,525,595,748	348,867,701,947	354,657,893,801	(358,171,127,840)	396,491,588	(358,567,619,429)	345,354,467,908	349,264,193,536	(3,909,725,628)

For military subsidiaries of Myanmar Economics Holding Public Company Limited (MEHPCL):

		Templates originally lodged			Adjustments			Final amounts		
No.	Company	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government €	Difference (f) = (d-e)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+e)	Difference (i) = (g-h)
1	Myanmar Ruby Enterprise (Jewellery) Co., Ltd.	450,918,488	431,713,780	19,204,708	-	-	-	450,918,488	431,713,780	19,204,708
2	Thein Nhget Star (330,055,801	330,055,801	-	-	-	-	330,055,801	330,055,801	-
3	Duwon Star (Gem Jewellery) Co.,Ltd	2,563,367	2,725,492	(162,125)	-	(324,246)	324,246	2,563,367	2,401,246	162,121
4	Dana Thedi Star (Gem&Jwellery) Co.,Ltd	4,648,677	5,795,871	(1,147,194)	-	(2,294,368)	2,294,368	4,648,677	3,501,503	1,147,174
5	Si Tra Star	4,355,488	2,083,860	2,271,628	-	-	-	4,355,488	2,083,860	2,271,628
6	Pone Nyet (Gem & Jewellery) Co.,Ltd	62,551,391	62,551,391	-	-	-	-	62,551,391	62,551,391	=
7	ThitSarPann (Gems & Jewellery) Co.,Ltd	2,540,000	1,550,000	990,000	-	-	-	2,540,000	1,550,000	990,000
8	Jasmine	12,977,549	12,977,549	-	-	-	-	12,977,549	12,977,549	-
	Total	870,610,761	849,453,744	21,157,017		(2,618,614)	2,618,614	870,610,761	846,835,130	23,775,631

5.2.2. Cash flows reconciliation by revenue stream

For Companies in scope:

The tables below show the original payments reported by extractive companies and Government Agencies, taking into account all adjustments:

Table 134: Gems and Jade payments reconciliation per tax

	Tem	Templates originally lodged			Adjustments		Final amounts			
Description	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government (e)	Difference (f) = (d-e)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+e)	Difference (i) = (g-h)	
Payments in cash	703,525,595,748	348,867,701,947	354,657,893,801	(358,171,127,840)	396,491,588	(357,774,636,252)	345,354,467,908	349,264,193,536	(3,909,725,628)	
Myanmar Custom Department	11,802,816,867	3,386,503,657	8,416,313,210	(9,439,549,011)	(1,085,718,819)	(8,353,830,192)	2,363,267,856	2,300,784,838	62,483,018	
Customs Duties	1,823,677,992	3,386,503,657	(1,562,825,665)	(164,926,245)	(1,718,515,908)	1,553,589,663	1,658,751,747	1,667,987,749	(9,236,002)	
Commercial Tax on Imports	4,270,010,143	-	4,270,010,143	(4,103,548,500)	94,742,623	(4,198,291,123)	166,461,643	94,742,623	71,719,020.00	
Corporate Income Tax (Advance income tax 2%)	1,513,713,887	-	1,513,713,887	(1,477,043,485)	36,670,402	(1,513,713,887)	36,670,402	36,670,402	-	
Specific Goods Tax (MCD)	4,195,414,845	-	4,195,414,845	(3,694,030,781)	501,384,064	(4,195,414,845)	501,384,064	501,384,064	0.00	
MoF-IRD	58,320,549,350	19,198,282,527	39,122,266,823	(37,977,702,030)	1,344,883,528	(39,322,585,558)	20,342,847,320	20,543,166,055	(200,318,736)	
Corporate Income Tax	9,451,456,627	8,785,301,210	666,155,417	1,554,928,163	2,348,892,145	(793,963,982)	11,006,384,790	11,134,193,355	(127,808,564.79)	
Commercial Tax	441,011,963	1,220,005,346	(778,993,382)	3,907,670,314	3,152,281,394	755,388,920	4,348,682,277	4,372,286,739	(23,604,462)	
Capital Gains Tax	39,980,250	47,130,250	(7,150,000)	37,588,162	30,438,162	7,150,000	77,568,412	77,568,412	-	
Withholding Tax	223,063	-	223,063	-	-	-	223,063	-	223,063	
Specific Goods Tax (IRD)	48,350,289,285	9,145,845,722	39,204,443,563	(43,440,300,507)	(4,186,728,173)	(39,253,572,334)	4,909,988,778	4,959,117,549	(49,128,771.73)	
Other significant payments (>	37,588,162	-	37,588,162	(37,588,162)	-	(37,588,162)	-	-	-	

	Tem	plates originally loc	dged		Adjustments			Final amounts	
Description	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government (e)	Difference (f) = (d-e)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+e)	Difference (i) = (g-h)
USD 50,000) IRD									
Department of Mining (DOM)	6,299,858,960		6,299,858,960	(6,299,858,960)	-	(6,299,858,960)	-		-
Royalties on Production - Raw Materials 20%, Added Value 10%	6,299,858,960	-	6,299,858,960	(6,299,858,960)	-	(6,299,858,960)	-	-	-
State Owned Enterprises: Myanmar Gems Enterprise	627,003,169,301	326,282,915,763	300,720,253,538	(304,367,192,886)	137,326,880	(304,504,519,766)	322,635,976,416	326,420,242,643	(3,784,266,228)
Royalties - Production (20% Jade,ruby and saphire, 10% other Gems)	17,604,331,281	16,992,438,864	611,892,417	(1,676,623,037)	64,100	(1,676,687,137)	15,927,708,243	16,992,502,964	(1,064,794,720.72)
Commercial Tax - 5% (EURO Sales)	288,316,963	271,902,019	16,414,944	(26,522,988)	(1,650,366)	(24,872,622)	261,793,975	270,251,653	(8,457,678)
Specific Goods Tax - Jade 20%, Gems 15%, 5 % Value added for finish goods	106,410,430,268	143,149,598,386	(36,739,168,118)	35,934,396,139	59,788,248	35,874,607,891	142,344,826,406	143,209,386,633	(864,560,227.01)
Sale Split	462,452,979,472	126,003,665,189	336,449,314,283	(337,663,767,022)	261,759,896	(337,925,526,917)	124,789,212,450	126,265,425,085	(1,476,212,634)
Service Fees Euro Sales - Raw Materials 3%, Added Value 1%	30,933,771,336	32,391,335,572	(1,457,564,237)	1,230,022,735	13,751,294	1,216,271,440	32,163,794,070	32,405,086,867	(241,292,796.22)
Incentive fees 1%, 2%	4,671,983,795	4,974,411,612	(302,427,818)	275,606,468	(11,417,815)	287,024,284	4,947,590,263	4,962,993,797	(15,403,534)
Permit/License Fee	2,639,405,152		2,639,405,152	(2,638,764,023)		(2,638,764,023)	641,129		641,129.30
Penalties for cancelled sales	1,991,591,457	2,494,564,121	(502,972,664)	208,015,786	(184,968,476)	392,984,262	2,199,607,243	2,309,595,644	(109,988,401)
Other significant payments (>	10,359,577	5,000,000	5,359,577	(9,556,943)		(9,556,943)	802,634	5,000,000	(4,197,365.74)

	Tem	plates originally lo	lged		Adjustments			Final amounts	
Description	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government (e)	Difference (f) = (d-e)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+e)	Difference (i) = (g-h)
USD 50,000) MGE									
Central Committee (MONREC)	89,201,270	-	89,201,270	(86,824,953)	-	(86,824,953)	2,376,317	-	2,376,317
Entrance fees	89,201,270	-	89,201,270	(86,824,953)	-	(86,824,953)	2,376,317	-	2,376,317
States/regions	10,000,000	-	10,000,000	-	-	-	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
Contribution to the State/region social development fund	10,000,000		10,000,000	-			10,000,000		10,000,000.00
Social payments	380,820,000	-	380,820,000	-	-	-	380,820,000	-	380,820,000
Voluntary Corporate Social Responsibility	370,820,000	-	370,820,000	-		-	370,820,000	-	370,820,000.00
Other significant payments (> USD 50,000) SP	10,000,000	-	10,000,000		-	-	10,000,000	-	10,000,000
Total	703,525,595,748	348,867,701,947	354,657,893,801	(358,171,127,840)	396,491,588	(358,567,619,429)	345,354,467,908	349,264,193,536	(3,909,725,628)

For military subsidiaries of Myanmar Economics Holding Public Company Limited (MEHPCL):

		Temp	ates originally l	odged		Adjustments			Final amounts	
N°	Description	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government (e)	Difference (f) = (d-e)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+e)	Difference (i) = (g-h)
	Payments in cash									
	MoPFI-IRD	705,046,702	288,890,391	416,156,311	(414,461,344)	(2,618,614)	(411,842,730)	290,585,358	286,271,777	4,313,581
7	Corporate Income Tax	288,871,072	286,271,777	2,599,295	-	-	-	288,871,072	286,271,777	2,599,295
8	Commercial Tax	1,714,286	-	1,714,286	-	-	-	1,714,286	-	1,714,286
12	Specific Goods Tax	414,461,344	2,618,614	411,842,730	(414,461,344)	(2,618,614)	(411,842,730)	-	-	-
	State Owned Enterprises: Myanmar Gems Enterprise	165,564,059	560,563,353	(394,999,294)	414,461,344	-	414,461,344	580,025,403	560,563,353	19,462,050
17	Royalties - Production (20% Jade, ruby and saphire, 10% other Gems)	28,792,780	9,330,000	19,462,780	-	-	-	28,792,780	9,330,000	19,462,780
19	Specific Goods Tax - Jade 20%, Gems 15%, 5 % Value added for finish goods	-	414,461,630	(414,461,630)	414,461,344	-	414,461,344	414,461,344	414,461,630	(285.96)
21	Service Fees Euro Sales - Raw Materials 3%, Added Value 1%	136,771,279	136,771,723	(444)	-	-	-	136,771,279	136,771,723	(444)
	Total	870,610,761	849,453,744	21,157,017		(2,618,614)	2,618,614	870,610,761	846,835,130	23,775,631

5.2.3. In kind flows reconciliation

The tables below summarise the differences, in-kind production reported by extractive companies and receipts reported by MGE by company:

Table 135: Gems and Jade production reconciliation

Jade in Kg Templates originally lodged **Adjustments Final amounts** Extractive N° Description **Extractive** Extractive **Government Difference** Government Difference company **Government Difference** company company (b) (c) = (a - b)(e) (f) = (d-e)(g) =(h) = (b+e)(i) = (g-h)(a) (d) (a+d) Payments in Kind **Production Split (In Kind)** 1,919 59,092 (57,173)1,919 59,092 (57,173)1 Wai Aung Gabar Gems Co; Ltd. 1,292 1,292 1,292 1,292 2 Jewel Crown Company 627 627 627 627 3 Ayar Jade Co., Ltd. 57,800 (57,800)57,800 (57,800)Total 1,919 59,092 (57,173)1,919 59,092 (57,173)

5.2.4. Adjustments to Gems & Jade Sub-sector

extractive companies' adjustments

The adjustments were carried out on the basis of confirmations from extractive companies and Government Agencies and were supported by adequate evidence wherever deemed appropriate. The adjustments made are detailed as follows:

Adjustments to extractive company payments	Amounts in MMK Total Amount
Tax amount incorrectly reported	(362,113,188,144)
Tax paid not reported	15,989,436,286
Tax reported but not paid	(5,724,009,967)
Tax paid reported but outside the period covered	(3,416,517,707)
Tax paid to other Government entity	(1,972,140,289)
Tax paid on other identification number	(932,457,526)
Tax paid reported but outside the reconciliation scope	(2,250,492)
Total added to amounts originally reported	(358,171,127,840)

(a) Taxes amount incorrectly reported

These are payment flows incorrectly reported by the extractive companies (i.e.: payments in Euro reported in MMK, amounts doubly reported...). Adjustments were based on the receipt or confirmation companies. We set out in the table below a summary of the adjustments made to company payments:

Amounts in MMK Adjustments to Specific Total Amount (in Royalties on **Specific Goods Specific Goods** Corporate Service Fees **Government Entity** Sale Split Goods Tax Other Taxes Production (MGE) **Euro Sales** MMK) Tax (IRD) Tax (MCD) Income Tax (MGE) payments **Kyaing International** (342,668,735,147)(342,668,735,147)(GKI) SILVER ELEPHANT (10,072,178,475)(184,879,984)(9,798,028,000)(228,620,608) 6,874,470 132,475,646 GEMS CO LTD Same Lei Yadanar Win (1,738,610,563)- (1,738,610,563) Co (SLYW) Kyauk Seinn Sun Shwin Jade Gems & (1,507,740,762)(1,507,740,762)Jewellery Co Ltd U YA GEMS (Oo Ya (1,233,382,370)- (1,231,056,443) (2,325,927)Gems & Jewellery) Treasure Star Co., (1,210,280,978)(897, 973, 660)(206,534,038) (105,773,280)Ltd. Yadanar Three (1,046,129,158) - (1,046,129,158) Elephants Co Kyauk Seinn Wingabar Jade Gems & (657,078,252)(657,078,252)Jewellery Co.,Ltd Aung Hein Minn (339,002,747)(339,002,747)Yadanar Sin Thiri (299,535,698)(299,535,698)Gems Co (255,878,958) Jade Treasure (255,878,958)(53,409,696)YADANAR TAUNG TEN (232, 195, 696)(178,786,000)Other companies (852, 439, 341) 101,435,167 (76,044,760)(505,033,593)(189, 264, 820)(140,852,568)341,531,749 (22,626,000)(361,584,515)Total added to amounts originally (362,113,188,144) (342,752,179,964) (10,052,858,760) (7,580,066,174) (1,087,238,480) (422,882,872) 341,531,749 (222,285,568) (337,208,076)reported

(b) Taxes paid not reported

These are payment flows reported by Government Agencies but were not reported by Gems and Jade companies. Adjustments were based on the receipt or confirmation of the company. We set out in the table below a summary of the adjustments made to company payments:

Adjustments to Government Entity payments	Total Amount (in MMK)
YADANAR TAUNG TEN	2,188,776,599
Sein Lonm Taung Tan (SLTT-S)	1,839,387,540
Yadanar Three Elephants Co	1,357,597,452
Treasure Star Co., Ltd.	1,325,489,193
GREEN MOUNTAIN CO;LTD	1,259,717,048
Kaung Swan Htet Co	599,316,195
Chaow Brothers Gemstone Enterprise Ltd	581,072,426
SILVER ELEPHANT GEMS CO LTD	515,881,415
Kyauk Myet Shwe Pyi	512,281,476
Same Lei Yadanar Win Co (SLYW)	476,875,821
Htun Tauk Zabu Gems & Jewellery Co;Ltd.	436,572,092
Kyauk Seinn Sun Shwin Jade Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	367,767,222
Myanmar Imperial Jade Co	353,220,918
Other companies	4,175,480,888
Total added to amounts originally reported	15,989,436,286

						Amo	unts in MMK
Sale Split	Royalties on Production (MGE)	Specific Goods Tax (MGE)	Corporate Income Tax	Specific Goods Tax (IRD)	Service Fees Euro Sales	Penalties for cancelled sales	Other Taxes
1,810,181,594	-	199,068,747	-	-	50,389,756	97,871,886	31,264,616
-	-	-	160,000,000	1,679,387,540	-	-	-
1,344,417,103	-	-	-	-	-	7,227,884	5,952,466
-	211,716,935	889,245,627	-	-	204,526,630	-	20,000,000
1,094,052,872	129,272,840	-	7,449,903	-	-	27,941,432	1,000,000
463,270,353	-	-	-	-	88,184,197	10,753,182	37,108,464
469,610,492	71,066,460	16,991,828	-	-	3,908,120	2,087,701	17,407,825
-	-	-	515,881,415	-	-	-	-
-	295,916,240	5,567,436	-	-	184,324,478	23,028,323	3,445,000
-	58,178,580	-	-	-	399,880,749	18,816,492	-
-	436,266,860	-	-	-	-	305,232	-
-	8,067,830	-	-	-	343,921,722	3,157,585	12,620,085
-	-	-	330,000,000	-	-	7,346,298	15,874,620
878,653,877	1,091,100,910	787,676,329	694,310,060	-	249,192,810	334,150,719	140,396,183
6,060,186,292	2,301,586,655	1,898,549,966	1,707,641,378	1,679,387,540	1,524,328,462	532,686,735	285,069,259

(c) Tax reported but not paid

These adjustments were made to the Gems & Jade reporting templates. During the reconciliation work they stated that this payment was not made. Accordingly, we adjusted their reporting template

					Am	nounts in MMK
Adjustments to Government Entity payments	Total Amount (in MMK)	Specific Goods Tax MGE	Permit/License Fee	Sale Split	Specific Goods Tax (IRD)	Other Taxes
Thirawmani	(2,247,977,997)	(2,244,273,552)	-	-	-	(3,704,446)
Northern Jade World	(1,046,240,000)	-	(1,046,240,000)	-	-	-
Delta Land	(934,066,848)	-	-	(934,066,848)	-	-
Kaung Swan Htet Co	(602,895,841)	-	-	-	(602,895,841)	-
U YA GEMS (Oo Ya Gems & Jewellery)	(565,068,564)	(564,403,394)	-	-	-	(665,170)
Other companies	(327,760,717)	-	-	(106,656,089)	(75,117,625)	(145,987,003)
Total added to amounts originally reported	(5,724,009,967)	(2,808,676,946)	(1,046,240,000)	(1,040,722,937)	(678,013,466)	(150,356,619)

(d) Tax paid reported but outside the period covered by the EITI Report

These are payments reported, but which fall outside the reconciliation period, i.e. before 1 April 2017 or after 31 March 2018. Adjustments were made to the reporting template of the following companies:

Adjustments to Government Entity payments	Total Amount (in MMK)
Northern Jade World	(1,002,734,000)
Kan Pwint Oo	(684,016,514)
Sin Gaung Taung	(524,360,856)
SHWE OAK KHAI MINING CO., LTD.	(499,189,050)
Unity	(366,553,548)
80000	(115,974,113)
Other companies	(223,689,626)
Total added to amounts originally reported	(3,416,517,707)

				<u> </u>	iniounts in wilvin
Permit/License Fee	Corporate Income Tax	Penalties for cancelled sales	Commercial Tax on Imports	Specific Goods Tax (MCD)	Other Taxes
(1,002,734,000)	-	-	-	-	-
	(684,016,514)	-	-	-	-
(524,360,856)	-	-	-	-	-
	(72,389,629)	-	(204,471,233)	(166,516,000)	(55,812,188)
-	-	(366,553,548)	-	-	-
	(115,974,113)	-	-	-	-
-	(118,980,491)	-	(6,767,268)	-	(97,941,867)
(1,527,094,856)	(991,360,747)	(366,553,548)	(211,238,501)	(166,516,000)	(153,754,055)

(e) Tax paid to other Government entity

These adjustments were made to the payments reported by Gems & Jade companies, however most of these payments (Specific Goods Tax) were paid to MGE and not IRD.

Amounts in MMK

Adjustments to Government Entity payments	Total Amount (in MMK)	Specific Goods Tax (IRD)	Commercial Tax
Kyauk Myet Shwe Pyi	(827,905,222)	(827,905,222)	-
Myanmar Rich Land Gems	(340,274,389)	(337,433,705)	(2,840,684)
Jewel Crown Company	(230,771,576)	(230,771,576)	-
ARS Gems [ARS]	(216,608,583)	(216,608,583)	-
Khine Myanmar	(121,678,086)	(121,678,086)	-
Thigi Myintzu Yadanar	(72,485,193)	(72,485,193)	-
Yadanar Myat Noe Thwe Gem	(68,839,581)	(68,839,581)	-
Innwa Nay Chi Co	(68,451,310)	(68,451,310)	-
Kyi Wai Yan	(25,126,349)	(25,126,349)	-
Total added to amounts originally reported	(1,972,140,289)	(1,969,299,606)	(2,840,684)

(f) Tax paid on other identification number

These are payments reported by the extractive companies, but which are paid by non-extractive other companies. Adjustments were made to the reporting template of the following companies:

				A	mounts in MMK
Adjustments to Government Entity payments	Total Amount (in MMK)	Specific Goods Tax (MGE)	Service Fees Euro Sales	Specific Goods Tax (IRD)	Royalties on Production (MGE)
Myanmar Thura [MTY]	(916,046,564)	(745,137,895)	(170,908,670)	-	-
Yadanar Pyi Phyo Aung Gems Co., Ltd	(12,908,162)	-	(2,413,720)	(10,494,441)	-
Yadanar San Shwin Gem	(3,502,800)	-	-	-	(3,502,800)
Total added to amounts originally reported	(932,457,526)				

(g) Tax paid reported but outside the reconciliation scope

The adjustment was made to the reporting template of U Ya Gems for a total amount of MMK 2,250,492.

Adjustments to Government Agencies templates

The adjustments were carried out on the basis of confirmations received from extractive companies or from Government Agencies and supported by payment receipts wherever deemed appropriate. These adjustments are detailed as follows:

Amounts in MMK

Adjustments to Government payments	Total Amount
Tax received not reported	10,028,854,697
Tax reported but not received	(4,641,578,991)
Tax amount incorrectly reported	(2,775,529,325)
Tax related to activity other than mining	(1,912,660,067)
Tax received on other identification number	(274,289,258)
Tax received reported but outside the reconciliation scope	(28,305,468)
Total added to amounts originally reported	396,491,588

(a) Taxes received not reported

These are payment flows reported by extractives companies, but which were not reported by Government Agencies. We set out in the table below a summary of the adjustments made to Government Agencies' initial reporting:

Adjustments to Government Entity payments	Total Amount (in MMK)
Khant Shwe Pyi Co.,Ltd	5,796,411,524
GREEN MOUNTAIN CO; LTD	923,980,739
Yar Za Htar Ni	494,961,376
Myanmar Thura [MTY]	263,026,219
Ayeyar Yadanar Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	201,382,199
Lucky Star Jade Group	158,817,600
Shwe Hein Htet Gems Co Ltd	165,852,862
Great wall Gems&Jade company	143,476,829
Value Standard	124,963,957
U YA GEMS	118,024,930
111	105,652,066
Kaung Myat Thu Ka	100,882,447
Other companies	1,431,421,950
Total added to amounts originally reported	10,028,854,697

	Amo	ounts in MMK
MoF-IRD	MoF-Customs Department	State Owned Enterprises: MGE
5,796,411,524	-	-
918,250,341	5,730,398	-
-	494,905,300	56,076
252,258,580	10,767,639	-
-	201,382,199	-
158,817,600	-	-
165,852,862	-	
143,476,829	-	-
-	124,963,957	
1,079,275	112,113,373	4,832,282
105,652,066	-	-
86,147,823	14,734,624	-
1,130,356,503	164,938,483	136,126,964
8,758,303,403	1,129,535,973	141,015,322

These adjustments were made to the Government Entity reporting templates. During the reconciliation work they stated that this payment was not received. Accordingly, we adjusted their reporting template. We set out in the table below a summary of the adjustments made to Government Agencies' initial reporting:

		Amounts in M			
Adjustments to Government Entity payments	Total Amount (in MMK)	Specific Goods Tax (IRD)	Other Taxes		
Phyo Thiha Kyaw	(3,482,187,896)	(3,482,187,896)	-		
Myanma Seinn Lei Aung Gems Co Ltd.	(604,066,348)	(604,066,348)	-		
Ever Winner [EW]	(401,780,184)	(401,780,184)	-		
Lawka Nandar	(137,236,814)	(137,236,814)	-		
Other companies	(16,307,748)	-	(16,307,748)		
Total added to amounts originally reported	(4,641,578,991)	(4,625,271,243)	(16,307,748)		

(b) Tax amount incorrectly reported

These are payment flows incorrectly reported by the government entities. Adjustments were based on the receipt or confirmation of government entities. We set out in the table below a summary of the adjustments made to government received payments:

Adjustments to Government Entity payments	Total Amount (in MMK)
Nay Min Kabar Co	(990,677,697)
Great Genesis Gems (GMH)	(734,591,816)
Kaung Su Aung	(557,943,762)
Tun Naing Aung	(409,604,314)
Other companies	(82,711,737)
Total added to amounts originally reported	(2,775,529,325)

	AITIOUITES III IVIIVIK
IRD	MGE
(990,677,697)	-
(734,591,816)	-
(557,943,762)	-
(409,604,314)	-
(82,299,038)	(412,698)
(2,775,116,627)	(412,698)

Amounts in MMK

(c) Tax related to activity other than mining

This adjustment is made to the customs duties reported by MCD for the company Myat Myittar Mon Co., Ltd which didn't perform any extractive activity during the FY 2017-2018.

(d) Taxes received on other identification number

These adjustments are made to the customs duties reported by MCD on other TIN. The adjustments are made to the payments reported by MCD for the following companies:

	Amounts in MMK
Adjustments to Government Entity payments	Total Amount (in MMK)
Nilar Yoma	(185,202,531)
Yadanar Myat Noe Thwe Gem	(84,098,465)
Aung Hein Minn	(4,988,262)
Total added to amounts originally reported	(274,289,258)

(e) Tax received reported but outside the reconciliation scope

This adjustment is made to the payment of MMk 28,305,468 reported by MCD outside the reconciliation scope for the company Htun Tauk Zabu Gems Co.,

5.2.5. Unreconciled discrepancies

Following our adjustments, the total unreconciled discrepancies amounted to MMK (3,909,725,628) representing (1.12%) of total payments reported by Government Bodies. This is the sum of positive differences of MMK 84,959,530 and negative differences amounting to MMK (3,994,685,158). These unreconciled differences can be analysed as follows:

	Amounts in MMK
Reasons for differences	Total payments (MMK)
Tax not reported by the extractive company	(4,616,377,900)
Tax not reported by the Govt Body	789,802,898
Reporting template not submitted by the extractive company	(56,010,605)
Not material difference < 1.5 Million Kyats	(29,140,021)
Reporting template not submitted by the Govt Body	2,000,000
Total differences	(3,909,725,628)

(a) Tax not reported by the extractive company

This difference is related to taxes declared by Government Bodies as a payment from gems and jade companies. However, the companies didn't report these payments in their reporting templates. The differences are detailed by company by tax as below:

								Am	Эι
Company	Total	Specific Goods Tax (MGE)	Sale Split	Royalties Production (MGE)	Service Fees Euro Sales	Corporate Income Tax	Specific Goods Tax (IRD)	Penalties for cancelled sales	
⁄i Li Fa	(1,313,830,770)	(1,030,704,152)	-	-	(238,209,595)	(44,917,023)	-	-	
Kaung Su Aung	(804,618,727)	-	(800,385,816)	-	-	-	-	-	Ī
Ma Li Kha Gem Stone Co	(336,629,729)	-	-	(336,629,729)	-	-	-	-	
Seinn Nay Chi Gems & jade company	(760,331,435)	-	(601,084,495)	(159,246,940)	-	-	-	-	
Chang Long Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	(115,000,000)	-	-	-	-	(115,000,000)	-	-	
Shining Star Light Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	(105,236,302)	-	(70,962,275)	-	(13,185,952)	-	-	(18,396,835)	

Company	Total	Specific Goods Tax (MGE)
Seine Light	(101,935,390)	(56,112,470)
Kaung Wai Yan Co	(92,463,840)	-
Jade Thazin	(81,198,449)	-
Kyaing International (GKI)	(76,139,949)	(21,656,813)
Nay Chi Yadanar Co., Ltd.	(79,564,451)	-
Goldend Light gems	(42,872,403)	-
Pang Huke Duwa Co.,Ltd	(67,227,231)	(49,052,245)
Myanmar Winning Gate (GMWG)	(66,160,377)	-
Other Companies	(573,168,846)	(63,908,668)
Total	(4,616,377,900)	(1,221,434,348)

Specific Goods Tax (MGE)	Sale Split	Royalties Production (MGE)	Service Fees Euro Sales	Corporate Income Tax	Specific Goods Tax (IRD)	Penalties for cancelled sales	Other Taxes
(56,112,470)	-	(32,917,060)	(12,905,861)	-	-	-	-
-	-	(92,463,840)	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	(28,278,740)	-	-	(51,286,703)	(1,633,006)	-
(21,656,813)	(33,750,602)	-	(4,947,301)	(12,000,000)	-	(3,785,232)	-
-	-	(51,815,700)	-	(16,204,765)	-	-	(11,543,986)
-	-	-	(6,008,655)	(35,664,430)	-	(1,199,318)	-
(49,052,245)	-	-	(11,282,430)	-	-	(6,892,556)	-
-	-	(64,429,440)	-	-	-	(1,730,937)	-
(63,908,668)	(41,369,007)	(250,771,488)	(10,390,362)	(52,171,075)	-	(71,346,961)	(83,211,286)
(1,221,434,348)	(1,547,552,196)	(1,016,552,937)	(296,930,155)	(275,957,293)	(51,286,703)	(104,984,845)	(101,679,423)

(b) Tax not reported by Government Entities

This difference is related to taxes declared by gems and jade companies as a payment to Government Bodies. However, the Government Bodies didn't report these payments in their reporting templates. The differences are detailed by company by tax as below:

							Am
ompany	Total	Specific Goods Tax (MGE)	Corporate Income Tax	Commercial Tax on Imports (MCD)	Sale Split	Service Fees Euro Sales	Commercial Tax
Myanmar Economic Corporation	203,588,048	167,331,147	-	-	-	35,121,945	-
Green Comet gems& Jade company	96,394,756	-	63,171,100	-	-	-	33,223,656
Thigi Myintzu Yadanar	70,777,511	-	-	70,777,511	-	-	-
KYAW NAING & BROTHERS	52,684,682	45,833,027	-	-	-	6,851,655	-
Chang Long Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	45,925,520	36,631,575	-	-	-	8,425,262	-
Ngwe Si Hein	41,266,846	14,534,452	-	-	23,389,347	3,343,047	-
Ruby Dragon Company	38,671,415	9,846,936	28,824,479	-	-	-	-
Mya Garden (GEG)	37,622,386	-	-	-	37,622,386	-	-
Kyauk Seinn Minn Gems	35,741,500	6,444,959	29,296,541	-	-	-	-
Yadanar Yaung Chi	32,256,252	32,256,252	-	-	-	-	-

BDO LLP 240 EITI MYANMAR

Company	Total
Other Companies	134,873,982
Total	789,802,898

Specific Goods Tax (MGE)	Corporate Income Tax	Commercial Tax on Imports (MCD)	Sale Split	Service Fees Euro Sales	Commercial Tax	Other Taxes
54,599,547	26,586,404	-	10,938,138	9,265,100	3,876,015	29,608,778
367,477,896	147,878,524	70,777,511	71,949,871	63,007,008	37,099,671	31,612,416

(c) Reporting template not submitted by the extractive company

In the total, 4 companies did not submit their reporting templates. Only 2 companies have made payments to the government agencies during the FY 2017-2018 to the government agencies as below:

Companies that have not submitted a reporting template	Amounts in MMK Total payments reported by the government
AKNK	(43,957,340)
Phar Kant Sai Bon	(12,053,265)
Palaung National	-
Myat Myittar Mon (G & J) Co.,Ltd	-
Total	(56,010,605)

(d) Not material difference

These differences correspond to immaterial differences above i.e. falling below the materiality threshold of MMK 1,500,000.

5.3. Payments of other minerals companies

5.3.1. Cash flows reconciliation by company

The tables below show the differences between the payments reported by extractive companies and receipts reported by Government Agencies.

The tables include consolidated figures based on the reporting templates prepared by each extractive company and Government Agencies, adjustments made following our reconciliation work and the residual unreconciled differences:

Table 136: Other minerals payments reconciliation per company

	Temp	lates originally lod	lged		Adjustments		Final amounts		
Company	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government €	Difference (f) = (d-e)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+e)	Difference (i) = (g-h)
NATIONAL PROSPERITY COMPANY LIMITED	519,141,118	1,727,802,360	(1,208,661,242)	1,011,492,374	(194,811,638)	1,206,304,012	1,530,633,492	1,532,990,722	(2,357,230)
MYANMAR ECONOMIC CORPORATION LIMITED	2,345,198,497	10,231,883,475	(7,886,684,978)	7,996,093,944	167,040,085	7,829,053,859	10,341,292,441	10,398,923,559	(57,631,118.49)
GEO ASIA INDUSTRY & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	145,183,504	1,328,813,695	(1,183,630,191)	44,839,180	(1,138,791,011)	1,183,630,191	190,022,684	190,022,684	
CORNERSTONE RESOURCES (MYANMAR) LTD.	1,339,608,611	2,630,079,966	(1,290,471,355)	1,316,858,058	26,283,466	1,290,574,592	2,656,466,670	2,656,363,432	103,237.11
ETERNAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED	722,754,100	240,028,672	482,725,428	-	482,725,428	(482,725,428)	722,754,100	722,754,100	-
MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED	28,607,502,174	29,133,864,790	(526,362,616)	440,777,364	-	440,777,364	29,048,279,538	29,133,864,790	(85,585,252.03)
KAYAH STATE MINERAL PRODUCTION COMPANY LIMITED	136,047,052	296,146,339	(160,099,287)	(33,412,603)	(192,980,210)	159,567,607	102,634,449	103,166,129	(531,680)
SHWE MOE YAN COMPANY LIMITED	104,167,807	161,543,588	(57,375,781)	-	-	-	104,167,807	161,543,588	(57,375,781.00)
GPS JOINT VENTURE COMPANY LIMITED	124,816,789	136,528,597	(11,711,808)	12,019,200	-	12,019,200	136,835,989	136,528,597	307,392
SHWE TAUNG MINING COMPANY LIMITED	1,173,550,085	1,185,366,299	(11,816,214)	30,412,923	19,673,000	10,739,923	1,203,963,008	1,205,039,299	(1,076,291.00)
DELCO LIMITED	65,337,191	212,538,851	(147,201,660)	34,792,059	(112,609,601)	147,401,660	100,129,250	99,929,250	200,000
MAX (MYANMAR) COMPANY LIMITED	1,617,201,861	806,430,704	810,771,157	70,941,928	881,806,145	(810,864,217)	1,688,143,789	1,688,236,849	(93,060.00)
FIRST RESOURCES COMPANY LIMITED	1,035,608,953	930,035,820	105,573,133	182,321,082	287,894,215	(105,573,133)	1,217,930,035	1,217,930,035	0
PACIFIC LINK CEMENT INDUSTRIES LIMITED	-	739,978,360	(739,978,360)	-	-	-	-	739,978,360	(739,978,360.00)
WIN MYINT MO INDUSTRIES COMPANY LIMITED	615,434,173	1,714,234,065	(1,098,799,892)	1,087,669,428	-	1,087,669,428	1,703,103,601	1,714,234,065	(11,130,464)
No.(2)Heavy Industry, Ministry of Industry	-	99,484,644	(99,484,644)	52,356,560	-	52,356,560	52,356,560	99,484,644	(47,128,084.04)

	Templates originally lodged				Adjustments		Final amounts		
Company	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government €	Difference (f) = (d-e)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+e)	Difference (i) = (g-h)
MYANMAR PONGPIPAT COMPANY LIMITED	251,191,170	352,073,293	(100,882,122)	21,581,007	(80,436,008)	102,017,015	272,772,177	271,637,284	1,134,893
NGWE YI PALE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	322,346,818	323,040,656	(693,838)	-	-	-	322,346,818	323,040,656	(693,838.00)
NEW DAYS ASIA MINING COMPANY LIMITED	422,356,390	437,016,021	(14,659,631)	-			422,356,390	437,016,021	(14,659,631)
HTOO INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	665,170,868	573,874,309	91,296,559	(55, 336, 099)	35,960,460	(91,296,559)	609,834,769	609,834,769	
HARBOR STAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	368,941,208	353,740,017	15,201,191			-	368,941,208	353,740,017	15,201,191
MANDALAY GOLDEN FRIEND MINING CO., LTD.	690,403,498	240,186,800	450,216,698	(444,239,870)	9,114,000	(453,353,870)	246,163,628	249,300,800	(3,137,172.00)
MYANMAR GOLDEN POINT FAMILY CO., LTD.	117,414,051	97,709,591	19,704,461		38,841,383	(38,841,383)	117,414,051	136,550,973	(19,136,922)
THAN TAW MYAT COMPANY LIMITED	533,637,504	506,635,428	27,002,076	-	-	-	533,637,504	506,635,428	27,002,076.00
TUN THWIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	-	399,189,602	(399,189,602)	-	-	-	-	399,189,602	(399,189,602)
MANDALAY DISTRIBUTION & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	525,493,595	486,160,480	39,333,115	-	51,055,119	(51,055,119)	525,493,595	537,215,599	(11,722,004.00)
YCDC	341,219,416	279,646,416	61,573,000	2,000	61,575,000	(61,573,000)	341,221,416	341,221,416	-
SAN LIN INTERNATIONAL EXPORT & IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED	18,489,200	268,471,706	(249,982,506)	-	-	-	18,489,200	268,471,706	(249,982,506.46)
KAN PWINT OO MINING COMPANY LIMITED	4,278,000	264,186,549	(259,908,549)		-		4,278,000	264,186,549	(259,908,549)
TOP TEN STAR PRODUCTION CO., LTD.	484,138,329	512,940,126	(28,801,798)	46,638,204	12,284,204	34,354,000	530,776,533	525,224,330	5,552,202.43
HEAY HEIN COMPANY LIMITED	398,062,267	251,408,379	146,653,888	(109,649,287)	36,968,601	(146,617,888)	288,412,980	288,376,980	36,000
NGWE KABAR MYANMAR COMPANY LIMITED	34,096,456	49,182,178	(15,085,722)	-	18,995,267	(18,995,267)	34,096,456	68,177,445	(34,080,989.00)
MYAUK KYUN THU MA MA MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	59,428,081	91,532,786	(32,104,705)		7,510,774	(7,510,774)	59,428,081	99,043,560	(39,615,479)
XIE SHAN MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED	214,551,626	197,083,275	17,468,351		13,561,400	(13,561,400)	214,551,626	210,644,675	3,906,950.81
DRAGON CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	959,803,080	1,045,294,469	(85,491,389)	84,867,389	-	84,867,389	1,044,670,469	1,045,294,469	(624,000)
PRINCE MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	15,162,500	170,761,347	(155,598,847)	155,297,847	-	155,297,847	170,460,347	170,761,347	(301,000.00)
HTAT YEE LINN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	9,121,550	33,641,002	(24,519,452)	1,201,000	-	1,201,000	10,322,550	33,641,002	(23,318,452)
MYAY NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	210,358,976	191,846,448	18,512,527	-	-	-	210,358,976	191,846,448	18,512,527.16
THA BYU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	-	161,660,648	(161,660,648)	-	-	-		161,660,648	(161,660,648)
YE HTUT KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	192,209,067	204,402,764	(12,193,697)	-	-	-	192,209,067	204,402,764	(12,193,696.81)

	Templates originally lodged				Adjustments		Final amounts		
Company	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government €	Difference (f) = (d-e)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+e)	Difference (i) = (g-h)
MYANMAR TIN -TUNGSTEN COMPANY LIMITED	6,250,909	12,618,579	(6,367,670)	(6,250,909)	-	(6,250,909)	-	12,618,579	(12,618,579)
Myanmar Yang Tse Copper Ltd	34,264,571,096	12,517,659,788	21,746,911,308	-	21,750,062,239	(21,750,062,239)	34,264,571,096	34,267,722,027	(3,150,930.99)
Eden Energy & Natural Resources Development Co., Ltd	2,215,294,480	4,088,050,663	(1,872,756,183)	1,866,393,673	-	1,866,393,673	4,081,688,153	4,088,050,663	(6,362,510)
Kanbawza Industries Ltd	776,181,732	850,561,773	(74,380,041)	69,767,168	-	69,767,168	845,948,900	850,561,773	(4,612,873.00)
MYANMAR WANBAO MINING COPPER LTD	3,029,141,299	1,140,897,131	1,888,244,168	(40,984,753)	1,844,416,830	(1,885,401,583)	2,988,156,546	2,985,313,961	2,842,585
HTAR WA YA	-	1,843,308,058	(1,843,308,058)	-	-	-	-	1,843,308,058	(1,843,308,057.84)
MYANMAR CNMC NICKEL COMPANY LIMITED	28,911,507,781	325,912,582	28,585,595,199	(28,157,745,591)	427,519,787	(28,585,265,378)	753,762,189	753,432,369	329,820
24 HOUR MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	96,629,424	75,485,600	21,143,824	-	-	-	96,629,424	75,485,600	21,143,824.00
A & A NATURAL RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD	1,880,658	518,802	1,361,856		-		1,880,658	518,802	1,361,856
ASIA PHYO MINING COMPANY LIMITED	18,827,503	18,516,803	310,700	-	-	-	18,827,503	18,516,803	310,700.00
BLUE DIAMOND CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	373,587,885	662,649,968	(289,062,083)	688,559,924	382,921,599	305,638,325	1,062,147,809	1,045,571,566	16,576,243
DAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	67,545,613	116,488,009	(48,942,396)	42,749,800	-	42,749,800	110,295,413	116,488,009	(6,192,596.00)
DIAMOND SHARK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	48,809,520	48,516,000	293,520	-	-	-	48,809,520	48,516,000	293,520
Directorate of Military office of Chief of Defence Defence Industries, Ministy of Defence	-	15,931,840	(15,931,840)	-	-	-	-	15,931,840	(15,931,840.00)
GREEN ASIA COMPANY LIMITED	4,843,200	6,567,200	(1,724,000)	-	-	-	4,843,200	6,567,200	(1,724,000)
GREEN STRATEGIC MINING COMPANY LIMITED	-	6,407,600	(6,407,600)	-	-	-	-	6,407,600	(6,407,600.00)
GROUP OF FOUR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	142,368,638	154,371,786	(12,003,148)	-	-	-	142,368,638	154,371,786	(12,003,148)
HTUT KHAUNG KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	34,734,543	39,618,218	(4,883,675)	-	-	-	34,734,543	39,618,218	(4,883,675.00)
JUNE CEMENT INDUSTRY LTD.	29,708,624	49,003,638	(19,295,014)	-	-	-	29,708,624	49,003,638	(19,295,014)
LINN PYAE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	41,569,426	41,911,518	(342,092)	(0)	-	(0)	41,569,426	41,911,518	(342,091.99)
LOI CHAI NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	429,548,079	418,708,883	10,839,196	(14,112,000)	-	(14,112,000)	415,436,079	418,708,883	(3,272,804)
MAY FLOWER MINING ENTERPRISES LIMITED	31,163,776	25,163,776	6,000,000	-	-	-	31,163,776	25,163,776	6,000,000.00
MINING WORLD COMPANY LIMITED	-	107,467,210	(107,467,210)	-	-	-	-	107,467,210	(107,467,210)
MOUNT CHING YING MINING COMPANY LIMITED	47,585,200	47,585,200	-	-	-	-	47,585,200	47,585,200	-

	Temp	lates originally lod	ged		Adjustments			Final amounts		
Company	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government €	Difference (f) = (d-e)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+e)	Difference (i) = (g-h)	
MYANMAR APEX MINING CO., LTD	2,570,379,075	2,620,957,032	(50,577,957)		(3,000,000)	3,000,000	2,570,379,075	2,617,957,032	(47,577,95	
MYANMAR NAING GROUP MINING COMPANY LTD	51,266,488	45,613,400	5,653,088	-	-	-	51,266,488	45,613,400	5,653,088.0	
MYANMAR SIMCO SONG DA JOINT STOK COMPANY LIMITED	5,838,204	6,093,992	(255,788)				5,838,204	6,093,992	(255,78	
MYINT INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	147,139,768	70,437,645	76,702,123	-	73,359,589	(73,359,589)	147,139,768	143,797,234	3,342,534.0	
No.(3) Heavy Industry. Ministry Of Industry	-	13,021,700	(13,021,700)		-		-	13,021,700	(13,021,70	
SHWE PAUK PAUK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	128,711,140	13,179,849	115,531,291	(22,300,000)	93,877,500	(116,177,500)	106,411,140	107,057,349	(646,209.0	
SHWE PIN LE MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED		87,770,346	(87,770,346)					87,770,346	(87,770,34	
SILVER BRIGHT COMPANY LIMITED	56,292,601	56,545,280	(252,679)	-	-	-	56,292,601	56,545,280	(252,679.1	
THE SILVER LION MINING COMPANY LIMITED	148,500	1,010,150	(861,650)		-	-	148,500	1,010,150	(861,65	
THIHA THANT HEIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	142,476,486	133,384,943	9,091,543	-	-	-	142,476,486	133,384,943	9,091,543.	
TRIPLE "A" CEMENT INTERNATIONAL COMPANY LIMITED	121,022,172	280,144,459	(159,122,287)				121,022,172	280,144,459	(159,122,28	
U E EXPORT IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED	159,397,328	146,205,328	13,192,000	-	-	-	159,397,328	146,205,328	13,192,000.0	
UNITED CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	-	15,548,418	(15,548,418)	-	-	-	-	15,548,418	(15,548,41	
YIG COMPANY LIMITED	5,976,250	113,306,600	(107,330,350)	-	-	-	5,976,250	113,306,600	(107,330,350.0	
YOUNG INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	135,548,771	20,885,760	114,663,011	-	113,125,800	(113,125,800)	135,548,771	134,011,560	1,537,2	
SEA SUN STAR MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED	-	8,600,000	(8,600,000)	-	-	-	-	8,600,000	(8,600,000.0	
ZABU TALU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	4,030,800	352,800	3,678,000		-	-	4,030,800	352,800	3,678,0	
RUBY DRAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	60,325,772	47,019,728	13,306,044	-	-	-	60,325,772	47,019,728	13,306,044.	
SEIN CHI LIN MINING CO., LTD.	53,090,780	71,836,597	(18,745,817)	-	-	-	53,090,780	71,836,597	(18,745,81	
AUNG HTUN LINN SHEIN WIN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	4,979,288	76,479,561	(71,500,273)	50,429,561	-	50,429,561	55,408,849	76,479,561	(21,070,712.0	
Future Mining Co.,Ltd	-	6,261,244	(6,261,244)	-	-	-	-	6,261,244	(6,261,24	
Future Engineering Gold Mining	-	3,000,000	(3,000,000)	-	-	-	-	3,000,000	(3,000,000.0	
SHWE MYINT THAUNG YINN INDUSTRY & WANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	-	926,432	(926,432)				-	926,432	(926,43	
MYANMAR MYO KO KO MEDICAL INSTRUMENT COMPANY LIMITED	-	75,209	(75,209)	-	-	-	-	75,209	(75,209.0	
SAT WINE INN ARR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	-	39,272,123	(39,272,123)	-	-			39,272,123	(39,272,12	
220112										

	Templates originally lodged				Adjustments			Final amounts		
Company	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government €	Difference (f) = (d-e)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+e)	Difference (i) = (g-h)	
SHWE SAPAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	46,800,880	1,500,000	45,300,880	(3,527,786)	34,273,094	(37,800,880)	43,273,094	35,773,094	7,500,000.00	
NAN KANAUNG MINING & ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED	11,253,003	10,914,708	338,295	-	-	-	11,253,003	10,914,708	338,295	
NEW ERA GOLD COMPANY LIMITED	1,224,726	2,494,650	(1,269,924)	-	-	-	1,224,726	2,494,650	(1,269,924.00)	
SHWE PYI NAGAR COMPANY LIMITED	13,182,400	11,457,300	1,725,100	-	-	-	13,182,400	11,457,300	1,725,100	
Total	119,680,259,383	85,584,660,394	34,095,598,989	(13,579,497,224)	25,148,216,517	(38,727,713,740)	106,100,762,159	110,732,876,911	(4,632,114,751)	

5.3.2. Cash flows reconciliation by revenue stream

The table below shows the total Payments reported by extractive companies and Government Agencies, taking into account all adjustments:

Table 137: Other minerals payments reconciliation per tax

	Temp	olates originally lo	dged		Adjustments			Final amounts	
Description	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government €	Difference (f) = (d-H)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+H)	Difference (i) = (g-h)
MoF-Customs Department	13,895,191,650	2,224,354,622	11,670,837,027	(9,714,237,488)	1,862,243,452	(11,576,480,940)	4,180,954,162	4,086,598,075	94,356,087
Customs Duties	1,594,449,823	2,224,354,622	(629,904,799)	563,052,454	30,278,022	532,774,432	2,157,502,278	2,254,632,645	(97,130,367)
Commercial Tax on Imports	4,182,870,646	-	4,182,870,646	(2,349,619,501)	1,831,965,430	(4,181,584,931)	1,833,251,144	1,831,965,430	1,285,714.09
Corporate Income Tax	8,117,871,181	-	8,117,871,181	(7,927,670,441)	-	(7,927,670,441)	190,200,740	-	190,200,740
MoF-IRD	62,577,128,317	57,300,283,495	5,276,844,823	19,671,037,994	27,297,008,267	(7,625,970,273)	82,248,166,312	84,597,291,762	(2,349,125,451)
Corporate Income Tax	49,018,725,187	36,196,834,731	12,821,890,456	11,864,212,497	25,747,918,386	(13,883,705,889)	60,882,937,684	61,944,753,117	(1,061,815,433.02)
Commercial Tax	10,946,488,861	19,512,753,469	(8,566,264,608)	9,028,848,247	1,577,095,546	7,451,752,701	19,975,337,108	21,089,849,014	(1,114,511,907)
Capital Gains Tax	300,000	6,768,948	(6,468,948)	6,768,948	-	6,768,948	7,068,948	6,768,948	300,000.00
Withholding Tax	925,790,907	329,676,849	596,114,058	(775,092,941)	(1,530,661)	(773,562,280)	150,697,966	328,146,188	(177,448,222)
Stamp Duties	15,445,100	-	15,445,100	-	12,451,400	(12,451,400)	15,445,100	12,451,400	2,993,700.00
Specific Goods Tax	1,445,371,302	1,254,249,497	191,121,805	(230,048,208)	(38,926,403)	(191,121,805)	1,215,323,094	1,215,323,094	-
Other significant payments (> USD 50,000)	225,006,960	-	225,006,960	(223,650,549)	-	(223,650,549)	1,356,411	-	1,356,411.00
Department of Mining (DOM)	32,437,896,895	7,849,459,087	24,588,437,808	(29,178,698,052)	(4,032,894,517)	(25,145,803,535)	3,259,198,843	3,816,564,570	(557,365,727)
Royalties	30,655,015,086	5,606,075,399	25,048,939,687	(29,506,660,186)	(4,179,053,411)	(25,327,606,775)	1,148,354,900	1,427,021,988	(278,667,088)
Dead Rent Fees	1,768,641,809	2,214,494,028	(445,852,219)	319,797,134	146,158,894	173,638,240	2,088,438,943	2,360,652,922	(272,213,979.04)
Licence Fees	14,240,000	28,889,660	(14,649,660)	8,165,000	-	8,165,000	22,405,000	28,889,660	(6,484,660)
DGSE	-	5,000,000	(5,000,000)	5,000,000	-	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	-
Application Fees	-	5,000,000	(5,000,000)	5,000,000	-	5,000,000	5,000,000	5,000,000	-

Description	Templates originally lodged			Adjustments			Final amounts		
	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government €	Difference (f) = (d-H)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+H)	Difference (i) = (g-h)
Forest Department -	629,545,982	-	629,545,982	-	485,383,972	(485,383,972)	629,545,982	485,383,972	144,162,010
Land rental fees	629,268,482	-	629,268,482	-	485,383,972	(485,383,972)	629,268,482	485,383,972	143,884,510
Environmental / Plantation fees	277,500	-	277,500	-	-	-	277,500	-	277,500.00
Mining Enterprises (ME1 & ME2)	10,140,496,539	18,205,563,190	(8,065,066,651)	5,637,400,323	(463,524,658)	6,100,924,981	15,777,896,861	17,742,038,532	(1,964,141,671)
Production Split	7,303,022,841	13,900,077,484	(6,597,054,643)	4,190,576,516	(573,224,658)	4,763,801,174	11,493,599,357	13,326,852,826	(1,833,253,469)
Application Fee	190,188,507	348,875,460	(158,686,953)	161,000,000	102,500,000	58,500,000	351,188,507	451,375,460	(100,186,953.00)
Other fees (penalty/rental of machinery) ME2	290,503,315	553,501,982	(262,998,667)	262,307,107	7,200,000	255,107,107	552,810,422	560,701,982	(7,891,560)
Other significant payments (> USD 50,000) ME	2,356,781,875	3,403,108,264	(1,046,326,389)	1,023,516,700	-	1,023,516,700	3,380,298,575	3,403,108,264	(22,809,688.60)
Social payments	8,724,266,805	-	8,724,266,805	(29,516,700)	-	(29,516,700)	8,694,750,105	-	8,694,750,105
Mandatory Corporate Social Responsibility	994,040,220	-	994,040,220	-	-		994,040,220	-	994,040,220.00
Voluntary Corporate Social Responsibility	7,420,923,085	-	7,420,923,085	-	-	-	7,420,923,085	-	7,420,923,085
Other significant payments (> USD 50,000) SP	309,303,500	-	309,303,500	(29,516,700)	-	(29,516,700)	279,786,800	-	279,786,800.00
Total	119,680,259,383	85,584,660,394	34,095,598,989	(13,579,497,224)	25,148,216,517	(38,727,713,740)	106,100,762,159	110,732,876,911	(4,632,114,751)

5.3.3. Adjustments to the reporting templates

Adjustments to the companies reporting templates

Adjustments per companies

The detail of the adjustments performed to the companies RT detailed per companies is presented below:

Table 138: Companies payments adjustments

Amounts in MMK Tax paid Tax paid Tax paid on reported but reported but Tax amount Tax **Total Extractive** Tax paid not Tax reported other Company outside the outside the incorrectly incorrectly company reported but not paid identification classified **Adjustments** period reconciliation reported number covered scope NATIONAL PROSPERITY COMPANY LIMITED 1,011,492,374 1,011,492,374 MYANMAR ECONOMIC CORPORATION LIMITED 7.996.093.944 7.996.093.944 GEO ASIA INDUSTRY & MINING COMPANY LIMITED 44.839.180 44,839,180 CORNERSTONE RESOURCES (MYANMAR) LTD. 1,316,858,058 0 1,316,858,058 MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY 440,777,364 440,777,364 LIMITED KAYAH STATE MINERAL PRODUCTION COMPANY 8,486,100 (41,898,703)(33,412,603)LIMITED **GPS JOINT VENTURE COMPANY LIMITED** 12,019,200 12,019,200 SHWE TAUNG MINING COMPANY LIMITED 30,412,923 30,412,923 DELCO LIMITED 34,792,059 34,792,059 MAX (MYANMAR) COMPANY LIMITED 86,899,388 - (21,579,000) 70,941,928 5,621,540 FIRST RESOURCES COMPANY LIMITED 182,321,082 182,321,082 WIN MYINT MO INDUSTRIES COMPANY LIMITED 1,087,669,428 1,087,669,428 No.(2)Heavy Industry, Ministry of Industry 52,356,560 52,356,560 MYANMAR PONGPIPAT COMPANY LIMITED 25,560,000 (3,978,993)21,581,007 HTOO INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRY GROUP COMPANY 15,268,097 (70,604,196) (55,336,099) LIMITED MANDALAY GOLDEN FRIEND MINING CO., LTD. (193,485,600) (250,754,270) (444,239,870)

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Company	Tax paid not reported	Tax paid reported but outside the period covered	Tax paid reported but outside the reconciliation scope	Tax amount incorrectly reported	Tax reported but not paid	Tax incorrectly classified	Tax paid on other identification number	Total Extractive company Adjustments
YCDC	2,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,000
TOP TEN STAR PRODUCTION CO., LTD.	46,638,204	-	-	-	-	-	-	46,638,204
HEAY HEIN COMPANY LIMITED	-	(49,439,994)	-	(60,209,293)	-	-	-	(109,649,287)
DRAGON CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	34,918,000	-	-	49,949,389	-	-	-	84,867,389
PRINCE MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	159,495,147	-	-	(4,197,300)	-	-	-	155,297,847
HTAT YEE LINN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	1,201,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,201,000
MYANMAR TIN -TUNGSTEN COMPANY LIMITED	-	(6,250,909)	-	-	-	-	-	(6,250,909)
Eden Energy & Natural Resources Development Co., Ltd	2,495,073,866	(628,680,193)	-	-	-	-	-	1,866,393,673
Kanbawza Industries Ltd	115,803,324	-	-	(46,036,156)	-	-	-	69,767,168
MYANMAR WANBAO MINING COPPER LTD	72,097,939	(113,082,692)	-	-	-	-	-	(40,984,753)
MYANMAR CNMC NICKEL COMPANY LIMITED	-	-	-	(27,934,095,042)	(223,650,549)	-	-	(28,157,745,591)
BLUE DIAMOND CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	688,559,924	-	-	-	-	-	-	688,559,924
DAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	42,749,800	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,749,800
LOI CHAI NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	3,528,000	(17,640,000)	-	-	-	-	-	(14,112,000)
SHWE PAUK PAUK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	-	-	-	-	-	-	(22,300,000)	(22,300,000)
AUNG HTUN LINN SHEIN WIN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	50,429,561	-	-	-	-	-	-	50,429,561
SHWE SAPAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	-	(3,527,786)	-	-	-	-	-	(3,527,786)
Total	16,056,342,523	(1,012,107,174)	(41,898,703)	(28,314,304,321)	(223,650,549)	(21,579,000)	(22,300,000)	(13,579,497,224)

Adjustments per tax

The detail of the adjustments performed to the companies RT detailed per payment flows is presented below:

Table 139: Companies payments adjustments

N°	Revenus streams	Tax paid not reported	Tax paid reported but outside the period covered	Tax paid reported but outside the reconciliation scope	Tax amount incorrectly reported	Tax reported but not paid	Tax incorrectly classified	Tax paid on other identification number	Total Extractive company Adjustments
	MoF-Customs Department	563,052,454	(113,082,692)	-	-	-	(10,164,207,250)	-	(9,714,237,488)
2	Customs Duties	563,052,454	-	-	-	-	-	-	563,052,454
3	Commercial Tax on Imports	-	(113,082,692)	-	-		(2,236,536,809)	-	(2,349,619,501)
4	Corporate Income Tax (Advance income tax 2%)	-	-	-	-		(7,927,670,441)	-	(7,927,670,441)
	MoF-IRD	10,678,075,054	(632,904,587)	-	(270,810,174)	(223,650,549)	10,142,628,250	(22,300,000)	19,671,037,994
7	Corporate Income Tax	3,679,553,702	(464,404,587)	-	(46,700,000)	-	8,702,763,382	(7,000,000)	11,864,212,497
8	Commercial Tax	6,991,752,403	(168,500,000)	-	5,938,034	-	2,214,957,809	(15,300,000)	9,028,848,247
9	Capital Gains Tax	6,768,948		-	-	-	-	-	6,768,948
10	Withholding Tax	-	-	-	-	-	(775,092,941)	-	(775,092,941)
12	Specific Goods Tax (IRD)	-	-	-	(230,048,208)	-	-	-	(230,048,208)
13	Other significant payments (> USD 50,000) IRD	-	-	-		(223,650,549)	-	-	(223,650,549)
	Department of Mining (DOM)	425,622,067	(12,658,695)	(41,898,703)	(27,968,910,958)	-	(1,580,851,764)	-	(29,178,698,052)
14	Royalties	156,779,121	(2,880,000)	-	(27,964,713,658)	-	(1,695,845,649)	-	(29,506,660,186)
15	Dead Rent Fees	260,677,946	(9,778,695)	(41,898,703)	(4,197,300)	-	114,993,885	-	319,797,134

N°	Revenus streams	Tax paid not reported	Tax paid reported but outside the period covered	Tax paid reported but outside the reconciliation scope	Tax amount incorrectly reported	Tax reported but not paid	Tax incorrectly classified	Tax paid on other identification number	Total Extractive company Adjustments
16	Licence Fees	8,165,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,165,000
	Department of Geological Survey and Mineral Exploration (DGSE)		-				5,000,000	-	5,000,000
17	Application Fees	-	-	-	-	-	5,000,000	-	5,000,000
	MoM (ME 1-ME 2-ME 3)	4,389,592,948	(253,461,200)	-	(74,583,189)	-	1,575,851,764	-	5,637,400,323
20	Production Split	2,933,790,148	(253,461,200)	-	(70,604,196)	-	1,580,851,764	-	4,190,576,516
21	Application Fee	166,000,000	-	-	-	-	(5,000,000)	-	161,000,000
22	Other fees (penalty/rental of machinery) ME2	266,286,100	-	-	(3,978,993)	-	-		262,307,107
23	Other significant payments (> USD 50,000) ME	1,023,516,700	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,023,516,700
	Social payments								
27	Other significant payments (> USD 50,000) SP	-	-	(29,516,700)	-	-	-	-	(29,516,700)
		16,056,342,523	(1,012,107,174)	(41,898,703)	(28,314,304,321)	(223,650,549)	(21,579,000)	(22,300,000)	(13,579,497,224)

Adjustments to the government reporting templates

Adjustments per companies

The detail of the adjustments performed to the government agencies RT detailed per companies is presented below:

Table 140: Government payments adjustments

Amounts in MMK Tax received Tax received reported but Total Extractive Tax received not reported but Tax amount Company outside the company outside the period incorrectly reported reported reconciliation Adjustments covered scope NATIONAL PROSPERITY COMPANY LIMITED 150,899,348 (345,710,986)(194,811,638) MYANMAR ECONOMIC CORPORATION LIMITED 205,966,488 (38,926,403)167,040,085 (1,138,791,011)GEO ASIA INDUSTRY & MINING COMPANY LIMITED (1,138,791,011)CORNERSTONE RESOURCES (MYANMAR) LTD. 26,283,466 26,283,466 ETERNAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED 573,546,736 (90,821,308)482,725,428 KAYAH STATE MINERAL PRODUCTION COMPANY LIMITED (192,980,210)(192,980,210) SHWE TAUNG MINING COMPANY LIMITED 29,673,000 (10,000,000)19,673,000 DELCO LIMITED 39,787,191 (152,396,792)(112,609,601)MAX (MYANMAR) COMPANY LIMITED 903,385,145 881,806,145 (21,579,000)FIRST RESOURCES COMPANY LIMITED 287,894,215 287,894,215 MYANMAR PONGPIPAT COMPANY LIMITED (80,436,008)(80,436,008) HTOO INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED 45,960,460 (10,000,000)35,960,460 9,114,000 MANDALAY GOLDEN FRIEND MINING CO., LTD. 9,114,000 MYANMAR GOLDEN POINT FAMILY CO., LTD. 60,202,500 (21,361,117)38,841,383 MANDALAY DISTRIBUTION & MINING COMPANY LIMITED 51,055,119 51,055,119 YCDC 61,575,000 61,575,000 TOP TEN STAR PRODUCTION CO., LTD. 12,284,204 12,284,204 36,968,601 HEAY HEIN COMPANY LIMITED 36,968,601 NGWE KABAR MYANMAR COMPANY LIMITED 18,995,267 18,995,267 MYAUK KYUN THU MA MA MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED 7,510,774 7,510,774 **BDO LLP** 253 **EITI MYANMAR**

Company	Tax received not reported	Tax received reported but outside the period covered	Tax received reported but outside the reconciliation scope	Tax amount incorrectly reported	Total Extractive company Adjustments
XIE SHAN MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED	13,561,400	-	-	-	13,561,400
Myanmar Yang Tse Copper Ltd	24,907,858,218	-	-	(3,157,795,979)	21,750,062,239
MYANMAR WANBAO MINING COPPER LTD	1,844,416,830	-	-	-	1,844,416,830
MYANMAR CNMC NICKEL COMPANY LIMITED	427,519,787	-	-	-	427,519,787
BLUE DIAMOND CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	388,970,911	-	-	(6,049,312)	382,921,599
MYANMAR APEX MINING CO., LTD	-	-	(3,000,000)	-	(3,000,000)
MYINT INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	73,359,589	-	-	-	73,359,589
SHWE PAUK PAUK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	93,877,500	-	-	-	93,877,500
YOUNG INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	113,125,800	-	-	-	113,125,800
SHWE SAPAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	34,273,094	-	-	-	34,273,094
Total	30,418,064,643	(10,000,000)	(3,000,000)	(5,256,848,126)	25,148,216,517

Adjustments per tax

The detail of the adjustments performed to the government agencies RT detailed per tax is presented below:

Amounts in MMK Tax received Tax received reported but **Total Extractive** Tax amount Tax received not reported but No. Company outside the incorrectly company outside the reported reconciliation reported Adjustments period covered scope **MoF-Customs Department** 1,868,292,764 (6,049,312)1,862,243,452 **Customs Duties** 30,278,022 36,327,334 (6,049,312)2 Commercial Tax on Imports 1,831,965,430 1,831,965,430 MoF-IRD 27,377,513,671 (10,000,000)(70,505,403)27,297,008,267 7 Corporate Income Tax 25,718,300,340 25,718,300,340 Commercial Tax 1,646,761,931 (10,000,000)(31,579,000) 1,605,182,931 Stamp Duties 12,451,400 12,451,400 Specific Goods Tax (IRD) (38,926,403)(38,926,403)(4,032,894,517) Department of Mining (DOM) 147,398,894 (4,180,293,411) 1,240,000 (4,179,053,411)14 Royalties (4,180,293,411)146,158,894 146,158,894 15 Dead Rent Fees **Forest Department** 485,383,972 485,383,972 18 Land rental fees 485,383,972 485,383,972 Environmental / Plantation fees 539,475,342 MoM (ME 1-ME 2-ME 3) (3,000,000)(1,000,000,000) (463,524,658) Production Split 426,775,342 (1,000,000,000)(573,224,658)102,500,000 Application Fee 102,500,000 22 Other fees (penalty/rental of machinery) ME2 10,200,000 (3,000,000)7,200,000 30,418,064,643 25,148,216,517 (10,000,000)(3,000,000)(5,256,848,126)

5.3.4. Unreconciled discrepancies

Following our adjustments made, the total unreconciled discrepancies amounted to MMK (4,632,114,752) representing (4.18%) of total payments reported by Government Bodies. These unreconciled differences are summarised below:

Unreconciled discrepancies per company:

			Reaso	ns for differences		
Company	Unreconciled difference	Reporting template not submitted by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the Govt Body	Exchange rate difference	Not material difference < 5 Million Kyats
NATIONAL PROSPERITY COMPANY LIMITED	(2,357,230)	-	(150,899,348)	148,542,118	-	-
MYANMAR ECONOMIC CORPORATION LIMITED	(57,631,118)	-	(56,916,833)	(714,286)	-	-
CORNERSTONE RESOURCES (MYANMAR) LTD.	103,237	-	-	-	-	103,237
MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED	(85,585,252)	-	(137,410,374)	51,825,122	-	-
KAYAH STATE MINERAL PRODUCTION COMPANY LIMITED	(531,680)	-	-	-	-	(531,680)
SHWE MOE YAN COMPANY LIMITED	(57,375,781)		(60,744,688)	3,368,907	-	
GPS JOINT VENTURE COMPANY LIMITED	307,392	-	-	-	-	307,392
SHWE TAUNG MINING COMPANY LIMITED	(1,076,291)	-	-	-	-	(1,076,291)
DELCO LIMITED	200,000	-	-	-	-	200,000
MAX (MYANMAR) COMPANY LIMITED	(93,060)	-	(400,000)	-	-	306,940
PACIFIC LINK CEMENT INDUSTRIES LIMITED	(739,978,360)	(739,978,360)	-	-	-	-
WIN MYINT MO INDUSTRIES COMPANY LIMITED	(11,130,464)	-	-	-	(11,130,463)	(1)
No.(2)Heavy Industry, Ministry of Industry	(47,128,084)	-	(39,252,040)	(6,636,044)	-	(1,240,000)
MYANMAR PONGPIPAT COMPANY LIMITED	1,134,893	-	-	-	-	1,134,893
NGWE YI PALE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	(693,838)	-	(400,000)	-	-	(293,838)
NEW DAYS ASIA MINING COMPANY LIMITED	(14,659,631)	-	(30,181,380)	15,268,500	-	253,249
HARBOR STAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	15,201,191	-	(7,346,740)	22,167,173	-	380,758
MANDALAY GOLDEN FRIEND MINING CO., LTD.	(3,137,172)	-	(600,000)	-	-	(2,537,172)
MYANMAR GOLDEN POINT FAMILY CO., LTD.	(19,136,922)	-	(19,136,922)	-	-	-
THAN TAW MYAT COMPANY LIMITED	27,002,076	-	-	24,676,356	-	2,325,720
BDO LLP		256				EITI MYANMAF

			Reaso	ns for differences		
Company	Unreconciled difference	Reporting template not submitted by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the Govt Body	Exchange rate difference	Not material difference < 5 Million Kyats
TUN THWIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	(399,189,602)	(399,189,602)	-	-	-	-
MANDALAY DISTRIBUTION & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	(11,722,004)	-	(12,595,090)	873,086	-	-
SAN LIN INTERNATIONAL EXPORT & IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED	(249,982,506)	-	(249,982,506)	-	-	-
KAN PWINT OO MINING COMPANY LIMITED	(259,908,549)	-	(259,859,491)	-	-	(49,058)
TOP TEN STAR PRODUCTION CO., LTD.	5,552,202	-	(5,418,404)	10,970,377	-	229
HEAY HEIN COMPANY LIMITED	36,000	-	-	-	-	36,000
NGWE KABAR MYANMAR COMPANY LIMITED	(34,080,989)	-	(34,021,140)	-	-	(59,849)
MYAUK KYUN THU MA MA MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	(39,615,479)	-	(36,227,534)	-	-	(3,387,945)
XIE SHAN MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED	3,906,951	-	-	1,000,900	-	2,906,051
DRAGON CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	(624,000)	-	-	-	-	(624,000)
PRINCE MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	(301,000)	-	(1,000)	-	-	(300,000)
HTAT YEE LINN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	(23,318,452)	-	(32,440,002)	9,121,550	-	
MYAY NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	18,512,527	-	-	18,632,937	-	(120,410)
THA BYU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	(161,660,648)	(161,660,648)	-	-	-	-
YE HTUT KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	(12,193,697)	-	(13,397,497)	1,203,800	-	
MYANMAR TIN -TUNGSTEN COMPANY LIMITED	(12,618,579)	-	(12,618,579)	-	-	-
Myanmar Yang Tse Copper Ltd	(3,150,931)	-	-	-	-	(3,150,931)
Eden Energy & Natural Resources Development Co., Ltd	(6,362,510)	-	(1,400,000)	-	-	(4,962,510)
Kanbawza Industries Ltd	(4,612,873)	-	(11,017,320)	7,155,416	-	(750,969)
MYANMAR WANBAO MINING COPPER LTD	2,842,585	-	-	-	-	2,842,585
HTAR WA YA	(1,843,308,058)	(1,843,308,058)	-	-	-	
MYANMAR CNMC NICKEL COMPANY LIMITED	329,820	-	664	-	-	329,156
24 HOUR MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	21,143,824	-	(36,965,600)	58,571,424	-	(462,000)
A & A NATURAL RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD	1,361,856	-	(518,802)	1,880,658	-	-
ASIA PHYO MINING COMPANY LIMITED	310,700	-	(5,504,400)	5,515,100	-	300,000
RDO LLP		257				FITI MYANM

			Reaso	ns for differences		
Company	Unreconciled difference	Reporting template not submitted by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the Govt Body	Exchange rate difference	Not material difference < 5 Million Kyats
BLUE DIAMOND CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	16,576,243	-	(3,888,000)	11,576,250	-	8,887,993
DAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	(6,192,596)	-	-	(6,192,596)	-	-
DIAMOND SHARK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	293,520		(48,516,000)	48,809,520	-	-
Directorate of Military office of Chief of Defence Defence Industries, Ministy of Defence	(15,931,840)	(15,931,840)	-	-	-	-
GREEN ASIA COMPANY LIMITED	(1,724,000)	-	(4,107,600)	-	-	2,383,600
GREEN STRATEGIC MINING COMPANY LIMITED	(6,407,600)	(6,407,600)	-	-	-	-
GROUP OF FOUR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	(12,003,148)		(30,267,470)	21,254,500	-	(2,990,178)
HTUT KHAUNG KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	(4,883,675)	-	(6,689,676)	2,065,363	-	(259,362)
JUNE CEMENT INDUSTRY LTD.	(19,295,014)	-	(16,410,414)	-	-	(2,884,600)
LINN PYAE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	(342,092)	-	(366,182)	-	-	24,090
LOI CHAI NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	(3,272,804)	-	(46,301,244)	42,068,440	-	960,000
MAY FLOWER MINING ENTERPRISES LIMITED	6,000,000	-	-	9,444,840	-	(3,444,840)
MINING WORLD COMPANY LIMITED	(107,467,210)	(107,467,210)	-	-	-	-
MYANMAR APEX MINING CO., LTD	(47,577,957)	-	(219,106,797)	171,487,400	-	41,440
MYANMAR NAING GROUP MINING COMPANY LTD	5,653,088	-	-	6,007,200	-	(354,112)
MYANMAR SIMCO SONG DA JOINT STOK COMPANY LIMITED	(255,788)	-	-	-	-	(255,788)
MYINT INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	3,342,534		-	-	-	3,342,534
No.(3) Heavy Industry. Ministry Of Industry	(13,021,700)	(13,021,700)	-	-	-	-
SHWE PAUK PAUK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	(646,209)	-	(742,000)	-	-	95,791
SHWE PIN LE MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	(87,770,346)	-	(87,770,346)	-	-	-
SILVER BRIGHT COMPANY LIMITED	(252,679)	-	(654,980)	-	-	402,301
THE SILVER LION MINING COMPANY LIMITED	(861,650)	-	(767,150)	(94,500)	-	-
THIHA THANT HEIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	9,091,543	-	(9,114,000)	15,450,000	-	2,755,543
TRIPLE "A" CEMENT INTERNATIONAL COMPANY LIMITED	(159,122,287)	-	(167,169,887)	8,242,932	-	(195,332)
U E EXPORT IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED	13,192,000	-	(9,310,600)	23,240,600	-	(738,000)

			Reaso	ns for differences		
Company	Unreconciled difference	Reporting template not submitted by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the Govt Body	Exchange rate difference	Not material difference < 5 Million Kyats
UNITED CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	(15,548,418)	(15,548,418)	-	-	-	-
YIG COMPANY LIMITED	(107,330,350)	-	(113,306,600)	5,976,250	-	-
YOUNG INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	1,537,211	-	-	1,356,411	-	180,800
SEA SUN STAR MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED	(8,600,000)	(8,600,000)	-	-	-	-
ZABU TALU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	3,678,000	-	-	3,678,000	-	-
RUBY DRAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	13,306,044	-	-	8,972,000	-	4,334,044
SEIN CHI LIN MINING CO., LTD.	(18,745,817)	-	(17,339,767)	3,375,000	-	(4,781,050)
AUNG HTUN LINN SHEIN WIN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	(21,070,712)	-	(22,050,000)	-	-	979,288
Future Mining Co.,Ltd	(6,261,244)	(6,261,244)	-	-	-	-
Future Engineering Gold Mining	(3,000,000)	-	(3,000,000)	-	-	-
SHWE MYINT THAUNG YINN INDUSTRY & MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	(926,432)	(926,432)	-	-	-	-
MYANMAR MYO KO KO MEDICAL INSTRUMENT COMPANY LIMITED	(75,209)	(75,209)	-	-	-	-
SAT WINE INN ARR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	(39,272,123)	(39,272,123)	-	-	-	-
SHWE SAPAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	7,500,000	-	-	7,500,000	-	-
NAN KANAUNG MINING & ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED	338,295	-	(431,708)	770,000	-	3
NEW ERA GOLD COMPANY LIMITED	(1,269,924)	-	(1,685,250)	-	-	415,326
SHWE PYI NAGAR COMPANY LIMITED	1,725,100	-	(7,000,000)	8,725,100	-	-
Total	(4,632,114,752)	(3,357,648,445)	(2,031,250,696)	767,135,805	(11,130,463)	779,047

Reporting template not submitted by the extractive company:

15 companies did not submit their reporting templates and for which government agencies reported payments. Those companies are:

Company	Amounts in MMK Amount reported by the government agencies
PACIFIC LINK CEMENT INDUSTRIES LIMITED	739,978,360
TUN THWIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	399,189,602
THA BYU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	161,660,648
HTAR WA YA	1,843,308,058
Directorate of Military office of Chief of Defence Industries, Ministry of Defence	15,931,840
GREEN STRATEGIC MINING COMPANY LIMITED	6,407,600
MINING WORLD COMPANY LIMITED	107,467,210
No.(3) Heavy Industry. Ministry Of Industry	13,021,700
UNITED CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	15,548,418
SEA SUN STAR MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED	8,600,000
HTAY FAMILY COMPANY LIMITED	-
Future Mining Co.,Ltd	6,261,244
SHWE MYINT THAUNG YINN INDUSTRY & MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	926,432
MYANMAR MYO KO KO MEDICAL INSTRUMENT COMPANY LIMITED	75,209
SAT WINE INN ARR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	39,272,123
Total	3,357,648,445

Unreconciled discrepancies per tax:

				Reasons for	differences		
No.	Revenu Stream	Unreconciled difference	Reporting template not submitted by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the Govt Body	Exchange rate difference	Not material difference < 5 Million Kyats
	MoF-Customs Department	94,356,087	(21,283,645)	(80,533,267)	191,486,454	-	4,686,545
2	Customs Duties	(97,130,367)	(21,283,645)	(80,533,267)	-	-	4,686,545
3	Commercial Tax on Imports	1,285,714	-	-	1,285,714	-	(0)
4	Corporate Income Tax (Advance income tax 2%)	190,200,740	-	-	190,200,740	-	-
	MoF-IRD	(2,349,125,451)	(1,888,027,632)	(733,251,304)	273,788,515	-	(1,635,030)
7	Corporate Income Tax	(1,061,815,433)	(626,823,704)	(483,751,991)	52,602,933	-	(3,842,671)
8	Commercial Tax	(1,114,511,907)	(1,261,203,928)	(48,604,760)	195,832,740	-	(535,959)
9	Capital Gains Tax	300,000		-	300,000	-	-
10	Withholding Tax	(177,448,222)	-	(200,894,553)	23,446,331	-	-
11	Stamp Duties	2,993,700		-	250,100	-	2,743,600
13	Other significant payments (> USD 50,000) IRD	1,356,411	-	-	1,356,411	-	-
	Department of Mining (DOM)	(557, 365, 727)	(185,211,065)	(469,678,830)	93,325,930	-	4,198,237
14	Royalties	(278,667,088)	(123,300,230)	(244,434,312)	87,561,730	-	1,505,723
15	Dead Rent Fees	(272,213,979)	(60,509,835)	(221,003,858)	5,564,200	-	3,735,514
16	Licence Fees	(6,484,660)	(1,401,000)	(4,240,660)	200,000	-	(1,043,000)
	Forest Department	144,162,010	-	-	144,162,010	-	-
18	Land rental fees	143,884,510	-	-	143,884,510	-	-
19	Environmental / Plantation fees	277,500		-	277,500	-	-
	MoM (ME 1-ME 2-ME 3)	(1,964,141,671)	(1,263,126,102)	(747,787,295)	64,372,895	(11,130,463)	(6,470,705)
20	Production Split	(1,833,253,469)	(1,231,460,102)	(644,733,217)	43,372,895	(4,223,899)	3,790,855
21	Application Fee	(100,186,953)	(31,666,000)	(83,620,953)	21,000,000	-	(5,900,000)
22	Other fees (penalty/rental of machinery) ME2	(7,891,560)	-	(3,530,000)	-	-	(4,361,560)
23	Other significant payments (> USD 50,000) ME	(22,809,689)	-	(15,903,125)	-	(6,906,564)	-
		(4,632,114,751)	(3,357,648,445)	(2,031,250,696)	767,135,805	(11,130,463)	779,047

5.3.5. In Kind payment flows reconciliation

Following adjustments of in-kind payments, final differences correspond to (773) ToZ of Gold, (4) MT of Tin and 514 MT of Barite between production split reported by mining companies and ME (1) and ME (2).

The table below summarises the differences, by company, between the payments in kind reported by extractive companies and receipts reported by Government Agencies:

Table 141: In kind payments flows reconciliation

		Т	emplates origi	nally lodged		Adjustments		F	inal quantities	
N°	Company	Extractive company	Government	Difference	Extractive company	Government	Difference	Extractive company	Government	Difference
		(a)	(b)	(c) = (a - b)	(d)	€	(f) = (d-e)	(g) = (a+d)	(h) = (b+e)	(i) = (g-h)
	Gold in oz-T	9,292	8,957	337	(1,108)		(1,108)	8,184	8,957	(773)
1	NATIONAL PROSPERITY COMPANY LIMITED	4,553	3,961	591	(591)	•	(591)	3,961	3,961	-
3	GEO ASIA INDUSTRY & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	2,173	1,576	597	(577)	-	(577)	1,596	1,576	20
5	ETERNAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED	1,430	1,431	(1)	-	•	-	1,430	1,431	(1)
6	MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED	728	728	-	-	-	-	728	728	-
8	SHWE MOE YAN COMPANY LIMITED	-	613	(613)	-	-	-	-	613	(613)
23	MYANMAR GOLDEN POINT FAMILY CO., LTD.	261	216	45	-	-	-	261	216	45
33	MYAUK KYUN THU MA MA MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	-	161	(161)	-	-	-	-	161	(161)
37	HTAT YEE LINN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	-	106	(103)	-	-	-	-	103	(103)
58	HTUT KHAUNG KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	13	-	13	-	-	-	13	-	13
82	RUBY DRAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	86	78	8	-	-	-	86	78	8
85	AUNG HTUN LINN SHEIN WIN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	-	60	(60)	60	-	60	60	60	-
86	Future Engineering Gold Mining	48	27	21	-	-	-	48	27	21
	Copper in MT	11,103	12,551	(1,448)	3,606	2,158	1,448	14,709	14,709	-
6	MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED	8,945	12,551	(3,606)	3,606		3,606	12,551	12,551	-
42	Myanmar Yang Tse Copper Ltd	2,158	-	2,158	-	2,158	(2,158)	2,158	2,158	-
	Tin in MT	465	403	62	(69)	(3)	(66)	396	400	(4)
7	KAYAH STATE MINERAL PRODUCTION COMPANY LIMITED	146	146	-	-	-	-	146	146	-

		Т	emplates origi	nally lodged	Adjustments			Final quantities		
N°	Company	Extractive company	Government	Difference	Extractive company	Government	Difference	Extractive company	Government	Difference
		(a)	(b)	(c) = (a - b)	(d)	€	(f) = (d-e)	(g) = (a+d)	(h) = (b+e)	(i) = (g-h)
11	DELCO LIMITED	188	119	69	(69)	-	(69)	119	119	-
17	MYANMAR PONGPIPAT COMPANY LIMITED	79	82	(3)	-	(3)	3	79	79	-
32	NGWE KABAR MYANMAR COMPANY LIMITED	26	26	-	-	-	-	26	26	-
40	YE HTUT KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	-	10	(10)	-	-	-	-	10	(10)
41	MYANMAR TIN -TUNGSTEN COMPANY LIMITED	10	10	-	-	-	-	10	10	-
53	DIAMOND SHARK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	16	-	16	-	-	-	16	-	16
63	MINING WORLD COMPANY LIMITED	-	9	(9)	-	-	-	-	9	(9)
72	SILVER BRIGHT COMPANY LIMITED	-	1	(1)	-	-	-	-	1	(1)
	Nickel in MT	588	943	(355)	(57)	(412)	355	531	531	-
47	MYANMAR CNMC NICKEL COMPANY LIMITED	588	943	(355)	(57)	(412)	355	531	531	-
	Barite in MT	257	-	257	257	-	257	514	-	514
43	Eden Energy & Natural Resources Development Co., Ltd	257	-	257	257	-	257	514	-	514

5.4. Payments of Oil and Gas Transportations Companies:

5.4.1. Cash flows reconciliation by company

The tables below show the differences between the payments reported by Oil and Gas Transportation companies and receipts reported by Government Agencies.

The tables include consolidated figures based on the reporting templates prepared by each company and Government Agency, adjustments made following our reconciliation work and the residual, unreconciled differences:

Table 142: Transportation companies payments flows reconciliation

		Templates originally lodged				Adjustments		Final amounts			
No.	Company	Extractive company (a)	Gvt (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Gvt €	Difference (f) = (d-e)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+e)	Difference (i) = (g-h)	
1	(SEAGP)	32,055,178,406	43,670,606,695	(11,615,428,289)	10,912,464,177	(733,391,230)	11,645,855,407	42,967,642,583	42,937,215,465	30,427,118	
2	(SEAOP)	12,353,502,594	9,422,254,505	2,931,248,089	(2,679,124,753)	(689,534,736)	(1,989,590,017)	9,674,377,841	8,732,719,769	941,658,072	
3	(ATL)	423,308,857,588	61,961,096,023	361,347,761,565	(361,347,738,034)	-	(361,347,738,034)	61,961,119,554	61,961,096,023	23,531	
4	(MGTC)	188,161,961,871	187,613,264,454	548,697,417	-	-	-	188,161,961,871	187,613,264,454	548,697,417	
5	(TPC)	100,645,342,491	100,000,382,280	644,960,211	-	-	-	100,645,342,491	100,000,382,280	644,960,211	
	Total	756,524,842,950	402,667,603,957	353,857,238,993	(353,114,398,610)	(1,422,925,966)	(351,691,472,644)	403,410,444,340	401,244,677,991	2,165,766,349	

5.4.2. Cash flows reconciliation by revenue stream

The table below shows total Payments reported by Oil and Gas Transportation companies and Government Agencies, taking into account all adjustments:

Table 143: Transportation companies payments flows reconciliation

		Ter	nplates originally lod	ged		Adjustments		Final amounts		
N°	Description of Payment	Extractive company	Govt	Difference	Extractive company	Govt	Difference	Extractive company	Govt	Difference
Payr	ments in Cash	756,524,842,950	402,667,603,957	353,857,238,993	-353,114,398,610	-1,422,925,966	-351,691,472,644	403,410,444,340	401,244,677,991	2,165,766,349
	stry of Planning, Finance Industry (MoPFI)	203,589,634,020	189,732,729,304	13,856,904,716	-13,129,983,782	-1,422,925,966	-11,707,057,816	190,459,650,238	188,309,803,338	2,149,846,900
Cust	toms Department	839,734,438		839,734,438	3,719,741,793	3,627,636,059	92,105,734	4,559,476,231	3,627,636,059	931,840,172
1	MCD Transit Fees 0.5 USD per MT	839,734,438	-	839,734,438	3,719,741,793	3,627,636,059	92,105,734	4,559,476,231	3,627,636,059	931,840,172
	rnal Revenue artment (IRD)	202,749,899,582	189,732,729,304	13,017,170,278	-16,849,725,575	-5,050,562,025	-11,799,163,550	185,900,174,007	184,682,167,279	1,218,006,728
2	Corporate Income Tax	185,875,824,907	184,682,167,279	1,193,657,628	-	-	-	185,875,824,907	184,682,167,279	1,193,657,628
3	Commercial Tax for MOGE contractors sales	5,081,007,145	5,050,562,025	30,445,120	-5,081,007,145	-5,050,562,025	-30,445,120	-	-	
4	Stamp Duty	24,349,100	-	24,349,100	-	-	-	24,349,100	-	24,349,100
5	IRD Other significant payments (> USD 50,000)	11,768,718,430	-	11,768,718,430	-11,768,718,430	-	-11,768,718,430	-	-	-
Dep	artment of Trade (DoT)	839,734,438	4,559,476,231	-3,719,741,793	3,719,741,793	-	3,719,741,793	4,559,476,231	4,559,476,231	-
6	DoT Transit Fees 0.5 USD per MT	839,734,438	4,559,476,231	-3,719,741,793	3,719,741,793	-	3,719,741,793	4,559,476,231	4,559,476,231	
State	e Owned Enterprises: GE	552,095,474,492	208,375,398,422	343,720,076,070	-343,704,156,621		-343,704,156,621	208,391,317,871	208,375,398,422	15,919,449
7	Profit distribution (dividend) to the MOGE interest	115,822,984,769	115,807,088,851	15,895,918	-	-	-	115,822,984,769	115,807,088,851	15,895,918
8	Right of Way/Land fees	73,907,863,158	13,879,429,323	60,028,433,835	-60,028,433,835	-	-60,028,433,835	13,879,429,323	13,879,429,323	-
9	MOGE Other significant payments (>50 KUSD)	362,364,626,565	78,688,880,248	283,675,746,317	-283,675,722,786	-	-283,675,722,786	78,688,903,779	78,688,880,248	23,531
Soci	al Payments	4,561,083,390	-	4,561,083,390	-	-	-	4,561,083,390	-	4,561,083,390
10	Voluntary Corporate Social Responsibility	4,561,083,390	-	4,561,083,390	-	-	-	4,561,083,390	-	4,561,083,390
	Total payments	756,524,842,950	402,667,603,957	353,857,238,993	-353,114,398,610	-1,422,925,966	-351,691,472,644	403,410,444,340	401,244,677,991	2,165,766,349

5.4.3. Adjustments to the reporting templates

Adjustments to the companies reporting templates

Adjustments per companies

The detail of the adjustments performed to the companies RT detailed per companies is presented below:

Table 144: Transportation companies payments flows adjustments

Amounts in MMK

No.	Company	Tax paid not reported	Tax paid reported but outside the period covered	Tax paid reported but outside the reconciliation scope	Tax amount incorrectly reported	Tax paid to other Government entity	Total Extractive company Adjustments
1	(SEAGP)	25,100,805,272	(6,489,531,923)	(6,960,997,011)	-	(737,812,161)	10,912,464,177
2	(SEAOP)	150,240,876	-	(4,807,721,419)	7,439,483,586	(5,461,127,796)	(2,679,124,753)
3	(ATL)	1,016,865,000	-	(362,364,603,034)	-	-	(361,347,738,034)
4	(MGTC)	-	-	-	-	-	-
5	(TPC)	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	-	-
	Total	26,267,911,148	(6,489,531,923)	(374,133,321,464)	7,439,483,586	(6,198,939,957)	(353,114,398,610)

Adjustments per tax

The detail of the adjustments performed to the companies RT detailed per payment flows is presented below:

Table 144: Transportation companies payments flows adjustments

Amounts in MMK Tax paid reported Tax paid reported Tax amount Total Extractive Tax paid not Tax paid to other but outside the Revenue stream but outside the incorrectly company reported Government entity period covered reconciliation scope reported Adjustments Payments in Cash 26,267,911,148 (6,489,531,923)(374, 133, 321, 464) 7,439,483,586 (6,198,939,957)(353,114,398,610) Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry (MoPFI) (11,768,718,430) 3,719,741,793 (13, 129, 983, 782)(5,081,007,145)3,719,741,793 **Customs Department** 3,719,741,793 MCD Transit Fees 0.5 USD per MT 3,719,741,793 3,719,741,793 Internal Revenue Department (IRD) (11,768,718,430)(5,081,007,145) (16,849,725,575)Commercial Tax for MOGE contractors' sales (5,081,007,145)(5,081,007,145)IRD Other significant payments (> USD 50,000) (11,768,718,430) (11,768,718,430)

No.	Revenue stream	Tax paid not reported	Tax paid reported but outside the period covered	Tax paid reported but outside the reconciliation scope	Tax amount incorrectly reported	Tax paid to other Government entity	Total Extractive company Adjustments
Depa	artment of Trade (DoT)	-	-	-	3,719,741,793	-	3,719,741,793
4	DoT Transit Fees 0.5 USD per MT	-	-	-	3,719,741,793	-	3,719,741,793
State	Owned Enterprises: MOGE	26,267,911,148	(6,489,531,923)	(362,364,603,034)	-	(1,117,932,812)	(343,704,156,621)
5	Right of Way/Land fees	1,016,865,000	-	-	-	(1,117,932,812)	(60,028,433,835)
6	MOGE Other significant payments (>50 KUSD)	25,251,046,148	(6,489,531,923)	(362,364,603,034)	-	-	(283,675,722,786)
	Total payments	26,267,911,148	(6,489,531,923)	(374,133,321,464)	7,439,483,586	(6,198,939,957)	(353,114,398,610)

Adjustments to the government reporting templates

Adjustments per companies

The detail of the adjustments performed to the government agencies RT detailed per companies is presented below:

Table 145: Government payments flows adjustments

Amounts in MMK Tax supported by the MOGE on the Tax received on **Total** Tax received other No. Company Government not reported behalf of identification Adjustments companies number South East Asia Gas Pipeline Co., Ltd(Great Ocean Branch)(SEAGP) (733,391,230) (733,391,230) (4,317,170,795) (689,534,736) Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline (SEAOP) 3,627,636,059 (4,317,170,795) Total 3,627,636,059 (733,391,230) (1,422,925,966)

Adjustments per tax

The detail of the adjustments performed to the government agencies RT detailed per payment flows is presented below:

Table 145: Government payments flows adjustments

No. Revenue stream	Tax received not reported	Tax supported by the MOGE on the behalf of companies	Tax received on other identification number	Amounts in MMK Total Government Adjustments
Payments in Cash	3,627,636,059	(733,391,230)	(4,317,170,795)	(1,422,925,966)
Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry (MoPFI)	3,627,636,059	(733,391,230)	(4,317,170,795)	(1,422,925,966)
Customs Department	3,627,636,059			3,627,636,059
1 MCD Transit Fees 0.5 USD per MT	3,627,636,059	-	-	3,627,636,059
Internal Revenue Department (IRD)	-	(733,391,230)	(4,317,170,795)	(5,050,562,025)
2 Commercial Tax for MOGE contractors' sales	-	(733,391,230)	(4,317,170,795)	(5,050,562,025)
Total payments	3,627,636,059	(733,391,230)	(4,317,170,795)	(1,422,925,966)

5.4.4. Unreconciled discrepancies

Following our adjustments, the total unreconciled discrepancies amounted to MMK 2,165,766,349 representing (0.54%) of total payments reported by Government Bodies. These unreconciled differences are summarised in the table below:

Amounts in MMK

Reasons for differences	Unreconciled difference
Exchange rate difference (a)	1,209,553,546
Tax not reported by the Govt Body (b)	956,189,272
Not material difference	23,531
Total Differences	2,165,766,349

(b) Exchange rate difference:

Those differences resulted from the use of different exchange rate between the IRD and the exchange rate used in this report to convert the different payments performed by the companies in USD.

(c) Tax not reported by the Government Agency

This difference is related to taxes declared by companies as a payment to Government Agencies. However, the Government Agencies didn't report these payments in their reporting templates. The differences are detailed by company by tax as below:

			Amounts in MMK
Company	SEAGP	SEAOP	Total
Transit fees collected by the MCD	931,840,172		931,840,172
Stamp Duty	14,531,200	9,817,900	24,349,100
Total Differences	946,371,372	9,817,900	956,189,272

5.5. Payments of Pearl Companies

5.5.1. Cash flows reconciliation by company

The tables below show the differences between the payments reported by Pearls companies and receipts reported by Government Agencies.

The tables include consolidated figures based on the reporting templates prepared by each company and Government Agency, adjustments made following our reconciliation work and the residual, unreconciled differences:

Table 146: Pearl companies payments flows reconciliation

		Templates originally lodged			Adjustments			Final amounts		
No.	Company	Extractive company (a)	Government (b)	Difference (c) =(a - b)	Extractive company (d)	Government €	Difference (f) = (d-e)	Extractive company (g) = (a+d)	Government (h) = (b+e)	Difference (i) = (g-h)
1	Myanmar Tasaki Co., Ltd	478,690,836	586,785,045	(108,094,209)	-	(110,336,333)	110,336,333	478,690,836	476,448,712	2,242,124
2	Myanmar Atlantic Co., Ltd	202,066,392	78,160,778	123,905,614	1,824,836	125,312,450	(123,487,614)	203,891,228	203,473,228	418,000
3	Myanmar Andman Co., Ltd	61,950,394	66,125,034	(4,174,640)	3,875,096	-	3,875,096	65,825,490	66,125,034	(299,544)
4	Belpearl Myanmar Co., Ltd	17,612,219	17,612,219	-	-	-	-	17,612,219	17,612,219	-
5	Nino Pearl Culturing Co., Ltd	271,579,667	271,579,667	-	-	-	-	271,579,667	271,579,667	-
6	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Zinyaw)	450,307,169	470,307,169	(20,000,000)	20,000,000	-	20,000,000	470,307,169	470,307,169	-
7	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Jalan)	170,244,000	170,244,000	-	-	-	-	170,244,000	170,244,000	-
8	Annawar Pearl Co., Ltd	85,088,713	84,445,906	642,807	-	-	-	85,088,713	84,445,906	642,807
9	Pyae Sone Htet Myint Co., Ltd	17,960,000	17,960,010	(10)	-	-	-	17,960,000	17,960,010	(10)
10	Aquagold Myanmar Co., Ltd	59,321,700	53,425,000	5,896,700	-	1,734,000	(1,734,000)	59,321,700	55,159,000	4,162,700
11	Pyae Phyo Tun Co., Ltd	20,000,000	20,000,000	-	-		-	20,000,000	20,000,000	-
	Total	1,834,821,090	1,836,644,828	(1,823,738)	25,699,932	16,710,117	8,989,815	1,860,521,022	1,853,354,945	7,166,077

5.5.2. Cash flows reconciliation by revenue stream

The table below shows total Payments reported by Pearl companies and Government Agencies, taking into account all adjustments:

Table 146: Pearl companies payments flows reconciliation

		Templ	ates originally lo	dged		Adjustments		Final amounts		
N°	Description of Payment	Extractive company	Govt	Difference	Extractive company	Govt	Difference	Extractive company	Govt	Difference
Pay	rments in Kind	62,572	62,572	-			-	62,572	62,572	-
Sta	te Owned Enterprises: MPE	62,572	62,572	-	-	-	-	62,572	62,572	-
1	Production Split 25% (Foreign companies only)	62,572	62,572	-	-	-	-	62,572	62,572	-
_	ments in Cash	1,834,821,090	1,836,644,828	(1,823,738)	25,699,932	16,710,117	8,989,815	1,860,521,022	1,853,354,945	7,166,077
	histry of Planning, Finance and Industry (PFI)	1,087,664,090	1,089,614,818	(1,950,728)	25,699,932	16,710,117	8,989,815	1,113,364,022	1,106,324,935	7,039,087
Cus	stoms Department	53,018,343	3,598,149	49,420,194	(9,400,075)	35,341,613	(44,741,688)	43,618,268	38,939,762	4,678,506
1	Customs duties (Normal and border imports)	19,080,667	2,874,795	16,205,872	-	11,527,366	(11,527,366)	19,080,667	14,402,161	4,678,506
2	Commercial Tax (Normal and border imports)	24,338,055	523,808	23,814,247	-	23,814,247	(23,814,247)	24,338,055	24,338,055	-
3	Advance income tax 2% collected by the MCD	9,599,621	199,546	9,400,075	(9,400,075)	-	(9,400,075)	199,546	199,546	-
Inte	ernal Revenue Department (IRD)	1,034,645,747	1,086,016,669	(51,370,922)	35,100,007	(18,631,496)	53,731,503	1,069,745,754	1,067,385,173	2,360,581
6	Corporate Income Tax	1,025,042,952	1,076,949,619	(51,906,667)	33,275,171	(18,631,496)	51,906,667	1,058,318,123	1,058,318,123	-
7	Commercial Tax	6,942,670	9,067,050	(2,124,380)	1,824,836	-	1,824,836	8,767,506	9,067,050	(299,544)
8	Capital Gains Tax	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
9	Withholding Tax	1,858,125	-	1,858,125	-	-	-	1,858,125	-	1,858,125
10	Stamp Duties	802,000	-	802,000	-	-	-	802,000	-	802,000
	istry of Natural Resources and vironment Conservation (MONREC)	747,157,000	747,030,010	126,990	-	-	-	747,157,000	747,030,010	126,990
Dep	partment of Mining (DOM)	702,000,000	702,000,010	(10)	-	-	-	702,000,000	702,000,010	(10)
13	Royalties (Seeding Tax - for local companies only)	702,000,000	702,000,010	(10)	-	-	-	702,000,000	702,000,010	(10)
	te Owned Enterprises: Myanmar Pearl erprise	45,157,000	45,030,000	127,000	-	-	-	45,157,000	45,030,000	127,000
14	License Fee (One-time fee)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Other Fees	1,357,000	1,230,000	127,000	-	-	-	1,357,000	1,230,000	127,000

		Templates originally lodged			Adjustments			Final amounts		
N°	Description of Payment	Extractive company	Govt	Difference	Extractive company	Govt	Difference	Extractive company	Govt	Difference
16	Lease of building	43,800,000	43,800,000	-	-	-	-	43,800,000	43,800,000	-
Soc	cial Payments	644,394,831	-	644,394,831	-	-	-	644,394,831	-	644,394,831
17	Mandatory Corporate Social Responsibility	29,310,000	-	29,310,000	-	-	-	29,310,000	-	29,310,000
18	Voluntary Corporate Social Responsibility	611,642,081	-	611,642,081	-	-	-	611,642,081	-	611,642,081
19	Contribution to the State/region social development fund	3,442,750	-	3,442,750	-	-	-	3,442,750	-	3,442,750
	Total payments	1,834,821,090	1,836,644,828	(1,823,738)	25,699,932	16,710,117	8,989,815	1,860,521,022	1,853,354,945	7,166,077

5.5.3. Adjustments to the reporting templates

Adjustments to the companies reporting templates

Adjustments per companies

The detail of the adjustments performed to the companies RT detailed per companies is presented below:

				ITIOUITES III IVIIVIK
No.	Company	Tax paid not reported	Tax amount incorrectly reported	Total Extractive company Adjustments
1	Myanmar Tasaki Co., Ltd	-	-	-
2	Myanmar Atlantic Co., Ltd	-	1,824,836	1,824,836
3	Myanmar Andman Co., Ltd	3,875,096	-	3,875,096
4	Belpearl Myanmar Co., Ltd	-	-	-
5	Nino Pearl Culturing Co., Ltd	-	-	-
6	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Zinyaw)	20,000,000	-	20,000,000
7	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Jalan)	-	-	-
8	Annawar Pearl Co., Ltd (Marine Pearl Company)	-	-	-
9	Pyae Sone Htet Myint Co., Ltd	-	-	-
10	Aquagold Myanmar Co., Ltd	-	-	-
11	Pyae Phyo Tun Co., Ltd	-	-	-
	Total	23,875,096	1,824,836	25,699,932

Adjustments per tax

The detail of the adjustments performed to the companies RT detailed per payment flows is presented below:

Amounts in MMK

				AITIOUITES III IVIIVIK
No.	Revenue stream	Tax paid not reported	Tax amount incorrectly reported	Total Extractive company Adjustments
Payme	ents in Cash	23,875,096	1,824,836	25,699,932
Minist	ry of Planning, Finance and Industry (MoPFI)	23,875,096	1,824,836	25,699,932
Custo	ms Department	-		(9,400,075)
3	Advance income tax 2% collected by the MCD	-		(9,400,075)
Interna	al Revenue Department (IRD)	23,875,096	1,824,836	35,100,007
6	Corporate Income Tax	23,875,096		33,275,171
7	Commercial Tax	-	1,824,836	1,824,836
	Total payments	23,875,096	1,824,836	25,699,932

Adjustments to the government reporting templates

Adjustments per companies

The detail of the adjustments performed to the government agencies RT detailed per companies is presented below:

No.	Company	Tax received not reported	Tax received reported but outside the period covered	Total Government Adjustments
1	Myanmar Tasaki Co., Ltd	33,607,613	(143,943,946)	(110,336,333)
2	Myanmar Atlantic Co., Ltd	125,312,450	-	125,312,450
3	Aquagold Myanmar Co., Ltd	1,734,000	-	1,734,000
	Total	160,654,063	(143,943,946)	16,710,117

Adjustments per tax

The detail of the adjustments performed to the government agencies RT detailed per payment flows is presented below:

			,	Amounts in MM
No.	Revenue stream	Tax received not reported	Tax received reported but outside the period covered	Total Government Adjustments
Payı	nents in Cash	160,654,063	(143,943,946)	16,710,117
Mini (Mol	stry of Planning, Finance and Industry PFI)	160,654,063	(143,943,946)	16,710,117
Cus	toms Department	35,341,613		35,341,613
1	Customs duties (Normal and border imports)	11,527,366	-	11,527,366
2	Commercial Tax (Normal and border imports)	23,814,247	-	23,814,247
Inte	nal Revenue Department (IRD)	125,312,450	(143,943,946)	(18,631,496)
3	Corporate Income Tax	125,312,450	(143,943,946)	(18,631,496)
	Total payments	160,654,063	(143,943,946)	16,710,117

5.5.4. Unreconciled discrepancies

Following our adjustments made, the total unreconciled discrepancies amounted to MMK (15,131,328,016) representing (1.53%) of total payments reported by Government Bodies. These unreconciled differences are summarised below:

Unreconciled discrepancies per company:

					Amounts in MMK
No.	Company	Unreconciled difference	Tax not reported by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the Govt Body	Not material difference
1	Myanmar Tasaki Co., Ltd	2,242,124	-	2,242,125	(1)
2	Myanmar Atlantic Co., Ltd	418,000	-	418,000	-
3	Myanmar Andman Co., Ltd	(299,544)	(299,544)	-	-
4	Annawar Pearl Co., Ltd (Marine Pearl Company)	642,807	-	642,807	-
5	Pyae Sone Htet Myint Co., Ltd	(10)	-	-	(10)
6	Aquagold Myanmar Co., Ltd	4,162,700	-	4,162,700	-
	Total	7,166,077	(299,544)	7,465,632	(11)

Unreconciled discrepancies per company:

				Ai	mounts in MMK
No.	Revenue Stream	Unreconciled difference	Tax not reported by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the Govt Body	Not material difference < 5 Million Kyats
		7,166,077	(299,544)	7,465,632	
Ministr	y of Planning, Finance and Industry (MoPFI)	7,039,087	(299,544)	7,338,632	(1)
Custor	ns Department	4,678,506		4,678,507	(1)
1	Customs duties (Normal and border imports)	4,678,506	-	4,678,507	(1)
Interna	Il Revenue Department (IRD)	2,360,581	(299,544)	2,660,125	-
7	Commercial Tax	(299,544)	(299,544)	-	-
9	Withholding Tax	1,858,125	-	1,858,125	-
10	Stamp Duties	802,000	-	802,000	-
(MONI	REC)	126,990	-	127,000	(10)
Depart	ment of Mining (DOM)	(10)	-	-	(10)

No.	Revenue Stream	Unreconciled difference
13	Royalties (Seeding Tax - for local companies only)	(10)
State C	Owned Enterprises: Myanmar Pearl Enterprise	127,000
14	License Fee (One-time fee)	-
15	Other Fees	127,000
	Total	7,166,077

Tax not reported by the extractive company	Tax not reported by the Govt Body	Not material difference < 5 Million Kyats
-	-	(10)
-	127,000	-
-	-	-
-	127,000	-
(299,544)	7,465,632	(11)

5.6. SOE's Payments and transfers

Following MSG's decision, we reconciled the payments and transfers made by SOE to the Government Agencies. The results of this reconciliation is detailed below:

5.6.1. MOGE's Payments and transfers reconciliation

Table 147: MOGE payments flows reconciliation

		Per SOE			Per	Governme	ent	First decourse
	Original	Adjust	Final		Original	Adjust	Final	Final difference
Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry (MoPFI)	615,997,076,502	(16,810,087,924)	599,186,988,578		600,048,103,677		600,048,103,677	(861,115,099)
Internal Revenue Department (IRD)	589,455,368,286		589,455,368,286		590,082,256,934		590,082,256,934	(626,888,648)
Corporate Income Tax	143,540,007,000		143,540,007,000		143,540,083,600		143,540,083,600	(76,600)
Commercial Tax for MOGE contractors' sales	152,589,852,237		152,589,852,237		153,655,609,396		153,655,609,396	(1,065,757,159)
Specific Goods Tax	293,325,509,049		293,325,509,049		292,886,563,938		292,886,563,938	438,945,111
Myanmar Customs Department (MCD)	26,541,708,216	(16,810,087,924)	9,731,620,292		9,965,846,743	-	9,965,846,743	(234,226,451)
Customs duties (Normal and border imports)	9,743,484,064	(11,863,772)	9,731,620,292		9,965,846,743		9,965,846,743	(234,226,451)
Commercial Tax (Normal and border imports)	16,798,224,152	(16,798,224,152)	-				-	
Social Payments	3,408,047,844		3,408,047,844				-	3,408,047,844
Voluntary Corporate Social Responsibility	3,408,047,844		3,408,047,844				-	3,408,047,844
Transfers	1,151,557,237,205		1,151,557,237,205	1	1,151,557,236,723	-	1,151,557,236,723	482
Transfers to OGDP	352,874,435,723		352,874,435,723		352,874,435,723		352,874,435,723	-
Transfers to Treasury department (State contribution 20%)	114,832,006,000		114,832,006,000		114,832,006,000		114,832,006,000	-
Transfer to UFA other accounts	683,850,795,482		683,850,795,482		683,850,795,000		683,850,795,000	482
Opening balance UFA OA	5,598,952,285,930		5,598,952,285,930		5,598,952,286,000		5,598,952,286,000	(70)
Closing balance UFA OA	6,282,803,081,000		6,282,803,081,000		6,282,803,081,000		6,282,803,081,000	-

Figures in MMK

5.6.2. MGE's Payments and transfers reconciliation

Table 148: MGE payments flows reconciliation

							Amounts in MMK	
		Per SOE			Per Government			
	Original	Original Adjust Final Original Adjust Final		Final difference				
Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry (MoPFI)	55,855,914,632		55,855,914,632	55,855,914,632		55,855,914,632	-	
Internal Revenue Department (IRD)	55,855,914,632		55,855,914,632	55,855,914,632		55,855,914,632	-	
Corporate Income Tax	55,674,026,000		55,674,026,000	55,674,026,000		55,674,026,000	-	
Commercial Tax	3,000,000		3,000,000	3,000,000		3,000,000	-	
Specific Goods Tax	178,888,632		178,888,632	178,888,632		178,888,632	-	
Transfers	116,898,963,013		116,898,963,013					
Transfers to Treasury department (State contribution 20%)	44,539,221,000		44,539,221,000	44,539,221,000		44,539,221,000	-	
Transfer to UFA other accounts	72,359,742,013		72,359,742,013	72,359,742,000		72,359,742,000	13	
Opening balance UFA OA	687,513,958,350		687,513,958,350	687,513,958,000		687,513,958,000	350	
Closing balance UFA OA	759,873,700,363		759,873,700,363	759,873,700,000		759,873,700,000	363	

5.6.3. ME 1's Payments and transfers reconciliation

Table 149: ME1 payments flows reconciliation

							Amounts in MMK
		Per SOE		Per	r Governm	ent	Final
	Original	Adjust	Final	Original	Adjust	Final	difference
Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry (MoPFI)	7,538,061,000						
Internal Revenue Department (IRD)	7,538,061,000		7,538,061,000	7,572,960,781		7,572,960,781	(34,899,781)
Corporate Income Tax	7,538,061,000		7,538,061,000	7,538,192,050		7,538,192,050	(131,050)
Commercial Tax			-	34,768,731		34,768,731	(34,768,731)
Transfers	137,140,054,259		137,140,054,259	136,663,567,000		136,663,567,000	(9,255,931)
Transfers to Treasury department (State contribution 20%)	6,030,447,000		6,030,447,000	6,030,447,000		6,030,447,000	-
Transfer to UFA other accounts	2,694,766,069		2,694,766,069	2,704,022,000		2,704,022,000	(9,255,931)
Opening balance UFA OA	62,860,037,560		62,860,037,560	62,612,538,000		62,612,538,000	247,499,560
Closing balance UFA OA	65,554,803,630		65,554,803,630	65,316,560,000		65,316,560,000	238,243,630
Social payments	-		-	-			-
Mandatory Social Payments			-			-	-
Voluntary Social Payments			-			-	-
Contribution to the State/region social development fund			-			-	-
Other significant payments (> USD 50,000)			=			-	-

5.6.4. ME 2's Payments and transfers reconciliation

Table 150: ME2 payments flows reconciliation

		Per SOE		Per	Per Government		
	Original	Adjust	Final	Original	Adjust	Final	difference
Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry (MoPFI)	1,613,069,526						
Internal Revenue Department (IRD)	1,613,069,526		1,613,069,526	1,611,267,427		1,611,267,427	1,802,099
Corporate Income Tax	1,544,892,000		1,544,892,000	1,544,916,000		1,544,916,000	(24,000)
Commercial Tax	65,161,536		65,161,536	63,335,437		63,335,437	1,826,099
Capital Gains Tax	3,015,990		3,015,990	3,015,990		3,015,990	-
Transfers	228,244,293,721		228,244,293,721	228,244,293,722		228,244,293,722	614
Transfers to Treasury department (State contribution 20%)	4,222,813,000		4,222,813,000	4,222,813,000		4,222,813,000	-
Transfer to UFA other accounts	8,233,319,614		8,233,319,614	8,233,319,000		8,233,319,000	614
Opening balance UFA OA	103,777,420,746		103,777,420,746	103,777,421,361		103,777,421,361	(615)
Closing balance UFA OA	112,010,740,361		112,010,740,361	112,010,740,361		112,010,740,361	-
Social payments	-		-	-		-	-
Mandatory Social Payments			-			-	-
Voluntary Social Payments			-			-	-
Contribution to the State/region social development fund			-			-	-
Other significant payments (> USD 50,000)			-			-	-

5.6.5. MPE's Payments and transfers reconciliation

Table 151: MPE payments flows reconciliation

							Tilliounts in wiiv
		Per SOE		Per	Governme	ent	Final difference
	Original	Adjust	Final	Original	Adjust	Final	Final difference
Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry (MoPFI)	3,051,528,865		3,051,528,865	3,051,528,865		3,051,528,865	
nternal Revenue Department (IRD)	3,051,528,865		3,051,528,865	3,051,528,865		3,051,528,865	
Corporate Income Tax	2,891,393,000		2,891,393,000	2,891,393,000		2,891,393,000	
Commercial Tax	160,135,865		160,135,865	160,135,865		160,135,865	
ocial Payments	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Mandatory Social Payments			-			-	
oluntary Social Payments			-			-	
Contribution to the State/region social development und			-			-	
Other significant payments (> USD 50,000)			-			-	
Transfers							
ransfers to Treasury department (State contribution 0%)	2,313,115,000		2,313,115,000	2,313,115,000		2,313,115,000	
Fransfer to UFA other accounts	7,538,998,519		7,538,998,519	7,537,799,000		7,537,799,000	1,199,51
Opening balance UFA OA	37,133,942,238		37,133,942,238	37,133,942,000		37,133,942,000	23
Closing balance UFA OA	44,672,940,758		44,672,940,758	44,671,741,000		44,671,741,000	1,199,75

5.7. Production and Exportation

5.7.1. Oil and Gas

(a) Oil and Gas Production

The table below shows the differences between the production reported by Oil and Gas companies and MOGE.

Oil and condensate production reconciliation:

Table 152: Oil and condensate production reconciliation

	Con	npany	SOE		Difference	
Company name	Quantity produced in bbl	Value in USD	Quantity produced in bbl	Value in USD	Quantity produced in bbl	Value in USD
GOLDPETROL JOC. Inc.	829,549	45,488,963	829,549	45,488,963	-	-
MPRL E&P	487,490	25,864,308	487,490	25,864,308	-	-
PC Myanmar (Hongkong) Limited	1,603,783	Nc	1,603,783	nc	-	nc
Total	2,920,822	71,353,270	2,920,822	71,353,270	-	-

Gas production reconciliation:

Table 153: Gas production reconciliation

Company name	Compar	у	SOE		Difference	
	Quantity produced in Mmscf	Value in USD	Quantity produced in Mmscf	Value in USD	Quantity produced in Mmscf	Value in USD
GOLDPETROL JOC. Inc.					-	-
MPRL E&P	707	1,168,429	707	1,168,429	-	-
PC Myanmar (Hongkong) Limited	81,407		81,407		-	-
Posco Daewoo Corporation (Myanmar E&P Office)	172,023		172,023		-	-
PTTEP International Ltd.	110,748	703,921,306	114,492	nc	(3,744)	na
Total E&P Myanmar	281,782	1,422,861,113	281,782	nc	-	na
Total	646,667	2,127,950,849	650,411	1,168,429	(3,744)	-

(b) Oil and Gas sales

The table below shows the differences between the sales reported by Oil and Gas companies and MOGE.

Oil sales reconciliation:

Table 154: Oil sales reconciliation

Company name Type of sale		Compa	any		SOE	Difference	
	Type of sales	Quantity sold in bbl	Value in USD	Quantity sold in bbl	Value in USD	Quantity sold in bbl	Value in USD
GOLDPETROL JOC. Inc.	Domestic sales	5,900	323,845	5,900	323,845	-	-
PC Myanmar (Hongkong) Limited	Exports	1,824,806	106,739,343	1,824,806	106,739,343	-	-
Total		1,830,706	107,063,188	1,830,706	107,063,188		

Gas exports reconciliation:

Table 155: Gas exports reconciliation

Company name		Con	npany		SOE	Difference	
	Type of sales	Quantity sold in Mmscf	Value in USD	Quantity sold in Mmscf	Value in USD	Quantity exported	r. value
PC Myanmar (Hongkong) Limited	Export	74,447	482,749,621	74,447	482,749,621	-	-
Posco Daewoo Corporation (Myanmar E&P Office)	Export	139,940	916,255,910	139,940	916,255,910	-	-
PTTEP International Ltd.	Export	87,177	572,965,671	87,177	572,965,671	-	-
Total E&P Myanmar	Export	210,926	1,026,494,470	201,750	1,026,494,470	9,176	-
Total		512,489	2,998,465,672	503,313	2,998,465,672	9,176	-

Gas domestic sales reconciliation:

Table 156: Gas domestic sales reconciliation

Company name	Type of sales	Company		SOE		Difference	
		Quantity sold in Mmscf	Value in USD	Quantity sold in Mmscf	Value in USD	Quantity exported	Value
Posco Daewoo Corporation (Myanmar E&P Office)	Domestic sales	26,159	170,432,298	26,159	170,432,298		
PTTEP International Ltd.	Domestic sales	23,571	130,955,635	23,571	130,955,635		
Total E&P Myanmar	Domestic sales	64,888	204,736,866	64,889	204,736,866		
Total		114,618	506,124,798	114,619	506,124,798		

5.7.2. Gems and Jade

(a) Gems and Jade Production

The table below shows the differences between the jade production reported by companies and MGE.

Table 157: Gems and Jade production reconciliation

Amounts in MMK

			Company			MGE		Differences		
N°	Company	Volume (Kg)	Value	Currency	Volume (Kg)	Value	Currency	Volume	Value	
1	Linn Lett Win Yadanar Gems Co Ltd	737,885	2,496,093,300	MMK	737,888	2,496,102,300	MMK	(3)	(9,000)	
2	Yar Za Htar Ni	101,754	329,467,400	MMK	101,754	331,492,400	MMK	-	(2,025,000)	
3	YADANAR TAUNG TEN	-	-	MMK		5,461,340,000	MMK	-	(5,461,340,000)	
4	Wai Aung Gabar	165,392	533,339,700	MMK	165,392	533,339,700	MMK	-	-	
5	Ayeyar Yadanar Gems & Jewellery Co .,Ltd	1,759,063	5,823,519,800	MMK	2,121,643	7,091,822,050	MMK	(362,580)	(1,268,302,250)	
6	AKNK				63,016	219,786,700	MMK	(63,016)	(219,786,700)	
7	SILVER ELEPHANT GEMS CO LTD (Ngwe Sin (NS-S)	1,505,851	1,088,517,080	MMK	1,498,471	5,447,445,400	MMK	7,380	(4,358,928,320)	
8	Phyo Thiha Kyaw	119,261	428,977,200	MMK	119,261	428,977,200	MMK	-	-	
10	Mya Garden (GEG)	1,169,416	3,793,273,100	MMK	1,169,416	3,793,273,100	MMK	-	-	
11	Kan Pwint Oo	57,829	234,794,050	MMK	57,829	234,794,050	MMK	-	-	
12	Shwe Ngar Koe Kaung	1,206	4,012,950	MMK	1,206	4,012,950	MMK	-	-	
14	Htun Tauk Zabu Gems & Jewellery Co;Ltd.	-	-	MMK	597,872	2,181,334,300	MMK	(597,872)	(2,181,334,300)	
15	Sein Lon Taung Tan (SLTT-S)	120,208	560,314,700	MMK	120,208	560,314,700	MMK	-	-	
16	Ayar Jade	-	-	MMK	114,870	378,369,500	MMK	(114,870)	(378,369,500)	
17	Shining Star Light Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	1,202,870	3,917,385,400	MMK	1,202,870	3,917,385,400	MMK	-	-	
18	Yadanar Sin Thiri Gems Co	77,576	51,582,440	MMK	82,572	274,297,000	MMK	(4,996)	(222,714,560)	
20	Jade Mountain	30,626	99,380,000	MMK	30,626	99,380,000	MMK	-	-	
21	Thirawmani	168,131	540,845,000	MMK	168,131	540,845,000	MMK	-	-	
22	Phoe Thar Htoo	69,225	223,333,900	MMK	69,225	223,333,900	MMK	-	_	
23	Myanma Seinn Lei Aung Gems Co Ltd.	103,599	350,820,300	MMK	146,407	495,354,150	MMK	(42,808)	(144,533,850)	
24	Yadanar Yaung Chi	-	-	MMK	355,254	1,695,444,300	MMK	(355,254)	(1,695,444,300)	

			Company			MGE		Diff	erences
Ν°	Company	Volume (Kg)	Value	Currency	Volume (Kg)	Value	Currency	Volume	Value
25	Lin Htet Aung	67,644	246,992,550	MMK	143,102	521,220,950	MMK	(75,458)	(274,228,400)
26	Norbal Three Star (GMMK)	40,430	302,621,500	MMK	40,430	302,621,500	MMK	-	-
27	WAN BROTHERS	-	-	MMK	268,363	908,986,350	MMK	(268,363)	(908,986,350)
28	Mya Yaung Tun	2,864	144,635,000	MMK	14,764	188,691,500	MMK	(11,900)	(44,056,500)
30	Khun Paooe	65,822	347,997,558	MMK	208,980	674,851,600	MMK	(143,158)	(326,854,042)
31	Great wall Gems&Jade company (Shwe Tataing)	28,680	110,491,700	MMK	28,680	110,491,700	MMK	-	-
32	Great Genesis Gems (GMH)	1,076,001	715,133,270	MMK	1,076,001	3,575,666,350	MMK	-	(2,860,533,080)
34	Wai Family	88,583	324,450,300	MMK	88,583	324,450,300	MMK	-	-
35	Sai Taung Co	40	544,037,042	MMK	206,747	713,111,100	MMK	(206,707)	(169,074,058)
35	Sai Taung Co	44	6,464,850	Euro	-	-	MMK	44	6,464,850
36	Kyauk Same Nan Taw (GKN)				225,074	770,120,500	MMK	(225,074)	(770,120,500)
39	111	250,913	1,184,755,500	MMK	250,913	1,184,755,500	MMK	-	-
40	Kaung Myat Thu Ka	1,082,188	3,844,950,850	MMK	1,081,723	3,852,180,850	MMK	465	(7,230,000)
42	Khine Myanmar	38,509	25,689,040	MMK	38,509	128,445,200	MMK	-	(102,756,160)
43	Unity	3,348	9,389,300	MMK	3,264	46,946,500	MMK	84	(37,557,200)
44	Wai Yan Thar (WYT)	14,699	56,862,700	MMK	14,699	56,862,700	MMK	-	-
45	Sin Gaung Taung	-	-	MMK	2,026	6,816,300	MMK	(2,026)	(6,816,300)
46	GREEN MOUNTAIN CO;LTD	239,315	165,014,220	MMK	239,163	825,070,800	MMK	152	(660,056,580)
48	Kyaut Myat Min	19,895	68,406,400	MMK	19,895	68,406,400	MMK	-	-
49	Yadanar Shwe Ye Win	10,736	111,017,100	MMK	10,736	111,017,100	MMK	-	-
50	Myit Sone Ayar	529,599	1,743,036,300	MMK	529,629	1,744,416,300	MMK	(30)	(1,380,000)
51	Yadanar Aung Chan	-	-	MMK	6,730	21,224,400	MMK	(6,730)	(21,224,400)
52	Myanmar Imperial Jade Co	77,076	677,664,800	MMK	77,076	677,664,800	MMK	-	-
53	Khin Zaw Aung & Brother	-	-	MMK	439,456	1,466,980,800	MMK	(439,456)	(1,466,980,800)
54	Myanmar First Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	606,255	1,958,443,100	MMK	606,255	1,958,443,100	MMK	-	-
55	Ever Winner [EW]	12,365	59,847,000	MMK	12,365	59,847,000	MMK	-	-
56	Shwe Hein Htet Gems Co Ltd	47,851	155,997,450	MMK	47,851	155,997,450	MMK	-	-
57	Myo Nwe Gems	182,446	136,347,840	MMK	182,446	681,739,200	MMK	-	(545,391,360)

			Company			MGE		Diff	erences
Ν°	Company	Volume (Kg)	Value	Currency	Volume (Kg)	Value	Currency	Volume	Value
58	Tun Naing Aung	-	-	MMK	29,778	110,005,000	MMK	(29,778)	(110,005,000)
59	Nay Min Kabar Co	183,273	697,369,100	MMK	183,273	697,369,100	MMK	-	-
60	Zebu Thiri Gems Co.,ltd	53,094	165,649,400	MMK	53,772	167,683,400	MMK	(678)	(2,034,000)
61	Yadanar Three Elephants Co	209,478	137,937,980	MMK	209,478	689,689,900	MMK	-	(551,751,920)
62	Kyaing International (GKI)				12,976	41,791,000	MMK	(12,976)	(41,791,000)
63	Nan Oo Yadanar	19,901	67,177,050	MMK	19,901	67,177,050	MMK	-	-
64	Su Htu Pan (Su Htoo Pan)	-	-	MMK	3,099	10,516,900	MMK	(3,099)	(10,516,900)
65	Long Byit	93,305	311,670,550	MMK	109,874	366,540,450	MMK	(16,569)	(54,869,900)
67	Win Lei Yadanar	7,333	24,612,600	MMK	90,579	342,856,850	MMK	(83,246)	(318,244,250)
69	Treasure Star Co., Ltd. (Yadanar kyal)	149,345	528,866,400	MMK	304,070	1,058,635,050	MMK	(154,725)	(529,768,650)
70	ARS Gems [ARS]	12,566	8,242,460	MMK	12,566	41,212,300	MMK	-	(32,969,840)
71	Yadanar Pyae Phyo Aung	-	-	MMK	259	1,297,500	MMK	(259)	(1,297,500)
72	Jade Padatar Gems Co,Ltd	177,222	586,681,050	MMK	384,073	1,270,025,850	MMK	(206,851)	(683,344,800)
73	Ruby Dragon Company	2,611	8,995,700	MMK	2,611	8,995,700	MMK	-	-
75	Kaung Htet Khaing	30,896	102,190,800	MMK	30,896	102,190,800	MMK	-	-
76	Kaung Swan Htet Co	38,570	32,716,800	MMK	38,570	163,584,000	MMK	-	(130,867,200)
78	Same Lei Yadanar Win Co (SLYW)	-	-	MMK	88,715	290,892,900	MMK	(88,715)	(290,892,900)
80	Agga Yadanar	76,564	256,744,900	MMK	279,554	948,890,100	MMK	(202,990)	(692,145,200)
81	Shwe War Myae (mandalay)	15,173	66,156,500	MMK	15,173	66,156,400	MMK	-	100
84	Aung Hein Minn	-	-	MMK	175,857	588,016,600	MMK	(175,857)	(588,016,600)
85	Kyauk Seinn Sun Shwin Jade Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	-	-	MMK	9,769	36,653,150	MMK	(9,769)	(36,653,150)
87	U YA GEMS	81,886	263,472,100	MMK	83,252	268,099,800	MMK	(1,366)	(4,627,700)
88	Chaung Brother	-	-	MMK	103,247	355,332,300	MMK	(103,247)	(355,332,300)
89	Myat Yamon	45,002	30,353,420	MMK	45,002	151,767,100	MMK	-	(121,413,680)
90	Nay La Pwint	92,397	374,861,700	MMK	92,397	374,861,700	MMK	-	-
91	Ma Li Kha Gem Stone Co	-	_	MMK	580,189	1,872,779,140	MMK	(580,189)	(1,872,779,140)
93	Aung Tu Ka Dana	-	-	MMK	6,387	19,602,000	MMK	(6,387)	(19,602,000)
96	Thein Gabar Aung	2,805	2,641,640	MMK	3,960	13,208,200	MMK	(1,155)	(10,566,560)

			Company			MGE		Diffe	erences
Ν°	Company	Volume (Kg)	Value	Currency	Volume (Kg)	Value	Currency	Volume	Value
97	Jade Treasure	6,201	3,920,200	MMK	6,201	19,601,000	MMK	-	(15,680,800)
98	Lawka Nandar	351,822	1,114,818,700	MMK	351,822	1,114,818,700	MMK	-	-
101	Lon Hai	-	-	MMK	12,497	41,567,700	MMK	(12,497)	(41,567,700)
102	Shwe Yaung Sin	91,835	343,058,400	MMK	92,270	344,363,400	MMK	(435)	(1,305,000)
103	Hein Aung Lin Htet Jade Co. Ltd	54,927	176,283,800	MMK	91,520	323,144,400		(36,593)	(146,860,600)
104	Phar Kant Sai Bon				22	9,318,000	MMK	(22)	(9,318,000)
105	Thigi Myintzu Yadanar	9,542	5,945,640	MMK	9,542	29,728,200	MMK	-	(23,782,560)
106	Same Nay Chi (SNC)	231,064	796,234,700	MMK	231,064	796,234,700	MMK	-	-
107	Seine Light				33,287	164,585,300	MMK	(33,287)	(164,585,300)
108	New Lucky Green Gems	18,141	74,307,300	MMK	18,141	74,307,300	MMK	-	-
110	Jade Thazin	148,364	438,591,050	MMK	177,297	579,984,750	MMK	(28,933)	(141,393,700)
111	Kaung Su Aung	-	-	MMK	41,782	169,935,500	MMK	(41,782)	(169,935,500)
112	Kachin National Development	100	286,808,543	MMK	5,817	20,692,200	MMK	(5,717)	266,116,343
114	Kaung Wai Yan Co				138,525	481,642,200	MMK	(138,525)	(481,642,200)
116	Lucky Star Jade Group	25,068	93,738,200	MMK	25,068	93,738,200	MMK	-	-
117	Yadanar Si	-	-	MMK	20,402	72,580,800	MMK	(20,402)	(72,580,800)
118	Ah Mhan Akhan Kyauk Seinn	114,351	377,440,300	MMK	114,351	377,440,300	MMK	-	-
119	Jewel Crown Company (Yadanar Thayaphu)	132,956	143,812,820	MMK	132,956	719,064,100	MMK	-	(575,251,280)
120	Kaung Mon Yadanar	84,842	256,543,450	MMK	84,842	256,543,450	MMK	-	-
125	Seine Aung				221,084	731,845,250	MMK	(221,084)	(731,845,250)
126	Myint Shinn	2,665	13,221,000	MMK	-	-	MMK	2,665	13,221,000
128	Buu Gar				75	1,244,100	MMK	(75)	(1,244,100)
129	Jade Shae Saung	-	-	MMK	3,979	13,257,500	MMK	(3,979)	(13,257,500)
130	Jade Min (Kyauk Seinn Minn Gems)	4,985	19,745,600	MMK	77,368	275,418,100	MMK	(72,383)	(255,672,500)
133	MELODIOUS GEMS COMPANY LIMITED (Tharyar Kyinu Phwe)	36,962	123,219,900	MMK	36,962	123,219,900	MMK	-	-
137	Nay Chi Yadanar	-	-	MMK	78,369	259,078,500	MMK	(78,369)	(259,078,500)
138	Kyauk Sein Win Kabar	-	-	MMK	10,077	53,564,800	MMK	(10,077)	(53,564,800)
140	Kaung Htike	-	-	MMK	10,721	34,053,900	MMK	(10,721)	(34,053,900)

			Company			MGE		Differences		
Ν°	Company	Volume (Kg)	Value	Currency	Volume (Kg)	Value	Currency	Volume	Value	
142	Treasure Five Star Co., Ltd (Yadanar Kyal Ngar Pwint)	-	-	MMK	1,469	5,122,600	MMK	(1,469)	(5,122,600)	
144	Ngwe Young Stone	-	10,641,980	MMK	10,036	53,209,900	MMK	(10,036)	(42,567,920)	
147	Pon Taung Thar	308,766	203,856,330	MMK	361,548	1,188,634,800	MMK	(52,782)	(984,778,470)	
150	Treasure White Lotus (Yadanar Kyar Phyu)	672	2,171,100	MMK	672	2,171,100	MMK	-	-	
151	Sein Thura San	-	-	MMK	20,320	71,326,475	MMK	(20,320)	(71,326,475)	
153	San Taw Win				8,680	33,125,550	MMK	(8,680)	(33,125,550)	
154	Jade Crystal Palace	8,555	33,834,600	MMK	8,555	33,834,600	MMK	-	-	
157	Gold Jade	254,248	2,056,748,900	MMK	254,248	2,056,748,900	MMK	-	-	
158	Thet Hein	-	-	MMK	48,142	162,325,100	MMK	(48,142)	(162,325,100)	
159	Myanmar Kywal Wa Thaw Myay (Myanmar Rich Land Gems)	55,715	197,227,800	MMK	56,395	199,883,400	MMK	(680)	(2,655,600)	
160	MEGA STAR JEWEL LIMITED	14,181	45,909,000	MMK	17,293	55,740,000	MMK	(3,112)	(9,831,000)	
161	Kan Sein Pwint				2,941	9,879,000	MMK	(2,941)	(9,879,000)	
162	Myanmar Winning Gate (GMWG)				737,142	2,455,296,500	MMK	(737,142)	(2,455,296,500)	
163	San Family	38,597	182,667,800	MMK	60,929	256,868,700	MMK	(22,332)	(74,200,900)	
164	Hone Yin Yi Shin	11,102	35,990,100	MMK	11,102	35,990,100	MMK	-	-	
165	Green Comet gems& Jade company (Kyal Ta Khon Sein)	11,906	44,500,300	MMK	11,906	44,500,300	MMK	-	-	
166	Gandawin Kyaut Myat Garden	-	-	MMK	2,500	7,905,000	MMK	(2,500)	(7,905,000)	
170	Than Lwin Kyaw Kyar	17,588	60,744,250	MMK	17,588	60,744,250	MMK	-	-	
171	Gems Shwe Pyi Co	-	-	MMK	90,152	1,479,581,200	MMK	(90,152)	(1,479,581,200)	
173	Innwa Nay Chi Co	12,533	7,997,300	MMK	12,533	39,986,500	MMK	-	(31,989,200)	
174	Jade Master	14,524	57,724,450	MMK	14,524	57,724,450	MMK	-	-	
176	Shwe Tun Win	27,651	97,845,150	MMK	27,651	97,845,150	MMK	-	-	
178	Jade Brothers	-	-	MMK	57,185	200,503,400	MMK	(57,185)	(200,503,400)	
181	Shwe Pyi Thar Thama	1,117	4,008,300	MMK	1,117	4,008,300	MMK	-	-	
184	Lyan Shan	13,637	47,227,800	MMK	13,637	47,227,800	MMK	-	-	
185	Yadanar Myat Noe Thwe Gem	30,432	77,405,560	MMK	30,432	387,027,800	MMK	-	(309,622,240)	
186	Kyi Wai Yan	9,002	29,053,100	MMK	9,002	29,053,100	MMK	-	-	
187	Yadanar San Shwin Gem	145,799	492,911,600	MMK	140,414	475,397,600	MMK	5,385	17,514,000	

			Company			MGE		Differences		
N°	Company	Volume (Kg)	Value	Currency	Volume (Kg)	Value	Currency	Volume	Value	
204	KYAW NAING & BROTHERS	42,056	134,390,000	MMK	42,056	134,390,000	MMK	-	-	
205	LAW LU	-	-	MMK	83,539	278,315,800	MMK	(83,539)	(278,315,800)	
206	MYANMAR SITHU	5,715	22,740,600	MMK	5,715	22,740,600	MMK	-	-	
	Total Jade production (MMK)	15,504,193	45,189,062,613	MMK	21,942,112	84,839,380,815	MMK	(6,437,919)	(39,650,318,202)	
	Total Jade production (EUR)	44	6,464,850	Euro				44	6,464,850	

Actual MGE, Gems Production

			Compan	у		MGE			Difference	es
N°	Company	Volume in carat	Volume in kilo	Value in MMK	Volume in carat	Volume in kilo	Value in MMK	Volume in carat	Volume in kilo	Value in MMK
30	Khun Paooe	- 1	-	-	60,800	-	6,488,000	(60,800)	-	(6,488,000)
34	Wai Family	500	-	60,000	500	-	60,000	-	-	-
65	Long Byit	-	-	-	37,800	-	6,085,000	(37,800)	-	(6,085,000)
73	Ruby Dragon Company	14,200	-	3,750,000	14,200	-	3,750,000	-	-	-
84	Aung Hein Minn	-	168,744	565,036,600	-	-	-	-	168,744	565,036,600
85	Kyauk Seinn Sun Shwin Jade Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	-	-	-	28,800	-	3,686,000	(28,800)	-	(3,686,000)
90	Nay La Pwint	8,000	-	1,298,000	8,000	-	1,298,000	-	-	-
114	Kaung Wai Yan Co	-	5,835	19,323,000	-	-	-	-	5,835	19,323,000
123	Aung Hlaing Kyawlwa	-	-	-	2,000	-	500,000	(2,000)	-	(500,000)
183	Nilar Yoma	78,100	-	14,906,000	78,100	-	14,906,000	-	-	-
189	MOGOK PRIDE	15,500	-	900,000	15,500	-	4,500,000	-	-	(3,600,000)
190	Excellent Ruby & Sapphire(Sharing)	-	-	-	10,900	-	6,250,000	(10,900)	-	(6,250,000)
190	Excellent Ruby & Sapphire(Private)	-	-	-	14,500	-	1,000,000	(14,500)	-	(1,000,000)
191	CHIT KYI YAE	-	-	-	2,900	-	2,000,000	(2,900)	-	(2,000,000)
192	SHWE NAING TUN	-	-	-	-	27	350,000	-	(27)	(350,000)
193	R.B.G	4,690	-	3,250,000	4,690	-	3,250,000	-	-	-
194	KHINE THIT SAR	11,217	-	19,750,000	12,306	-	19,750,000	(1,089)	-	-
195	MYANMAR LABA	17,955	-	7,950,000	17,955	-	7,950,000	-	-	-

			Compan	/		MGE			Difference	es ·
N°	Company	Volume in carat	Volume in kilo	Value in MMK	Volume in carat	Volume in kilo	Value in MMK	Volume in carat	Volume in kilo	Value in MMK
196	METAL METERO	50,740	-	7,500,000	53,740	-	8,500,000	(3,000)	-	(1,000,000)
198	Than Htike Lu(Mogok)	-	-	-	38,050	6	9,200,000	(38,050)	(6)	(9,200,000)
198	Than Htike Lu(Mongshu)	-	-	-	49,100	-	6,928,000	(49,100)	-	(6,928,000)
199	BIRDS GEM	-	-	-	30,400	-	4,550,000	(30,400)	-	(4,550,000)
200	ZABUKYAWAUNG	-	-	-	7,500	-	2,000,000	(7,500)	-	(2,000,000)
201	KYAN FAMILY	20,100	-	4,500,000	20,100	-	4,500,000	-	-	-
202	Htay Paing(Sharing)	-	-	-	24,000	-	9,000,000	(24,000)	-	(9,000,000)
202	Htay Paing(Private)	10,980	-	7,500,000	10,980	-	7,500,000	-	-	-
209	Myanmar Economic Corporation	-	-	-	56,299	-	11,962,500	(56,299)	-	(11,962,500)
	Total Jade production Gems (Carat)	231,982		655,723,600	599,119		145,963,500	(367,138)	-	509,760,100
	Total Jade production Gems (Kilo)	-	174,579	033,723,600	-	33	143,363,300		174,547	309,760,100

(b) Gems and Jade Sales

The table below shows the differences between the jade sales reported by Gems and Jade companies and MGE.

Table 158: Gems and Jade sales reconciliation

Amounts in MMK

			Cor	npany					Differences		
N°	Company	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Value
1	Linn Lett Win Yadanar Gems Co Ltd	257,570	Kg	8,859,038,893	MMK	192,228	Kg	1,791,907,579	MMK	65,342	7,067,131,314
1	Linn Lett Win Yadanar Gems Co Ltd	152,232	Kg	47,653,255	EURO	249,574	Kg	57,600,906	EURO	(97,342)	(9,947,651)
2	Yar Za Htar Ni	-		-	MMK	82,933	Kg	365,887,143	MMk	(82,933)	(365,887,143)
2	Yar Za Htar Ni	179,524	Kg	61,855,720	EURO	147,639	Kg	51,352,076	EURO	31,886	10,503,644
3	YADANAR TAUNG TEN	62,230	Kg	92,939,341	MMK	62,230	Kg	92,939,341	MMK	-	-
3	YADANAR TAUNG TEN	147,799	Kg	35,319,347	EURO	163,379	Kg	36,046,500	EURO	(15,580)	(727,153)
4	Wai Aung Gabar	246,002	Kg	6,747,998,558	MMK	140,802	Kg	2,223,414,380	MMK	105,200	4,524,584,178
4	Wai Aung Gabar	193,141	Kg	32,062,116	EURO	298,341	Kg	34,862,564	EURO	(105,200)	(2,800,448)
5	Ayeyar Yadanar Gems & Jewellery Co .,Ltd	-	Kg	-	MMK	16,550	Kg	160,383,900	MMK	(16,550)	(160,383,900)
5	Ayeyar Yadanar Gems & Jewellery Co .,Ltd	36,380	Kg	8,293,114	EURO	38,598	Kg	8,345,263	EURO	(2,218)	(52,149)
7	SILVER ELEPHANT GEMS CO LTD (Ngwe Sin (NS-S)	26,935	Kg	528,217,545	MMK	26,935	Kg	528,217,545	MMK	-	-
7	SILVER ELEPHANT GEMS CO LTD (Ngwe Sin (NSS))	160,734	Kg	12,382,506	EURO	130,353	Kg	14,852,187	EURO	30,381	(2,469,681)
8	Phyo Thiha Kyaw	12,569	Kg	363,134,694	MMK	11,805	Kg	11,490,192	MMK	764	351,644,502
8	Phyo Thiha Kyaw	2,392	Kg	16,127,212	EURO	3,156	Kg	16,345,131	EURO	(764)	(217,919)
9	Same Wai Hlaing (SWH)	2,645	Kg	34,855,441	EURO	2,645	Kg	34,855,441	EURO	-	-
10	Mya Garden (GEG)	46,047	Kg	2,685,178,963	MMK	37,165	Kg	161,487,806	MMK	8,882	2,523,691,157
10	Mya Garden (GEG)	40,448	Kg	10,745,873	EURO	49,330	Kg	12,306,230	EURO	(8,882)	(1,560,357)
11	Kan Pwint Oo	4,599	Kg	102,449,167	MMK	4,599	Kg	102,449,167	MMK	-	-
11	Kan Pwint Oo	25,797	Kg	23,748,800	EURO	27,227	Kg	23,941,799	EURO	(1,430)	(192,999)
12	Shwe Ngar Koe Kaung	197	Kg	51,187	MMK	-	Kg	-	MMK	197	51,187
12	Shwe Ngar Koe Kaung	2,951	Kg	1,271,160	EURO	3,148	Kg	1,322,347	EURO	(197)	(51,187)
13	Shwe Gaung Gaung Gems Co Ltd	111,610	Kg	2,135,733,032	MMK	66,800	Kg	160,834,457	MMK	44,810	1,974,898,575
13	Shwe Gaung Gaung Gems Co Ltd	70,375	Kg	3,329,067	EURO	123,817	Kg	4,786,574	EURO	(53,442)	(1,457,507)

			Соі	mpany			ı	MGE		Differences	
N°	Company	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Value
14	Htun Tauk Zabu Gems & Jewellery Co;Ltd.	-	Kg	-	MMK	9,990	Kg	85,941,003	MMK	(9,990)	(85,941,003)
14	Htun Tauk Zabu Gems & Jewellery Co;Ltd.	-	Kg	-	EURO	27,310	Kg	9,312,144	EURO	(27,310)	(9,312,144)
15	Sein Lon Taung Tan (SLTT-S)	97,670	Kg	334,592,142	MMK	97,670	Kg	334,592,142	MMK	-	-
15	Sein Lon Taung Tan (SLTT-S)	224,789	Kg	9,718,635	EURO	224,789	Kg	9,718,635	EURO	-	-
16	Ayar Jade	-	Kg	3,710,443,037	MMK	78,784	Kg	1,392,795,185	MMK	(78,784)	2,317,647,852
16	Ayar Jade	-	Kg	9,328,284	EURO	167,653	Kg	10,760,184	EURO	(167,653)	(1,431,900)
17	Shining Star Light Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	148,975	Kg	2,965,330,495	MMK	127,903	Kg	567,139,937	MMK	21,072	2,398,190,558
17	Shining Star Light Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	57,962	Kg	6,817,989	EURO	89,053	Kg	8,574,610	EURO	(31,091)	(1,756,621)
18	Yadanar Sin Thiri Gems Co	4,965	Kg	228,276,782	MMK	22,896	Kg	233,122,759	MMK	(17,931)	(4,845,977)
18	Yadanar Sin Thiri Gems Co	12,726	Kg	1,273,455	EURO	30,336	Kg	1,665,144	EURO	(17,610)	(391,689)
19	SHWE OAK KHAI MINING CO.,LTD.	-	Kg	-	MMK	14,225	Kg	187,779,774	MMK	(14,225)	(187,779,774)
19	SHWE OAK KHAI MINING CO.,LTD.	35,067	kg	12,381,472	EURO	37,110	Kg	9,894,353	EURO	(2,043)	2,487,119
20	Jade Mountain	48,556	kg	517,320,851	MMK	41,470	Kg	102,438,136	MMK	7,086	414,882,715
20	Jade Mountain	23,334	kg	8,328,296	EURO	30,420	Kg	8,585,286	EURO	(7,086)	(256,990)
21	Thirawmani	39,705	kg	1,465,712,617	MMK	25,162	Kg	165,806,145	MMK	14,543	1,299,906,472
21	Thirawmani	32,490	kg	10,651,140	EURO	41,666	Kg	11,351,992	EURO	(9,177)	(700,852)
22	Phoe Thar Htoo	42,562	Kg	1,577,455,290	MMK	31,286	Kg	419,785,269	MMK	11,276	1,157,670,021
22	Phoe Thar Htoo	28,912	Kg	6,668,959	EURO	51,703	Kg	7,384,655	EURO	(22,791)	(715,696)
23	Myanma Seinn Lei Aung Gems Co Ltd.	109,117	kg	922,628,312	MMK	8,718	Kg	248,093,806	MMK	100,399	674,534,506
23	Myanma Seinn Lei Aung Gems Co Ltd.	2,507	kg	2,238,055	EURO	8,113	Kg	2,804,937	EURO	(5,607)	(566,882)
24	Yadanar Yaung Chi	281,061	KG	478,200,924	MMK	4,537	Kg	7,782,099	MMK	276,524	470,418,825
24	Yadanar Yaung Chi	4,954	KG	1,799,972	EURO	5,269	Kg	1,956,761	EURO	(315)	(156,789)
25	Lin Htet Aung	8,793	Kg	311,672,724	MMK	6,805	Kg	15,987,663	MMK	1,988	295,685,061
25	Lin Htet Aung	6,968	Kg	950,691	EURO	5,442	Kg	995,105	EURO	1,526	(44,414)
26	Norbal Three Star (GMMK)	15,587	Kg	186,248,893	MMK	15,587	Kg	186,248,893	MMK	-	-
26	Norbal Three Star (GMMK)	8,080	Kg	9,177,329	EURO	9,092	Kg	9,427,237	EURO	(1,012)	(249,908)
27	WAN BREUROO	-	Kg	-	MMK	6,060	Kg	21,687,779	MMK	(6,060)	(21,687,779)

			Соі	npany			٨	AGE		Dif	ferences
N°	Company	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Value
27	WAN BREURO	-	Kg	-	EURO	3,683	Kg	20,199,023	EURO	(3,683)	(20,199,023)
28	Mya Yaung Tun	4,410	Kg	6,670,240	MMK	6,250	Kg	12,936,740	MMK	(1,840)	(6,266,500)
28	Mya Yaung Tun	10,075	Kg	189,303	EURO	9,330	Kg	189,303	EURO	745	-
29	Nan Htike Pyae Paing Co	-	Kg	-	MMK	15,708	Kg	241,804,999	MMK	(15,708)	(241,804,999)
29	Nan Htike Pyae Paing Co	10,833	Kg	3,342,903	EURO	8,796	Kg	2,290,506	EURO	2,037	1,052,397
30	Khun Paooe	26,431	Kg	1,594,530,071	MMK	67,526	Kg	374,258,555	MMK	(41,095)	1,220,271,516
30	Khun Paooe	32,098	Kg	7,036,648	EURO	74,236	Kg	8,021,202	EURO	(42,138)	(984,554)
31	Great wall Gems&Jade company (Shwe Tataing)	3,247	Kg	137,519	EURO	3,247	Kg	137,519	EURO	-	-
32	Great Genesis Gems (GMH)	75,619	KG	548,961,066	MMK	75,492	Kg	546,871,066	MMK	127	2,090,000
32	Great Genesis Gems (GMH)	63,246	KG	7,448,401	EURO	63,246	Kg	7,448,401	EURO	-	-
34	Wai Family	5,383	kg	241,958,548	MMK	5,330	Kg	70,760,999	MMK	53	171,197,549
34	Wai Family	3,282	kg	10,602,851	EURO	3,335	Kg	10,706,949	EURO	(53)	(104,098)
35	Sai Taung Co	45	Kg	546,932,816	MMK	33,412	Kg	455,290,258	MMK	(33,367)	91,642,558
35	Sai Taung Co	33	Kg	3,890,133	EURO	19,056	Kg	5,598,232	EURO	(19,023)	(1,708,099)
36	Kyauk Same Nan Taw (GKN)	-		-		25,135	Kg	61,796,682	MMK	(25,135)	(61,796,682)
36	Kyauk Same Nan Taw (GKN)	-		-		3,484	Kg	4,560,512	EURO	(3,484)	(4,560,512)
37	Jade Land	-	Kg	-	MMK	1,120	Kg	6,180,404	MMK	(1,120)	(6,180,404)
39	111	36,495	Kg	551,147,725	MMK	36,495	Kg	551,147,725	MMK	-	-
39	111	49,736	Kg	5,649,454	EURO	50,720	Kg	5,942,575	EURO	(984)	(293,121)
40	Kaung Myat Thu Ka	35,524	Kg	790,794,132	MMK	28,989	Kg	133,268,368	MMK	6,535	657,525,764
40	Kaung Myat Thu Ka	55,950	Kg	4,710,392	EURO	64,097	Kg	5,117,943	EURO	(8,147)	(407,551)
42	Khine Myanmar	26,033	Kg	589,243,644	MMK	24,193	Kg	216,754,407	MMK	1,840	372,489,237
42	Khine Myanmar	5,020	Kg	193,242	EURO	1,840	Kg	225,600	EURO	3,180	(32,358)
43	Unity	17,388	Kg	277,707,264	MMK	12,074	Kg	304,810,700	MMK	5,314	(27,103,436)
43	Unity	5,978	Kg	3,353,957	EURO	5,917	Kg	3,223,957	EURO	61	130,000
44	Wai Yan Thar (WYT)	5,020	Kg	29,655,181	MMK	5,020	Kg	29,655,181	MMK	-	-
44	Wai Yan Thar (WYT)	4,120	Kg	74,320	EURO	4,120	Kg	74,320	EURO		
45	Sin Gaung Taung	-	Kg	-	EURO	2,240	Kg	65,388	EURO	(2,240)	(65,388)

			Соі	mpany			ı	MGE		Dif	ferences
N°	Company	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Value
46	GREEN MOUNTAIN CO;LTD	52,414	Kg	1,819,859,569	MMK	1,095	Kg	2,070,000	MMK	51,319	1,817,789,569
46	GREEN MOUNTAIN CO;LTD	24,314	Kg	2,814,147	EURO	39,295	Kg	3,560,098	EURO	(14,981)	(745,951)
47	Chang Long Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	10,785	Kg	620,577,582	MMK	10,217	Kg	78,044,334	MMK	568	542,533,248
47	Chang Long Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	1,625	Kg	6,379,489	EURO	2,028	Kg	6,716,574	EURO	(403)	(337,085)
48	Kyaut Myat Min	4,907	Kg	104,846,301	MMK	4,907	Kg	104,846,296	MMK	-	5
48	Kyaut Myat Min	1,808	Kg	268,093	EURO	1,808	Kg	268,093	EURO	-	-
49	Yadanar Shwe Ye Win	8,593	Kg	340,191,367	MMK	6,128	Kg	10,495,778	MMK	2,465	329,695,589
49	Yadanar Shwe Ye Win	4,509	Kg	1,382,488	EURO	6,974	Kg	1,587,251	EURO	(2,465)	(204,763)
50	Myit Sone Ayar	19,879	Kg	817,835,232	MMK	4,935	Kg	27,106,729	MMK	14,944	790,728,503
50	Myit Sone Ayar	17,511	Kg	2,168,269	EURO	34,559	Kg	2,656,332	EURO	(17,048)	(488,063)
51	Yadanar Aung Chan	765	Kg	13,305,030	MMK	-	Kg	-	MMK	765	13,305,030
51	Yadanar Aung Chan	1,390	Kg	151,419	EURO	2,155	Kg	159,648	EURO	(765)	(8,229)
52	Myanmar Imperial Jade Co	13,562	Kg	2,231,706,563	MMK	13,562	Kg	2,231,706,563	MMK	-	-
52	Myanmar Imperial Jade Co	143,643	Kg	11,075,540	EURO	143,643	Kg	11,075,540	EURO	-	-
53	Khin Zaw Aung & Brother	182,122	KG	1,282,717,790	MMK	138,216	Kg	188,547,915	MMK	43,906	1,094,169,875
53	Khin Zaw Aung & Brother	55,945	KG	4,052,088	EURO	99,471	Kg	4,726,925	EURO	(43,526)	(674,837)
54	Myanmar First Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	43,288	Kg	1,126,614,297	MMK	23,221	Kg	413,380,381	MMK	20,067	713,233,916
54	Myanmar First Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	48,108	Kg	3,914,665	EURO	68,175	Kg	4,356,039	EURO	(20,067)	(441,374)
55	Ever Winner [EW]	2,358	Kg	137,677,776	MMK	2,023	Kg	84,176,945	MMK	335	53,500,831
55	Ever Winner [EW]	3,540	Kg	1,817,645	EURO	4,075	Kg	1,889,160	EURO	(535)	(71,515)
56	Shwe Hein Htet Gems Co Ltd	140	Kg	51,390,922	MMK	-	Kg	-	MMK	140	51,390,922
56	Shwe Hein Htet Gems Co Ltd	173	Kg	3,907,309	EURO	313	Kg	3,939,308	EURO	(140)	(31,999)
57	Myo Nwe Gems	51,163	Kg	516,975,637	MMK	51,163	Kg	531,905,637	MMK	-	(14,930,000)
57	Myo Nwe Gems	395,543	Kg	4,209,036	EURO	39,543	Kg	4,208,937	EURO	356,000	99
58	Tun Naing Aung	-	Kg	-	MMK	2,264	Kg	69,451,008	MMK	(2,264)	(69,451,008)
58	Tun Naing Aung	6,694	Kg	3,895,196	EURO	7,684	Kg	3,900,295	EURO	(990)	(5,099)
59	Nay Min Kabar Co	47,035	Kg	756,396,786	MMK	3,986	Kg	184,782,187	MMK	43,049	571,614,599
59	Nay Min Kabar Co	13,884	Kg	4,244,297	EURO	15,986	Kg	4,259,443	EURO	(2,102)	(15,146)
60	Zebu Thiri Gems Co.,ltd	2,977	Kg	61,892,555	MMK	2,933	Kg	61,892,555	MMK	44	-

			Соі	mpany		MGE POST Volume Volume- Value Cur				Dif	ferences
N°	Company	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Value
60	Zebu Thiri Gems Co.,ltd	6,950	Kg	2,398,246	EURO	6,950	Kg	2,398,246	EURO	-	-
61	Yadanar Three Elephants Co	156,059	Kg	2,154,641,613	MMK	111,241	Kg	1,184,678,499	MMK	44,818	969,963,114
61	Yadanar Three Elephants Co	53,198	Kg	3,396,127	EURO	98,016	Kg	4,001,249	EURO	(44,818)	(605,122)
62	Kyaing International (GKI)	-		-		48,386	Kg	484,121,246	MMK	(48,386)	(484,121,246)
62	Kyaing International (GKI)	-		-		32,568	Kg	4,565,301	EURO	(32,568)	(4,565,301)
63	Nan Oo Yadanar	8,966	Kg	340,453,296	MMK	7,504	Kg	240,905,538	MMK	1,462	99,547,758
63	Nan Oo Yadanar	4,162	Kg	372,620	EURO	5,563	Kg	442,154	EURO	(1,401)	(69,534)
64	Su Htu Pan (Su Htoo Pan)	4,015	KG	8,533,333	MMK	4,015	Kg	8,533,333	MMK	-	-
64	Su Htu Pan (Su Htoo Pan)	968	KG	294,565	EURO	968	Kg	294,565	EURO	-	-
65	Long Byit	-	Kg	-	MMK	2,379	Kg	24,499,442	MMK	(2,379)	(24,499,442)
65	Long Byit	-	Kg	-	EURO	1,590	Kg	21,218	EURO	(1,590)	(21,218)
67	Win Lei Yadanar	4,361	Kg	75,907,128	MMK	2,466	Kg	8,860,577	MMK	1,895	67,046,551
67	Win Lei Yadanar	1,066	Kg	154,886	EURO	2,449	Kg	195,508	EURO	(1,383)	(40,622)
68	Kyal Sin Phyu	462	Kg	36,999	EURO	462	Kg	36,999	EURO	-	-
69	Treasure Star Co., Ltd. (Yadanar kyal)	5,913	Kg	2,724,333,985	MMK	8,191	Kg	120,523,150	MMK	(2,279)	2,603,810,835
69	Treasure Star Co., Ltd. (Yadanar kyal)	2,020	Kg	2,555,551	EURO	2,267	Kg	4,182,549	EURO	(247)	(1,626,998)
70	ARS Gems [ARS]	14,310	Kg	161,236,817	MMK	13,075	Kg	52,009,291	MMK	1,235	109,227,526
70	ARS Gems [ARS]	3,974	Kg	921,166	EURO	5,209	Kg	989,065	EURO	(1,236)	(67,899)
71	Yadanar Pyae Phyo Aung	8,532	Kg	250,771,926	MMK	10,275	Kg	47,336,652	MMK	(1,743)	203,435,274
71	Yadanar Pyae Phyo Aung	3,631	Kg	540,075	EURO	3,760	Kg	1,172,806	EURO	(129)	(632,731)
72	Jade Padatar Gems Co,Ltd	35,141	Kg	622,486,017	MMK	35,465	Kg	622,486,017	MMK	(324)	-
72	Jade Padatar Gems Co,Ltd	12,432	Kg	2,571,643	EURO	12,432	Kg	2,094,643	EURO	-	477,000
73	Ruby Dragon Company	7,399	Pcs	208,873,214	MMK	-	Kg	-	MMK	7,399	208,873,214
74	Northern Jade World	-	Kg	-	EURO	1,478	Kg	189,456	EURO	(1,478)	(189,456)
75	Kaung Htet Khaing	-	Kg	25,182,048	MMK	-	Kg	-	MMK	-	25,182,048
75	Kaung Htet Khaing	5,460	Kg	59,357	EURO	5,460	Kg	74,769	EURO	-	(15,412)
76	Kaung Swan Htet Co	72,483	Kg	1,525,736,088	MMK	60,131	Kg	937,048,626	MMK	12,352	588,687,462
76	Kaung Swan Htet Co	13,701	Kg	1,851,681	EURO	26,053	Kg	2,190,123	EURO	(12,352)	(338,442)
77	Shwe Ywat Hlwar	4,747	Kg	70,190,106	MMK	4,747	Kg	70,190,106	MMK	-	-

			Con	npany		MGE Volume-				Dif	Differences	
N°	Company	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Value	
77	Shwe Ywat Hlwar	2,165	Kg	203,214	EURO	2,360	Kg	203,214	EURO	(195)	-	
78	Same Lei Yadanar Win Co (SLYW)	-	Kg	-	MMK	15,790	Kg	289,484,976	MMK	(15,790)	(289,484,976)	
78	Same Lei Yadanar Win Co (SLYW)	-	Kg	-	EURO	18,294	Kg	8,207,750	EURO	(18,294)	(8,207,750)	
79	Hpakan King Gems & Jewellery Co. Ltd (Phar kant Bayin)	5,745	Kg	18,000,242	MMK	4,025	Kg	18,000,242	MMK	1,720	-	
79	Hpakan King Gems & Jewellery Co. Ltd (Phar kant Bayin)	880	Kg	183,188	EURO	842	Kg	183,188	EURO	38	-	
80	Agga Yadanar	8,398	Kg	882,829,459	MMK	14,319	Kg	227,045,810	MMK	(5,921)	655,783,649	
80	Agga Yadanar	21,086	Kg	1,607,202	EURO	15,519	Kg	2,960,564	EURO	5,567	(1,353,362)	
81	Shwe War Myae (mandalay)	17,388	Kg	9,105,000	MMK	1,160	Kg	9,105,000	MMK	16,228	-	
81	Shwe War Myae (mandalay)	5,978	Kg	3,353,957	EURO	1,676	Kg	132,348	EURO	4,302	3,221,609	
82	Delta Land	-	Kg	-	EURO	363	Kg	693,306	EURO	(363)	(693,306)	
83	Seine Lone Aung	5,600	Kg	10,160,229	MMK	4,610	Kg	10,160,229	MMK	990	-	
83	Seine Lone Aung	1,133	Kg	143,899	EURO	1,133	Kg	143,899	EURO	-	-	
84	Aung Hein Minn	-	Kg	-	MMK	5,676	Kg	128,205,098	MMK	(5,676)	(128,205,098)	
84	Aung Hein Minn	-	Kg	-	EURO	20,639	Kg	1,044,003	EURO	(20,639)	(1,044,003)	
85	Kyauk Seinn Sun Shwin Jade Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	-	Kg	-	MMK	27,300	Kg	119,165,781	MMK	(27,300)	(119,165,781)	
85	Kyauk Seinn Sun Shwin Jade Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	-	Kg	-	EURO	18,552	Kg	6,993,821	EURO	(18,552)	(6,993,821)	
86	Yadanar Aung Tun Tauk	2,022	Kg	158,680	EURO	1,968	Kg	158,680	EURO	54	-	
87	U YA GEMS	-	Kg	-	MMK	59,746	Kg	119,590,780	MMK	(59,746)	(119,590,780)	
87	U YA GEMS	19,350	Kg	2,656,653	EURO	22,213	Kg	2,671,916	EURO	(2,863)	(15,263)	
88	Chaung Brother	33,119	Kg	778,977,101	MMK	20,874	Kg	311,668,567	MMK	12,245	467,308,534	
88	Chaung Brother	25,376	Kg	1,191,609	EURO	39,031	Kg	1,555,170	EURO	(13,655)	(363,561)	
89	Myat Yamon	64,240	Kg	271,068,722	MMK	66,050	Kg	271,978,722	MMK	(1,810)	(910,000)	
89	Myat Yamon	36,074	Kg	3,157,843	EURO	36,854	Kg	3,179,352	EURO	(780)	(21,509)	
90	Nay La Pwint	87,270	Kg	641,529,143	MMK	62,450	Kg	131,145,002	MMK	24,820	510,384,141	
90	Nay La Pwint	14,189	Kg	2,562,793	EURO	39,009	Kg	2,873,077	EURO	(24,820)	(310,284)	

		Company Volume-					ı	ΛGE		Differences		
N°	Company	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Value	
91	Ma Li Kha Gem Stone Co	-	Kg	111,148	EURO	1,525	Kg	1,321,697	EURO	(1,525)	(1,210,549)	
92	Wan Full	-		-		4,510	Kg	6,700,122	MMK	(4,510)	(6,700,122)	
92	Wan Full	-		-		1,185	Kg	177,776	EURO	(1,185)	(177,776)	
94	Yadanar Moe Myay	3,915	Kg	209,685,695	MMK	3,915	Kg	209,685,695	MMK	-	-	
94	Yadanar Moe Myay	4,020	Kg	268,649	EURO	4,020	Kg	268,649	EURO	-	-	
95	Shine Family	5,323	Kg	94,414,368	MMK	5,100	Kg	55,974,568	MMK	223	38,439,800	
95	Shine Family	1,824	Kg	162,961	EURO	-	Kg	-	EURO	1,824	162,961	
96	Thein Gabar Aung	16,010	Kg	248,170,437	MMK	12,500	Kg	164,116,353	MMK	3,510	84,054,084	
96	Thein Gabar Aung	5,095	Kg	203,043	EURO	8,605	Kg	254,405	EURO	(3,510)	(51,362)	
97	Jade Treasure	22,515	Kg	921,323,451	MMK	16,870	Kg	113,122,296	MMK	5,645	808,201,155	
97	Jade Treasure	14,100	Kg	640,193	EURO	18,925	Kg	1,139,333	EURO	(4,825)	(499,140)	
98	Lawka Nandar	18,733	Kg	118,059,885	MMK	16,703	Kg	92,826,552	MMK	2,030	25,233,333	
98	Lawka Nandar	15,754	Kg	1,611,178	EURO	13,264	Kg	1,590,499	EURO	2,490	20,679	
99	Ngwe Si Hein	-		-		3,075	Kg	111,434,887	MMK	(3,075)	(111,434,887)	
99	Ngwe Si Hein	-		-		1,019	Kg	593,209	EURO	(1,019)	(593,209)	
100	Myat Pan Khaing	-		-		573	Kg	6,900,999	EURO	(573)	(6,900,999)	
102	Shwe Yaung Sin	91,835	Kg	343,058,400	MMK	1,850	Kg	104,892,194	MMK	89,985	238,166,206	
102	Shwe Yaung Sin	1,850	Kg	104,892,194	EURO	4,243	Kg	546,399	EURO	(2,393)	104,345,795	
103	Hein Aung Lin Htet Jade Co. Ltd	11,153	Kg	49,720,117	MMK	11,153	Kg	49,720,117	MMK	-	-	
103	Hein Aung Lin Htet Jade Co. Ltd	4,614	Kg	422,157	EURO	6,007	Kg	561,245	EURO	(1,393)	(139,088)	
104	Phar Kant Sai Bon	-		-		5	Kg	40,009	EURO	(5)	(40,009)	
105	Thigi Myintzu Yadanar	6,655	Kg	48,312,000	MMK	6,655	Kg	48,312,000	MMK	-	-	
105	Thigi Myintzu Yadanar	10,595	Kg	331,949,893	EURO	10,595	Kg	315,057	EURO	-	331,634,836	
106	Same Nay Chi (SNC)	16,194	Kg	85,926,226	MMK	17,076	Kg	91,326,225	MMK	(882)	(5,399,999)	
106	Same Nay Chi (SNC)	38,954	Kg	2,634,798	EURO	38,954	Kg	2,883,430	EURO	-	(248,632)	
107	Seine Light	-		-		2,958	Kg	270,000	EURO	(2,958)	(270,000)	
108	New Lucky Green Gems	1,149	Kg	9,730,808	MMK	1,149	Kg	9,730,808	MMK	-	-	
108	New Lucky Green Gems	2,348	Kg	16,924	EURO	2,348	Kg	16,924	EURO	-	-	
109	Mya San Dar (MSD)	-	Kg	-	EURO	1,240	Kg	16,988	EURO	(1,240)	(16,988)	

			Con	npany			М	IGE		Dif	ferences
N°	Company	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Value
110	Jade Thazin	5,258	Kg	40,127,030	MMK	5,258	Kg	40,127,030	MMK	-	-
110	Jade Thazin	7,118	Kg	218,220	EURO	7,118	Kg	218,220	EURO	-	-
111	Kaung Su Aung	-	Kg	345,146,400	MMK	19,917	Kg	53,370,422	MMK	(19,917)	291,775,978
111	Kaung Su Aung	-	Kg	1,421,996	EURO	11,605	Kg	2,598,137	EURO	(11,605)	(1,176,141)
112	Kachin National Development	-		-		18,653	Kg	163,892,480	MMK	(18,653)	(163,892,480)
112	Kachin National Development	-		-		17,330	Kg	1,007,214	EURO	(17,330)	(1,007,214)
113	Kyaut Seinn Tapyay	3,062	Kg	79,841,217	MMK	3,062	Kg	79,841,217	MMK	-	-
113	Kyaut Seinn Tapyay	1,413	Kg	102,263	EURO	1,413	Kg	102,263	EURO	-	-
114	Kaung Wai Yan Co	-		-		1,840	Kg	3,001,977	MMK	(1,840)	(3,001,977)
114	Kaung Wai Yan Co	-		-		507	Kg	277,025	EURO	(507)	(277,025)
115	Green Diamond Gems & Jewellery Co. Ltd (Seine Sein)	10,095	kg	46,277,269	MMK	10,095	Kg	46,277,269	MMK	-	-
115	Green Diamond Gems & Jewellery Co. Ltd (Seine Sein)	571	kg	368,548	EURO	571	Kg	368,548	EURO	-	-
116	Lucky Star Jade Group	1,936	KG	269,858,478	MMK	-	Kg	-	MMK	1,936	269,858,478
116	Lucky Star Jade Group	1,416	KG	563,776	EURO	3,352	Kg	730,209	EURO	(1,936)	(166,433)
118	Ah Mhan Akhan Kyauk Seinn	5,480	Kg	10,570,666	MMK	5,480	Kg	10,570,666	MMK	-	-
118	Ah Mhan Akhan Kyauk Seinn	2,109	Kg	360,762	EURO	2,109	Kg	360,762	EURO	-	-
119	Jewel Crown Company (Yadanar Thayaphu)	26,277	Kg	577,990,109	MMK	24,317	Kg	338,665,688	MMK	1,960	239,324,421
119	Jewel Crown Company (Yadanar Thayaphu)	13,846	Kg	733,546	EURO	15,806	Kg	880,281	EURO	(1,960)	(146,735)
120	Kaung Mon Yadanar	-	Kg	-	MMK	4,690	Kg	7,302,381	MMK	(4,690)	(7,302,381)
120	Kaung Mon Yadanar	-	Kg	-	EURO	1,370	Kg	228,874	EURO	(1,370)	(228,874)
122	Global Sun Light	11,168	Kg	171,752,063	MMK	10,835	Kg	57,519,232	MMK	333	114,232,831
122	Global Sun Light	1,201	Kg	273,656	EURO	1,534	Kg	344,953	EURO	(333)	(71,297)
124	Value Standard (Ah Phoe Tan San Chain Mhe)	10,837	kg	169,009,772	MMK	7,837	Kg	125,920,873	MMK	3,000	43,088,899
124	Value Standard (Ah Phoe Tan San Chain Mhe)	6,657	kg	1,622,193	EURO	9,270	Kg	1,664,456	EURO	(2,613)	(42,263)
125	Seine Aung	-		-		2,793	Kg	2,457,730	EURO	(2,793)	(2,457,730)
126	Myint Shinn	415	Kg	1,071,945	EURO	190	Kg	7,519	EURO	225	1,064,426
129	Jade Shae Saung	-	Kg	-	MMK	910	Kg	39,289,000	MMK	(910)	(39,289,000)

			Con	npany			٨	AGE		Dif	ferences
N°	Company	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Value
129	Jade Shae Saung	-	Kg	-	EURO	213	Kg	14,763	EURO	(213)	(14,763)
130	Jade Min (Kyauk Seinn Minn Gems)	4,068	Kg	461,275,018	MMK	2,118	Kg	237,246,097	MMK	1,950	224,028,921
130	Jade Min (Kyauk Seinn Minn Gems)	1,777	Kg	1,595,460	MMK	-		-	MMK	1,777	1,595,460
131	Yi Li Fa [YLF]	-		-		889	Kg	5,001,896	EURO	(889)	(5,001,896)
132	Pyi Yadanar	-		-		1,629	Kg	4,835,556	EURO	(1,629)	(4,835,556)
133	MELODIOUS GEMS COMPANY LIMITED (Tharyar Kyinu Phwe)	90	Kg	10,112,052	MMK	-	Kg	-	MMK	90	10,112,052
133	MELODIOUS GEMS COMPANY LIMITED (Tharyar Kyinu Phwe)	4,085	Kg	322,760	EURO	4,175	Kg	329,015	EURO	(90)	(6,255)
134	Myanmar Thura [MTY]	8,910	Kg	10,564,450	MMK	2,650	Kg	2,490,006	MMK	6,260	8,074,444
134	Myanmar Thura [MTY]	18,597	Kg	8,480,613	EURO	11,101	Kg	4,138,214	EURO	7,496	4,342,399
136	Hole In One	-	Kg	-	EURO	330	Kg	43,830	EURO	(330)	(43,830)
137	Nay Chi Yadanar	1,530	Kg	173,920,257	MMK	-	Kg	-	MMK	1,530	173,920,257
137	Nay Chi Yadanar	5,069	Kg	1,256,260	EURO	6,599	Kg	1,362,716	EURO	(1,530)	(106,456)
138	Kyauk Sein Win Kabar	-	Kg	-	MMK	27,210	Kg	183,867,965	MMK	(27,210)	(183,867,965)
138	Kyauk Sein Win Kabar	-	Kg	-	EURO	25,260	Kg	2,890,466	EURO	(25,260)	(2,890,466)
139	Ou Ryu Sein Yadanar	-		-		428	Kg	50,892	EURO	(428)	(50,892)
141	Sein Minn Yadanar	-		-		990	Kg	37,596	EURO	(990)	(37,596)
143	Kyei Linn Gems & Jade Company	8	KG	6,677,880	MMK	-	Kg	-	MMK	8	6,677,880
143	Kyei Linn Gems & Jade Company	66	KG	5,909	EURO	74	Kg	10,039	EURO	(8)	(4,130)
144	Ngwe Young Stone	-	Kg	759,017	EURO	352	Kg	759,017	EURO	(352)	-
145	Wan Chang (Wan Chan)	-		-		1,473	Kg	92,937	EURO	(1,473)	(92,937)
146	Khine Lon	6,738	Kg	142,962,575	MMK	6,738	Kg	142,962,575	MMK	-	-
146	Khine Lon	2,531	Kg	1,474,822	EURO	2,531	Kg	1,474,822	EURO	(0)	-
147	Pon Taung Thar	3,582	Kg	35,331,116	MMK	-	Kg	-	MMK	3,582	35,331,116
147	Pon Taung Thar	10,840	Kg	652,609	EURO	3,158	Kg	607,976	EURO	7,682	44,633
149	Treasure Linn (Yadanar Linn)	3,842	Kg	176,900,456	MMK	3,378	Kg	22,711,623	MMK	464	154,188,833
149	Treasure Linn (Yadanar Linn)	3,511	Kg	127,399	EURO	3,975	Kg	222,992	EURO	(464)	(95,593)
150	Treasure White Lotus (Yadanar Kyar Phyu)	11,960	Kg	192,612,204	MMK	7,280	Kg	54,438,850	MMK	4,680	138,173,354

			Cor	npany			N	IGE		Dif	ferences
N°	Company	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Value
150	Treasure White Lotus (Yadanar Kyar Phyu)	2,546	Kg	414,567	EURO	5,191	Kg	498,896	EURO	(2,645)	(84,329)
151	Sein Thura San	-	Kg	-	MMK	3,634	Kg	4,684,000	MMK	(3,634)	(4,684,000)
151	Sein Thura San	-	Kg	-	EURO	8,545	Kg	1,769,139	EURO	(8,545)	(1,769,139)
152	Aung Shwe Kabar	-		-		2,460	Kg	121,100,009	MMK	(2,460)	(121,100,009)
152	Aung Shwe Kabar	-		-		1,314	Kg	31,899	EURO	(1,314)	(31,899)
153	San Taw Win	-		-		415	Kg	1,899,577	MMK	(415)	(1,899,577)
153	San Taw Win	-		-		373	Kg	1,442,444	EURO	(373)	(1,442,444)
156	Aung Myin Thu Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	-	Carat	914,972,948	MMK	4,250	Kg	29,582,776	MMK	(4,250)	885,390,172
156	Aung Myin Thu Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	-	KG	731,882	EURO	5,475	Kg	1,525,769	EURO	(5,475)	(793,887)
157	Gold Jade	7,485	kg	577,507,770	MMK	3,155	Kg	5,501,600	MMK	4,330	572,006,170
157	Gold Jade	10,860	kg	833,375	EURO	15,190	Kg	1,183,151	EURO	(4,330)	(349,776)
158	Thet Hein	220	KG	25,360,778	MMK	5,692	Kg	16,770,607	MMK	(5,472)	8,590,171
158	Thet Hein	878	Kg	7,334	EURO	1,280	Kg	78,213	EURO	(402)	(70,879)
159	Myanmar Kywal Wa Thaw Myay (Myanmar Rich Land Gems)	8,665	Kg	1,533,870,381	MMK	9,225	Kg	14,000,026	MMK	(561)	1,519,870,355
159	Myanmar Kywal Wa Thaw Myay (Myanmar Rich Land Gems)	6,907	Kg	633,705	EURO	16,532	Kg	1,578,622	EURO	(9,625)	(944,917)
160	MEGA STAR JEWEL LIMITED	8,758	Kg	79,922,025	MMK	3,540	Kg	16,522,466	MMK	5,218	63,399,559
160	MEGA STAR JEWEL LIMITED	1,342	Kg	164,486	EURO	776	Kg	193,843	EURO	566	(29,357)
161	Kan Sein Pwint	-		-		980	Kg	23,833,321	MMK	(980)	(23,833,321)
162	Myanmar Winning Gate (GMWG)	-		-		5,722	Kg	4,616,009	MMK	(5,722)	(4,616,009)
162	Myanmar Winning Gate (GMWG)	-		-		2,037	Kg	562,065	EURO	(2,037)	(562,065)
163	San Family	13,036	Kg	31,408,797	MMK	13,036	Kg	31,408,797	MMK	-	-
163	San Family	6,754	Kg	615,458	EURO	7,105	Kg	633,158	EURO	(351)	(17,700)
164	Hone Yin Yi Shin	1,823	Kg	230,991	EURO	1,823	Kg	230,991	EURO	-	-
165	Green Comet gems& Jade company (Kyal Ta Khon Sein)	2,826	KG	201,998	EURO	2,826	Kg	201,998	EURO	-	-
166	Gandawin Kyaut Myat Garden	4,974	Kg	69,454,542	MMK	4,784	Kg	51,757,094	MMK	190	17,697,448
166	Gandawin Kyaut Myat Garden	3,465	Kg	153,894	EURO	-	Kg	-	EURO	3,465	153,894

			Con	npany			٨	NGE		Dif	ferences
N°	Company	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Value
169	80000	3,989	Kg	76,310,000	MMK	2,012	Kg	74,000,000	MMK	1,977	2,310,000
169	80000	2,144	Kg	3,409,803	EURO	2,144	Kg	3,409,803	EURO	-	-
170	Than Lwin Kyaw Kyar	7,366	Kg	426,543,452	MMK	6,751	Kg	355,760,002	MMK	615	70,783,450
170	Than Lwin Kyaw Kyar	6,370	Kg	467,005	EURO	6,985	Kg	510,758	EURO	(615)	(43,753)
171	Gems Shwe Pyi Co	-	Kg	-	MMK	13,700	Kg	473,263,533	MMK	(13,700)	(473,263,533)
171	Gems Shwe Pyi Co	-	Kg	-	EURO	22,196	Kg	3,569,780	EURO	(22,196)	(3,569,780)
172	Moe BrEUROO	-		-		3,357	Kg	239,494	EURO	(3,357)	(239,494)
173	Innwa Nay Chi Co	4,460	Kg	123,641,997	MMK	4,460	Kg	123,641,997	MMK	-	-
173	Innwa Nay Chi Co	10,680	Kg	94,331,885	EURO	10,680	Kg	244,892	EURO	-	94,086,993
174	Jade Master	10,142	Kg	34,207,597	MMK	10,142	Kg	34,207,597	MMK	-	-
174	Jade Master	3,178	Kg	208,495	EURO	3,178	Kg	208,495	EURO	-	-
176	Shwe Tun Win	27,651	Kg	97,845,150	MMK	3,320	Kg	102,100,666	MMK	24,331	(4,255,516)
176	Shwe Tun Win	3,161	Kg	97,845,150	EURO	6,175	Kg	1,304,359	EURO	(3,014)	96,540,791
180	Pang Huke Duwa Co.,Ltd	-	Kg	-	MMK	1,625	Kg	376,080,998	MMK	(1,625)	(376,080,998)
180	Pang Huke Duwa Co.,Ltd	-	Kg	783,145	EURO	3,521	Kg	783,145	EURO	(3,521)	-
181	Shwe Pyi Thar Thama	38,705	KG	204,755,838	MMK	2,140	Kg	160,029,999	MMK	36,565	44,725,839
181	Shwe Pyi Thar Thama	20,787	KG	1,168,096	EURO	20,787	Kg	1,168,096	EURO	-	-
182	Khant Shwe Pyi Co.,Ltd	4,054	KG	12,560,329	EURO	3,438	Kg	2,148,344	EURO	616	10,411,985
184	Lyan Shan	-	Kg	299,185,077	MMK	29,214	Kg	247,332,859	MMK	(29,214)	51,852,218
184	Lyan Shan	-	Kg	335,467	EURO	19,831	Kg	386,842	EURO	(19,831)	(51,375)
185	Yadanar Myat Noe Thwe Gem	12,310	Kg	188,839,161	MMK	8,975	Kg	19,501,297	MMK	3,335	169,337,864
185	Yadanar Myat Noe Thwe Gem	5,440	Kg	210,084	EURO	8,775	Kg	315,488	EURO	(3,335)	(105,404)
186	Kyi Wai Yan	11,875	Kg	30,112,999	MMK	11,875	Kg	30,112,999	MMK	-	-
186	Kyi Wai Yan	10,690	Kg	20,119,575	EURO	10,690	Kg	155,890	EURO	-	19,963,685
187	Yadanar San Shwin Gem	2,834	Kg	245,299,887	MMK	2,834	Kg	185,899,887	MMK	-	59,400,000
187	Yadanar San Shwin Gem	11,942	Kg	807,650	EURO	11,942	Kg	807,650	EURO	-	-
204	KYAW NAING & BREUROO	360	Kg	52,835,840	MMK	8,260	Kg	214,335,614	MMK	(7,900)	(161,499,774)
204	KYAW NAING & BREURO	8,480	Kg	467,380	EURO	8,840	Kg	499,380	EURO	(360)	(32,000)
205	LAW LU	-		-		641	Kg	44,100	EURO	(641)	(44,100)

	Company		Co	mpany				MGE		Differences		
N°	Company	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Value	
206	MYANMAR SITHU	346	Kg	33,867,989	MMK	-	Kg	-	MMK	346	33,867,989	
206	MYANMAR SITHU	1,055	Kg	21,997	EURO	1,401	Kg	43,139	EURO	(346)	(21,142)	
208	Pwint Phoo Nadi	-		-		990	Kg	10,777	EURO	(990)	(10,777)	
209	Myanmar Economic Corporation	-		-		2,084	Kg	935,493	EURO	(2,084)	(935,493)	
	Total Jade Sales (MMK)	3,254,047	KG	70,149,095,092	MMK	2,749,434	KG	27,384,178,094	ММК	504,613	42,764,916,998	
	Total Jade Sales (EUR)	2,954,767	KG	1,193,711,829	EURO	3,641,627	KG	646,733,723	EURO	(686,860)	546,978,106	

Actual MGE, Gems Sales

			Cor	mpany				MGE				Dif	ferences	
N°	Company	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume in carat	Volume in kilo	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume in carat	Volume in kilo	Value in MMK	Value in EUR
30	Khun Paooe	-	Kg	30,443,483	MMK	-	12	Carat/Kilo	19,011	Euro	-	-	30,443,483	(19,011)
45	Sin Gaung Taung	1	Lots	20,508,375	MMK	-	-	-	-	-	1	-	20,508,375	-
45	Sin Gaung Taung	4	Lots	52,888	Euro	-	-	-	-	-	4	-	-	52,888
65	Long Byit	-	-	-	-	-	4	Carat/Kilo	23,888	Euro	-	(4)	-	(23,888)
73	Ruby Dragon Company	047.005	0	2 202 207 020	NANAIZ	179,065	4	Carat/Kilo	3,178,827,168	MMK		(4)	402 570 460	
73	Ruby Dragon Company	217,265	Carat	3,362,397,630	MMK	38,200	-	Carat/Kilo	114,600	Euro	-	(4)	183,570,462	-
84	Aung Hein Minn	25,558	KG	1,140,375,862	MMK	-	-	-	-	-	-	25,558	1,140,375,862	-
85	Kyauk Seinn Sun Shwin Jade Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	-	-	-	-	-	10	Carat/Kilo	149,444	Euro	-	(10)	-	(149,444)
114	Kaung Wai Yan Co	2,197	Kg	75,716,054	MMK	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,197	75,716,054	-
114	Kaung Wai Yan Co	168	Kg	221,213	Euro	-	-	-	-	-	-	168	-	221,213
138	Kyauk Sein Win Kabar	-	-	-	-	-	4	Carat/Kilo	80,199	Euro	-	(4)	-	(80,199)
183	Nilar Yoma	13	Kg	79,291	Others	-	13	Carat/Kilo	79,291	Euro	-	-	-	-
184	Lyan Shan	-	Carat	8,018,800	MMK	7,800	-	Carat/Kilo	17,299,990	MMK	(7,800)	-	(9,281,190)	-
184	Lyan Shan	-	Carat	550,519	Euro	233,000	-	Carat/Kilo	519,824	Euro	(233,000)	-	-	30,695
189	MOGOK PRIDE	540	Carat	6,500,000	MMK	11,600	-	Carat/Kilo	6,500,000	MMK	(11,060)	-	-	-
189	MOGOK PRIDE	1,785	Carat	6,200	Others	15,500	-	Carat/Kilo	6,200	Euro	(13,715)	-	-	-

			Cor	npany				MGE				Dif	ferences	
N°	Company	Volume	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume in carat	Volume in kilo	Volume- Unit	Value	Currency	Volume in carat	Volume in kilo	Value in MMK	Value in EUR
191	CHIT KYI YAE	-	-	-	-	1,950	-	Carat/Kilo	8,018,800	MMK	(1,950)	-	(8,018,800)	-
191	CHIT KYI YAE	-	-	-	-	5,200	-	Carat/Kilo	30,695	Euro	(5,200)	-	-	(30,695)
192	SHWE NAING TUN	-	-	-	-	-	95	Carat/Kilo	3,266	Euro	-	(95)	-	(3,266)
193	R.B.G	8,720	Carat	241,509,002	MMK	6,670	-	Carat/Kilo	223,888,800	MMK	_	_	17,620,202	(11,000)
193	R.B.G	0,720	Odrat	241,000,002	IVIIVIIX	2,050	-	Carat/Kilo	11,000	Euro			17,020,202	(11,000)
194	KHINE THIT SAR	8,106	Carat	113,960,247	MMK	6,500	-	Carat/Kilo	3,000,000	MMK	_	_	110,960,247	_
194	KHINE THIT SAR	0,100	Odrac	110,000,211		1,606	-	Carat/Kilo	68,979	Euro			110,000,211	
196	METAL METERO	57,200	Carat	4,608	Euro	57,200	-	Carat/Kilo	4,608	Euro	-	-	-	-
198	THAN HTIKE LU	-	-	-	-	-	2	Carat/Kilo	231,875	Euro	-	(2)	-	(231,875)
200	ZABUKYAWAUNG	-	-	-	-	16,000	-	Carat/Kilo	16,774,355	MMk	(16,000)	-	(16,774,355)	-
200	ZABUKYAWAUNG	-	-	-	-	40,100	-	Carat/Kilo	50,983	Euro	(40,100)	-	-	(50,983)
201	KYAN FAMILY	-	-	-	-	14,700	-	Carat/Kilo	24,800,000	MMk	(14,700)	-	(24,800,000)	-
201	KYAN FAMILY	11,000	Carat	14,100	Others	11,000	-	Carat/Kilo	14,100	Euro	-	-	-	-
202	HTAY PAING	-	-	-	-	37,100	-	Carat/Kilo	58,616,500	MMK	(37,100)	-	(58,616,500)	-
202	Htay Paing	-	Carat	174,171	Euro	25,897	-	Carat/Kilo	174,171	Euro	(25,897)	-	-	-
209	Myanmar Economic Corporation	-	-	-	-	1,382	15	Carat/Kilo	193,046	Euro	(1,382)	(15)	(193,046)	-
T	otal Gem Sales (MMK)	234,630.10	Carat	3,732,385,679		281,384.50	Carat		3,537,725,613		(46,754)		194,660,066	
- 1	nai Geili Gales (Minri)	27,756.00	Kilo	1,267,043,774		3.75	Kilo					27,752	1,267,043,774	
T	otal Gem Sales (EUR)	69,985.00	Carat	749,598		431,134.23	Carat		1,188,206		(361,149)			(438,608)
	otal Geni Gales (LON)	184.50	Kilo	353,392		154.12	Kilo		586,974		-	30		(233,582)

5.7.3. Other Minerals

(a) Other Minerals Production

The table below shows the differences between the production reported by the other minerals' companies and ME1/ME2:

Table 159: Other minerals production reconciliation

N° Company	Niporal Type	Con	npany	Governm	ent	Differences
N° Company	Mineral Type —	Volume	Unit	Volume	Unit	Volume
1 National Prosperity Gold Production Group Limited	Refined Gold	13,072	Troy Ounces	37,020	Toz	-23,948
	Marble Stone	3,730	MT	3,730		0
	Clay			86,515	MT	-86,515
2 MYANMAR ECONOMIC CORPORATION LIMITED	Gypsum			76,464	MT	-76,464
	Coal			36,500	MT	-36,500
	Lime Stone			487,299	MT	-487,299
3 GEO ASIA INDUSTRY & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	56		3,509	Toz	-3,453
4 CORNERSTONE RESOURCES (MYANMAR) LTD.	Zinc Ore	10,000	MT	3,800	MT	6,200
5 ETERNAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	3,935	Troy Ounces	2,346	Toz	1,589
	Cathode Copper	70,756	MT	53,974	MT	16,782
6 MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED	Bauxite			5,426	MT	-5,426
	Lime Stone			156,620	MT	-156,620
7 KAYAH STATE MINERAL PRODUCTION COMPANY LIMITED	Tin, Tungsten & Mixed Ore	147	MT	489	MT	-342
8 SHWE MOE YAN COMPANY LIMITED	Gold			1,141	Toz	-1,141
6 STIVE MOL TAIN COMPANT LIMITED	Lead Ore		MT	700	MT	-700
	Lead Ore			250	MT	-250
9 SHWE TAUNG MINING COMPANY LIMITED	coal	71,200	MT	71,200	MT	0
7 STIVE FACING MINING COMPANT LIMITED	Limestone	683,640	MT	683,640	MT	0
	Mudstone	10,975	MT			10,975
10 DELCO LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten	377	MT	362	MT	15
11 MAX (MYANMAR) COMPANY LIMITED	Coal	73,407	MT	73,407	MT	0
TI MAX (MTANMAN) COMPANT LIMITED	Lime Stone	224,505	MT	227,140	MT	-2,635

NI °	Company	Mineral Type	Com	pany	Governm	ent	Differences
N	Company	Mineral Type	Volume	Unit	Volume	Unit	Volume
12	FIRST RESOURCES COMPANY LIMITED	Gypsum	0		194,076	MT	-194,076
13	PACIFIC LINK CEMENT INDUSTRIES LIMITED	Lime Stone			1,939,800	MT	-1,939,800
		Zinc Concentrate	2,804	MT			2,804
		Mixed Concentrate	117	MT			117
14	WIN MYINT MO INDUSTRIES COMPANY LIMITED	Pbs Concentrate	876	MT			876
		Zinc Concentrate	825	MT	825	MT	0
		Lead Concentrate	2,251	MT	2,251	MT	0
		Lime Stone	0		1,060,243	MT	-1,060,243
		Bauxite			124,636	MT	-124,636
		Feldspar			242		-242
15	No. (2)Heavy Industry, Ministry of Industry	Silica			4,802		-4,802
		Clay			10,975	MT	-10,975
		Gypsum			325	MT	-325
		Marble (Decorative)			5,280		-5,280
16	MYANMAR PONGPIPAT COMPANY LIMITED	Tin Concentrates	250	MT	233	MT	17
		Coal	0		64,680	MT	-64,680
17	NGWE YI PALE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Bauxite			2,075	MT	-2,075
17	NOWE IT FALL MINING COMPANT LIMITED	Lime Stone			591,644	MT	-591,644
		Gypsum			6,212	MT	-6,212
18	NEW DAYS ASIA MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead Ore	17,454	MT	17,454	MT	0
19	HTOO INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	Coal	30,400	MT	30,400	MT	0
20	HARBOR STAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead	3,300	MT	3,300	MT	0
21	MANDALAY GOLDEN FRIEND MINING CO., LTD.	Coal	1,462,500	N/C	35,000	MT	1,427,500
22	MYANMAR GOLDEN POINT FAMILY CO., LTD.	Gold	585	T.oz	238	Toz	347
23	THAN TAW MYAT COMPANY LIMITED	Lime Stone	1,397,967	Ton	1,397,967	MT	0
24	TUN THWIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal			28,340	MT	-28,340
25	MANDALAY DISTRIBUTION & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal	0		29,428	MT	-29,428

N° Company	History Toron	Comp	any	Government		Differences
N° Company	Mineral Type	Volume	Unit	Volume	Unit	Volume
26 YCDC	Coal	24,999	MT	25,000	MT	-1
27 SAN LIN INTERNATIONAL EXPORT & IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED	Zinc Ore			320	MT	-320
27 SAIN LIN INTERNATIONAL EXPORT & IMPORT COMPANT LIMITED	Iron Ore			950	MT	-950
28 KAN PWINT OO MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal	30,650	Ton	26,250	MT	4,400
29 TOP TEN STAR PRODUCTION CO., LTD.	Lead Ore	0		4,810	MT	-4,810
29 TOP TEN STAR PRODUCTION CO., ETD.	Lead Concentrate			1,570	MT	-1,570
30 HEAY HEIN COMPANY LIMITED	Coal	72000	ton	62400		9600
31 NGWE KABAR MYANMAR COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	80	МТ	80	MT	0
32 MYAUK KYUN THU MA MA MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold for (8) Sites	384	Tickle	321	Toz	62.7
33 XIE SHAN MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead Ore	800	MT	800	MT	0
34 DRAGON CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	Coal	21,271	Tons	21,271	MT	0
34 DRAGON CEMENT COMPANT LIMITED	Limestone	250,800	Tons	250,800	MT	0
	Zinc Ore			4,000	MT	-4,000
35 PRINCE MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead Carbonate	742	МТ			742
	Lead Ores	1,300	MT	1,150	MT	150
36 HTAT YEE LINN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold for (7) sites	336	Toz	212	Toz	123.9
37 MYAY NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Zinc Ore	4,440	MT	4,440	MT	0
38 THA BYU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Antimony Concentrate			120	MT	-120
39 YE HTUT KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Tin Tungsten	30	МТ	30	MT	0
40 Myanmar Tin-Tungsten Company Limited	Tin	17	Ton	17	MT	0
41 Myanmar Yang Tse Copper Ltd	Cathode Copper	0	МТ	0		0
42 Eden Energy & Natural Resources Development Co., Ltd	Barite			878		-878
43 Kanbawza Industries Ltd	Lime Stone			321,847	MT	-321,847
43 Naiibaw2d Illuusti les Etu	Gypsum			1,850	MT	-1,850
44 MYANMAR WANBAO MINING COPPER LTD	Cathode Copper	70,756	MT	70,756	MT	0
TT MIANNAN WANDAO MINING COFFEN LID	FERRONICKEL	61,292	MT	62,367	MT	-1,075
45 24 HOUR MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	Lime Stone			100,000	MT	-100,000

NI °	Company	Nineral Trans	Comp	pany	Government		Differences
N	Company	Mineral Type	Volume	Unit	Volume	Unit	Volume
16	ASIA PHYO MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal	500	Tons			500
40	ASIA PHTO MINING COMPANT LIMITED	Limestone	18,000	Tons	18,300	MT	-300
47	BLUE DIAMOND CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone	108,000	Tons	108,000	MT	0
48	DAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal	4300	Tons			4300
49	DIAMOND SHARK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	tin & tungsten	16	Tons			16
50	GREEN ASIA COMPANY LIMITED	Line Stone	9,000	Ton	9,000	МТ	0
30	GREEN ASIA COMPANT LIMITED	Coal			30	MT	-30
51	GROUP OF FOUR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	coal	15,006	MT	15,006	MT	0
52	HTUT KHAUNG KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal	2306	Ton	2906	MT	-600
53	JUNE CEMENT INDUSTRY LTD.	Limestone	0		105,000	MT	-105,000
54	LINN PYAE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead	108	Ton	108	МТ	0
55	LOI CHAI NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal	21,500	Ton	21,500		0
56	MAY FLOWER MINING ENTERPRISES LIMITED	Coal	2215	Ton	0	MT	2215
57	MINING WORLD COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten Mixed Concentrate			26	MT	-26
Е0	MYANMAR AREV MINING CO. LTD.	Coal	9,000	MT	9,000	МТ	0
30	MYANMAR APEX MINING CO., LTD	Lead Ore			1,800	MT	-1,800
59	MYANMAR NAING GROUP MINING COMPANY LTD	Limestone	110,000	Kg	110,000	MT	0
60	SHWE PAUK PAUK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Coal			1150	MT	-1150
61	SILVER BRIGHT COMPANY LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten Mixed Concentrate	0		1	MT	-1
62	THE SILVER LION MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Granite	0		330	МТ	-330
		Coal			19,548	MT	-19548
62	TRIPLE "A" CEMENT INTERNATIONAL COMPANY LIMITED	Bauxite			2,300	MT	-2300
0.3	TRIPLE A CEMENT INTERNATIONAL COMPANT LIMITED	Gypsum			2,505	MT	-2505
		Limestone			71,420	MT	-71420
6.1	U E EXPORT IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED	Coal			24,000	MT	-24,000
04	O E EXPORT IMPORT COMPANT LIMITED	Limestone			64,654	MT	-64,654
65	UNITED CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone			3,000	MT	-3000

NI.º	C	Minaral Time	Comp	any	Governm	ent	Differences
N°	Company	Mineral Type	Volume	Unit	Volume	Unit	Volume
66	YOUNG INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	Limestone	28,000	MT	28,000	MT	0
00	TOUNG INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANT LIMITED	Coal	1,200	MT	1,200	MT	0
67	SEA SUN STAR MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED	Copper Ore			1,000	MT	-1000
68	ZABU TALU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Copper Ore	1380	MT	1380		0
		Gypsum	3,500	MT	3,300	MT	200
69	RUBY DRAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Gold	288	Tical	155.4	Toz	133
07	RODI DIAGON MINING COMPANI LIMITED	Antimony (raw material)	1,255	MT	735	MT	520
		Antimony (finished product)	38	MT			38
70	SEIN CHI LIN MINING CO., LTD.	Coal	8998	MT	8998		0
71	AUNG HTUN LINN SHEIN WIN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	Gold for (4) Sites	192	Tickle	120	Toz	72.3
72	Future Engineering Gold Mining	Gold	48	tickles	54.6	Toz	-6.6
73	SHWE MYINT THAUNG YINN INDUSTRY & MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	Gypsum			76	MT	-76
74	SAT WINE INN ARR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead Ore			1430	MT	-1430
75	SHWE SAPAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead Ore	0		600	MT	-600
76	NAN KANAUNG MINING & ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED	Manganese Dioxide			1870		-1870
77	NEW ERA GOLD COMPANY LIMITED	Marble (Decorative)	0		670		-670

(b) Other Minerals Exports

The table below shows the differences between the exportation reported by the other mineral's companies and MONREC:

Table 160: Other minerals exports reconciliation

NI °	C		Company	,			Government					Diff	erences	
N	Company	Mineral Type	Volume	Unit	Value	Currency	Mineral Type	Volume	Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Value	
1	MYANMAR ECONOMIC CORPORATION LIMITED	Marble Stone	1,267	MT	687,340	US\$	Marble (Decorative)	1,267	МТ	687,340	US\$	0		0
2	CORNERSTONE RESOURCES (MYANMAR) LTD.	Zinc Ingot	9,818	MT	27,463,837	US\$	Zinc Ingot	9,818	МТ	27,463,837	US\$	0		0

N°	Campany		Company	,			Government					Diff	erences
N	Company	Mineral Type	Volume	Unit	Value	Currency	Mineral Type	Volume	Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Value
3	SHWE MOE YAN COMPANY LIMITED						Lead Ore	700	MT	75,900	US\$	-700	-75,900
4	GPS JOINT VENTURE COMPANY LIMITED	Lead	1,000	MT	542,800	US\$	Lead Concentrate	1,000	MT	523,400	US\$	0	19,400
5	SHWE TAUNG MINING COMPANY LIMITED						Lead Ore	500	MT	71,000	US\$	-500	-71,000
6	DELCO LIMITED	Tin & Tungsten	91	MT	521,459,655	MMK						91	521,459,655
7	WIN MYINT MO INDUSTRIES	Lead Concentrate	500	MT	241,020,375	N/C						500	241,020,375
,	COMPANY LIMITED	Zinc Concentrate	1,500	MT	814,890,331	N/C						1,500	814,890,331
8	MYANMAR PONGPIPAT COMPANY LIMITED	Tin Concentrates	146	MT	1,127,303	USD						146	1,127,303
9	NEW DAYS ASIA MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead Ore	5,143	MT	531,473	US\$	Lead Ore	8,000	MT	922,000	US\$	-2,857	-390,527
10	HARBOR STAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead	2,800	MT	795,300	US\$	Lead Ore	2,800	MT	975,300	US\$	0	-180,000
11	SAN LIN INTERNATIONAL EXPORT &						Zinc Ore	2,225	MT	210,885	US\$	-2,225	-210,885
''	IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED						Iron Ore	10,830	MT	486,070	US\$	-10,830	-486,070
12	TOP TEN STAR PRODUCTION CO.,						Lead Ore	2,793	MT	465,248	US\$	-2,793	-465,248
12	LTD.						Lead Concentrate	1,522	MT	604,562	US\$	-1,522	-604,562
13	NGWE KABAR MYANMAR COMPANY LIMITED	Tin	35	MT	261,604	USD						35	261,604
14	XIE SHAN MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead Ore	4,085		459,735	US\$	Lead Ore	4,440	MT	467,780	US\$	-355	-8,045
		Lead Carbonate	742	MT	197,813,429	MMK						742	197,813,429
16	PRINCE MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED						Zinc Ore	1,300	MT	191,100	US\$	-1,300	-191,100
		Lead Ores	1,300	MT	260,227,633	MMK	Lead Ore	750	MT	147,250	US\$	550	N/A
17	MYAY NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Lead Zinc Ore	2,870	MT	406,810	US\$	Zinc Ore	2,870	МТ	406,810	US\$	0	0
18	THA BYU MINING COMPANY LIMITED						Antimony Concentrate	330	MT	340,380	US\$	-330	-340,380
19	Myanmar Yang Tse Copper Ltd	Cathode Copper	47,791	МΤ	293,244,041	USD	Cathode Copper	42,600	ΜT			5,191	293,244,041
20	MYANMAR WANBAO MINING COPPER LTD	Cathode Copper	52,891	МТ	326,185,247	USD	Cathode Copper	52,800	MT			91	326,185,247
21	MYANMAR CNMC NICKEL COMPANY LIMITED	FERRO NICKEL	80,527	MT	291,958,249	US\$	FERRO NICKEL	83,748	МТ	853,979,354	US\$	-3,221	- 562,021,105
22	A & A NATURAL RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD	Tin Concentrate	10	МТ	171,742,954	MMK						10	171,742,954

N°	Company		Company				Government					Diff	erences
IN	Company	Mineral Type	Volume	Unit	Value	Currency	Mineral Type	Volume	Unit	Value	Currency	Volume	Value
23	LINN PYAE MINING COMPANY LIMITED						Lead Concentrate	112	MT	56,000	US\$	-112	-56,000
24	MAY FLOWER MINING ENTERPRISES LIMITED	Coal	2,215	MT	79,740	USD						2,215	79,740
25	MYANMAR APEX MINING CO., LTD	Zinc Oxide	13,400	MT	171,487,400	N/C						13,400	171,487,400
26	MYANMAR SIMCO SONG DA JOINT STOK COMPANY LIMITED						Marble	22	MT	3,614	US\$	-22	-3,614
27	SAT WINE INN ARR MINING COMPANY LIMITED						Lead Ore	1,500	MT	108,000	US\$	-1,500	-108,000

5.7.4. Pearl sector

(a) Pearl Production

The table below shows the differences between the production reported by pearl companies and MPE.

Table 161: Pearl production reconciliation

		Con	npany	SC	ÞΕ	Diffe	rence
N°	Company name	Quantity produced in momme	Value in USD	Quantity produced in mome	Value in USD	Quantity produced in momme	Value in USD
	MPE production	-	-	80,186	2,745,321	-	-
1	Myanmar Tasaki Co., Ltd	160,702	8,066,826	160,702	8,066,826	-	-
2	Myanmar Atlantic Co., Ltd	34,951	1,128,414	34,951	1,128,414	-	-
3	Myanmar Andman Co., Ltd	47,231	2,296,571	47,231	2,296,571	-	-
4	Belpearl Myanmar Co., Ltd	7,413	268,592	7,413	268,592	-	-
5	Nino Pearl Culturing Co., Ltd	27,477		27,477	1,181,019	-	-1,181,019
6	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Zinyaw)	67,880	3,270,027	67,880	3,017,811	-	252,216
7	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Jalan)	14,811	759,960	14,811	655,892	-	104,068
8	Annawar Pearl Co., Ltd (Marine Pearl Company)	-				-	-
9	Pyae Sone Htet Myint Co., Ltd	-					-
10	Aquagold Myanmar Co., Ltd	-		2,485	70,906	-2,485	-70,906
11	Pyae Phyo Tun Co., Ltd	-				-	-
Tot	al	360,465	15,790,390	443,137	19,431,352	-2,485	-895,641

(b) Pearl exports

The table below shows the differences between the sales and exports reported by pearl companies and MPE :

Table 162: Pearl exports reconciliation

		Con	npany		SOE	Diffe	rence
N°	Company name	Quantity exported in momme	Value in USD	Quantity exported in mome	Value in USD	Quantity exported in momme	Value in USD
	MPE Exports			58,606	7,501,763		
1	Myanmar Tasaki Co., Ltd	120,526	6,050,115	120,526	6,050,115	-	-
2	Myanmar Atlantic Co., Ltd	20,525	1,230,849	26,213	846,312	-5,688	384,537
3	Myanmar Andman Co., Ltd	-		35,423	1,722,426	-35,423	- 1,722,426
4	Belpearl Myanmar Co., Ltd	5,560	201,446	5,560	201,446	-	-
5	Nino Pearl Culturing Co., Ltd	24,796	1,110,273	24,796	1,074,893	-	35,380
6	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Zinyaw)	67,880	3,270,027	82,691	3,673,705		356,282
7	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Jalan)	14,811	759,960	02,091	3,073,703	-	330,202
8	Annawar Pearl Co., Ltd (Marine Pearl Company)	-				-	-
9	Pyae Sone Htet Myint Co., Ltd	-				-	-
10	Aquagold Myanmar Co., Ltd	-				-	-
11	Pyae Phyo Tun Co., Ltd	-				-	-
Tota	ıl	254,098	12,622,670	353,815	21,070,660	-41,111	-946,227

(c) Pearl local sales

The table below shows the differences between the local sales reported by pearl companies and $\ensuremath{\mathsf{MPE}}$:

Table 163: Pearl local sales reconciliation

		Comp	pany	SC	E	Difference		
N°	Company name	Quantity sold in momme	Value in USD	Quantity sold in momme	Value in USD	Quantity sold in momme	Value in USD	
	MPE Local sales			45,705	2,165,110			
Total		na	na	45,705	2,165,110	na	na	

6. OTHER INFORMATION

6.1. Production and exports/Sold declared by SOEs

SOEs were asked to report production for the Fiscal Year 2017-2018. Aggregated figures as declared by SOE's are detailed in the table below:

Sector	Production (In million MMK)	Export/Sold (In million MMK)
Oil & Gas	98,326	4,210,099
Gems & Jade	119,674	2,528,282
Other minerals	398,199	25,090
Pearls	26,345	28,568
Extractive Sector	642,544	6,766,949

The production value estimation is based on the production cost reported by the companies. If this information was not reported by the company, we use the average selling price reported by the companies.

6.2. Government receipts from companies not selected in the reconciliation scope

According to MSG's decisions, SOEs were required to disclose aggregated revenues received from extractive companies not selected in the reconciliation scope. Unilateral revenues received by Government Agencies amounted to MMK 66,908,329,027 and are summarised as follows:

Table 164: Unilateral disclosure

Revenues	Amount in MMK
DoM	1,499,034,117
Royalties	890,140,631
Dead Rent Fees	541,379,486
Licence Fees	67,514,000
Custom Department	604,935,287
Customs Duties	604,935,287
IRD	2,698,039,440
Commercial Tax	1,656,542,945
Corporate Income Tax	835,253,659
Specific Goods Tax IRD	181,365,843
Withholding Tax	24,876,993
Sub-total (Other minerals)	4,802,008,844
MGE	49,736,725,277
Commercial Tax - 5% (EURO Sales)	157,050,455
Specific Goods Tax - Jade 20%, Gems 15%, 5 $\%$ Value added for finish goods	37,418,076,365
Sale Split	3,002,371,965
Service Fees Euro Sales - Raw Materials 3%, Added Value 1%	8,484,804,822
Incentive fees 1%, 2%	124,424,417
Incentive fees 1%, 2%(Penalty)	20,749,555
Penalties for cancelled sales	386,003,581
Penalties for cancelled sales(Emporium Central Committee)	143,244,117
Custom Department	424,622,051
Customs Duties	424,622,051
IRD	11,944,972,855

Revenues	Amount in MMK
Commercial Tax	494,939,685
Corporate income Tax	1,745,286,697
Specific Goods Tax IRD	9,664,350,601
Capital Gains Tax	40,087,842
Withholding Tax	119,946
Stamp Duties	188,084
Sub-total (Gems& Jade)	62,106,320,183
Total unilateral disclosure	66,908,329,027

6.3. Oil & gas transportation volume and tariff

The volume transported by each Oil & Gas transportation company and the average tariff applied in the FY 2017-2018 are as follows:

Table 165: Oil and Gas transportation tariff

Company	Project	Quantity	Unit	Unit Tariff in USD	Total
(SEAGP)	Shwe	168,730	MMSCF	2,382.41	401,984,959
(SEAOP)	Shwe	1,465,006	MTS	31.56	46,235,588
(ATL)	Zawtika	100,723,196	MMBTU	2.65	267,266,012
(MGTC)	Yadana	211,205	\$/Mmscf	1,921.83	405,899,445
(TPC)	Yetagun	70,664,326	MMBTU	2.46	173,789,864
Total					1,295,175,867

6.4. Revenues in kind collected by the SOEs

Reporting entities were requested to report contributions in kind made to or received by Government or State-Owned Entities. An in-kind flow is where the Government receives minerals, crude oil or natural gas instead of cash, and monetises the physical commodity in some way. SOEs were also requested to report quantities and revenues received from the sale of the State's production share.

In kind flows

In kind flow as reported by SOE detailed by commodity for the fiscal period 2017/18 are set out in the table below:

Table 166: Revenue in kind collected by the SOEs

SOE	Commodity	Quantity	Unit
MOGE onshore	Oil in kind revenue	1,085,709	in barrels
blocks	Gas in kind revenue	707	in Mmscf
MGE	Jade	59,092	kg
ME (1)	Cathode Copper	10,812	MT
	Ferro Nickel	1,601	MT
ME (2)	Gold	11,061.860	oz-T
ME (2)	Tin, Tungsten & Mixed Ore	431.605	MT
MPE	Pearl	62,572	Momme

Gold outstanding in-kind debt

According the data reported by ME2, gold outstanding in-kind debt payable by companies on January 30,2020 is 13 357.17 Kyat thar. The breakdown of gold outstanding in-kind debt by company and State/Region is presented on annex 15.

Revenues from sales

MOGE

According to the information received from the MOGE, the detail of in-kind payments detailed by payment flows is presented as below:

Table 167: Revenue in kind collected by the MOGE

Type of in-kind payment	Oil collection in barrels	Gas collection in Mmscf
Baseline payments	613,272	616.850
Cost recovery	316,992	61.138
State profit share	73,585	
Royalties payments	43,451	
Risk compensation	38,409	28.865
Total	1,085,709	706.853

The detail of in-kind payments sales will be presented separately in the commodity trading report related to the Oil and gas downstream sector.

MGE

According to MGE data, the following companies are in kind sharing on production in financial year 2017-2018.

	Company Name	State Own		
Sr.		Weight	Value	
		(Kilo)	(Million Kyats)	
1	Wai Aung Kaba Company	1,292	4,860,900	
2	Ayar Jade Company	57,800	5,800,000	
	Total	59,092	10,660,900	

The rough jade received from the in-kind allocation of production sharing is recorded in the state ledger, transformed to finished goods then displayed in the gems museum at Yangon or Naypyidaw. There is no sale from the in-kind received during the financial year 2017-2018.

ME 1

The royalties in kind received by ME (1). totalised 53,973.79 Tons of Copper. However, the document received from DOM didn't mention the value of the royalties in kind received.

ME 2

Sales of State's share of production operated by ME (2) amounted to MMK 15,271.03 and is detailed, by Commodity below:

Table 168: Sales of the state share

Minerals	Qty	Unit	Amount (in million MMK)
Gold	7,191.55	Tical	6,582.09
Tin, Tungsten & Mixed Ore	479.76	MT	5,154.74
Pyro Refined Tin	1.47	MT	39.56
Tin, Tungsten & Mixed Ore	240.56	MT	3,494.63
Total			15,271.03

The detail of these sales by individual buying entity is as follows:

Gold

No.	Buyers	Date	Payment Voucher	Type of Product	Volume	Unit	Value (in MMK)
1	Ministry of Home Affairs	06/01/2017	R-045	Gold	157.42	Tical	135,830,972
2	Central Bank	01/03/2018	R-162	Gold	6,896.14	Tical	6,316,866,857
3	Ministry of Religious Affairs and culture	01/08/2018	R-164	Gold	106.03	Tical	99,350,110
4	Ministry of Military	22/03/2018	R-219	Gold	31.96	Tical	30,042,400
	Total				7,191.55		6,582,090,339

Refined Tin

No ·	Buyers	Date	Payment Voucher	Type of Product	Volume	Uni t	Value (in MMK)
1	Myanmar Golden Bonaza Co.,ltd	05/11/2017	R-001	Tin-Tungsten Scheelite (Mixed)	57.91	МТ	381,488,795
2	Myanmar Golden Bonaza Co.,ltd	05/11/2017	R-001	Tin-Tungsten Scheelite (Mixed)	42.67	МТ	277,345,487
3	Ruili Yujie Imp & Exp Cp.ltd	09/05/2017	R-002	Tin-Tungsten(Mixed)	15.55	MT	198,727,144
4	China Sonic Technology Co.,ltd	09/11/2017	R-003	Tin-Tungsten(Mixed)	24.68	MT	387,007,498
5	China Sonic Technology Co.,ltd	27/10/2017	R-008	Tin-Tungsten(Mixed)	86.70	MT	1,304,690,462
6	China Sonic Technology Co.,ltd				13.61	MT	158,157,211
7	Myanmar Crate Promote Refined Mining Co.,ltd	14/09/2017	R-004	Tungsten Concentrates	1.40	MT	14,606,070
8	Credera Global (Singapore)PTE ltd	15/09/2017	R-005	Tungsten Concentrates	2.56	MT	38,441,566
9	Credera Global (Singapore)PTE ltd	15/09/2017	R-005	Tungsten Concentrates	0.41	МТ	5,850,775
10	Pyae Phyo Kywe Mining Co.,ltd	23/10/2017	R-006	Tin	3.80	MT	33,806,312
11	E & N PTE ltd	23/10/2017	R-007	Tin-Tungsten(Mixed)	79.07	MT	1,164,238,234
12	E & N PTE ltd	23/10/2017	R-007	Tin-Tungsten(Mixed)	78.10	MT	1,072,288,948
13	Asia Tungsten Products Vietnam Co.,ltd	14/03/2018	R-009	Tin-Tungsten(Mixed)	49.30	МТ	772,135,878
14	Asia Tungsten Products Vietnam Co.,ltd	14/03/2018	R-009	Tin-Tungsten(Mixed)	31.50	MT	495,519,199
15	Asia Future PTE.ltd	14/03/2018	R-010	Tin	25.82	MT	454,013,469
16	Asia Future PTE.ltd	14/03/2018	R-010	Tin	17.72	MT	309,197,967
17	Ruili City Yunmachang Imp & Exp Co.,ltd	14/03/2018	R-011	Tin-Tungsten Scheelite (Mixed)	4.86	МТ	72,313,952
18	Ruili City Yunmachang Imp & Exp Co.,ltd	14/03/2018	R-011	Tin-Tungsten Scheelite (Mixed)	111.37	MT	1,391,453,748
19		08/02/2017	R-082	Pyro Refined Tin	1.47	MT	39,561,960
20	Myanmar Golden Bonaza Co.,ltd	05/11/2017	R-003	Tin-Tungsten Scheelite (Mixed)	11.71	МТ	60,469,404
21	China Sonic Technology Co.,ltd	27/10/2017	R-012	Tin-Tungsten(Mixed)	61.58	MT	57,621,395
	Total				721.79		8,688,935,473

6.5. Social Expenditures and Infrastructure Provisions

6.5.1. MOGE Corporate Social Responsibility

The MOGE allocates 2% of their net profit for the CSR fund. CSR programs included education, health and infrastructure. Please see below for details of the 2% voluntary CSR Expenditure of MOGE for FY 2017-2018 per beneficiary location :

Number	Beneficiary Location	Total (Kyats)
1	Chauk	231,978,188
2	Yengyaung	178,896,160
3	Mann	221,898,965
4	Pyi	304,845,046
5	Myanaung	163,517,103
6	ShwePyiTha	181,265,400
7	HtaukSharbin/Kanni	324,248,959
8	Kyaukuk-Lapto-Ayadaw	269,826,000
9	NyaungDone	138,189,000
10	Ma Aubin	209,046,643
11	Apauk	80,459,310
12	TharKyiTaung-Sabai	105,478,350
13	Htan Kine	210,915,782
14	Pipeline	
	(1) Phugyi	41,365,670
	(2) Titut	89,225,500
	(3)Pyawbe	56,668,700
	(4)Shwepyithar	31,978,000
	(5)Dadayee	16,800,000
	(6) Innywa	21,226,900
	(7)Mawlamyaung	38,858,000
	(8)MaAhuBin	6,000,000
	(10) MannHtabin	0
	(a) Control Station	178,605,000
	Thaketa Offshore Base	0
15	CNG (YGN+MDY)	118,650,000
16	HeadOffice	4,490,000
	(1) Appline Recerch	10,000,000
	(2) Geology Dept	9,499,075
17	(3) Seismic Party (1)	17,913,720
	(4) Seismic Party (2)	17,454,370
	(5) Patholone Testwell	128,748,003
	Total	3,408,047,844

The detail of this amount is presented in the annex 10.

6.5.2. Other companies' social payments

Companies were requested to disclose social expenditure incurred and infrastructure provisions. Amounts reported are shown in the table below. These amounts were declared unilaterally by the companies and were not included in the reconciliation flows.

Table 169: Social payments detailed by company

No.	Company	Mandatory Corporate Social Responsibility	Voluntary Corporate Social Responsibility	Total (In MMK)
Oil and	d Gas	362,400	5,946,521,610	5,946,884,010
1	Gold Petrol Joint Operating Company Inc., (GJOC Inc.)	-	115,000,000	115,000,000
2	MPRL E&P	-	732,673,540	732,673,540
3	PC Myanmar (Hong Kong) Limited	-	383,320,229	383,320,229
4	Posco Daewoo Corporation (Myanmar E&P Office)	-	2,121,684,982	2,121,684,982
5	PTTEP International Ltd.	-	745,791,543	745,791,543
6	Unocal Myanmar Offshore Co., Ltd.	-	847,624,314	847,624,314
7	Pacific Hunt Energy Corporation (Myanmar Branch)	-	100,826,611	100,826,611
8	Shell Myanmar Energy Pte. Ltd Yangon Branch	362,400	-	362,400
9	Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte Ltd	-	874,393,739	874,393,739
10	Young Investment Group Co. Ltd.	-	25,206,652	25,206,652
Oil and	d Gas transportation	-	4,561,083,390	4,561,083,390
1	(SEAGP)		635,821,809	635,821,809
2	(SEAOP)		461,709,343	461,709,343
3	(ATL)		-	-
4	(MGTC)		3,372,498,304	3,372,498,304
5	(TPC)		91,053,934	91,053,934
Gems	and Jade	-	380,820,000	380,820,000
1	Northern Jade World		10,000,000	10,000,000
2	Yadanar Si		2,050,000	2,050,000
3	Aung Hlaing Kyawlwa		2,700,000	2,700,000
4	Seine Aung		13,000,000	13,000,000
5	Myint Shin Gems Co., LTd		3,000,000	3,000,000
6	Myanmar Rich Land Gems		12,900,000	12,900,000
7	Kan Sein Pwint		2,000,000	2,000,000
8	Moe Brothers		263,000,000	263,000,000
9	MOGOK PRIDE		37,200,000	37,200,000
10	Myanmar Lar Ba Gems Co., Ltd.		570,000	570,000
11	METAL METERO		2,900,000	2,900,000
12	KYAN FAMILY		1,500,000	1,500,000
13	HTAY PAING		30,000,000	30,000,000
Other	Minerals	994,040,220	7,700,709,885	8,694,750,105
1	NATIONAL PROSPERITY COMPANY LIMITED	-	3,211,784,630	3,211,784,630
2	GEO ASIA INDUSTRY & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	-	416,006,890	416,006,890
3	ETERNAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED	-	236,614,975	236,614,975
4	MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED	676,261,120	27,350,000	703,611,120
5	DELCO LIMITED	-	39,657,000	39,657,000
6	MAX (MYANMAR) COMPANY LIMITED	-	23,096,000	23,096,000
7	WIN MYINT MO INDUSTRIES COMPANY LIMITED	-	46,561,247	46,561,247

No.	Company	Mandatory Corporate Social Responsibility	Voluntary Corporate Social Responsibility	Total (In MMK)
8	MYANMAR PONGPIPAT COMPANY LIMITED	-	21,500,000	21,500,000
9	HTOO INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	-	6,658,500	6,658,500
10	HARBOR STAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	-	18,400,000	18,400,000
11	MYANMAR GOLDEN POINT FAMILY CO., LTD.	-	1,163,913,675	1,163,913,675
12	THAN TAW MYAT COMPANY LIMITED	300,000,000	94,775,000	394,775,000
13	HEAY HEIN COMPANY LIMITED	11,000,000	106,300,000	117,300,000
14	NGWE KABAR MYANMAR COMPANY LIMITED	-	58,462,500	58,462,500
15	MYAY NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	-	3,000,000	3,000,000
16	YE HTUT KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	-	101,587,400	101,587,400
17	MYANMAR TIN -TUNGSTEN COMPANY LIMITED	-	6,000,000	6,000,000
18	Myanmar Yang Tse Copper Ltd	-	706,302,441	706,302,441
19	Eden Energy & Natural Resources Development Co., Ltd	-	25,298,295	25,298,295
20	MYANMAR WANBAO MINING COPPER LTD	-	867,054,152	867,054,152
21	MYANMAR CNMC NICKEL COMPANY LIMITED	-	298,445,270	298,445,270
22	24 HOUR MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	6,779,100	-	6,779,100
23	BLUE DIAMOND CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	-	14,740,000	14,740,000
24	DIAMOND SHARK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	-	2,810,000	2,810,000
25	GROUP OF FOUR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	-	6,250,000	6,250,000
26	LOI CHAI NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	-	10,000,000	10,000,000
27	MYANMAR APEX MINING CO., LTD	-	65,341,310	65,341,310
28	MYANMAR NAING GROUP MINING COMPANY LTD	-	12,000,000	12,000,000
29	SHWE PIN LE MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	-	7,170,000	7,170,000
30	TRIPLE "A" CEMENT INTERNATIONAL COMPANY LIMITED	-	67,480,600	67,480,600
31	SEIN CHI LIN MINING CO., LTD.	-	33,150,000	33,150,000
32	NAN KANAUNG MINING & ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED	-	3,000,000	3,000,000
Pearl		29,310,000	615,084,831	644,394,831
1	Myanmar Tasaki Co., Ltd	-	4,753,800	4,753,800
2	Myanmar Atlantic Co., Ltd	-	19,694,721	19,694,721
3	Myanmar Andman Co., Ltd	29,310,000	557,500,000	586,810,000
4	Belpearl Myanmar Co., Ltd	-	2,500,000	2,500,000
5	Nino Pearl Culturing Co., Ltd	-	24,263,560	24,263,560
6	Annawar Pearl Co., Ltd (Marine Pearl Company)	-	3,030,000	3,030,000
7	Aquagold Myanmar Co., Ltd	-	3,342,750	3,342,750
Total		1,023,712,620	19,204,219,716	20,227,932,336

MOGE reported a total social payment of 3,408,047,844. The breakdown of the social payments by beneficiary and by project is presented in the Annex 11 and 9 and 10 of the report.

6.6. Contribution to the Myanmar economy

Extractive sector contribution to the State revenue

The extractive sector accounted for 5.16% to the country's revenues during in the FY 2017/2018. The table below shows the breakdown of Myanmar's revenues by tax.

Table 170: Extractive sector contribution to the State revenue

Revenue per Sector	2017-2018	Contribution in %
Taxes on Extraction Petroleum and Natural Gas	352,874.4	4.75%
Revenues of Transportation of Oil and Gas Sector	-	-
Minerals Tax and Treasure Tax	30,386.1	0.41%
Taxes on Extraction of Mineral Produce	69.8	0.00%
Extractive Sector Revenue	383,330.3	5.16%
Total Taxes and Duties	7,423,519.6	

Source: Central Statistical Organization, 2018 Myanmar Statistical Yearbook

Extractive sector contribution to GDP

The extractive sector accounted for approximately 4.78% to the country's GDP during FY 2017/2018.

Table 171: Extractive sector contribution to GDP

GDP per Sectors	2017-2018	Contribution in %
Oil and Gas	3,422,785	3.78%
Mining	902,025	1.00%
Extractive industries	4,324,810	4.78%
Gross Domestic Product of Myanmar	90,450,949	-

Source: Central Statistical Organization, 2018 Myanmar Statistical Yearbook, Table 8.01.

Extractive sector contribution to the State exports

According to the CSO, the contribution of the extractive sector to the state exports amounted to US\$ 5,271.5 million during the FY 2017/2018.

Extractive sector exports represented 35.5% of total Myanmar export during the FY 2017/2018:

Table 172: Extractive sector contribution to the State exports

Exportations per Sector	2017-2018	Contribution in %
Exports of Gas	3,506.2	23.61%
Exports of Gems and Jade	754	5.08%
Exports of Other minerals	1,002.3	6.75%
Exports of Pearl	8.6	0.06%
Extractive Sector Revenues	5,271.5	35.50%
Total State Exports	14,850.7	

Source: Central Statistical Organization, 2018 Myanmar Statistical Yearbook

Extractive sector contribution to employment

The entire sector's contribution to employment has not been made available to us. We understand that this information is not available at the level of the SOEs and Oil and Gas and mining departments. According to the collected data from companies, SOEs and Government Agencies, the extractive sector employment representing 0.26% of total Country's 2017-2018 labour force.in Myanmar.

Table 173: Extractive sector contribution to employment

Sector	Number of direct domestic employees		Number of direct foreign employees		Total	Contribution
	Male	Female	Male	Female		in %
Oil and Gas Sector (1)	9,049	1,377	125	11	11,040 (5)	0.05%
Oil and Gas transportation Sector (1)	672	195	213	36	1,116	0.005%
Pearl Sector (2)	1,043	699	6	-	1,748	0.01%
Gems & Jade Sector (3)	18,218	2,051	155	40	20,464	0.09%
Other Minerals Sector (4)	21,031	2529	-	-	23,560	0.11%
Extractive sector labour force	50,013	6,851	499	87	57,928	0.25%
Total Labour force in Myanmar					22,389,000	

⁽¹⁾ Source: Reporting templates of Oil and Gas and Oil and Gas transportation companies

6.7. Quasi-fiscal expenditures

SOEs falling under the responsibility of MoEE and MONREC were requested to disclose the quasifiscal contributions made to Government. According to the information reported by the SOE, these companies did not make any quasi-fiscal expenditures during the reporting period 2017-2018.

⁽²⁾ Source: MPE employment Data for all the Pearl sector

⁽³⁾ Source: Reporting templates of MGE and Gems and Jade companies in scope

⁽⁴⁾ Source: ME1 and ME2 employment Data for the other minerals sector

⁽⁵⁾ Source: annual labour force survey published by the Ministry of Labour, Immigration and Population, Department of Labour for the 1st quarter of 2017

6.8. Loans and loan guarantees

SOEs and Government Agencies were requested to disclose the loans and loan guarantees provided to extractive companies with the details of these transactions. According to the information reported by the MOGE, the loans contracted are detailed as below:

Oil and Gas sector:

Table 174: Loans contracted by the MOGE

Amounts in million Contract No/ Agreement Curr Paid up to 31.3.2018 Balance to be Paid No Loan **Particulars** Loan Amount Lender / Suppliers **Purchase** Date ency Principal Interest Principal Interest Four Drilling Rigs and Export-Import of PBC NO (2007)10,11,12 TOTAL China Soft USD in 27.9.07 Oil Field Equipment 80.51 44.28 19.14 36.23 2.75 China / Central Bank NO. (031), (032), (033) million Loan and Materials Project of Myanmar Offshore J¥ in Japan International 2 18 01 01-00 16 01(MY-C1) 15.1.13 JACA Loan Petroleum Exploration 11,629.72 5.84 5.78 11,623.88 23.25 Cooperation Agency million Project Yadana-Yangon 24" Euro in China Development 3 5300942322009591489 20.12.09 CDB (24") 185.60 35.92 62.39 149.68 44.54 Gas Pipeline Project million Bank Offshore Natural Gas China Development Development and Bank (CDB) Loan Euro in 4 5300942322010591241 16.12.10 CDB(EURO) Pipeline Project/ 452.75 67.78 114.37 384.97 108.58 milliom /Myanma Foreign Onshore Natural Gas Trade Bank Pipeline Project China Development RMB in Bank (CDB) Loan 5 5300942322010591242 16.12.10 CDB(RMB) Oil Pipeline Project 7,358.40 913.58 1,516.22 6,444.82 1,463.48 million /Myanma Foreign Trade Bank

Other Minerals:

Table 175: Loan contracted by the ME1

Amounts in million Terms of the Transaction **Total** amount Outstanding Beneficiary Sector Currency Date of Repayment Interest of the amount on grant period rate loan 31/03/2018 I. No (1) Mining **Enterprise** (1) Japan Loan (i) Steel Mill Renovation Mining **JPY** 4,637 28-12-1982 30 years 1.01% 3,050 (MY-C1, JICA) Total JPY 4,637 3,050

We understand that these loans are used to fund projects with robust cash flow for which equity funding through mining contracts was not available. These projects have been funded under this shareholder loan agreements signed between the ME1 and the contractors. These agreements are not made public and therefore the sharing mechanisms remain unclear.

Except as provided above, no loans or guarantees were granted during the fiscal year 2017-18 to the extractive companies including Military Holding Companies.

6.9. Infrastructure provisions and barter arrangements

SOEs and Government Agencies were requested to disclose the Infrastructure provisions and barter arrangements with the companies operating in the extractive sector. According to the information reported by the SOE, these companies was not part in any of infrastructure provision and barter arrangements during the reporting period 2017-2018.

7. RECOMMENDATIONS

The recommendations below are based on the findings and weaknesses that we noted during the scoping and reconciliation phases for the preparation of the 2017-2018 MEITI report. In the meantime, many reforms have been implemented in Myanmar and some of them may cover the issues detailed in the recommendations below. Details about the implemented and on-going reforms and presented in Section 3.4 of the report. Therefore, the following recommendations must and considered in conjunction with the different reforms being implemented.

7.1. Current year recommendations

We raised several findings and have made recommendations with a view to improve the EITI process in Myanmar and governance of the extractive sector and revenue management. The findings raised are summarised as follows:

7.1.1. Availability of B.O information

According to the EITI requirement 3.11 Beneficial ownership: "It is recommended that implementing countries maintain a publicly available register of the beneficial owners of the corporate entity(ies) that bid for, operate or invest in extractive assets, including the identity(ies) of their beneficial owner(s) and the level of ownership. Where this information is already publicly available, e.g. through filing to corporate regulators and stock exchanges, the EITI Report should include guidance on how to access this information".

The MSG agreed in its 25th meeting resolution held on 27 November 2017:

- for the companies from BO Data Collection Phase I to update their BO Data and;
- to collect BO Data for any additional companies from 5th MEITI Report Scope which are not part of BO Data Collection Phase I.

This means that the information was not requested within the reporting templates addressed to the companies included in the scope but will be extracted from the external B.O report prepared exclusively for this purpose.

We have been provided with the Review of the first MEITI beneficial ownership disclosure dated on January 2020 for the consultant Charlotte Boyer. This Report states that the 162 companies included in the scope of the 4th MEITI report (FY 2016-2017) were requested to disclose their beneficial owners through an online form before 28 October and 8 November 2019.

Charlotte's latest report dated 20 Feb states that "121 companies submitted their form on time, or a submission rate of 74%. Among the submitted forms, 80 were judged fully filled-in with consistent information, while 10 were categorized as containing minor errors or omissions, and 31 as containing significant gaps undermining the credibility of the data or translating a weak understanding of the beneficial ownership requirements. In total, 270 beneficial owners were reported, among them 261 natural persons. 90% of the beneficial owners are natural persons exerting their control through direct shares, illustrating how companies have, in their overwhelming majority, straightforward structures with beneficial owners being the shareholders." Table below shows the status of companies' submissions by sector:

Sub-Sector	B.O not submitted	B.O submitted	Total	%
Jade & Gems	15	68	83	81%
Mining	10	20	30	68%
Oil and Gas	12	19	31	61%
Oil and Gas Transportation	3	1	4	25%
Pearl	1	9	10	90%
SOE	1	4	5	80%
Total	42	121	163	74%

After reviewing the first MEITI beneficial ownership disclosure, we noted that 240 companies from the 2017-2018 scope were not included in the disclosure because they were not under the scope in the first disclosures.

	Review of the first M-EITI beneficial ownership disclosure (2016-2017 Scope)								
Sector	2017- 2018 Scope	Fully completed BO Form	BO Form submitted with Minor Gaps	BO Form submitted with Significant Gaps	BO Form Not Submitted	Total Companies contacted to submit a BO Form	2017-2018 Scope (companies not contacted)		
Jade & Gems	209	49	2	6	12	69	140		
Mining	94	11	1	5	7	24	70		
Oil and Gas	56	4	3	10	11	28	28		
Oil and Gas Transportation	5	-	-	1	3	4	1		
Pearl	11	7	-	2	1	10	1		
SOE	5	2	1	1	1	5	-		
Other companies (out of 2017-2018 scope)	-	7	3	6	8	-	-		
Total	380	80	10	31	43	140	240		

Recommendation

We recommend that the MSG invite the various stakeholders in the extractive sector in order to collect the information regarding the B.O of the companies included in the scope.

7.1.2. Publication of loans contracts

According to the EITI requirement 4.1 Defining the taxes and revenues to be covered in the EITI Report Infrastructure provisions and barter arrangements: "The multi-stakeholder group and the independent administrator are required to consider whether there are any agreements, or sets of agreements, involving the provision of goods and services, including loans, grants and infrastructure works... Where the multi-stakeholder group concludes that these agreements are material, the multi-stakeholder group and the Independent Administrator are required to ensure that the EITI Report addresses these agreements, providing a level of detail and transparency commensurate with the disclosure and reconciliation of other payments and revenues streams. Where reconciliation of key transactions is not feasible, the multi-stakeholder group should agree an approach for unilateral disclosure by the parties to the agreement(s) to be included in the EITI Report."

Following the reception of the SOEs reporting template, we identified the following loans contracted by the MOGE and ME1:

MOGE:

				Am	ounts in million
	Total		Terms of the	Transactior	ı
Currency	amount of the loan/loan guarantee	Date of the Agreement	Repayment period	Interest rate	Outstanding amount on 31/03/2018
USD	81				36
Euro	638				502
RMB	7,358				4,751
USD	81	27/09/2007	15(5)	3%	36
Euro	186	20/12/2009	20(5)	4.50%	150
Euro	334	30/11/2010	20(5)	4.50%	280
	USD Euro RMB USD	amount of the loan/loan guarantee USD 81 Euro 638 RMB 7,358 USD 81 Euro 186	Total amount of the loan/loan guarantee USD 81 Euro 638 RMB 7,358 USD 81 27/09/2007 Euro 186 20/12/2009	USD 81 Euro 638 RMB 7,358 USD 81 27/09/2007 15(5) Euro 186 20/12/2009 20(5)	Total amount of the loan/loan guarantee

	Total		Terms of the Transaction			
Nature	Currency	amount of the loan/loan guarantee	Date of the Agreement	Repayment period	Interest rate	Outstanding amount on 31/03/2018
(iv) Onshore Natural Gas Pipeline Shwe Project	Euro	119	30/11/2010	20(5)	4.50%	72
(v) Oil Pipeline Project	RMB	7,358	30/11/2010	20(5)	4.50%	4,751
(2) Japan Loan	JPY	11,630				11,624
(i) The Offshore Petroleum Exploration & Oil Development Project (MY-C1, JICA)	JPY	11,630	15/01/2013	40(10)	0.01%	11,624

ME1:

			Total		Terms of the	Transaction	1
Beneficiary	Sector	Currency	amount of the loan	Date of the Agreement	Repayment period	Interest rate	Outstanding amount on 31/03/2018
I. No(1) Mining Enterprise							
(1) Japan Loan							
(i) Steel Mill Renovation (MY-C1, JICA)	Mining	JPY	3,051	15/01/2013	40(10)	0.01%	3,050
Total		JPY	3,051				3,050

Those loans are not published in the websites of the relevant SOEs and we have not been able to obtain a copy of those contracts.

Recommendation

We recommend that the MSG invite the various stakeholders including the management of the SOEs in order to take the appropriate measures to guarantee the transparency of the publication of loans contracts.

7.1.3. Including the Myanma Port Authority (MPA) in the scope

According to the EITI requirement 4.2 "The EITI Report must provide a comprehensive reconciliation of government revenues and company payments, including payments to and from state owned enterprises, in accordance with the agreed scope (Requirement 4.1). All companies making material payments to the government are required to comprehensively disclose these payments in accordance with the agreed scope. An entity should only be exempted from reporting if it can be demonstrated that its payments and revenues are not material. All government entities receiving material revenues are required to comprehensively disclose these revenues in accordance with the agreed scope."

Following the reconciliation phase and the reception of the reporting template from the companies and government agencies and SOEs, we identified that a significant proportion of the right of way paid by the Oil and Gas transportation sector is collected by the Myanma Port Authority which was not included in the scope of the report.

Recommendation

We recommend including the Myanma Port Authority in the next EITI reports in order to ensure the completeness of the extractive sector information and the reconciled revenue of the sector.

7.1.4. Including mandatory BO disclosure in the process of awarding, and transferring extractive licenses in Myanmar

In Myanmar, the procedures relating to the award, transfer and disposal of petroleum blocks is governed by the Petroleum Act, 1934 and the Petroleum regulation (please refer to Section 3.2.2). Furthermore, the award of the mining licenses is governed by the Mines Law, 1994 as amended in 2015 and the Mines Rules, 2018 while the gemstone sector is covered by Myanmar Gemstone Law, 2019.

We note that the abovementioned laws and regulation do not include specific provisions relating to the disclosure of the Beneficial Ownership neither require BO data as mandatory filing prior to the award of an extractive license or its transfer or disposal in Myanmar.

Furthermore, we understand that extractive companies and SOEs have been required to disclose their BO data by January 2020 through a notification from the GUOM which empowered the BO task force to collect this information. BO data is being gathered from the extractive companies through the EITI process and more precisely through the BO pilot report published in 2018 (please refer to Section 3.7.2).

However, the BO data collected and published in the pilot report presented several gaps in terms of the comprehensiveness and quality of data collected. Moreover, we note that many companies included in the MEITI reconciliation scope 2017-2018 were not involved in the pilot BO project and hence did not report their BO data (please refer to Section 3.7.5).

Recommendation

We recommend to MOE and MONREC to consider including the disclosure of the BO data among the required disclosures for the application to extractive licenses in Myanmar. Therefore, any applicant who wishes to obtain an extractive license will be required to disclose his Beneficial Owner. This disclosure must be compliant with the definition of BO as approved by the MSG.

The same requirement must be applicable for the transfer and disposal of extractive licenses in Myanmar.

7.1.5. Implementation of systematic disclosure of EITI information

Extractive industry transparency should not be confined to an EITI Report, but rather be an integral part of how governments manage their extractive sector.

EITI implementing countries are increasingly making the information required by the EITI Standard available through government and corporate reporting systems (databases, websites, annual progress reports, portals etc.) - rather than relying on the EITI Report - to bring about transparency.

Mainstreaming is about encouraging and recognising countries that make transparency an integral and routine feature of their governance and management systems.

Following the review of the mainstream in Myanmar, we noted the lack of public availability of EITI information (contracts, financial statements of the SOEs...)

Recommendation

We recommend that the MSG invite the various stakeholder in order to prepare a study on the systematic disclosure and make recommendations on public availability of EITI information. This would enable the MSG to shift their attention away from collecting data toward encouraging stakeholders to make effective use of this information.

7.1.6. Submission of reporting templates

According to the instructions for Completion of Reporting Templates:

- a) For private companies: hard copies with original signatures and a copy of the audit report should be sent in sealed envelope to NCS Office; and reporting templates submitted by private companies should be signed by a person authorized to represent the company (Chief Financial Officer or Chief Executive Officer/Director); and
- b) Reporting Templates submitted by Government Agencies and SOEs should be signed by a person authorised to represent the Government Agency and certified by the Office of the Auditor General (OAG) of the Union.
- c) We noted that;55 companies did not submit their reporting templates, for which the total payments reported by the Government represents 1.01% in the total reconciled revenues as detailed by sector below:

Sub-sector	Number of companies	Goverment revenue after adjustments	Total non-submission companies	%
Oil and Gas sector	36	991,661	15,234	2%
Oil and Gas transportation sector	-	405,806	-	0%
Gems and Jade sector	4	411,751	56	0%
Other minerals sector	15	124,230	3,358	3%
Pearl sector	-	2,498	-	0%
Total	55	1,935,946	18,648	1%

Also, the reporting templates received from companies representing 3% of the revenues reported by the companies were not approved by an authorised company official as shown in the summary table below:

Sub-sector	Government revenue after adjustments	Not signed RT	%
Oil and Gas sector	991,661	1,356	0%
Oil and Gas transportation sector	405,806	-	0%
Gems and Jade sector	411,751	55,321	13%
Other minerals sector	124,230	6,003	5%
Pearl sector	2,498	38	2%
Total	1,935,946	62,717	3%

And finally, we noted that reconciled revenues reported by Government Agencies and SOEs, were certified by the Office of Auditor General (OAG).

Recommendation

We recommend that the MSG invite the various stakeholders and participants in the extractive sector to take measures in order to increase the coverage of the companies submitting their reporting templates and make sure they submit the certified RT.

7.1.7. Unavailability of information about the O&G artisanal sector :

According to the requirement 6.3: "Implementing countries must disclose, when available, information about the contribution of the extractive industries to the economy for the fiscal year covered by the EITI Report. It is required that this information includes The size of the extractive industries in absolute terms and as a percentage of GDP as well as an estimate of informal sector activity, including but not necessarily limited to artisanal and small-scale mining."

Following the review of the documentation regarding the extractive sector, we have not been able to find studies and information about the artisanal sector especially the Onshore Artisanal Oil Production by dry zone and their contribution in Myanmar Economy.

Recommendation

We recommend that the MSG invites the stakeholders in the extractive sector in order to prepare studies and estimations of the artisanal extractive sector especially the Onshore Artisanal Oil Production by dry zone in order to disclose its contribution in the Myanmar Economy.

7.1.8. Calculation of the OA allocation and the CSR:

Following the calculation rules set out in The letter No. Ba-4 / Budget / (5/2015), we recalculated the amount to be transferred to the OA and the other transfers. The results are set as below:

In million MMK Revenues 2,376,750 Less: Expenses e) Cash Call for Offshore Operating Cost (283, 258)f) Other Expenses (i.e. Salaries, Pension, (271,398)Variable Cost, Fixed Cost g) Transfer to OGPD (Royalty and Bonus) (352,874)Add: Other Income 1,469,220 Profit a) 5% Commercial Tax (233,671)b) 8% Specific Goods Tax (293, 326)Profit before tax 942,223 Α Income (25% x A) (235,556)State Contribution (20% x A) (188,445)Other account (OA) - (55% x A) 518,223

Following this recalculation and the amounts reported by the MOGE, we raised the differences detailed below:

List	MOGE figures in million MMK	BDO recalculation in million MMK	Difference in million MMK
State Contribution	114,832	188,445	(73,613)
Income Tax	143,540	235,556	(92,016)
Transfer to OA	683,851	518,223	165,628
Total	942,223	942,223	-

We can conclude from this recalculation the following:

The differences are due to transfers with different allocation keys which mean that the rules of 20%SC-25%IT-55%OA was not respected. The allocation was performed following the percentage detailed below:

List	MOGE % used	BDO recalculation	Difference
State Contribution	12%	20%	-8%
Income Tax	15%	25%	-10%
Transfer to OA	73%	55%	18%
Total	100%	100%	0%

Also, according to the information received from the MOGE, the CSR allocation is calculated 2% of the net result. The amount reported by the MOGE 3,408 Million MMK represents 0.36% of the net result.

Recommendation

We recommend that the MSG invites the MOGE to clarify the situation and the percentage used for the calculation of the different transfer made to the government agencies

7.1.9. Implementation of the 2019 EITI standards

The EITI Board agreed that the 2019 Standard will come into force immediately, i.e., on 30 April 2019. Implementing countries are encouraged to adopt the new Standard as soon as possible. Countries currently working on EITI Reports and corrective actions from Validation may continue their work under the 2016 Standard.

Following the anticipated adoption of the 2019 EITI standards in the preparation of the current report (despite the non-existence of an obligation to implement them¹), we faced the following challenges:

- The difficulties in reporting the information detailed by project;
- The non-publication of contracts; and
- The lack of awareness among the reporting entities.

Recommendation

We recommend that the MSG invites the stakeholders to prepare the implementation of 2019 EITI standards in the next report by taking the following actions:

- 1- Implementation the reporting by project: the MSG should follow the approach below:
 - The establishment of a practical definition of the term "project": we suggest that the MSG establish a draft definition of the term "project". This definition should be adapted to Myanmar context and the nature of its extractive sector;
 - Consultation with reporting entities: The MSG should discuss this definition with the stakeholders in order to check its feasibility and if they can report the information accordingly;
 - Collection of the feedback: after collecting the feedback of the reporting entities, the MSG should adjust the proposed definition to the context and availability of the information at the reporting entities level;
 - Adoption of the definition: the MSG should adopt the amended definition which will be used in the reporting templates of the next EITI reports.
- 2- Implementation of the employment disclosure by gender: the MSG should enhance the importance of disclosure of this information (awareness session, workshops...);
- 3- Disclosure of contracts: the MSG should continue the efforts made in order to invite the SOEs and the government agencies to made available the contracts;
- 4- Emphasize the importance of the implementation of the systematic disclosure

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¹ Following the conclusion of Myanmar's Validation of 2018, the EITI Board concludes that Myanmar has made meaningful progress overall in implementing the EITI Standard the Board has determined that Myanmar will have 18 months, i.e. until 16 April 2021, before a second Validation to carry out corrective actions.

7.2. Follow Up of Prior Years' Recommendations

We received the updated follow up of recommendations in Burmese language, the translation should be inserted in the prefinal version of this report

S	5/N	Agency	Recommendation from the 1st, 2nd and 3rd and 4th Reports	Prior Year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency	Implemented (Yes, No, Ongoing, Partially) [To update - Below satus is from last year report]	Current year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency
	1	• MSG • All Agencies	Contract Disclosure, Exploration and Export, Comprehensive Disclosure of Taxes and Revenues, Data Timeliness MSG should consider to work with government agencies to strengthen the EITI Implementation and also consider working with the government to issue an administrative order or notification to support the implementation. (1) On 28 February 2019, the global EITI Board agreed in principle to proposed changes to the EITI Requirements, including: - Contract transparency and disclosure: Disclosure of new contracts between the state and the companies, with mandatory disclosure of contracts signed or amended after 1 January 2021. - Strengthening disclosure requirements regarding state participation, transactions related to state-owned enterprises and quasi-fiscal expenditures. - Mainstreaming transparency: Encourage systematic public disclosure of extractive data instead of reliance on EITI Reporting for comprehensive disclosure of extractive data.	 MOEE Comments Regarding the Project-level Reporting it is to coordinate with the operators jointly cooperated in the projects as well as the departments/ organizations which have been performing related works for presentation in the future periods. Regarding the performance in terms of transparency besides the relevant data regarding the natural resources have been described in the EITI Report, it is required to perform feasibility study on the international good experiences for the strengthening of public disclosure of data relating to the natural resources so that Independent Administrator (IA) is requested to help and aid in this regard. Arrangement has been made on timely basis for posting the statistics and accounts of the operator and consortium relevant to Oil and Natural Gas and current situation on the MOEE Website. For posting of the updated extractive activities and data on the website, the Civic Society Organizations (CSOs) has been performing regarding such accounts/data and the Ministry of Commerce and the CSOs have been describing the export data. For the disclosure of the data regarding the Ministry of Electricity and Energy (MOEE), coordinated performance need to be done 	Ongoing	

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		The EITI Board will look into transitional arrangements and have discussed possible ways to address this, including an approach whereby the 2019 Standard would come into force immediately. It is expected that the Implementation Committee will make a recommendation in April 2019. The Cabinet of the Government of the Union of Myanmar have issued a notification dated on 29 June 2018 to support the implementation of MEITI process, urging the respective "Union Ministries, State and Regional Governments, union level government organisations were being urged to cooperate with MEITI Leading Committee, Working Committee, MEITI Multistakeholder Group and National Coordination Secretariat office in order to implement MEITI process and activities for sustainable development of Myanmar." For the fourth EITI report, only MOGE provided project level reporting for the oil and gas projects. We understand that project level data is not readily available from MONREC. To further strengthen EITI implementation, the MSG is encouraged to work with the extractive government agencies on the following actions: For the short-term purpose and for the next EITI reporting, to start early discussion on availability of government data for project-level reporting for	with the obtaining of the comment from the CSOs. Regarding the information, close watch must be done on the accuracy and correctness based on the time period in order to timely present the information and the department must perform in cooperation with the relevant departments in order to present up to date information. Regarding the Quasi-Fiscal Expenditures it is needed to know accurately the meaning of QFE. The Independent Administrator (IA) needs to thoroughly clarify the definition of quasi-fiscal expenditure. It can be understood and performed how to arrange and keep the accounts only then thoroughly knowing and understanding on the quasi-fiscal expenditures and it is required to search solution and perform in coordination and cooperation with Office of Auditor General, Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry (Budget Department) and Myanma Oil and Gas Enterprise. Independent Administrator (IA) is requested to help and provide the requirements as the departments need to study the International Financial Regulations. DOM Comments: As the agreement is required by the private investors it can be disclosed/ described after revising and amending the contracts signed by conducting separate workshops. To send an official letter to the ministries by the office of National Coordination Secretariat (NCS) regarding the compulsory description of the contracts according to the advices of the International EITI Secretariat		

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S/N	Agency	Recommendation from the 1st, 2nd and 3rd and 4th Reports	Prior Year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency	Implemented (Yes, No, Ongoing, Partially) [To update - Below satus is from last year report]	Current year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency
		sectors other than oil and gas for the next MEITI report and engage with extractive companies to support in providing the information. Revisit the confidentiality restrictions for extractive contracts, and implement changes to PSC terms, or regulations that require disclosure of information for EITI purposes an exception to any confidentiality provisions in advance of the implementation date of 1 January 2021. It is encouraged that even prior to 1 January 2021, the list of operators and contractors who were awarded contracts and their current status of operations such as exploration/ study/ development/ production should be uploaded on the website of relevant government agencies for full transparency. Extractive government agencies should consider to disclose the details of Myanmar's extractive activities on their websites to demonstrate transparency and accountability of the government sector. Such disclosures could also include data on revenue collected, production and exports, sources of data, manner of determination of values and volumes, etc., and be regularly updated. The MSG can consider to work with the government to issue an administrative order or notification to support the implementation of the above such disclosures.	and new EITI Standard 2019Myanmar Gems Enterprise (MGE) is participating in the Mining Cadastre System as advices provided and is cooperating to apply the system. • In the MEITI 5th Report it will be coordinated and performed in cooperation with the departments of the Ministry for submission of the data on project level wise. In submission of the data relating to the royalty in order for drawing up the MEITI 4th Report, the No. (2) Mining Enterprise submitted project wise data. In the future reports to be written, it shall be performed that the data relating to the mineral type wise under the same company shall be provided. • Regarding the project level, special advice is being given that it needs to be clear in the scoping of the Independent Administrator (IA) who prepared the template and the members of Multi-Stakeholders Group (MSG) and NCS office should help in setting project level. • In the 2017-2018 Report it shall be performed to describe company wise royalty received instead of the sum in total. • The data regarding the minerals exploration, survey and production have been described/ disclosed in the Website of the Ministry from since (1.4.2016), the date of the first report was written, up to date. • It is necessary to link up with the Union Attorney General's Office in order to perform according to the Ministry's existing/ prevailing law, rules, procedures prescribed security standards and classifications and it is needed to coordinate and perform in advance from now onwards • It can be provided if there is clear		

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			instruction on the required data when the template is to be filled up. Since the commencing of the stage of scoping, details should be requested/ demanded regarding the License Holder. It should be discussed and performed in the nearest Multi-Stakeholders Group (MSG) meeting. MGE Comments: Regarding the Project-level Reporting, the technology, understanding and enhancement of the staff/employee capacity are needed. By successfully doing this, regarding the project-level reporting, it can thoroughly be presented to the relevant decision makers. According to the nature of Myanmar Gems Enterprise (MGE) it cannot be fixed in detail in determining the project level reporting. Regarding the disclosure of contracts the comments of the relevant companies can become challenges. There is no data available as the exploration work is not needed for Myanmar Gems Enterprise (MGE). Myanmar Gems Enterprise (MGE) is participating in the Mining Cadastre System as advices provided and is cooperating to apply the system. MoPFI Comments: Regarding to "Disclosure", it is to be submitted by the NCS to the working committee and leading committee to coordinate with respective ministries by viewing over other EITI implementing countries. IRD Comments: Noted. This recommendation applies to MSG and extractive government agencies.		

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			DGSE Comments: Regarding with systematic public disclosure of extractive data, DGSE accepts it. For project-level reporting, DGSE has no activity to describe in project-level. For implementation of changes to PSC terms, it needs to be in line with Myanmar Mines Rules. To upload list of operators, contractors and status of operations and disclose the details of Myanmar's extractive activities on the website of relevant government agencies for full transparency, mining cadastre is going to be implemented.		
2	• All Agencies	Government agencies should make available up-to-date model contracts on their websites while working towards the ultimate goal of disclosing all extractive contracts to improve compliance. Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) for companies and cooperatives and the TIN or NRC for individuals should be included in the disclosure of permit-holder details as a unique identification number. (3) Extractive contracts were kept as confidential due to confidentiality clauses but model contract terms were provided. We understand that different operators have different terms in the contracts. Model contracts are available in the DOM's website. There was duplication of mining permits noted in the register and it was corrected during the reconciliation process. Permit-holder names were spelt	ME-2 Comments: ME-2 contracted with the companies for mining activities. Now, Directorate of Investment and Company Administration (DICA) has already installed online registry called Myco Database. So, companies' information is available at www.myco.dica.gov.mm. MOEE Comments: If the model contract is posted on the Website it will be presented after obtaining the agreement from the relevant departments. For the posting of contract in the Website coordinated performance must be made according to the EITI Standard as it can only be made by obtaining the comments from the operator and consortium who have been cooperating in the projects as well as by obtaining comments from the concerned department/ organizations. Study needs to be done in similar cases in other EITI member/candidate countries and therefore	Ongoing	

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		Disclosure of permit-holder details should include the Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) for companies and cooperatives and the TIN or NRC for individuals and instead of only using names. The MCD uses IE codes to identify the exporters and importers and HS codes to identify the commodity. If the IA could provide IE code of the companies to the MCD in the following year, it would be easier for the MCD to collect information. Through the use of MACCS, the MCD would be able to provide information on import and exports in the following year. As an initial measure, all government agencies should post up to date model contracts on their websites if full disclosure of the terms of every contract is not feasible from confidentiality issues. The ministries should then move to disclosing all extractive contracts as this will improve compliance with EITI standards and make reconciliation process more meaningful and facilitate checking if all payments received are per contract terms and to monitor whether there were outstanding receivables from the extractive companies.	the Independent Administrator (IA) is requested to provide help and aid of knowing the situation of the performance in this respect of some EITI countries. DOM Comments: • The number of license No. has been repeated/ identical as there are a variety of licenses issued based on the types of various mineral licenses. The good code system in State/Region wise has now been practised and performed in doing/ implementing Mining Cadastre in such case. Regarding the variance in describing the name of the companies, the departments, from one department to other, will be using similar company's registered name. • It should be coordinated to easily receive the TIN from the Internal Revenue Department (IRD) and it is required to link up the TIN and License Nos. • The samples of standard Contracts to be made with the Ministry have been described in the Ministry' Website and it shall be continued to coordinate with the departments within the Ministry and Union Attorney General's Office in order for the disclosure of the facts contained in the contract made. MGE Comments: The sample contract form has already been posted/ presented on the MGE Website. At present, the Rules is under drawing up and amending according to the new Myanma Gems Law and if there is new sample of contract form is coming out it will be posted/ presented on the Website.		

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			Regarding the disclosure of contract, the comments of the relevant companies could become challenges.		
3	• All Agencies	Legal framework and fiscal regime There should be a summary of legal frameworks highlighting the relevant laws, rules, orders and notifications on SOEs and government agencies' websites. (6) Relevant laws, rules and notifications are not always available on the website of relevant ministries and SOEs. The government agencies and SOEs should provide a summary of legal framework on their websites and provide links to the relevant laws, rules, orders and notifications. In addition, they should also provide a link to the relevant ministry's website where relevant. For example, a link to the IRD website could be provided and the IRD should then ensure that all up-to-date laws, rules, orders and notifications relevant to the extractive industries would be found available on the website.	Agency Comments ME-2 Comments: Department of Mines has already uploaded laws and regulations on www.mining.gov.mm . There is no further comment on this recommendation since it is being implemented to upload the notifications. MOEE Comments: Laws, Rules and Notifications relevant to the departments are presented/ posted on the Ministry's Website and posting of Laws, Rules and Notifications relevant to the Oil and Gas on the Oil and Gas Planning Department (OGPD) Website is under programming and arrangement. DOM Comments: Law and Rules have already been described in the Ministry's Website and it shall be continuing to describe the notifications in the Website. MGE Comments: In www.mining.gov.mm , the 2019 Myanma Gems Law has already been described. Currently the Rules are under amending and drawing up. IRD Comments: IRD has used its own website since 2010. IRD has provided up-to-date laws, rules, regulations, notifications, pamphlet, the latest news of the department, the	Ongoing	

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			announcement for taxpayers and the tax reform process on IRD website: www. irdmyanmar.gov.mm. IRD also upload their updated information on the Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry website: www. mopfi.gov.mm. The promulgated laws, rules and regulations of IRD are provided and updated on other ministries' websites: www. myanmartradeportal.gov.mm and www. myanmar.gov.mm. which the links of those websites are described on IRD's website to access easily.		
4	• MOEE • MONREC • MGE	License allocations The license allocation process should be transparent, formalise into regulations, and subject to independent review/audit. (7) Technical and financial criteria in awarding contracts/ permits in oil and gas and mining industry are not publicly available. The assessment on the past contracts/ permits awarded were not disclosed except for the list of bidders. For the mining industry, we understand that mining permits were granted on a first-come-first-serve basis. If more than one entity applied for the same mining block at the same time, it would be awarded to the higher bidder. Based on the information provided by the government agencies for the gems and jade sector, we understand that mining permits were granted to the highest bidders.	Agency Comments OAG comments: Regarding with mining sector, revenues and expenditures accounts were prioritized to be audited whilst one case of license allocation process was audited. For the next audited period, it will be earmarked for license allocation process to be audited. For Oil and Gas sector, revenue collection and whether it is correctly described and involved in budget account have been audited, but not license allocation process in the FY of 2016-2017 and 2017-2018. For the next audited period, it will be earmarked for license allocation process to be audited. MOEE Comments: - Awarded Lists regarding the Oil and Gas Blocks have been posted/ presented on the Website. The Terms of Conditions have also been posted/ presented with the permission of the department There has been difficulty in posting/ presenting the Detailed Marking System	Ongoing	

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		The government agencies should disclose the technical and financial criteria and applicable weightage used in awarding contracts/ permits to investors in order to improve transparency of the license allocation process. The license allocation process should be formalised into regulations and subject to independent review / audit (e.g. performed by OAG).	regarding the contracts due to the security conditions. If it is possible, the practices of other countries in this respect need to be known so that the Independent Administrator (IA) is requested to help and aid in this respect. - In performing the projects relevant to the Oil and Gas, the projects have been implemented according to the comments of State President's Office, State Cabinet Office and other related organizations/ departments. - Regarding the work performance of projects, the Office of Auditor General (OAG) has been conducting Performance Audits. DOM Comments: The Myanmar Gems Enterprise's license allocation process is described in the government's newspapers and has been presented/ posted on the department's Website. There is no difficulty for MGE if the Office of Auditor General audits the license allocation process. MGE Comments: The Myanmar Gems Enterprise's license allocation process is described in the government's newspapers and has been presented/ posted on the department's Website. There is no difficulty for MGE if the Office of Auditor General audits the license allocation process. DGSE Comments: DGSE Comments:		
			Regarding with disclosure of the technical		

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			and financial criteria and applicable weightage, DGSE has described and uploaded them on government website.		
5	• MOEE • MONREC	Register of licenses The government agencies and SOEs should maintain centralised public registers of contracts/permits with coordinates on their websites. (8) Coordinates of oil and gas blocks were provided by the MOGE but they were not uploaded on its website. The types of coordinates used in oil and gas and mining were not the same. It was found that application dates of gems and jade permits are included in the list of permits as of 1 April 2016 on Myanma Gems Enterprise website, but application dates of minerals permits were not recorded as it was not required by the Mining Rules at that time. Public registers of contracts and permits were not available. The information on the mining permit register held by the DOM and Mining Enterprises were not consistent. We understand that the permit register is not shared across the agencies. ME2 was not able to provide the coordinates for all the mining blocks in time. There are no procedures documented over the return of mining permits in Gems and Jade. The government agencies and SOEs should maintain centralised public registers of contracts/ permits with coordinates on their websites so that public will be able to access information. This should include the procedures for the return of permits.	Agency Comments MOEE Comments: The Coordinates of the Oil and Gas sector have been posted on the Website. The awarded dates regarding the blocks done for tender are as advertised in the newspapers. For the future tender processes awarded dates and date of signing the contracts shall be described on the Website. The contractual tenure/ term of the PSC is normally 20 years and it is fixed based on the production/ distribution of natural gas. DOM Comments: Although there cannot be any description during the period for the MEITI 4th Report to be prepared, initial recording teams have been formed and performed according to 2018 Myanma Mines Rules and regarding the procedures on the license-in-return, details have been promulgated in the new Rules. It is underway for the description of coordinate contained in the contracts in the Website and permit records are accumulated, maintained and described up to date from time to time. MGE Comments: Since 2016-2017 Financial Year, there are no new blocks allocation. If there will be any block allocation in the future it will be described/posted on the Website. According to the Myanmar Gems Law	Ongoing	

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			promulgated on (30.1.2019), the procedure relevant to the block-in-return is in inclusion in the new Myanma Mines Rules which is under drawing. Currently if the block is closed, the block closing arrangement/ programme is to be drawn up and submitted and it is accepted only when it is completely performed. MGE is cooperating in the process of Mining Cadastre and when the Mining Cadastre System commences, MGE will perform as the advices provided. DGSE Comments: Regarding the types of coordinates, DGSE has started using UTM system. For maintaining a centralised public register of contracts/permits, Mining Cadastre is going to be implemented.		
6	• MSG	State Participation Entities determined to be SOEs should be fully engaged in the EITI reporting process including full disclosures of information required for state participation. (11) Requirement 2.6 states that for the purpose of EITI reporting, "a SOE is a wholly or majority government owned company that is engaged in extractive activities on behalf of the government. Based on this, the multi-stakeholder group is encouraged to discuss and document its definition of SOEs taking into account national laws and government structures."	Agency Comments MoPFI Comments: During 18th MSG meeting dated 29th January 2019, it was told that Myanmar Economic Holding Public Company Limited (MEHPCL) will participate in MEITI process especially in the publication of MEITI reports. Therefore, NCS needs to coordinate with MEHPCL and MEC in order to receive the required comprehensive information for the MEITI reports. DOM Comments (MSG representative): Due to Beneficial ownership disclosure has to be implemented on 1 January 2020, Beneficial Ownership Task Force and MSG decided that companies in the scope of 4th	Ongoing	

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		MEHL and MEC are not treated as SOEs for the EITI reporting to date, but more information should be obtained such as source of financing, and if there is any financial control/ returns to the government, and to clarify if these entities are government-owned or controlled. In addition the award of permits and licences to these companies should be made transparent. MEHL was initially set up as a special company in the name of Union of Myanmar Economic Holding Limited (UMEHL) under the 1950 Special Company Act in 1990 with the Union Budget where Share "A" was held by the Ministry of Defence and the Directorate of Defence Procurement and Share "B" was held by military personnel, ex-servicemen, regiments and units, and ex-servicemenled organisations. MEHL changed its company status to a public limited company under 1914 Myanmar Companies Act in 2015 by transferring Share "A" to Share "B". MEHL is not treated as SOEs for the EITI reporting to date, but more information should be obtained such as source of financing, and if there is any financial control/ returns to the government, and to clarify if these entities are government-owned or controlled. In addition the award of permits and licences to these companies should be made transparent.	MEITI report including MEHPCL and MEC have to disclose their BO information.		

S/N	Agency	Recommendation from the 1st, 2nd and 3rd and 4th Reports	Prior Year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency	Implemented (Yes, No, Ongoing, Partially) [To update - Below satus is from last year report]	Current year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency
		If MEHL is assessed to be a SOE, it should be fully engaged in the EITI reporting process including full disclosures of information required for state participation under EITI requirement 2.6. For the fourth EITI report, MEHL participated as a reporting extractive company and the reconciliation process concluded with significant unreconciled differences between the company's and the government data. It is also expected that the Presidential Decree on BO will be released by June 2019 and companies in 5th MEITI report will have to disclose their BO information. MEHL would be required to provide the details of the shareholders and funding arrangement at that time.			
7	• MSG	State Participation Entities determined to be SOEs should be fully engaged in the EITI reporting process including full disclosures of information required for state participation. (12) Requirement 2.6 states that for the purpose of EITI reporting, "a SOE is a wholly or majority government owned company that is engaged in extractive activities on behalf of the government. Based on this, the multi-stakeholder group is encouraged to discuss and document its definition of SOEs taking into account national laws and government structures." MEHL and MEC are not treated as SOEs for	Agency Comments MoPFI Comments: During 18th MSG meeting dated 29th January 2019, it was told that Myanmar Economic Holding Public Company Limited (MEHPCL) will participate in MEITI process especially in the publication of MEITI reports. Therefore, NCS needs to coordinate with MEHPCL and MEC in order to receive the required comprehensive information for the MEITI reports. DOM Comments (MSG representative): Due to Beneficial ownership disclosure has to be implemented on 1 January 2020, Beneficial Ownership Task Force and MSG decided that companies in the scope of 4th	Ongoing	

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		the EITI reporting to date, but more information should be obtained such as source of financing, and if there is any financial control/ returns to the government, and to clarify if these entities are government-owned or controlled. In addition the award of permits and licences to these companies should be made transparent. No information was made available on the shareholdings of MEC. MEC is not treated as SOE for the EITI reporting to date, but more information should be obtained such as source of financing, and if there is any financial control/ returns to the government, and to clarify if the entity is government-owned or controlled. In addition the award of permits and licences to the company should be made transparent. If MEC is assessed to be a SOE, it should be fully engaged in the EITI reporting process including full disclosures of information required for state participation under EITI requirement 2.6. For the fourth EITI report, MEC participated as a reporting extractive company and the reconciliation process concluded with significant unreconciled differences between the company's and the government data. It is also expected that the Presidential Decree on BO will be released by June 2019 and companies in 5th MEITI report	MEITI report including MEHPCL and MEC have to disclose their BO information.		

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		will have to disclose their BO information. MEC would be required to provide the details of the shareholders and funding arrangement at that time.			
8	SOEs	State participation, Transactions related to state-owned enterprises SOEs should work towards demonstrating that they have no regulatory role to avoid any issues concerning conflict of interest. Audited reports of SOEs should be made publicly available. (9) The SOEs participating in the exclusive industries, such as MOGE, are units operating inside Government Ministries. They are not stand alone corporate entities. Their activities do give rise to material revenue including payments directly from the non-government companies involved in the extractive industries. They also act as contractors in projects. Audited reports from SOEs are provided to the IA upon request but are not publicly available at their websites or OAG's website. Although the IA was provided with SOE accounts that are previously not publicly available, details of loan financing and any equity were not fully transparent. It is recommended that all SOE financing (including guarantees), as well as any equity interests are fully disclosed by the SOEs. It is also recommended that the SOEs should work towards demonstrating that they have no regulatory role, whether initiating regulations or having oversight of	Agency Comments OAG comments: According to the Auditor General Law Article 11 (A), the Office of the Auditor General of the Union (OAG) has to submit the audited findings of financial returns/budget data in Pyidaungsu Hluttaw or Pyithu Hluttaw or Amyotha Hluttaw at least once a year. If there is any urgent, OAG reports occasionally. According to Article 11 (O), OAG reports the audited activities to the President of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar at the same time to the Myanmar Union Parliament. The OAG send the report to the Public Account Committee (PAC). After the PAC has done the analysis, verification, and evaluation on the report submitted by OAG, the report will be published on the website of PAC https://pyidaungsu.hluttaw.mm/reports. Regional/ State Auditor General reports to the Chief Minister of State/Region and the Regional Parliament as well. OAG follows the enacted Law, Rules and Regulations. The Auditor General of the Union Law 2010 was amended in 2013, 2014 and 22-Jan 2018 in which last date Amendment of the Law Article 11 (A) & (O), 25 (A) and 25 (D).	Ongoing	

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		regulations, to avoid any issues concerning conflict of interest. The SOEs should also focus and report progress on best practice governance frameworks and transparency in financial reporting such as publishing audited financial statements showing fiscal revenue and expenditure clearly to the public.	Likewise, occasionally, Regional/ State Auditor General reports to the Chief Minister of State/Region and the Regional Parliament as well. OAG submit findings report to Government Departments in EITI process and State-owned Enterprises (SOEs). Even though, the Office of the Auditor General of the Union (OAG) do not publish the report to the public directly, OAG reports the information to PAC regularly and it will be published on the website of PAC. In addition, OAG participates in the press conference. For the mining sector, there is no activity under loan. For Oil and Gas sector, there is no request letter from MOGE to OAG in order to produce the report for loans. The revenue, receivables from debt return and whether it is correctly described have been audited. For World Bank and ADB's loans have been audited with the request letters from MOGE and so, OAG will audit it when respective ministries release request letter. For the next audited period, it will be earmarked for license allocation process to be audited. ME-2 Comments: There is no any comment for it. MSG needs to take time in order to implement this recommendation. MOEE Comments: - In the Oil and Gas sector, the Oil and Gas Planning Department (OGPD) is playing regulatory role while the Myanma Oil and Gas		

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			Enterprise (MOGE) is playing implementation role. The OGPD has been performing in accordance with the guidance of the Minister's Office for the contracts regarding the oil and gas blocks. Regarding the Audited Financial Statements, the State-owned Enterprises (SOEs) have been performing according to the laws promulgated by the Office of Auditor General (OAG)(49-b) DOM Comments: For the reform process for SOE sector, MGE is currently cooperating in this process. MGE Comments:		
			For the reform process for SOE sector, MGE is currently cooperating in this process.		
9	• DOM • MGE • ME1 and ME2	Production There should be independent review mechanisms in place to verify beneficial ownership of companies and production data. (2) Significant differences were noted in the production volume reconciliation for gems and jade, and minerals. DOM, MGE, ME1 and ME2 should take initiatives to improve quality and completeness of production data for each gems and jade and minerals project through verification of revenue and production data. We would recommend that reviews should include: - Beneficial ownership of companies, including determination of whether BO	Agency Comments ME-2 Comments: There are differences in production data reported by government agencies and companies during the reconciliation phase. This is because of cut-off error. DOM Comments: • The variances occurred in checking / verification is cut off error due to the difference of financial period defined/ practised by the company and the Ministry. • Regarding the Beneficial Ownership (B.O) it has been prescribed to describe on the 1.1.2020 without fail, it shall initially be performed with the companies participating in preparing MEITI 4th Report according to the decisions/ resolutions of Beneficiary Ownership Task Force and Multi-Stakeholders Group (MSG).	Ongoing	

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		rests with offshore entities or individuals and a determination of whether such ownership is legal. - Production data by output, value and quality should be independently reviewed when possible and reconciled to sales and export data.	MGE Comments: All the production volume extracted and produced within one financial year could not be sold in the gems emporium held in such financial year. Annual verification and reconciliation on the annual production accounts and sales/revenue accounts could not be done due to the need of storing of the gems and selling of the products based on the market demand/ requirement. There are differences in between the production volume and sales volume due to the following conditions: there are gems received in the past financial years included, low grade gems not meeting the standard set for the Gems Emporium are appeared when doing the cutting and polishing of the raw gemstone and there used to be weight losses of gems. The accounts of the department are held annually audited by the Office of Auditor General and monthly audited by internal auditors as well as inter departmental audit.		
10	• All Agencies • MONREC	Exports Export data should be maintained and made readily available. (13) Export data on volume and value by commodity is not publicly available although there is aggregated export data available in Central Statistical Organisation (CSO) Year Book 2017. Although export volume and value are required to be reported to the respective government agencies, there is no proper recording or monitoring system and	Agency Comments ME-2 Comments: ME-2 has already provided export data on minerals and revenues received to IA. In order to upload it on the website, ME-2 will coordinate with Department of Mines (DOM). MOEE Comments: In the Myanma Oil and Gas Enterprise (MOGE) has kept the daily production accounts and export accounts of companies. There is also an appraisal of the export accounts. In the Ministry of Commerce and Custom Department the export accounts are being	Ongoing	

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		export data was not independently validated. For example, information on request for export recommendation was kept and the actual export data was not reported to the government agencies. The government agencies should set out procedures for extractive companies to report on export by commodity in volume and value, accompanied with customs declaration forms for export to enable easy access to the export data. For gems and jade, a significant difference was noted between the production volume and emporium sales volume. The MONREC should also ensure that the export outside of emporium sales can be identified through its reporting system. In addition, the MONREC should also require the companies to report on the volume of inventory and perform periodic physical verification of the inventory.	kept. In the MOGE the custom declaration forms together with export accounts and data of companies are systematically kept and performed. DOM Comments: It shall be performed after studying the export data contained in such CSO Year Book 2017. Although our Ministries issue the Export License Recommendation, it is required to coordinate and perform with the Trading Department whether the goods are really exported or not. MGE Comments: All the production volume extracted and produced within one financial year could not be sold in the Gems Emporium held in such financial year. There are differences in between the production volume and sales volume due to the following conditions: there are gems received in the past financial years included, low grade gems not meeting the standard set for gems emporium are appeared when doing the cutting and polishing of the raw gemstone and there used to be weight losses of gems. For the sales of gems from gems retail shops which got the license from the MGE, the shops sells the foreigners abroad with Cash Memo and the tax was collected at the time of exchanging the new Cash Memo. For the domestic sales, the sales and tax payment were appraised when the shops renew their license terms/tenure. The sales of gems retail shops are checked one in every		

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			six months. It is therefore difficult to present financial year wise.		
		<u>Data quality and assurance</u>	Agency Comments		
11	• All Agencies	SOEs and government agencies should continue to address the prior years' recommendations for accounting and other system reforms, including implementing greater automation in recording of data and reduced reliance on manual records. (5) During the data reconciliation process, we noted unreconciled differences relating to withholding tax and stamp duty payments reported by the extractive companies but not confirmed by IRD as IRD did not have such data readily available in respect of each tax payer. MCD implemented automation of system in November 2016 commencing with Yangon which improved data quality, and unreconciled differences mainly arose in the period before November 2016. DOM was not able to provide readily aggregated revenue data for not in-scope companies. The first, second and third MEITI reports have included recommendations on improving the quality of data from government including reform, strengthening and computerising government accounting systems, and establishing a country-wide single database for companies with	MOEE Comments: In implementing the works for the improvement and enhancement of the data quality by the State-owned Enterprises (SOEs) and the government departments, the Internal Revenue Department (IRD) as well as Myanma Oil and Gas Enterprise (MOGE) are to be performed in cooperation. It shall be appropriate to establish and perform Computerized Accounting System by setting an accurate software programme for the systematization of the accounts and records and financial and technical assistance in this respect is needed. IRD Comments: IRD does not have capacity to meet this recommendation at present. Aggregate salary withholding tax information is available, however cannot be presented by industry segment. It will be possible with the successful deployment of relevant functionality in the new IT system (ITAS). This is not expected before 2020 at the earliest. Taxpayer IDs do not apply to payments of Stamp Duty according to the Myanmar Stamp Act. Therefore, this may be possible with the implementation of IRD's Integrated Tax Administration System (ITAS) at some point in 2020 or later years. In collaboration with DICA, unique taxpayer identification numbers are now issued to all corporate taxpayers. IRD has commenced the process for configuring and deploying its new	Ongoing	

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		correspondingly unique Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN). The SOEs and government agencies, in particular the IRD, should continue address the prior years' recommendations for accounting and other system reforms. Greater automation in recording of data and reduced reliance on manual records would improve the quality of data and hence increase the level of assurance in the reconciliation process.	IT system which will support its transition to a modern tax administration. However, taxpayers will not experience the effects of this reform before 2020. In accordance with the Tax Reform Program of Internal Revenue Department, Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry 2017-2022, the Data Centre is started establishing in Nay Pyi Taw and Yangon using the ITAS (Integrated Tax Administration System) for taxation. It will be practiced not only for the extractive industries but also for the other industries as per the project: MMPFM (Myanmar Modernization for Public Financial Management. At the LTO office, it has been performed with small scale computer system (Tax Revenue Management System-TRMS) and all organizations under extractive industries sector are recorded. At present the procurement of an Integrated Tax Administration System (ITAS) is under way. Although it takes several years to use in the whole country, a data base system can be drawn up and used for the policy objectives. IRD is doing the reform process in accord with the timeline, and the progress of prior recommendations concerned with IRD's reform has already been sent to MEITI-NCS office. DOM Comments: As there is no ring facing by project wise, a Ring Facing System regarding the mining sector should be established by the Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry (MoPFI).		
12	• MOGE • Treasury	<u>Transactions related to state-owned</u> <u>enterprises</u>	Agency Comments MOEE Comments:	Ongoing	MFTB response : 1. There was received the request letter about the information of MFTB EURO collection account such as the

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		Payments received from extractive companies should be transferred to OGDP on a timely basis. Amounts in overseas bank accounts should be reconciled to the earnings received and remittances made. (10) We understand that the Shwe project has taken a loan under the name of Myanmar Foreign Trade Bank (MFTB) from China Development Bank. The revenue received by Shwe Project was paid to the MFTB's Euro currency account bank account in Germany and MFTB transferred the funds after leaving minimum amount of money that needs to be retained in the bank account. However, the amount that is required to be retained in the bank is not made available. As set out in Section 3.5.5, the amount transferred by MOGE to the government agencies and Union Fund (OA) in FY2016-2017 is higher than MOGE's revenue received in FY2016-2017. This is related to the transfer from MOGE to OGDP where MOGE received the revenue from oil and gas companies (Posco Daewoo and SEAGP) at the MFTB bank account in Germany but transferred to OGDP at a later timing from the date of receipt of funds in its MEB bank account. The below table sets out the MOGE's revenue based on invoices raised to POSCO Daewoo, the funds received in the EURO bank account, payment transfers raised by MFTB and amounts received by	- The minimum amount of money that needs to be retained in the Bank by the Shwe Project is in accordance with the terms agreed in the Loan Contract. - Regarding the payments by the extractive companies, the OGPD is accepting and performing only the royalty and signature bonus relevant to the OGPD. - The verification and reconciliation of the money transferred and earnings received by date wise was audited by the Office of Auditor General (OAG) every year. Treasury Department Comments: Regarding the recommendation 9.1, only Myanmar Foreign Trade Bank (MFTB) can be aware of this as the EUR Facility Agreement had been signed between MFTB and CDB on 30-11-2010 to implement Shwe Project with a loan taken from China Development Bank (CDB), the People's Republic of China.		amount which need to maintain in EURO collection account and procedure of payment order issue. 2. Regarding to above matter, MFTB reply the information are as follow: 1. MFTB was operation perform the foreign currency received of state own enterprise from oversea countries and remittance to foreign countries. MFTB issued PO which was equivalent to Myanmar Kyats to respective departments when foreign currency received from foreign currency and the remittance made by MFTB to foreign countries for loan principle and interest repayment of trading and non-trading of respective departments in accordance with the order form budget department. 2. According to the contract which made between the MFTB and China development Bank, amount received from Myanmar of repayment source project are deposit to EURO collection account which opened at the Bank of China, Frankfurt. MFTB inform to MOGE when money received in EURO collection account and send copy to Budget department. Payment Order (PO) was issued by MFTB to MOGE and make reconciliation in real time situation. There is not difference till now. 3. There was only the transactions of received from repayment source projects and issued PO and remaining PO outstanding balance. MFTB make reconciliation in real time situation and continuing issued the remaining PO outstanding balance. 4. MFTB does not available to know the how much income received form the repayment source project. There does not described the how much income received by loan contract. The information can available from the JV agreement which made between the paying parties as project implementation partner as the SEAGP (South East Asia Gas Pipeline Company limited) Daewoo International Cooperation including MOGE parties. MFTB can only available the total received amount in EURO collection account. 5. There had been explained about the income record of

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		MFTB. The significant payment made from MOGE to OGDP in the Financial Year 2016-2017 is arising from the revenue received in the Euro bank account in previous financial years, but only transferred to MOGE's MFTB bank account in FY2016-17. All payments received from extractive companies should also be transferred to OGDP on a timely basis. The amounts in the overseas bank account should be reconciled to the earnings received and bank transfers to OGDP to date.			MOGE in relation with loan from China Development Bank by the representative of MFTB at the meeting which conducted at MEITI NCS office. 6. The income record of MOGE is not only included the income which related to China Development Bank but also included the others income sources. Therefore, MFTB reply the require information should request directly to MOGE.
13	• SOEs • MoPFI	Distribution of extractive industry revenues There should be clear policies and procedures over usage of extractive revenue collected by the Government agencies. OAG should audit all the bank accounts, including bank accounts of all the SOEs, and consider to make the audit reports publicly available. (14) The SOEs Financial Management: No. Ba Kha - 3/ 20 (547/ 2012) dated 3 April 2012 sets out that with effect from 1 April 1 2012, the SOEs shall be operated commercially and on their own financial strength. The SOEs' profit and loss account shall be calculated based on the total revenues and the total expenditure, and the income tax on the profit must be paid according to the income tax law (25%) and 20% of profit shall be distributed to the Union. The surplus fund balance could be carried forward to the next fiscal year in the SOE's Union Fund	Agency Comments OAG comments: OAG annually check the bank accounts (SEE and OA) that are included in the Union Budget and it also describes when reporting templates are verified. If the authorized persons requested for the auditing of the Union Fund Account-Other Account (UFA-OA) in accordance with the Auditor General of the Union law, OAG performs accordingly. For 2017- 2018 Fiscal Year, the SEE and OA accounts from MGE in the Union Budget and the one OA which is requested with official letter have been audited. MOEE Comments: - The tax/revenue for the Myanma Oil and Gas Enterprise has been paid periodical wise in accordance with the fixation of the Internal Revenue Department (IRD). The Office of Auditor General (OAG) is verifying and reconciling the cash payments and cash receipts relevant to the tax payment. Within the departments of the MOGE and MoPFI tax/	Ongoing	

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		Account - Other Account. Sections 2.3.5.2, 2.3.5.3 and 2.3.5.4 sets out details of the UFA - OA for the extractive SOEs and it was noted that the total revenues received and total expenditure was budgeted as the Union revenue and allocated to the expenditure of the Union accordingly. The balance amount of the funds in the OA is treated as a liability to the government. In 2019, the National Economics Coordination Committee (NECC) issued a decision which is approved by the Union Government, that in respect of the SOEs' Other Accounts, the annual surplus shall be transferred to the Union Government's Budget with effect from the fiscal year 2019/20. However, it is not clearly prescribed how the remaining surplus in Other Accounts at the end of FY 2018/19 would be dealt with. We noted that the Union Government through MoPFI has been coordinating with the relevant bodies issue notifications to prescribe the clear action plan for any surplus funds in Other Accounts at the end of FY2018/19 (e.g. transfer to Union Budget after budgeting for necessary amount to be retained in SOE for investment or expenditure purpose). MoPFI informed on 26 April 2019 that permission was given at the Union Government's Meeting on 14 March 2019 to adjust and transfer the funds in the	revenue and payment and receipt transactions are being performed with documents as well as soft copies. If these daily routine works are to be done paperless system it is required to make programming and design appropriate software accurately. The capacity building is also needed regarding the application of such software. For doing such work, the financial and technical assistance are needed. In order for the financial accounts to become digitalized system for the departments, the support and aid is needed to be provided by the Independent Administrator (IA). MGE Comments: MGE pay once in every three months according to the budget provision. MGE's annual Other Account (OA) and Accounts of State Economic Enterprise (SEE) are audited by the Office of Auditor General (OAG)		

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		Other Accounts of the SOEs into the Union Fund. Based on MoPFI Letter SaBa/Finance-4/1/1(550-2019) dated 28 February 2019: • All state-owned economic enterprises that have opened the Union Fund Account UFA-OA (Other Account) are to proceed only with the UFA-SEE account starting from the 2019-2020 Financial Year. All allocations and expenses must be incurred from UFA-SEE account within the permitted limit of Union Budget. • Accounts associated with the Union Fund included in the balance of the Union Fund Account (UFA-OA) as of 30 September 2019 must be transferred to the UFA-SEE account after being inspected and approved by the OAG. All remaining balance of UFA-OA that has been inspected and approved by the office of the Union's Auditor General is to be adjusted and transferred, and UFA-OA Accounts must be closed. We noted SOEs are not making quarterly payment of income tax. SOEs should comply and make quarterly income tax payments to the IRD Spending policy and procedures from UFA (Other Accounts) were prescribed in the Citizen Budget that is publicly available. Changes in the UFA (Other Accounts) for the year were provided in the reporting template. Details of UFA (Other Accounts) were later provided by the SOEs. Based on the Audit Report on the Union Budget for FY 2016-2017 (previously available			

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		online), it was found that not all the bank accounts of SOEs were audited by the OAG. For example, MGE has five bank accounts and the number of other accounts audited by the OAG was reported as one. OAG should audit all the bank accounts, including bank accounts of all the SOEs, and consider to make the audit reports publicly available.			
14	• All Agencies	Contribution of the extractive sector to the economy The government agencies should consider systematic disclosure and regular update of employment data for the extractive industries on their websites. (4) Employment data for all the extractive industries is not available. The employment data disclosed in this report is based on the data reported by the reporting entities. We recommend that the respective government agencies should require periodic (or at least annual) reporting of headcount at the extractive companies and within the government and maintain employment information for the sector. The government agencies are also encouraged to consider systematic disclosure and regular update of extractive data on government websites, including employment data for the extractive industries. We understood that	Agency Comments ME-2 Comments: The employment data of companies that were jointly implemented with ME-2 during the fiscal year of 2016-2017 has already been sent to MEITI-NCS office dated 22nd April, 2019. MOEE Comments: - In the Myanma Oil and Gas Enterprise, there are staff/ employees statements/records for those companies joint ventured with MOGE Independent Administrator (IA) need to help and provide Reporting framework for systematic keeping of records/statements in the department according to the EITI requirement and in order for posting updates on the webpage as the companies are currently keeping the staff/employees record according to their own formats and arrangements shall be made in coordination/cooperation with the relevant organizations in order for systematic keeping	Ongoing	

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		the DOM has already published employment information on their website.	with such framework. DOM Comments: It has already been sent to the NCS Office. MGE Comments: As the staff/ employees records/statements are kept monthly basis and used to send it to the Ministry once in every three months (quarterly), such records/ statements shall be presented/ posted once in every three months on the department's Website in the future. DGSE Comments: Regarding employment data of extractive industries to be disclosed and updated on government websites, DGSE has already sent employment data for 2016-2017 Fiscal Year. Later, they will be uploaded on government website		
15	• MOEE • MONREC	Social expenditures by extractive companies A formalised reporting framework for mandatory CSR expenditures should be implemented to facilitate consistent reporting of information required by the EITI Standard. (15) MOGE has published discretionary CSR expenses of the companies operating on their website. However, there were inconsistencies in the reporting templates, reporting periods, currencies etc. The other extractive sectors do not publish discretionary CSR expenses of the companies operating under them. There is	Agency Comments ME-2 Comments: Companies reported their CSR activities which were implemented until the current reporting period, and after contracting with the companies in accordance with 2018 Mining Rules, they will provide more accurate data. MOEE Comments: - For those projects operating and implementing the oil and gas works, the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) works are being performed by the companies in accordance with the guidelines given by the Myanma Oil and Gas Enterprise (MOGE). The	Ongoing	

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		no mandatory CSR expense at present other than MOGE's 2% Mandatory CSR Expenditure. The government agencies should adopt a formalised reporting framework for the companies so that consistent information is available for reporting. There should also be full disclosure on the beneficiaries of mandatory CSR expenditure in accordance with EITI requirement 6.1 by the companies or SOEs.	CSR programmes being implemented by the companies have been described and presented in their annual reports. For the systematic recording and performing of the CSR programmes done by the companies and the MOGE, Independent Administrator (IA) is requested to fix and provide the Reporting Framework and the coordinated performance must be made with relevant organizations for the similarity/uniformity of report in line with such framework. DOM Comments: In the past EITI Reports, it was described as it was presented by the company and if the contracts are to be signed and performed, the rules for CSR have already been prescribed according to the new Myanma Mines Rules promulgated in 2018 in order to systematically manage the expenditures of Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) MGE Comments: Regarding the Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR), it is fixed to use 2% of the total investment in the 2019 Myanma Gems Law and it is being performed in inclusion of such provision in the Myanma Gems Rules, which is under drawing. DGSE Comments: For adopting a formalised reporting framework for the companies' CSR activities, DGSE accepts it.	year report]	
16	MSG	EITI Reporting Period	Agency Comments	Ongoing	
		MSG should have early discussion to	MSG Decisions:		

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	determine the periods to be covered for the next MEITI reports. (16) In November 2017, the government announced a change in the Myanmar fiscal year to the 12 month period from 1 October to 30 September. The Union Taxation Law 2018 ("UTL 2018") which is effective from 1 April 2018 also sets out further guidance stating that for all taxpayers apart from the state-owned enterprises, the fiscal years shall be the period from 1 April 2018 to 31 March 2019, followed by 1 April 2019 to 30 September 2019 and only thereafter the government fiscal year is to be adopted starting from 1 October 2019. In view of the change in fiscal year and the different fiscal years for private companies and the government during the transition period (i.e. government fiscal period is from 1 April 2018 to 30 September 2018 followed by 1 October 2018 to 30 September 2018 followed by 1 October 2018 to 30 September 2018 followed by 1 October 2018 to 30 September 2019 discussion on the periods to be covered for data reconciliation for future MEITI reports.	According to 20th MSG meeting decisions number 13, regarding with the reporting period for 5th MEITI report to cover 12 months or 18 months due to changes in fiscal year, it is decided that it need to consult with the International EITI Secretariat and tentatively it is decided to cover just 12 months due to the extension issues. After that, NCS consulted with the International Secretariat and they replied to us as follows: The international secretariat's advice on this matter is that the 5th Myanmar EITI report should cover the 12-month period from April 2017 - March 2018. This report will be due by 31 March 2020. After that, you have two options. You can either do a one-off report covering six months, and then move to the new calendar for the following reports. An alternative would be a one-off report covering 18 months, but with this option we will need to further discuss the deadline to make sure data submitted is not older than 2 years. We therefore suggest you go for the first alternative for the 6th Myanmar EITI report, which would then cover only six months. However, if you do go for a solution where the 6th report only covers six months, we suggest that for the procurement of the next IA you include (in the ToR) that the same IA works on both the 5thand 6th report. In 21st MSG meeting conducted on 3 May		

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			2019, MSG decided that 5th MEITI report to be covered only 12 months from 1 April 2017 to 31st March 2018 and 6th MEITI report will cover only 6 months from 1 April 2018 to 30 September 2018 and then 7th MEITI report will be followed by 1 October 2018 to 30 September 2019 with the same Independent Administrator for 6th and 7th MEITI reports. MoPFI Comments: It is to be carried out that all taxpayers will be levied taxes with effect from 1st October, 2019.		
17	OAG	Reliability of the data reported According to EITI Requirements, the reliability of data is one of the critical points for the evaluation of a country's transparency and consequently one of the important criteria during the compliance process. The Office of the Auditor General do not publish any reports relating to audits carried out on Government Agencies. We requested audit reports from OAG for the Government Agencies involved in the extractive sector and these documents are not available for the public. With the purpose of ensuring the reliability of financial information relating to the extractive sector in accordance with international standards we recommend to review the regulation to make OAG reports publicly available in order to raise awareness and importance of the extractive sector in Myanmar.	OAG communicated to the IA all the audit reports of the Government Agencies and SOEs involved in the EITI process for the fiscal years 2014-2015 and 2015-2016. However, these reports are not publicly available.	Partially	Comments from OAG According to the Auditor General Law Article 11 (A), the Office of the Auditor General of the Union (OAG) has to submit the audited findings of financial returns/budget data in Pyidaungsu Hluttaw or Pyithu Hluttaw or Amyotha Hluttaw at least once a year. If there is any urgent thing, OAD reports occasionally. According to Article (O), OAG reports the audited activities to the President of the Republic of the Union of Myanmar at the same time to the Myanmar Union Parliament. The OAG send the report to the Public Account Committee (PAC). After the PAC has done the analysis, verification, and evaluation on the report submitted by OAG, the report will be published on the website of PAC https://pyidaungsu.hluttaw.mm/reports. Regional/ State Auditor General reports to the Chief Minister of State/Region and the Regional Parliament as well. OAG follows the enacted Law, Rules and Regulations. Attorney General of the Union Law 2010 was amended in2013, 2014 and 22-Jan 2018 in which last date

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					Amendment of the Law Article 11 (A) & (O), 25 (A) and 25 (D). Likewise, occasionally, Regional/ State Auditor General reports to the Chief Minister of State/Region and the Regional Parliament as well. Recommendation made in the second and third reports, the Department of Internal Revenue has taken some actions to address the issue of deferred payment related to income tax payments. These actions are included in the comments sent by the Internal Revenue Department. OAG submit findings report to Government Departments in EITI process and State-owned Enterprises (SOEs). Even though, the Office of the Auditor General of the Union (OAG) do not publish the report to the public directly, OAG reports the information to PAC regularly and it will be published on the website of PAC. In addition, OAG participates in the press conference.
18	IRD	Delay in issuing CIT payment receipts CIT payment receipts are issued by IRD with considerable delay. In fact, extractive companies do not receive payment receipts upon money transfer. Payment receipts can be issued by IRD with a delay that can reach one month. The gap between the payment/transfer date made by the extractive companies and the accounting records of the IRD causes significant discrepancies in the reported data. Several companies reported CIT final payment for the year 2013-2014 and presented proof that transfers were made during March 2014. The IRD did not report these payments as receipts were issued during April 2014 which is outside the reconciliation period.	IRD implemented some actions in order to address the issue of delayed payments receipts related to the payment of the Income Tax. These actions are described in the following IRD comment: IRD comment: IRD has made the following efforts to urge companies for tax compliance: - Informed to submit income declaration form - Invited for investigation in accordance with their annual tax payment - Checked the submitted reports - Asked to provide more information if required - If completed, calculated the amount for taxation (need to pass different levels of authorities)	Ongoing	Comments from IRD: March 2019 update: Current capacity levels within IRD present continuing challenges for timely processing. This will be further exacerbated by the need to process twice the volume of transactions as result of the introduction of a transitional six month tax year from I April to 30 September 2019. Present efforts to deploy a new IT system with operational effect from sometime in 2020 will drive a major overhaul of IRD processes and procedures for greater efficiency and improved processing timeliness. However this will present immediate benefits for those taxpayers operating under the Self-Assessment System. Expansion of this population will occur in the period 2020-22.

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		We recommend that CIT payment receipts are issued upon receiving transfers from companies. This will avoid cut-off errors in the reported data. IRD should review the process and identify weaknesses that causes the delay in producing the receipts.	- Having calculated the amount to be taxed, recorded in a register and made entries in e-RTS, issued Tax Requisition Form (Pa Ta Kha (oc)-(8) as per the provision 53 of the Income Tax Law and three-folds chalan for payment - Companies need to pay taxes at the respective Myanmar Economic Bank once they got a chalan. One piece of chalan is to be kept by the tax payer whereas the other one will be kept by the respective bank and the rest by the respective IRD office. If the tax payer paid the tax in foreign currencies in 2013-2014, they had to pay taxes at Myanma Foreign Trade Bank (MFTB) or Myanma Investment and Commercial Bank (MICB), then needed to forward the P.O to the respective IRD offices due to the fact that foreign currency accounts can't be opened up at those offices at that time. Only then has the P.O been received, the IRD offices issue a chalan which states equivalent kyats of cooperate income tax to be paid, whereby tax payers can deposit the tax amount as per the chalan at the nearest Myanmar Economic Bank. That's the main reason of why actual payment date and chalan issued date are different. However, after large taxpayers' office have been set up since 2015, unnecessary bureaucratic procedures are being cut off for tax payers to pay tax more easily.		No change except for the fact that implementation of the new IT system anticipated in the last report will now not occur with full functionality before 2024. Prior to that time, it is anticipated that around an additional 4,000 taxpayers will enter the self-assessment system from October 1. 2020.
19		Future EITI scope EITI requirement 4 requires the production of comprehensive EITI Reports that include full government disclosure of extractive industry revenues and disclosure of all material payments to government by oil, gas and mining	The scope of the second and third Myanmar EITI reports was widen by the inclusion of payments from Gems and Jade sector beyond the emporium and the Oil and Gas transportation companies and by reconciling the production and exports data. We	Partially	Comments from MGE: In 4th MEITI report, the reporting template was filled up with allocation of permits, production, payment of jewellery tax, sales at emporium, permit order, in-kind share, social responsibility, income tax payment and environmental conservation. Also, details of UFA (OA)'s

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		companies. We make the following recommendations which MEITI could consider in this context: • Include the production in the reconciliation process; • extending the coverage of the Gems and Jade sub-sector revenues by including all revenues collected and not only those received from emporium; and study the possibility to include hydro, forestry, fisheries and others; • reconcile revenues collected by SOEs from companies with the transfers made by SOEs to the MoF; • extending the coverage of the report by reducing the materiality thresholds and by considering other relevant criteria for Gems, Jade and other minerals; • include transportation revenues in the reconciliation scope; and • disclosure of social expenditures desegregated by project and beneficiary; In setting its annual work plan, MEITI should cover the extractive sector in full and consider the progressive extension of the EITI scope.	understand that Myanmar is preparing its First EITI forestry report as well.		earnings and expenses with extended scope was included in the template.
20		Definition of the Beneficial Ownership The 2013 EITI Requirement recommends that beneficial owners of companies which bid for, operate and/or invest in the extractive industries are made public (see below for EITI standard provisions on beneficial ownership). This is a mandatory requirement for government and state owned enterprises, and could become a requirement as from 2016 for private or unlisted public companies, including	A definition of Beneficial Owners (BO) and Politically Exposed Persons (PEP) has been set up by MSG for the 2nd and 3rd MEITI reports. The extractive companies include in the scope of reconciliation of these reports have requested to disclose information about BO and PEP. However, MSG decided that this disclosure is voluntary. We noted that all the companies (when applicable) failed to disclose information about BO and PEP in their reporting	Partially	Comments from MGE: Five gems companies were part of BO pilot project. Two MGE officials are currently involved with the BO Task Force. There is collected the information of 84 companies via BO onlene form which are included in the 4th MEITI reports.

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		partners in joint ventures. Myanmar does not currently have a publicly available register of the beneficial owners of the corporate entities that bid for, operate or invest in extractive assets. A brief on the proposed definitions for Beneficial Ownership and Politically Exposed Persons was circulated to Steering Committee members at the MEITI scope validation meeting but has yet to be further discussed at the Committee level. The appropriateness of the beneficial ownership definition proposed in the scoping report needs to be addressed by the MSG on the basis that EITI multi- stakeholders will give their feedback in order to agree the percentage shareholding in a company that a person has to hold or controls in order to qualify as a beneficial owner and take necessary action to implement the beneficial ownership reporting process. The MSG should also agree whether Politically Exposed Persons, who otherwise benefit financially from the company, are also considered to be beneficial owners." In this connexion and after agreeing the BO definition and reporting process, we recommend that MEITI Secretariat should ensure that reporting entities are made aware of the importance of the BO declaration. Particular attention should be given to the ownership of companies which are not owned by listed companies or SOEs. Furthermore, we strongly recommend that training should be provided to	templates. There is no register of Beneficial Owners in Myanmar. MOGE comment: A consultative workshop was organized in Novotel Hotel on 23rd and 24th of March 2017 and international companies were also invited to submit their expression of interest for the beneficiary ownership. DICA comment: - Disclosing the information of an approved investment project at www.dica.gov.mm within 24 hours after the MIC meeting that approved the project, organizing a press conference, uploading investment information by sectors as well as by countries are being conducted List of companies registered at DICA is also being uploaded in the DICA's website (www.dica.gov.mm) The DICA is coordinating with Mspiral International Design and Web Development Agency for the betterment of the DICA's website thanks to the supports of GIZ There is no separate section yet at DICA for registering beneficial owners of the cooperate entities According to provision 38 of the Myanmar Investment Rules (MIR) enacted on 30th March 2017, it is mentioned that an investor needs to submit a summary of proposed investment in which it is a must to include information regarding the investor and any other person holding a significant direct or indirect interest in the investment and provide other information as directed by the commission if necessary.		

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		companies on BO reporting requirements. During training, the BO template should be presented and instructions and guidance notes should be provided for the preparation of BO declaration. It is also recommended that MSG launches a consultation with Government along with extractive industry companies engaged in the country to agree a standard format for companies to display, substantiate and update ultimate beneficial ownership information according to EITI Requirement 3.11. For this purpose, the MSG could consider the setting up of a sub-committee in which Civil Society Organisations, regulators, companies, experts and other stakeholders are represented. This committee will allow for an exchange of information on the effectiveness and future developments of disclosure rules and regulations.	- The provision 45 of MIR also states that the commission can publish the summary of the proposal for public awareness In addition, the provision 199 of MIR also calls for publication of an annual report submitted by an investor within three days after submission on the investor's website or DICA's website for public information. MONREC comment: In order to submit a beneficial ownership (BO) road map to the international EITI secretariat office on 31st of December 2015, a road map was drafted in a workshop with the presence of the government, the civil society (MATA), the private sector (MFMA) and Natural Resource Governance Institute (NRGI) on 15th of December 2016 at Royal ACE Hotel in Naypyidaw. The draft BO road map was then reviewed in a two-day review workshop organized at Novotel Hotel in Yangon in last March (23-24 March 2017) by presenting all important stakeholders such as the government, MATA, MFMA and NRGI together with Ms. Gay from EITI secretariat office and Ms. Shona from the World Bank, so as to have the road map finalized. In addition, the ministry is also negotiating with subcommittee and MSG in order to hire a BO Consultant.		
21		Military holding companies The EITI Standard requires the disclosure by SOE(s) their quasi-fiscal expenditures such as payments for social services, public infrastructure, fuel subsidies and national debt servicing and to develop a reporting process with a view to achieving a level of transparency commensurate with other payments and revenue	MEC has been selected in the reconciliation scope of the 2014-2015 and 2015-2016 MEITI reports in application of the materiality thresholds described in the Section 4 of this report. Payments received from UMEHL will be included in the report through unilateral disclosure from Government Agencies and SOEs.	Ongoing	Comments from MGE: Union of Myanmar Economic Holdings Limited (UMEHL) and Myanmar Economic Corporation (MEC) are involved in gems extractive industry. They were part of the scoping study from FY 2013-14 to FY 2016-17 and filled up the reporting templates and also include in scoping study of FY 2017-2018.

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		streams, and which should include SOE subsidiaries and joint ventures. SOEs are also required to disclose their level of beneficial ownership in mining, oil and gas companies operating within the country's oil, gas and mining sector, including those held by SOE subsidiaries and joint ventures, and any changes in the level of ownership during the reporting period. We understand that the two large military holding companies, UMEHL and MEC, hold important positions in Myanmar's economy, including in the mining and gems sectors. We also understand that these two conglomerates which report to the Directorates of the Defence Services are organised under laws which provide protections and privileges to state-based companies. We also understand that until 2014, these companies were exempt from certain taxes and contributions applied for private mining companies. We recommend to address the issue whether UMEHL and MEC should be treated as SOEs for the next EITI Report and included in the scope, irrespective of the materiality threshold. Accordingly, these companies will be required to disclose: • prevailing rules and practices regarding their financial relationship with the government; • level of beneficial ownership in mining, oil and gas companies; • payments and contribution to the national budget; • their quasi-fiscal expenditures such as	However, MSG may consider Military Holding companies and their subsidies as specific entities which are risky and therefore should be subject to higher level of scruting, including request to submit an auditors' specific attestation, specific interviews, and / or analysis and auditing of specific transactions within their accounts.		

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		payments for social services, public infrastructure, fuel subsidies and national debt servicing; and · transactions relating to loans or loan guarantees granted to mining, oil and gas companies operating within the country.			
22		Publication of statistics and information on the extractive industry The EITI standard stipulates the disclosure of contextual information and regulations in the extractive industry, including the disclosure of: · an overview of the extractive industry in terms of reserves, regions, current structure and size, significant exploration activities etc.; · contribution to the economy in terms of employment and export levels; · government revenues generated by the extractive industry and funds earmarked for specific programmes / geographic regions and sub-national transfers; and · public information on license allocations, register of licensees, beneficial owners, contract terms, etc. Currently, Myanmar EITI Secretariat does not have a comprehensive database including extractive operators, contextual information and statistics on the sector. The contextual information in this report was collected from dispersed sources and meetings held with Government Agencies. Most of the information collected is not available to the public. Some analyses were limited due to the lack of statistics in the sector such as employment. We also noted that many figures such as exports and production vary from one	Except the information communicated for the purpose of preparation of the 2nd and 3rd MEITI reports, we did note any progress in the publication of contextual information related to the extractive sector by the Government Agencies. MOGE comment: The Myanmar Investment Commission has already enacted the Myanmar Investment Law, in which how employment shall be done by investors to have a balance between international and local personnel is explained. Besides, taxes gained from extractive companies and SOEs are being paid to the Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry on a monthly basis as well as an annual basis whereas those facts and figures are also being publicized through CSOs. MONREC comment: The statistics and information regarding the government revenues generated from the extractive industry and funds allocated for separated plans; license allocations and registration; law, related rules, orders and instructions and sample contracts have been sent to Moore Stephens that will do independent reconciliation for the second MEITI reporting. That information will be officially disclosed to the public once through organizing press conferences and launching	No	Comments from ME1: Regarding with the publication of statistics and information on the extractive industry, the production data, permits, and lists of blocks related with No.1 Mining Enterprise are published on department website. Comments from MGE: In order for a mineral cadastre system, the Mineral Cadastre Working Group led by the Department of Mines was formed and trainings are underway. Two MGE officials are in the Working Group. A jade website, www.openjadedate.org, was completed with the cooperation between the MGE and Natural Resource Government Institute (NRGI) and launched in Yangon in May 2018. It is publicly available now. Based on the nature of gemstone sector in Myanmar, the Supporting Committee on gems sector will pay attention to Policy Making Theory that incorporates the following points. (A) Agenda setting/ Identification of issues or problems) (B) Policy formulation (C) Policy adoption/ legitimization (D) Policy implementation (E) Policy assessment/ evaluation Plans on Myanmar gemstone policy monitoring and evaluation, and implementation will be included in Chapter (5) and (6) of the Myanmar Gemstone Policy. Comments and suggestions are being requested on 36 policy statements of the Myanma Gems Policy, which have been approved as final draft.

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		source to another (See Section 3.11 of this report). In order to enhance the integrity, accuracy, reliability and accessibility of contextual information, we recommend that MEITI Secretariat, MoM, MoE and CSOs publish contextual information at least annually including: the industry potential, the contribution to the economy, the strategy for the sector, relevant events and facts, current regulations and upcoming changes, amongst others. We also recommend that the MSG assists the EITI Secretariat with adequate resources in order to consider implementing reporting requirements that are similar to the international directives regarding accounting and transparency.	event. In addition, the website (www.mining.gov.mm) has been being updated with statistics of cadastral mines licensed by the ministry since May 2015.		Comments from DOM Although there is no publication on statistics and information on the extractive industry, state-owned enterprises of Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation (MONREC) such as Mining Enterprise 1 (ME1) and Mining Enterprise 2 (ME2) upload and update their production data and open tender system on the website of www.mining.gov.mm monthly and on a year basis. The statistics and information regarding the government revenues generated from the extractive industry and separated plans allocated from Other Account (OA); license allocations and registration; law, rules, regulations, orders and instructions and sample contracts have been sent to Moore Stephens through MEITI-NCS for 2nd and 3rd MEITI reports. As the press release and report launches for the 2nd and 3rd MEITI reports have been done, the public awareness has been raised. The up to date information on the mining area lists and data are published on the Ministry's website www.mining.gov.mm since May, 2015. The initial registration team accepted the mineral areas application since 1-8-2018 and the application lists are published up to date on www.mining.gov.mm.
23		Register of licenses The EITI Standard requires implementing countries to maintain a publicly available register or cadastral system including comprehensive information regarding each of the licenses pertaining to companies covered in the EITI Report. This register should cover the following information: i. license holder(s); ii. coordinates of the license area; iii. date of application, date of award and duration of the license; and iv. in the case of production licenses, the	The progress on the implementation of unified Mineral Cadastre System is described if the Section 3.3.16 of the report.	Ongoing	Comments from ME1: In register of licenses, MONREC initiate for the implementing Mineral Cadastre System under the management of Ministry. Comments from MGE: Myanmar Gemstone Law was enacted on January 30, 2019 and the development of Myanmar Gems Rules are in process. After that, the MGE will follow in accordance with rules. MGE publicized the licening procedure on public newspapers and ministry website. There is included the assgiment of blocks licening procedure in Myanmar Gems Rules which enacted on 30th January 2019. MGE is only accepted the blocks closure which are jointly extraction with government after the mine closure plan

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		commodity being produced. We noted that the current permit register has the following weaknesses: i) it is not available online; ii) transfers of mineral rights are not computerised; iv) intensive manual manipulation required to extract the list of licenses; v) licences are not systematically pre-numbered. We recommend that the Mining Cadastre ensures that all records are computerised and kept up to date. This would then allow the generation of reports of all licensed operators with relevant details. An online cadastral system should be installed, which includes information on coordinates of concessions and transfers of mineral rights as well as fees paid. The MoM and the MoE should have official online cadastre maps with details of licences.			report submitted. Comments from DOM The consultant Mr. Enrique Ortega was hired with the World Bank's funding in order to establish the Mining Cadastre System for Myanmar EITI process for 2017-2018 Fiscal Year. He visited to Myanmar three times and has performed the consultation for Mining Cadastre process and presented the recommendations. According to his recommendations, the Pre Cadastre Working group was first established with (11) staffs and Mr. Chorn Nak was hired as the consultant. The Mining Cadastre Working Committee of the MONREC, including the (9) senior officials, is established and led by the Director General of the Department of Mines (DOM) under the notification no. (13/ 2019) dated 17-1-2019. Comments from MOEE: The JV companies working on the onshore/ offshore Oil fields are permitted with Myanmar Investment Commission (MIC) Permit, not under licensing system.
24		Government accounting systems During the reconciliation work, we noted that government accounting systems are not always set up in such a way that it is easy for Government Agencies to provide information required for EITI purposes and to report on a timely basis. The records in departments and SOEs under the MoF, the MoM and the MoE are kept using manual systems. This made the collection of information time-consuming and prone to error. It also makes management of the information and the control over Government revenues more difficult. Government Agencies do not use Tax Identification Number. Payments are recorded in most cases using companies'	Many reforms with relation to the government accounting system are being implemented by the different Government Agencies. These reforms are as follows: IRD comment: A reform process is being undertaken in IRD to have a modern and effective tax management system installed since 2012 with the supports of international organizations such as IMF, World Bank, ADB, ITIC, JICA, OECD and OTA (USA). Two strategies employed in tax reforms include the transformation of taxation system from OAS to SAS, and from current commercial tax system to value added tax system. Similar to other countries, large taxpayer office (LTO) has been set up to enhance transitions towards SAS system since 1st April 2014 and a	Ongoing	Comments from ME1: For Government Accounting system, ME 1 does not have comments because the Ministry have submitted the implementation progress. Comments from MGE: Starting the 56th Myanma Gems Emporium in 2019, jades lots for display/ sale are only accepted with company names under the company registration list of Directorate of Investment and Company Administration (DICA). Regarding license allocation and registration, the list of worksites that are considered vacant after the end of permit duration is uploaded to www.mining.gov.mm and <a <="" href="https://www.mining.gov.mm" td="">

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		names. In several instances, we noted that payments were allocated to the wrong company because the company name was misspelt or because the company name is similar to other companies. This renders the identification of payments per company laborious as payments can be made by other entities on behalf of the company. We recommend that the Government introduces appropriate computerised systems to record and control information relating to taxation and revenues. We also recommend that the Myanmar Tax Authorities (IRD and Customs Department) implement the use of Unique Tax Identification Numbers for all taxpayers in order to avoid unnecessary confusion and mistakes. TIN would also lead to information being reported reliably and efficiently.	counsellor from USOTA has been recruited to help the system be in place. Based on the suggestions of international experts from LTO, taxpayer identification numbers (TIN) have been issued using tax revenue management software (TRMS) as taxation software is not yet ready. Likewise, TINs have been granted to medium taxpayers as well from medium tax payer office (MTO). Besides, TINs are being issued to tax payers who want to start using SAS system in accordance with the tax they pay. In order to develop a digital taxation system, IRD is preparing to procure integrated tax administration system (ITAS), which is a commercial off-the-shelf taxation system based on international taxation standards, with the World Bank loan and supports for Myanmar modernization of public financial management project (M-MPFMp) and with the technical expertise being provided by the tax administration and IT experts from the World Bank and IMF. Electronic taxpayer registration system being part of the ITAS, transitions towards the employment of TIN could be properly implemented in accordance with the tax reform plan. MOGE comment: MOGE has started using a computerized accounting system for salary payments and store accounting in the Head Office and the offices in Yangon Region. When the Naypyitaw Head Office uses a computerized accounting system for monthly reporting of cash budget, commercial budget, trial balance, etc., to the higher authorities and in preparing annual balance sheet, field offices can only employ a computerized		March 2019 update: In collaboration with DICA, unique taxpayer identification numbers are now issued to all corporate taxpayers. IRD has commenced the process for configuring and deploying its new IT system which will support its transition to a modern tax administration. However, taxpayers will not experience the effects of this reform before 2020. 2020 update: See earlier comments - the new core IT system in IRD will not be fully functional before 2024. Comments from DOM The Fiscal Modeling Workshop was held with the collaboration of DOM and Natural Resource Governance Institute (NRGI) to have the accurate tax for the State, to be more beneficial in comparing the projects including the production expenditures, to record the information related to the revenues. Under our Ministry, the communication between departments has been done via the online system, e-government system, computerized database and the departments are cooperating to implement the Mining Cadastre System. Comments from Customs: 1. Regarding export/import under the Myanmar Custom Department, a good international practice: Myanmar Automated Cargo Clearance System (MACCS) was initially implemented in Yangon area in November 2016 and Myawadi Trade Zone in June 2018 respectively. The import companies have first to do User Registration on MACCS. When require documents are completed, Importer/Exporter Codes (IE Code) are issued to the companies. Those IE Code represents individual company like TIN. If the company list (scoping study) is matched with IE Code for the purpose of reconciliation in the forthcoming EITI report, the company name, tax revenue, and reference will be easy to identified specifically and

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			accounting system for other accounts rather than salary payments and store accounts. DICA comment: With regard to the introduction of an appropriate computerized system, information of the companies registered at DICA are being recorded using a company registration software developed by Myanmar Information Technology Co., Ltd. DICA is coordinating with the ADB to implement an electronic registry system. DICA is working closely with Data Focus Co., Ltd. to be able to set up an investment database starting from the budget year 2017-2018. In addition, a FDI Pilot Survey is being conducted in order to have a reliable information with the financial supports of EU-ASEAN COMPASS and the technical supports of IMF. Capacity building trainings are also being provided to the staff for documentation and database development. MONREC comment: Since it is planned to include the information about computerized mining cadaster (MCS) that can record all license information in one place in the second MEITI report, the World Bank has committed to support one million dollars for MEITI implementation in 2017-2018. Evidently, the ministry has learnt that one million dollars has now been budgeted by the bank for MCS. At the same time, Mr Morten Larsen, a mining specialist, and Mr. Jesus Jose Artieda, GIS & Cadaster Consultant from the World Bank visited to the ministry in last October 2016 and conducted a pre-feasibility study for a week		able to avoid misleads and complication. As Myanmar Custom Department, it will be budgeted to change from currently using IE Code to TIN using in the other departments then it will be more accuracy. 2. Furthermore, please be informed the implementation updates on the recommendations such as if Myanmar Custom Department built a specific database upon the company list (scoping study), it can only be a small change and it can provide accurate data on timely basis. Comments from MOEE: MOGE has started using the computerized database for staffs' salaries and store accounting list for the Nay Pyi Taw Headquarter and the Yangon Branch. In Nay Pyi Taw Headquarter, the computerized database is used in monthly reporting to the senior officials for the monthly cash budget, the commercial budget and the financial statement, and recording the yearly financial statement. However, in the regional branches, the computerized system is used for other lists rather than salaries and store accounting.

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			in order to implement MCS. In addition, Mr. Morten Larsen and Mr. Chorn Nak, a mining cadaster specialist and consultant, visited again and discussed about MCS at the Department of Mines on 8th of August 2017 and subsequently conducted a knowledge sharing workshop on the following day, followed by a meeting with the responsible ministerial officials on 11st. Moreover, the ministry is actively participating in subcommittee and MSG to be able to recruit an international mining cadaster consultant.		
25		Budget comprehensiveness and transparency The EITI standard requires that the EITI Report should indicate which extractive industry revenues, are recorded in the national budget and whether these include cash or in-kind payments. When revenues are not recorded in the national budget, the allocation of these revenues must be explained. According to the Union budget for the year 2013/2014, the revenues are detailed by source such as revenues from Ministries and department revenues, State Owned Enterprise Revenues and NPT development committee. The Union budget for FY2013/2014 does not show specific line for the extractive sector revenues. Figures mentioned for each ministry or SOEs are detailed by sector or activity and include total revenue collected from all sectors. As a result, we were not able to determine the contribution of the extractive sector in the State revenues. Furthermore, there is extensive use of "other accounts" in the	The Union Budget Law does not include details related to the revenues from extractive sector and information about the Other Accounts. However, we understand from the below comments from MoPFI that these information are included in the Citizens Budget. MoPFI comment: The department expressed its receipt (In Cash) and the material collected by (In Kind) from the mineral resource extractive industries in the Current revenue account issued in the annually published Union Budget Law. According to annual Union Budget Law, the revenue of mineral resources extractive industries sector do not mention a specific topic. However, the related revenue & expenditure of mineral resource extractive industries are expressed in details in Citizens Budget (Citizen's Budget) publication which is intended for citizens to ensure open and transparent Budget and to know the revenue of the extractive industries sectors. The status of the purpose of opening OA Account, the opened patterns of OA Account,	Partially	Comments from Budget Department: 1. Regarding to the recommendations on comprehensiveness and transparency of Budget for 2013-2014 EITI Report, the extractive industries State-owned Economic Enterprises (SEEs)' current revenue was released in MMK that was received not just for In Cash but also In Kind in accordance with the Annual Union Budget Law and Other Accounts were also published in the Citizen's Budget 2016-2017 to promote budget Transparency. 2. Regarding UFO-OA of SEEs, "Public talks on Myanmar Economy" led by Deputy Minister of MOPFI were Brocasted in the MRTV and released on daily newspapers to ensure public understanding. 3. It is to be informed that with regard to the current actions on Other Account balance per book-keeping standards, the work-in progress are being implemented with the decision of National Economic Coordinatiing Committee (NECC) with approval of Union Government.

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		budgetary system in Myanmar. These 'other accounts' are essentially accounts held by ministries and SEEs at the Myanmar Economic Bank (MEB) for management of their own resources. Functioning modalities and use of these accounts were not provided to us. As a result we cannot provide explanation on rules and practices governing transfers of funds between the SOE(s) and the State, retained earnings, reinvestment and third-party financing as requested by Requirement 3.6 of the EITI Standard. In order to improve the transparency and comprehensiveness of the budgeting process, we recommend that the Ministry of Finance considers whether own-source revenues from extractive sector could be redefined as normal budgetary revenue and whether more information need to be disclosed with regards to "other accounts" in the budget.	the expenditures incurred from OA Account, the payments to OA Account are expressed with the title of financial management of State-Owned Enterprises and other information related to accounts published in the Citizen's Budget plan (2016 - 2017) for the clear public understanding. Regarding the recommendation on the revenue from mineral resource extractive industries, it should be separated and should be described with the title of Normal budgetary. Although the revenue of the State-owned enterprises (SEEs) working as the mineral resource extractive industries displayed together, the revenues details of annual current budget submitted to Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry are listed by title of sale revenue, dividends revenues from the service of partnership contract. Budget Department comment: Incomes, either in-cash or in-kind, from the extractive industries gets published as normal incomes in Union Budgetary Law, which is published every year. The yearly published budgetary law hasn't yet elaborated the detailed headings of extractive industries from which the incomes were generated. However, Citizen's Budget, that is published to improve budget transparency by highlighting how extractive industries play a role in nation's income, entails incomes and expenditures regarding those extractive industries. To enhance peoples' understanding, information regarding OA Accounts such as the purposes of opening up OA Accounts, the status of those accounts set up so far, the		

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			settlement of expenditures from those accounts and how incomes are remitted into the accounts is clearly mentioned with the title namely 'Financial management plan of the State Owned Enterprises (SOE)' in the Citizen's Budget published in 2016-2017. With regard to the recommendation 'to make a separate reporting on incomes from extractive industries as normal budget', though the SOEs doing extractive industries illustrate collective incomes in Union's Budgetary Account, they entail separate incomes items such as sale incomes, benefit shares from joint venture and other incomes in the Normal Budgetary Account, that needs to be submitted to the Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry every year.		
26		Enactment of EITI reporting regulations EITI is established by the Presidential Decree 99/2012 of December 2012 which formally established EITI and states the Government's intention and commitment to implement EITI. However, we understand that the EITI reporting obligations are not covered by any other Law organising the process of collection in the current Legislation. This is one of the main reasons which led to delays to submit EITI reporting templates by some extractive companies and also the lack of contextual information's covering the extractive sector in Myanmar. We recommend to develop a legal framework for EITI in Myanmar including an EITI law that can be harmonised with existing legislation. The law can include provisions relating to:		No	Comments The MEITI Work Plan includes the following two activities: Research to recommend legal options to EITI institutionalisation; and Developing a draft EITI Law or amendments to Sectoral Laws. The 11th MSG meeting held on 14 and 15 February 2018 decided to conduct a review of the existing policies and legislation to explore formulation of EITI policy and legislation. The draft TOR for this project was prepared and discussed at the 12th MSG meeting held on 16 March 2018 and sub-committee meetings. There are more than 40 policies and legislations related to Extractive Industries. Technical and Reporting Sub-committee conducted on 11 March 2019 was done in order to finalize the ToRs for Report on Legislative Institutionalization of EITI in Myanmar and reviewing of existing policies and legislation will be organised in 2020. The amendment for existing laws as well as promulgation of new law is being undertaken at the Parliament.

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		§ reporting obligations for extractive companies and Government Agencies alike, while specifying the level of disaggregation of the data to be submitted; and § a time schedule for updating and publishing forms and instructions and selection of the reporting entities and submission of declarations and completion of all reconciliation work.			was initiated at the Phyithu Hluttaw (Lower House). The developing a draft EITI Law or amendments to Sectoral Laws will be undertaken after reviewing the existing policies and legislation. In addition, the Cabinet of the Government of the Union of Myanmar issued a notification dated on 29 June 2018 to support the implementation of MEITI process. It states that ''MEITI is a process that supports the country economic policy to raise financial resources with strong and transparent public financial management system. Furthermore, respective ministries, State and Regional Governments, private sectors and civil society organisations were being urged to participate deeply in MEITI process as a mainstreaming because MEITI is implementing practical, beneficial and sustainable forwarding reform actions for the country and public. Therefore, respective Union Ministries, State and Regional Governments, union level government organisations were being urged to cooperate with MEITI Leading Committee, Working Committee, MEITI Multi-stakeholder Group and National Coordination Secretariat office in order to implement MEITI process and activities for sustainable development of Myanmar." MGE Comments: May 2018 Starting in January, the Central Committee's budget committee UFA (OA) has been transformed into the Union Fund (another list) and the annual audits are being reviewed by the Union Auditor General's Office. Preparing for MGE's Annual Report Release in collaboration with NRGI. Licenses, the list of blocks that have been expired and licensed as a free-standing block is published monthly at www.mge.gov.mm . Press release on relevant Regions / States Timely issues of the exhibition. To have access to natural resources in the long-term sustainable mining production projects in the areas of the Department of gems and jade mining companies the ability to affect the environment, than the economic

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					benefits that result from more preferential conditions based on the environmental impact assessment report EMP -Environmental Management Plan to Lone Khin/ Hpa-Kant gems track activity has occurred to maintain the environmental damage from South Australia Valentis & Coffey Co. Lead by local company Geosystems Engineering Myanmar Company. Participate in the development of the EMP -Environmental Management Plan and the private companies are preparing the EMP and submitting the requirements to the Department of Environmental Conservation and the requirements of the project. In the future, the companies will be required to submit the Initial Environmental Examination (IEE) for the mining concessions. EMP presentation will be conducted.
27		Allocation of licenses The EITI standard requires the disclosure of information related to the award or transfer of licenses pertaining to the companies covered in the EITI Report, including: a description of the process for transferring or awarding the license; the technical and financial criteria used; information about the recipient(s) of the	We understand that the new Gemstone Law (actually drafted) will include the procedures for awarding licenses for exploration and production. MONREC comment: First come first serve policy is employed in awarding licenses for exploration of minerals. However, an auction system is practised to award licenses if the proposed	Ongoing	For license allocation, applications of license are accepted since 27th July 2018 in accordance with Mining Rues 2018. Comments from MGE: It will be carried out in accordance with Myanmar Gemstone Law enacted on January 30, 2019 and coming rules. There is not issued the licence of new blocks from

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		license that has been transferred or awarded, including consortium members where applicable; and any non-trivial deviations from the applicable legal and regulatory framework governing license transfers and awards. The mining legislation does not precise if bidding procedure is to be applied for the award of licences or permits or the application of the principle of "first come, first served". However, the right to the production permit is guaranteed in case of the discovery of a deposit by the holder of prospecting permit. We recommend that the MoM reviews the current legislation to state clearly the process used for awarding licenses and when a round of bidding should be conducted with the highest bidder obtaining the concession. This will ensure transparency and could also generate higher revenues.	exploration areas fall into an area with certain mineral reserve, upon which many investors are of interest. On the other hand, according to the provision 25, Section A of the Myanmar Mines Rules (1996), the ministry shall grant a large scale mine production permit if the application is made by a holder of mineral exploration permit. An auction system was once used in awarding licenses for mineral exploration. However, license renewal and awarding of new licenses have been suspended for the time being. On the other hand, the ministry is planning to include the procedures for awarding licenses for exploration and production in the new gemstone rules that is currently being formulated.		FY 2016-2017. Comments from DOM: The mining licenses are permitted in accordance with the amended law of the Myanmar Mining Law published on 24-12-2015 and the newly Myanmar Mining Rules published on 26-7-2018. The mineral study permit is processed with the First Come, First Served system. The areas with the certain production of mining ore which have high interest rate are permitted with the bidding system. In the section (34) of the newly published Myanmar Mining Rule, it is mentioned that if the person who has the mining study permit has applied in accordance with the permit rules and regulation, the large-scale mining or the mediumscale mining permit can be authorized. It has been mentioned in details under the section 155 of the newly published Myanma Mining Rules regarding the licenses transfers in mining sector and it is allowed in accordance the section (157) of that Mining Rules. However, transfers of license is not allowed under Myanma Gems Law in gems and jade sector. Comments from MOEE: The JV companies working on the onshore/ offshore Oil fields are permitted with Myanmar Investment Commission (MIC) Permit, not under licensing system.
28		Confidentiality provisions in PSCs The model PSC used by MOE contains confidentiality provisions preventing public disclosure of information relating to Oil & Gas operations by both parties (MOGE and the operators). This issue was addressed by the MOGE before the reconciliation stage by providing to each company selected in the scope a letter of consent allowing them to disclose information about the amounts paid to MOGE and the MoF However, over the long term such	MOGE comment: MoEE will disclose confidential contract information once both parties (MOGE and its contractors) agree to do so even though PSCs between them usually contains confidentiality provisions preventing public disclosure of contract information. The MOEG also provided that information when the first MEITI report was being prepared.	Yes	

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		provisions should be amended to allow disclosure for EITI purposes and include an EITI reporting obligation on the operators and MOGE. These amendments should be considered for the forthcoming contracts and those currently being negotiated.			
29		Strengthening transparency at the subnational level We understand that there is no regulation or procedure allowing the distribution of extractive revenues to region/states and local population in Myanmar. We also understand that the influence of illegal mining in the regions is particularly problematic in terms of negative health impacts and environmental effects, poor safety standards and monitoring, and in some cases human rights violations. In order to strength transparency and promoting good governance in extractive sector, we recommend to review the mining regulation in order to setup a fair revenue sharing mechanism of extractive revenues between central and local level. It is also useful to reflect the establishment of subnational EITI units in mining regions/states such us Mandalay and Magway regions and Rakhine and Shan states. This process can provide a valuable forum for dialogue at the state/regional level on the distribution/collection of extractive revenues and environmental and social issues associated with the extractive industries. We also recommend the involvement of General Administration Department (GAD) in local resource	MONREC comment: The Table 2-F of the 2008 constitution defines the rights of state and regional governments and those have been enacted in the provision 6 and 10 of the amended Myanmar Mines Law (2015). The Law Amending Myanmar Gemstones Law Rules is currently being discussed at the Hluttaws and the ministry is trying to enact a new mine rules.	Ongoing	Comments from ME1: In Strengthening transparency at the subnational level, the Mining Rules (2018) was stated the permission for management on small and medium mining fields for regions and state and it was started for implementation. Comments from MGE: Since January 2018, Central Committee Account has been renamed as UFA (OA) and its annual account has been audited by the Office of the Auditor General of the Union (OAG). To sustain natural resources, the MGE has asked extractive companies to develop the environmental management plan (EMP). In doing so, an EMP for Lonekin/Hpakant area is jointly developed by the Australia-based Valentis & Coffy Co. in partnership with Geosystems Engineering Myanmar Co. for the conversation of environmental damages caused by jade extraction there. Private companies also prepared EMPs for their mining sites and submitted to the Department of Environmental Conservation for necessary amendments. In future, companies that are granted permits for gems extraction will be asked to prepare and submit initial environmental examination (IEE) and EMP. Comments from DOM: In accordance with the table (2-F) of the 2018 Constitution, the states and regions have the right for the distribution of the revenues from the exctractive sectors. It is also stipulated under the section (6) and (10) of Myanmar Mining Law 2015. The respective states and regions are working on the publishing the law. The Subnational Coordition Units (SNUs) are established to

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		local efforts to increase transparency.			SNUs have been formed in Mandalay, Sagaing, Magway and Shan State, and the formation of SNUs in the rest of states and regions will be processed.
30	IRD	Strengthen the institutional capacities of the IRD Myanmar has significant mineral and other natural resources which are being extracted widely. However, these resources contributed only about 17.8% of total revenue in 2015-2016. The Asian Development Bank (ADB) estimates that its revenue to GDP is 4.0% in 2011-2012, which is well below the region average and even below the fragile states average of 22%. Potential revenue from minerals is lost due to: • weak mineral and other extractive industries revenue collection capacity at the IRD; • weak mineral and extractive industries revenue policy analysis and revenues forecasting capacities at MoPFI; • weak capacities to monitor compliance with Oil & Gas and mining contracts and verify production amounts, exports, and global prices at the SOEs; and • lack of an effective extractive industries governance structure to promote transparency, accountability, and responsibility in the management of extractive industries Therefore, we recommend: • the establishment of an Extractive Industries Revenue Unit within the IRD. The establishment of this unit will enhance the institutional capacity of the IRD to collect adequate revenue from the extractive industries; • to conduct	Although the reasons contained in the EITI report is partially correct it cannot represent the whole picture of the process. The most important basic principle shall be the Government must have the capabilities to collect the data regarding the extractive industries, auditing of works/accounts, taking action practicing relevant laws. If there are no such capabilities it shall be most difficult for the revenue departments to collect the volume of revenue which should be collected from the relevant extractive industries. The Government has such capabilities only in the Oil and Gas sector. Such capabilities are weak in minerals, gems and forestry resources and the Government's capacity to take action especially in the border areas where many resources are extracted. For the effective management of extractive industries, the Internal Revenue Department needs to have higher capacities as well as law enforcement and abilities to take action are needed in these areas where these industries are located. Another most important point is more information exchange and cooperation and coordination are needed among the relevant government departments. The present status of information exchange and cooperation and coordination has never reached up to the satisfactory stage.	Ongoing	Comments from IRD: March 2019 update: IRD technical capacity levels preclude the establishment of industry specializations at this point in time. However significant technical assistance has been and continues to be provided by donors in connection with the oil & gas industry. In consequence, staff in the Large Taxpayer Offices are better enabled to respond to related revenue risks and taxpayer expectations. 2020 update: No change.

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		training needs assessment covering the areas of tax audit, risk-based tax audits, data exchange, transfer pricing, • the establishment of procedures and systems to administer extractive industries revenue including an assessment and audit strategy; • to set up a data base of all companies and other entities in the extractive industries for taxation purposes; • to set up a Research Team responsible for drafting research and policy documents; and • to conduct a study on the Harmonisation of Mineral Taxation Regimes and the consolidation of fiscal regulations.	It is recognized that the Internal Revenue Department is weak in its internal capacity in tax policy and tax governance. The Internal Revenue Department has been implementing and performing basic reforms in these two areas. Such reforms will help build internal capacity in managing extractive industries. However, it would have to take time to reach up to the stage of effectively managing the extractive industries while capacity building works are rapidly performed.		
31		Suggestions relevant to EITI To establish a revenue collection unit (Branch) for extractive industries at the Internal Revenue Department (IRD). By establishing such unit, internal capacity of collection of revenue which should be collected from the extractive industries will be enhanced.	Response from the Internal Revenue Department (IRD) In order to establish the modernized and capable tax revenue management system, and the initial phase of reform programme, the Interval Revenue Department (IRD), Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry has established the LTO (Large Taxpayer Office), which is using the Self-Assessment System since 1st April 2014 after receiving the approval on 30th August 2013. In addition to that the MTO (Medium Taxpayer Office) no. (1) has also been set up and using the using the Self-Assessment System since 1st April 2017. As these offices are taxpayer offices are the largest taxpayer offices in Myanmar and they are collecting tax revenue not only from the extractive industries but also for the commerce and manufacturing sectors. Most of the Companies under the extractive industries sector are places in the Large Tax- payer Office (LTO Office). In this LTO Office there are (3) audit teams formed and	Ongoing	Comments from IRD: March 2019 update: See updated response to previous recommendation. Circumstances and status remain unchanged. IRD will continue to develop the capability of its staff. 2020 update: No change.

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			capacity building training courses for Oil and Gas sector have significantly been provided. Such training courses have been supported by the NORAD. According to the present status/situation there is no sufficient manpower in the Internal Revenue Department to manage all extractive industries. According to the reforms programs, arrangements have been made to implement sustainable capacity building works from time to time. It is reviewed that there can be decrease in the long run by scattering the human resources/manpower and aid and support to (many sectors) even in this condition of less capacity.		
32		EITI Sub-Recommendation (1) To study and identify the training needs assessment to cover the areas such as the revenue auditing, risk-based tax auditing, data exchanging, transferred pricing.	Response from the Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Internal Revenue Department has assigned the staffs as per their relative levels to study the tax auditing, transfer pricing, tax reform management training, trainings for the avoidance of double taxation agreement, oil and gas revenue management training, tax policy and expenditures related with tax revenues workshop, policy and activities training, technical support training and more-effective and efficient Integrated Tax Administration System (ITAS) trainings in order to be able to work efficiently and effectively. All of these training had already been conducted by foreign experts from World Bank, OTA, IMF, NORAD, etc. After conducting the above-mentioned trainings, the staffs are able to apply the skills and expertise that they learned from the trainings and it enhanced the capacity of staff for sustainable developmen The training needs assessment works were conducted and		Comments from IRD: March 2019 update: Circumstances and status remain unchanged. 2020 update: Capacity building efforts continue with the support of donors as outlined for previous update

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			the implementation of reform programs have also been approved. As a result of training needs assessment, the risk-based tax auditing work is provided to be mainly done. The NORAD has provided trainings for the Oil and Gas works and the auditing works are also practically being performed. Similarly, the World Bank supports the trainings related to transfer pricing. The purpose of these trainings is to do audit efficiently according to the staff qualification/efficiency or to extend the qualification of the staff.		
33		EITI Sub-Recommendation (2) To establish and perform the procedures and systems including tax supervision and revenue auditing strategy for the collection and management of revenue from the extractive industries	Response from the Internal Revenue Department (IRD) The audit strategy is already finished and the auditing on the general accounts and auditing on the oil and gas sector has been implemented phase by phase in LTO (Large Taxpayer Office) collaborating with NORAD. Furthermore, the auditing is implementing in line with risk management and the audit manual is already set up. All of these steps are already included in Reform Process and currently implementing on it. The IRD would like to say that higher efficiency of performance is badly needed for the management as the extractive industries sector is complicated. At present the Internal Revenue Department has no such kind of efficiency. The auditing strategy has been drawn up and the procedures for general works auditing and oil and gas sector auditing have been provided. It is also important to understand the limitation of efficiency in this part. The individual staff ability must be enhanced and more difficulties can be encountered if starting with more complicated sectors from time to time.	Ongoing	Comments from IRD: March 2019 update: Circumstances and status remain unchanged. 2020 update: No change.

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34		EITI Sub-Recommendation (3) To establish and perform data base for all companies and firms/teams for revenue collection in the extractive industries sector	Response from the Internal Revenue Department (IRD) In accordance with the Tax Reform Programme of Internal Revenue Department, Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry 2014-2024, the Data Centre is started establishing in Nay Pyi Taw and Yangon using the ITAS (Integrated Tax Administration System) for taxation. It will be practiced not only for the extractive industries but also for the other industries as per the project: MMPFM (Myanmar Modernization for Public Financial Management which will be started in December 2019. The present running system of the Internal Revenue Department is based on the manual system. At the LTO office, it has been performed with small scale computer system and all organizations under extractive industries sector are recorded. At present the procurement of an Integrated Tax Administration System (ITAS) is under way. Although it takes several years to use in the whole country, a data base system can be drawn up and used for the policy objectives.	Implemented	Comments from IRD: March 2019 update: Status: See earlier progress update. 2020 update: The data analysis capability anticipated by the new IT core system for IRD will not be available before the 2024 year.
35		EITI Sub-Recommendation (4) To establish and perform a research team (unit) to undertake to prepare the research and policy papers/reports.	Response from the Internal Revenue Department (IRD) Internal Revenue Department, Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry restructures the organization in line with the tax reform process as per the meeting decision of Union Ministers' cabinet meeting no. (12/2014) dated 19 June 2014. There are 11 units in new organization structure and the research and policy department is in included as one of the 11 units. At this moment, a policy division has been established. The IMF team and the NORAD team are also helping this	Ongoing	Response from Internal Revenue Department (IRD): March 2019 update: Current levels of technical capability in IRD preclude the establishment of a sustainable research team or unit for this specialized purpose. IRD deploys its existing capability across this and a range of other policy and research focuses to the extent that it can do so. 2020 update: No change.

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			unit to build capacity regarding extractive industries. The re-writing of income tax law in order to build a basic of law to effectively collect the revenue from the extractive industries and the building of capacity are included in their helps. In re-writing the new income tax law the provisions of international revenue collection such as the transfer pricing (not included in the present income tax law) shall be included. Because of this long-term work, it is able to provide certainty, clarity and accuracy for both the tax payer and the Internal Revenue Department (IRD) from time to time.		
36		EITI Sub-Recommendation (5) To conduct a study and assessment for balanced performance of revenue collection of extractive minerals and integrated performance of financial regulations	Response from the Internal Revenue Department (IRD) The new tax revenue is currently drafting and the extractive industries is included as separated section. Once this new law is enacted, it will be more beneficial and effective for the extractive industries.	Not Implemented	Response from the Internal Revenue Department (IRD): March 2019 update: The recommendation calls for technical assistance which is not currently available to IRD. 2020 update: The existing Production Sharing Contracts (PSCs) have been jointly reviewed by National Economic Coordination Committee (NECC) and PSC review working group (led by MoPFI) and the observations/suggestions are provided to the relevant agency. With the assistance from World Bank and NORAD, revenue forecasting activities are being done to estimate the revenue from extractive industry sector. In addition, the new income tax law (draft) includes a separate chapter for taxation of extractive industry sector, with an aim to avoid any revenue loss and to collect the right amount of revenue from this sector.
37	Various	Lack of unique Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) used by all Government Agencies for the identification of the extractive companies We recommend that all the Government	Comments from IRD Internal Revenue Department has started using the Taxpayer Identification Number (TIN) at (Large Taxpayer Office) LTO using the computer system since financial year 2014-2015 and the use of TIN is being	Implemented	Comments from IRD: March 2019 update: In collaboration with DICA, unique taxpayer identification numbers are now issued to all corporate taxpayers.

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		Agencies use a unique TIN to record the payments received from extractive companies. This will require continued close cooperation between the different Government Agencies in order to address the situation of existing companies. With regards to the new companies, the TIN should be allocated at the moment they are set up. The TIN should be communicated to all Government Agencies and should be quoted for every company to avoid any ambiguity.	expanded phase by phase at MTO (Medium Taxpayer Office). It is targeted that the new tax management system will be applied to the whole of the Internal Revenue Department on 1 April 2019 during the financial year 2019-2020. On the other hand, not only the extractive industries but also other government agencies related to ITD should use the TIN as same as TIN number used by IRD. In order to use the same TIN and develop the system, the information technology and network system is required to installed as well as the new law is needed to be enacted in compliance with the International Standard.		2020 Update: IRD coordinated with Directorate of Investment and Company Administration (DICA), Trade Department and Customs Department so that Single Registration can be done among these departments. As a result, Trade Department has been using Taxpayer Identification Numbers (TINs) as a Unique ID instead of Importer/Exporter Registration Number since it operatinalizes its Myamar Trade Net 2.0 Online Licensing system on January 5, 2020. IRD is conducting initial meetings with e-ID system working group of Ministry of Labor, Immigration and Population in order to issue TIN numbers to individual taxpayers. The e-ID system issues a specific number once a person is enrolled as a resident. This specific number will be used as individual TIN number for tax purposes.
38		Consider setting a resource revenue sharing system for extractive revenues Oil, natural gas and mineral revenues are generated in nearly every state and region in Myanmar, with the most important onshore interests lying in Bago, Kachin, Magway, Mandalay, Sagaing, Shan and Tanintharyi. In these areas and others, extractive activities have significantly impacted livelihoods and the local environment. Taxes and fees collected from extractive companies form part of the State Fund Accounts and are programmed to be spent towards projects and expenses for the entire country. There are no specific projects for which revenues collected from mining companies are allocated to. Given that local communities are the ones directly affected by extractive activities, the government should consider setting up			Medium Term Fiscal Framework has been practiced since 2015-2016. The demands of State/Regional Financial funds are filled up based on the calculation of MTFF. Tax sharing is carried out using six indicators under Medium Term Fiscal Framework (MTFF). 1. Total population 2. poverty index 3. Area 4. Per capita tax collection 5. Per capital GDP 6. Urban population as percent of Total State population (-) Political agreement is required for a resource sharing system.

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		a special fund arising from revenues earned from extractive companies or revenue sharing mechanisms so that these may be allocated towards projects that would contribute to: • the rehabilitation and development of communities impacted by extractive operations. • mitigate or prevent violent conflicts; • respond to local claims for benefits, based on ideas of local ownership; and • promote regional income equality between resource and non-resource rich regions. For better transparency and efficiency, the revenue sharing system would require stakeholder consensus on any revenue sharing formula, as well as legal codification.			
39		Lack of transparency of SOEs We recommend that MoNREC and MoEE take reasonable steps to publish an annual aggregate report that covers all SOEs and make it a key disclosure tool directed to the relevant stakeholders including the general public, the parliament and the media. The following information may be included in the annual aggregate report: A general statement on the State's ownership policy and information on how the State has implemented this policy (i.e. Information on the organisation of the ownership function as well as an overview of the progress of SOEs, the relationship between SOEs and the Government, SOEs mandate, role in licensing, conflict of interest management);	Comments from DOM Although the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation has prepared their step in this year to set out the standard requirements of the State-owned Economic Enterprises and private Companies, the State-owned Economic Enterprises under the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation is less transparent than the Oil and Gas sector. The State-owned Economic Enterprises under the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation are less disclosure on information regarding their joint venture businesses, income, expenditures (or) conditions in relationship with the sub-contractors. Besides there are no performances to be more transparent (or) accountable with the works related to the Military/Tatmadaw (Armed Forces).		Comments from DOM: MONREC is collaborating in the SOEs reform process in order for SOEs to have clear duty and responsibilities, to have capacities in accordance with the International Standards, to increase revenue from SOEs, to reduce the cost and to promote management capacities. Besides, Extractive Sector SOEs Reform Workshop was held at Horizon Lake View Hotel, Nay Pyi Taw on Feb 21 & 22, 2019. The Senior Officials from the respective departments related with the SOEs transparently presented and discussed the current implementations of economic management, laws, rules and regulations, way forwards and challenges. Comments from ME1: Regarding with the recommendation 7.1.4 Lack of transparency of SOEs, the activities of Ministry, production data, tax revenue, notifications and instructions were published and updated on Ministry website. In new mining rule, the tender system is using for the mining fields explored from government and the

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		Aggregate financial information and reporting on changes in SOEs' boards; Key financial indicators including revenues collected, profit, cash flow from operating activities, gross investment, transfers to the government, spending); and Information on individual reporting on the SOEs. We also recommend to complete the transformation of SOEs and separate their current regulatory function into another part of the MoNREC/MoEE, to remove conflicts of interests, leading to better long-term regulation of the extractive sector.	According to the information obtained by the general public, the legislation, nature of work, mandates and duties and responsibilities are not clear. In some cases, there are dual roles and responsibilities as business partner as well as regulator in running the businesses. In the annual consolidated report, the following points may be included and contained: (a) General declaration on the information about the State-owned policies and how these policies are being implemented (for example information about who own and how possess and summary of the progress of the State-owned Economic Enterprises, relationship between the State-owned Economic Enterprises and the Government, the mandate of the State-owned Economic Enterprises, the role of obtaining licenses, conflict of interest management) (b) Issuance of news regarding the change of Boards of the State-owned Economic Enterprises and consolidated financial information. (c) Income collected, profits, income flow from running businesses, net investment, transfer to the Government, financial spending. (d) Information regarding the individual reporting on the State-owned Economic Enterprises.		mining fields that are being applied from more than one person. Comments from MGE: (A) In 4th MEITI report, the reporting template was filled with allocation of permits, production, payment of jewellery tax, sales at emporium, permit order, in-kind share, social responsibility, income tax payment and environmental conservation. Also, details of UFA (OA)'s earnings and expenses with extended scope was included in the template. (B) Based on the nature of gemstone sector in Myanmar, the Supporting Committee on gems sector will pay attention to Policy Making Theory that incorporates the following points. (A) Agenda setting/ Identification of issues or problems) (B) Policy formulation (C) Policy adoption/ legitimization (D) Policy implementation (E) Policy assessment/ evaluation (C) Plans on Myanmar gemstone policy monitoring and evaluation, and implementation will be included in Chapter (5) and (6) of the Myanmar Gemstone Policy. (D) Comments and suggestions are being requested on 36 policy statements of the MGE, which have been approved as final draft. Comments from MOEE MOGE conducts press release monthly and the factual information and data of Ministry queried by national and international media are disclosed transparently. Furthermore, they are uploaded on Ministry's website and social media in a timely manner.
40	MONREC	Management of the Gems and Jade Sector - Lack of certification, traceability and valuation of the gemstones 1. Capacity building			Comments from MGE: Regarding gemstone sale and purchase, state-owned and partner companies are easy to deal with, but private ones are not throughout gemstone production and distribution

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		We recommend to perform a capacity review of MGE staff and to consider developing employees' skills and hiring technically skilled experienced gemstones experts. MONREC and MGE's capacity and technical expertise must be strengthened to begin addressing poor monitoring and oversight, which in turn leads to foregone revenue and growth of the informal sector. The capacity of government agency staff to monitor and enforce legal compliance should also be built. 2. Gemstone Governance Framework We recommend the development of a national Gemstone Sector Policy and a corresponding review of the Gemstone legal framework, to improve governance, including production as well as allocation of permits, valuation, export and sales; and the development of appropriate systems and procedures for the monitoring and reporting of gemstone production. 3. Valuation Procedures We recommend that MONREC: - reviews and strengthens the valuation process of gemstones by involving external valuers with extensive knowledge of the sector markets and valuation methods and by requiring checks against fair value/market price; - opts for a clear description of the valuation method in the minutes of the valuation method in the minutes of the valuation committee and perform random audits and reconciliations between the valuation of gemstones and their sale prices at the Emporium to determine if			process. Under this administration, the Supporting Committee (SC) on gems sector was formed with 22 members consisting of government officials, businessmen and representatives from civil society organizations (CSOs). The SC has organized workshops in gemstone areas such as Myitkyina, Mogok, Monywa and Mandalay to listen to local people in order to set appropriate tax rate for gemstone, and for the development of gems industry. Pyithu Hluttaw (Lower Houe) Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation Committee, Amyotha Hluttaw (Upper House) Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation Committee, CSOs and international organizations have been requested for comments and suggestions on 36 gemstone policy statements of the MGE. They are also put online for public counsel.

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		there were any shortfalls when collecting the royalties on production. 4. Responsible Mining and Traceability We recommend that MONREC considers: - Encouraging gemstone mines to begin adopting international standards for responsible mining, to meet the increasing global demand for responsibly sourced gemstones - Exploring the future potential of establishing a mine-to-market traceability system, in line with other similar emerging international initiatives (see footnote for some examples1). The Kimberley Process is an international multi-stakeholder certification mechanism that was established in diamond producing countries to stem the flow of rough 'conflict' diamonds. There are several other international initiatives emerging, most of which focus on diamonds and precious metals (not colored gemstones). Nevertheless, Myanmar may wish to begin engaging in talks with local stakeholders and importing countries to consider the viability of establishing a similar sort of certification process to prevent conflict gemstones from entering the legitimate trade. The creation of an international certification could help in combating the informal sector and breaking the link between the illicit trade in rough gemstone and human rights abuses associated with armed conflict. However, any such activity must be preceded by implementation of other recommendations in this report, including			

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		clarification of institutional roles and responsibilities, institutional capacity building, and development of a sectorwide governance framework.			
41	MGE	Gemstones sector institutional reform The main role of MGE is to impose taxes in accordance with the Mines Law and Gemstone Law for Gems and Jade production or for the sale of rough and finished products. MGE also participates in Joint Ventures on behalf of the State, manages the Emporium and issues Gems and Jade permits. There is an inherent conflict of interest between its role as a policymaker, a regulator and also as a JV partner. The existing arrangement does not meet international best practices for governing the State-Owned Enterprises. The cumulation of all these functions coupled with MGE's limited capabilities represent a high risk of conflict of interest. We recommend to revisit MGE roles in any government considerations of institutional reform in Myanmar's gemstone sector and to adapt them to best international practices. The role of MGE and the other departments under MONREC (DOM, DGSE, etc) should be clearly defined in laws and regulations. The segregation between the role of MGE as regulatory body and its role as partner in JVs should be considered.			Comments from MGE: (A) The need of technical skills and experience of MGE staff is a human resource challenge for MGE thus, it has sent its staff to domestic universities to study diploma on gems and masters on geology. It has also organized two English trainings for capacity development of the staff. Furthermore, a training on environmental management was conducted with assistance from Mr. Shane Anthony Langdon of Australian Volunteer International (AVI). In addition, environmental awareness talks are being held in MGE's different regional divisions and staff are being sent to international gems emporia for study purpose. Currently, an English Proficiency Training Course is in session with assistance from Dr. Kathleen Violet Hartig of AVI. (B) Regarding new recruitment for MGE, applicants with degrees around gemstone sector are prioritized and assigned to gems extraction areas. Comment from DGSE: Department of Geological Survey and Mineral Exploration (DGSE) are coordinated with MGE based on the operation needs and perform the geological survey and mineral exploration.
42	MONREC / MOEE	EITI Implementation - Completeness of the data reported on license register The EITI Standard requires implementing countries to maintain a publicly available register or cadastral system including	Comments of DOM The data regarding the license of minerals sector except the application date are described under the heading of the Department of Mining of the Internet Web		Comments from DOM: The data related to the license application date was not included in the previous regulation. According to the rules and regulations published on 13-2-2019, the license application data have been updated on the

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		comprehensive information regarding each of the licenses relating to companies covered in the EITI Report. This register should cover the following information: i. license holder(s); ii. coordinates of the license area; iii. date of application, date of award and duration of the license; and iv. in the case of production licenses, the commodity being produced. Where such registers do not exist or are incomplete, the EITI Report should include the above information. We noted in certain cases that the list of approved mining and Oil and Gas contracts/permits does not include information about the application date, award date, duration and coordinates of the licensed area. We recommend that MoNREC and MoEE include systematically these information in the register and for it to be accessible by the public via the ministry's website.	Page of the Ministry of Mining www.mining.gov.mm and it has been updated monthly.		www.mining.gov.mm since 1.8.2018. Comments from ME1: For completeness of the data reported on the license register, it was published and updated on the Ministry website. Comments from MGE: (A) Myanmar Gemstone Law was enacted on January 30, 2019 and the development of by-laws are in process. After that, the MGE will act in accordance with them. (B) In order for a mineral cadastre system, the Mineral Cadastre Working Group led by the Department of Mines was formed and trainings are underway. Two MGE officials are in the Working Group. (C) The list of worksites with permit expiry is uploaded to www.mining.gov.mm on monthly basis. Comments from MOEE License system is not practiced in the exploration and production activities of onshore and offshore blocks. International bidding round were called for with a transparent manner by the respective Committee and then they were evaluated with selection criteria. With the permission of Myanmar Investment Commission (MIC), the awarded companies were signed with the Production Sharing Contract (PSC). Tender process, terms and conditions, selection criteria, awarded companies, awarded date, oil and gas blocks' coordinates and their implementation status were uploaded on MEITI website, Ministry's website and social media. Environmental Management Plan (EMP) were reviewed, amended and accepted by MONREC. Therefore, disclosing the information related with EMP is concerned with MONREC.
43	MONREC / MOEE	Unclear licensing process The information we received from MONREC and MoEE regarding the licensing	Comments of DOM In the minerals sector, the foreign companies are allowed to invest 100% in obtaining		Comments from DOM: The 100% foreign investment is allowed in study phase and large-scale production in mining sector. The permits are

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		process in the Oil and Gas and mining sectors do not disclose clearly the technical and financial criteria used to evaluate the license application. Although a bidding process is used in the Oil and Gas sector, the lack of information about the evaluation criteria and the candidates for each license reduces transparency and opens doors to abuses. Despite the fact that foreign investors are prohibited by law to have gems and jade licenses and cannot even enter into JVs with nationals and local companies, in practice it is well known that the beneficial owners of many mines are in fact foreigners which reveals the vulnerability of the licensing process. We recommend that "first come first served" should be the basis for licensing in the mining sector. Competitive procedures should only be applied in the cases where there is detailed geological data available or mineral deposits were proved. in the latter case, the valuation of the bidders should be based on clear technical and financial criteria and identity and beneficial owners of all the candidates should be identified.	license for minerals exploration, testing/surveying, and large-scale production and in cooperation with domestic companies. Foreign investment is not allowed in obtaining licenses for other small-scale and manual (bare earner) production. The policy of the Ministry up to date is "First Come First Serve" and "Known Deposit" and the provisions is included and enacted in the new Rules such as if the facts are meeting with as the would-be-operator who wish to do is more than one person, many people are interested, tender calling will be conducted. According to the new rules the application for obtaining licenses for minerals exploration/ testing and surveying/ mining shall only be accepted and performed at the Minister's office and the Department of Mining. The general public may see and study transparently regarding the License Information after installing the Mineral Cadastre.		granted with the "First Come, First Serve" system in accordance with the nature of mining business. In Myanma Mining Rules and Regulations, it is stated that if the area of land has not been explored, the application of person or organization that apply first will be prioritized in the selection process, and if more than one person or one organization applied for the same area of land, that area has geological data and can produced commercially, the selection is carried out by tender. If with tender process, in order to have transparency in the tender process, in order to have transparency in the tender process, it is noticed via government newspapers. The previously permitted licenses and the newly applied licenses are transparently accessible on www.mining.gov.mm. Comments from ME1: For unclear license process, the companies made hundred percent investment for exploration and production and used the first come, first serve system and then tender system will be used for mineral ores that are highly interested by public. Comments from ME2: Two representatives from ME2 are participating and cooperating in the Mineral Cadastre Process implemented by DOM. Comments from MGE: (A) Myanmar Gemstone Law was enacted on January 30, 2019 and the development of by-laws are in process. After that, the MGE will act in accordance with them. (B) In order for a mineral cadastre system, the Mineral Cadastre Working Group led by the Department of Mines was formed and trainings are underway. Two MGE officials are in the Working Group. (C) The list of worksites with permit expiry is uploaded to www.mining.gov.mm on monthly basis. Comments from MOEE License system is not practiced in the exploration and production activities of onshore and offshore blocks. International bidding round were called for with a

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					transparent manner by the respective Committee and then they were evaluated with selection criteria. With the permission of Myanmar Investment Commission (MIC), the awarded companies were signed with the Production Sharing Contract (PSC). Tender process, terms and conditions, selection criteria, awarded companies, awarded date, oil and gas blocks' coordinates and their implementation status were uploaded on MEITI website, Ministry's website and social media. Environmental Management Plan (EMP) were reviewed, amended and accepted by MONREC. Therefore, disclosing the information related with EMP is concerned with MONREC.
44	IRD	Lack of availability and accessibility of information -IRD One of the identified revenue streams under IRD is withholding taxes arising from interest paid to non-resident foreign nationals, royalty payments to claim owners and purchase of goods and services payments. Final withholding taxes, however, are monitored in aggregate under the current reporting system, irrespective of the extractive companies having withheld the tax. Consequently, IRD disclosures will usually be lower due to the inability to readily extract of withholding taxes details. As a result, IRD may consider customising certain reports generated from the current system that will enable the further disaggregation of information to facilitate reconciliation for future reports.	Comments of IRD As Integrated Tax Administration System (ITAS) is currently implemented, the required data for EITI report will be provided comprehensively once this system has been finalized successfully. It is expected that this system will run for the whole IRD department during April, 2019. Up to now, it is used at LTO and MTO offices. Thus, IRD has already purchased a computer system that can support the detail data for EITI process.	Ongoing	As Integrated Tax Administration System (ITAS) is currently implemented, the required data for EITI report will be provided comprehensively once this system has been finalized successfully. It is expected that this system will be run during 2020. Up to now, TRMS (Tax Revenue Management System) is used at LTO and MTO offices. March 2019 Update: IRD's more recent understanding of the timeline for deployment of functionality supporting this recommendation suggests that it is possibly still several years years away. A more accurate indication may be possible with the next progress update. 2020 update: IRD is currently initiating are bidding process for the supply of a new core IT software system; the Integrated Tax Administration System (ITAS). This has become necessary because of the failure to deliver by the previous software provider. EITI reports may be informed with

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					operationalized. This is unlikely to occur before the 2024 year.
45	MOGE	Improvement in the bidding process for O&G blocks As part of the EITI process, the government has stated its intention to introduce greater transparency in decision making and better oversight mechanisms. Despite notable improvement in transparency during the most recent onshore and offshore oil and gas bidding rounds, including the public advertising of tenders in English, the selection criteria and decision-making process and Environmental Management Plan (EMP) information remains opaque. Systematic disclosure of the following additional information would improve the governance of the bidding and selection process: • who is mandated to make the decision about awards. • the criteria and priorities for selection of successful bidders (these criteria should be revised to seek information on bidders' commitments to environmental and social sustainability by requiring information on policies and management systems for environmental, social, human rights, health and safety, community engagement); • whether there was a signature bonus paid; and • the evaluation criteria and scoring method applied by MOGE, together with a			Comments from MOEE License system is not practiced in the exploration and production activities of onshore and offshore blocks. International bidding round were called for with a transparent manner by the respective Committee and then they were evaluated with selection criteria. With the permission of Myanmar Investment Commission (MIC), the awarded companies were signed with the Production Sharing Contract (PSC). Tender process, terms and conditions, selection criteria, awarded companies, awarded date, oil and gas blocks' coordinates and their implementation status were uploaded on MEITI website, Ministry's website and social media. Environmental Management Plan (EMP) were reviewed, amended and accepted by MONREC. Therefore, disclosing the information related with EMP is concerned with MONREC.

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		brief justification for the selection of the chosen operators.			
46	MGE, MONREC	Improvement in the bidding process for gemstone permits Gemstone concessions are awarded through competitive bidding. The Myanmar Gems Enterprise (MGE) publishes new opportunities to tender in local newspapers and allows prospective investors one month to survey the concession site. MONREC has not made additional information on the application process available on its website. Mineral licenses are currently awarded on a first-come, first-served basis, although the Gemstone Law opens the door for tenders in future. In both cases, very little published data are available on the selection criteria and decision-making process. We recommend to review and revise bidding processes for mining concessions in consultation with stakeholders for mining states in a bid to promote openness and fairness. This could include the disclosure of: • application procedures including all the required steps; • who is mandated to make the decision about awards; • the criteria and priorities for selection of successful bidders (these criteria should be revised to seek information on bidder's commitments to environmental and social sustainability by requiring information on policies and management systems for environmental, social, human			Comments from MGE: Worksites under current permits were granted under the 1995 Gems Law. New Myanmar Gemstone Law was enacted on January 30, 2019 and the development of Myanma Gems Rules are in process. Therefore, after bylaws have been enacted, the MGE will follow in accordance with both laws and rules.

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		rights, health and safety, community engagement); • data on active mineral licenses by state and by region; and • guidance to be followed in the event of conflicts of interest and corruption which take account of the identities and histories of bidders.) car report	
47	MONREC / MOEE	Creation of a reporting system for employment data In accordance with the EITI Standard, implementing countries must disclose information about employment in the extractive industries in absolute terms and as a percentage of the total employment. We note that both MONREC and MoEE do not have a reporting system that would determine the direct impact measured through the jobs attributable to the extractive industry. Thus, employment data collected and stated in this report is partial and does not reflect the comprehensive extractive sector contribution. We recommend to review and revise bidding processes for mining concessions in consultation with stakeholders for mining states in a bid to promote openness and fairness. This could include the disclosure of: • application procedures including all the required steps; • who is mandated to make the decision about awards; • the criteria and priorities for selection of successful bidders (these criteria	Comments from DOM Although the provisions regarding the appointment of mining employees, assigning works, age, salary and wages and other fees and allowances are set out in the chapter (17) of the 1996 Myanma Mines Rules, arrangement shall be made to collect data regarding the network of labour and employment within the own system for the correct data reflecting the present situation and obtaining more data.		Comments from DOM: The employment data of MONREC and JV companies are reported in monthly production reports. The employment data of the companies' mining sector are reported every three months and the officials occasionally conduct the site-check. The employment data of MONREC and JV companies are stated by respective departments on www.mining.gov.mm . Comments from ME1: For creation of a reporting system for employment data, it will be easy to collect the information if specific information for employment is classified. Comments from MGE: Details of employees (Male and Female) at company worksites in different gems areas are listed and kept in MGE's different regional divisions. Those lists are sent to MGE (Headquarters) on monthly basis and then forward to the Ministry. Comments from MOEE Employment data has been provided to the relevant ministry.

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		should be revised to seek information on bidder's commitments to environmental and social sustainability by requiring information on policies and management systems for environmental, social, human rights, health and safety, community engagement); • data on active mineral licenses by state and by region; and • guidance to be followed in the event of conflicts of interest and corruption which take account of the identities and histories of bidders.			
48	MONREC	Inaccuracy of production data We understand that the production data provided by SOEs and departments falling under MoNREC was based on the submissions and declarations from the mining companies. MoNREC does not have its own procedures and systems to collect and control production data provided by the mining companies. We recommend that the agencies falling under MONREC set up their own mechanisms, processes and procedures to collect and control production data. Also, it is recommended that the agencies under MoNREC carry out periodic reconciliations of the production volumes declared by the mining companies with the measurements of the agency for each reporting year.	Comments from DOM Since May 2017 the system of monthly reporting of the provision of production target coordinated by both sides before starting the production and the system of field monitoring periodically have been performed.		Comments from DOM: For SOEs, the proposed production is negotiated with respective company before the start of production. The monthly reporting system and occasional field-checks are practiced. It has been checked whether it is able to produce the proposed production. During the monsoon season (June to September) where there is no production, the production is managed by doing site-checked whether the production is certainly stopped by respective regional offices. Having observers in the mining sites and regular field-checks are also performed. Up to date monthly and fiscal-yearly production data of ME1 and ME2, the SOES under MONREC, are accessible on www.mining.gov.mm. Comments from ME1: Concerning with For inaccuracy of production data, the estimated production was defined depending on the mineral ore of company and department, and sometimes, field inspection was made to meet the targets based on the monthly reported list of production. Comments from ME2: ME2 signs the contracts by piecework system, production sharing system with the JV companies. Regarding the production data, the data is accurate for the sites under production sharing contract. The State and Region offices under ME2 are undertaking occasional field visit to have

S/N	Agency	Recommendation from the 1st, 2nd and 3rd and 4th Reports	Prior Year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency	Implemented (Yes, No, Ongoing, Partially) [To update - Below satus is from last year report]	Current year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency
					the right production for the sites under piecework contract. Starting from October, 2018, the mineral production lists are shown by States and Regions on the ME2 website. Comments from MGE: (A) Production of raw jade extracted by state-owned and partner companies, and private companies in different gems areas are kept in MGE's regional divisions. Such list is sent to MGE Headquarters on daily basis and kept, and then forward to the Ministry monthly. (B) The OAG audits production and revenue from gems on financial year basis. (C) A computer program is being developed to make production data more accurate.
49	Various	Lack of availability and accessibility of information on companies social and environmental commitments. We understand that there are no regulations to date that require mandatory/voluntary expenditure and funds to be specifically disclosed in companies and SOEs annual financial statements. Companies and SOEs could consider publicly disclosing mandatory and voluntary expenditure and funds to ensure full transparency of their social and environmental commitments. Many of these expenditure and funds, if not all, are already disclosed to Government Entities, and would therefore not pose a significant challenge in being made available. Including this information in key public documents such as annual reports, press releases and financial statements, would provide an additional	Comments from DOM There are no regulations provided to demand to include the compulsory voluntary expenditure and finance in the annual financial statements of Companies and Stateowned Economic Enterprises. The Companies and State-owned Economic Enterprises may present their compulsory/voluntary expenditure and finance in order to show their full transparency regarding their commitment on corporate social responsibility. These data shall be included and described in the public documents such as annual reports, press releases, financial statements etc.		Comments from DOM: Since 2016, it is specified that, based on the production by the companies, 1% of sales to be contributed in environmental conservation, 2% of sales to be contributed in CSR and 2% of sales to be contributed in Mine Closure Plan. The CSR activities and amounts of the enterprise/ departments and joint ventured departments are accessible on www.mining.gov.mm . Comments from MOEE MOGE provides 25% of net profit as income tax, 20% as state contribution and the remaining 55% as Other Account in which 2% of them are allowed to contribute as social expenditures by the Union Government from the budget. Although, there is mandated to perform CSR activities in the PSC contract, how much need to be spent is not described. This is because oil and gas companies implement CSR activities since the study phase in accordance with International Standard. However, in accordance with the sideline of MOGE, oil and gas companies submit and undertake CSR activities as their annual allocated budget. For those CSR activities, guidelines and CSR project report

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S/N	Agency	Recommendation from the 1st, 2nd and 3rd and 4th Reports layer of credibility and reliability to the disclosures.	Prior Year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency	Implemented (Yes, No, Ongoing, Partially) [To update - Below satus is from last year report]	Current year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency samples have been submitted to Myanmar EITI National Coordination Secretariat dated 24 January 2019 with the official letter No. Admin- OuNyaMa-2/11(0047)2019 by MOGE.
50	MONREC / MOEE	Improving the implementation of projects donated by extractive companies We understand that donations and infrastructure projects by extractive companies are given directly to ultimate beneficiaries. These are not always reported by either the beneficiaries or the company to the respective State/Regions, and as such, municipalities and regions are not fully aware of the extent of the companies' contributions to extractive regions. It is recommended that MoEE and MoNREC coordinate with State or regional bodies to keep a record of these projects in order to ensure proper accounting of the value of these contributions and to include them in the development plan of the extractive regions to avoid duplication with the efforts made by the central government.	Comments from DOM It is known that the donation and infrastructure projects by the extractive companies are directly provided to the final beneficiaries. The town/city development departments and the region do not aware such kind of provisions (aid and assistance) for the extractive areas due to never acknowledgement to the relevant Regions and Sates by both beneficiaries and Company. The overlapping can be avoided by inclusion of the value/ cost of such projects by recording and including the appropriate calculation to be made by the Ministry of Natural Resources and Environmental Conservation in cooperation with the Departments of Region and State and include in the development plan to be implemented in these extractive regions by the Central Government. It shall be described in the website by asking separately to the relevant Companies.		Comments from ME2: ME2 and JV companies are collaborating in supporting the regional development for respective mining regions. The activities will be recorded by the State and Region offices under ME2 and the State and Regional Development lists will be shown on the ME2 website. Comments from MGE: (A) MGE is currently implementing projects/ works donated by extractive companies for regional development such as hospital, road, bridge and religious buildings. (B) It has also informed to respective Region/ State Governments and Development Committees about those projects/ works, uploaded them to the Ministry and MGE websites. Comments from MOEE Since the current CSR activities done not only by Ministry but also by joint venture companies are done with the coordination of State and Region governments, these activities are not duplicated and also the ones in need.
51	Government Entities, SOEs	Lack of reporting at project level As noted in Section 4.7, the EITI Standard requires reporting at project level in certain circumstances. The MEITI Report does not contain this level of disaggregation because Government Entities, SOEs and companies do not allocate revenue streams between projects.	Comments from DOM The Government departments, State-owned Economic Enterprises (SOE) and Companies have been reporting the project stage financial affairs.		Comments from DOM: Although there is no difficulty for ME1, ME2, Myanmar Pearl Enterprise (MPE) and Department of Mines (DOM) for reporting at project level, there will be difficult in Gems and Jade sector as one company holds several permits. Nevertheless, a total of 84 Gems and Jade companies are involved in the 4th MEITI reporting process. Comments from ME1: For lack of reporting at project level, the department can describe income per project but it will be very

S/N	Agency	Recommendation from the 1st, 2nd and 3rd and 4th Reports	Prior Year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency	Implemented (Yes, No, Ongoing, Partially) [To update - Below satus is from last year report]	Current year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency
		We recommend Government Entities, SOEs as well as extractive companies assess how to disaggregate revenue streams between projects wherever possible, in order to report these revenue streams at project level.			difficult for companies which describe aggregated data in annual report but not, for each permit and each industry.
52		Extracting Data and Information The purpose of developing an EITI report is to provide reference to the public and shape better understanding of the reconciliation process. To this end, it is vital that the public obtains information and clarification from parties which are directly involved in the extractive governance. The team of Reconcilers faced numerous difficulties in obtaining data and confirmations due to: red tape which hindered the data gathering process; and data and information presented by reporting entities inconsistent with the reporting format. As a result, the EITI report was not of the expected quality. Given the constraints we faced, there was not enough time to perform data analysis properly, which could have been informative to users of the report. Focal points in reporting entities should be encouraged to take more active roles in providing data and information as well as to give comprehensive explanations and confirm elements in EITI report. The reporting format adopted by MSG could be used by reporting entities to start the data collection process, prior the			Comments from DOM: When Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry and Myanmar EITI National Coordination Secretariat request for the required data from ME1, ME2, MPE, Myanmar Gems Enterprise (MGE) and DOM, it is performed in time as per guidance of the Union Minister. The production volume by sector of SOEs are now being stated in the Ministry's website, and in future, the data included in EITI reports such as the production data, foreign export, employment data, CSR data will be reported not only in template but also via website timely. Comments from ME1: For extracting data and information, it will be easier to implement if there is standardized formats to refer.

S/N	Agency	Recommendation from the 1st, 2nd and 3rd and 4th Reports	Prior Year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency	Implemented (Yes, No, Ongoing, Partially) [To update - Below satus is from last year report]	Current year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency
		Independent Administrator starting the fieldwork.			
53	MSG	MSG to consider expanding scope of future MEITI Reports The first two MEITI reports relate only to upstream entities (i.e., actual mining and extracting companies) and do not cover sub-contractors, which are part and parcel of the extractive industry. Although coverage of the gemstone sector has expanded in the two last reports, due to massive informal activity they still cover only a fraction of the whole sector. We recommend for future reports, that MSG considers: the inclusion of upstream sub-contractors in the extractive secto. The main objective for the inclusion of these entities is to provide a more comprehensive assessment of the value chain of these industries and their respective economic contribution; expanding the coverage of the gems and jade sector by applying for Adapted Implementation based on the Gemstone Sector reform plan and including the trading companies in the reconciliation process; and · Military Holding companies and their subsidies as specific entities which are risky and therefore should be subject to higher level of scrutiny, including request to submit an auditors' specific attestation, specific interviews, and / or analysis and auditing of specific transactions within their accounts.			MSG Comments 1. In 4th MEITI report, the scoping of Mining and Gems and Jade sector are expanded depending on not only Revenue streams but also permit areas/numbers. It also covers pearl sector in the reconciliation scope. 2. For consideration of inclusion of Sub-Contractor, PSC contract should be amended. There is no law for PSC, so that it will need to give directive notification from DoM. Amended PSC contract will be cover on 2019-20 reporting period. 3. To reduce informal activities in Jade and Gems sector Government should establish regional sales markets for small scale, GTC, in order to control and traceable of Jade government should regulate medium scale mining 4. MSG should encourage to Leading committee to get access the data and qualified information from Military holding companies
54		Sale of the State' share of production According to the EITI requirement (4.2),			Comments from MGE: (A) MGE contributes to the State income tax 25 % from its

S/N	Agency	Recommendation from the 1st, 2nd and 3rd and 4th Reports	Prior Year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency	Implemented (Yes, No, Ongoing, Partially) [To update - Below satus is from last year report]	Current year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency
		"where the sale of the state's share of production or other revenues collected in kind is material, the government, including state-owned enterprises, are required to disclose the volumes sold and revenues received. The published data must be disaggregated by individual buying company. Reporting could also break down disclosures by the type of product, price, market and sale volume." In case of Myanmar, we understand that according to the Oil and Gas PSCs, the State share on production is calculated on the basis of the total volume produced by the field. The Joint Ventures partners sell all gas revenues in accordance with a long-term gas sales contracts and the revenues received are thereafter allocated on cash basis to MOGE and the partners in accordance to the PSCs provisions. MOGE did not disclose the volume sold and revenues received disaggregated by individual buying company. Information about the price and market destination was not disclosed as well. We recommend to disclose all the information required regarding the first trade of the State's share of production. This information shall include: - the volume and value of each sale operation; - the date; - the type of mineral sold - the identity of the buying company; - the lncoterms;			net profits and 20 % state contribution annually. (B) Raw jade that the MGE received as in-kind share in FY 2016-17 will be on display for sale in the 56th Myanma Gems Emporium in 2019. Comments from MOEE MOGE did not take in-kind data from oil and gas companies. According to Domestic Market Obligation in the Clause 14.1 and 14.4 of PSC contract, MOGE buys 20% of crude oil from Share of Profit Petroleum of Contractor and 25% of Natural Gas with the 10% discount of Fair Market Value. Crude Oil and Natural Gas were sold and MOGE also disclose the individual buying company, the type of product sold, the destination country, the sale income.

S/N	Agency	Recommendation from the 1st, 2nd and 3rd and 4th Reports	Prior Year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency	Implemented (Yes, No, Ongoing, Partially) [To update - Below satus is from last year report]	Current year Update/Progress/Comments from Agency
		the individual price of sell; andthe market/destination of the sale.			
55	MSG	Implementation of recommendations from the first MEITI report The recommendations formulated in the first MEITI Report emphasise the need for reforms in existing reporting mechanisms to promote better transparency through enhancement of data quality, and amendments to legislations and existing regulations. We understand that the current design of monitoring action plans to address the recommendations and observations raised in the first MEITI report is still being strengthened. Accordingly, we recommend that MSG implements a formal process to document the review its activities and Government Entities of the recommendations be implemented such as inclusion in the agenda of monthly MSG meetings. Also, review activities can be further reenforced through adoption of a more structured accountability and reporting lines, as well as fixed timetable for implementation.			MSG's comments Implementation of recommendation of 1st MEITI report, MSG discussed them in the meetings, timely updated to Working Committee and Leading Committee, monitor the activities of relevant government department if they are in their agreed timeframe, all those activities must be recorded in MSG meeting minutes

7.3. The follow up of the corrective actions requested during the validation

Corrective action requested

In accordance with Requirement 1.2.a, Myanmar must ensure that companies particularly the military-affiliated companies, as well as oil and gas companies outside of the MSG are fully, actively and effectively engaged in the EITI process. If there are barriers to the participation of these companies, the government must, in accordance with Requirement 1.2.b ensure that there is an enabling environment for company participation with regard to relevant laws, regulations, and administrative rules as well as actual practice in implementation of the EITI.

In accordance with Requirement 1.3.c of the EITI Standard and the civil society protocol, the government must ensure that there are no obstacles to civil society participation in all aspects of the EITI process. Accordingly, the Government of Myanmar is required to ensure that there are no obstacles to civil society's ability to engage in public debate related to the EITI process and that civil society is able to express opinions about the EITI process without restraint, coercion or reprisal. The government is further required to ensure that mechanisms are in place to enable civil society to undertake dissemination of EITI data and outreach in all areas of the country, including subnational EITI implementation.

In accordance with Requirement 2.2.a.ii of the EITI Standard, Myanmar is required to disclose the technical and financial criteria used in awarding licenses in the mineral and gemstone sector. The MSG should also include a discussion of non-trivial deviations from the applicable legal and regulatory framework governing license awards pursuant to Requirement 2.2.a.iv. Lastly, the MSG should clarify the rules on transfer of licenses, particularly whether it is allowed in the mineral sector. The MSG is encouraged to systematically disclose all information required by Requirement 2.2 of the Standard, in accordance with the level of detail required by the Standard.

In accordance with Requirement 2.3 of the EITI Standard, Myanmar is required to publicly disclose the following information that were missing the EITI Report: the coordinates of several ME3 blocks, the dates of application, awards and duration of all oil and gas and mining licenses, and the commodities for each oil and gas block. To strengthen implementation, Myanmar should ensure that license information as required under Requirement 2.3 of the Standard are disclosed through a public register as part of the government's routine and systematic disclosure of information.

In accordance with Requirement 2.6, Myanmar is required to disclose the details regarding the terms attached to the equity stake of all SOEs in extractive projects. It should also disclose the SOE's responsibility to cover expenses at various phases of the project cycle, including the details of payment of taxes in behalf of joint venture partners and miscellaneous revenues in the case of oil and gas. MoPFI should also disclose the details of the loan guarantees it provided to SOEs as well as prevailing rules on retained earnings. Finally, Myanmar is required to clarify whether UMEHL and MEC are government- owned corporations. If they are, the MSG is required to engage them in the EITI process in accordance with Requirement 1.2, include them in the scope of the EITI reporting process and assess the comprehensiveness of its interests in extractive projects as disclosed in the MEITI Report. To strengthen implementation, the MSG is encouraged to consider examining the alleged miscellaneous revenues of MOGE.

In accordance with Requirement 3.2 of the EITI Standard, Myanmar is required to disclose production volume and value by commodity for jade and gems. To strengthen implementation, the MSG should consider including export data from transactions outside of the gem's emporium in the scope of the EITI Report. Government is encouraged to regularly disclose this information through government platforms.

Corrective action undertook in the EITI report 2017-2018

Those companies and their subsidiaries were included in the reconciliation scope. Please review the section 5 for the differences raised. We also received contextual information from those companies. Please review the section 3.3.12

This recommendation will be followed by the NCS and the MSG.

This recommendation is detailed in the section 3.2.6

According to the information received from the government agencies, we understand that ME3 does not exist anymore.

- -The information regarding the equity stake of all SOEs in extractive projects is provided in the section 3.3.12 and 3.2.8; - the Loan details provided by the MoPFI
- are provided in the section 6.8;
- -UMEHL and MEC were considered as SOEs, the information gathered and reconciled are provided in the section 3.3.12

The information regarding the exports and production of Gems and Jade is presented in the section 1.3 and 5.7 of the present report.

Corrective action requested

In accordance with Requirement 3.3 of the EITI Standard, Myanmar should disclose comprehensive data for export volumes and value for gems and jade, disaggregated by commodity. To strengthen implementation, the MSG should consider including export data from transactions outside of the gems emporium in the scope of the EITI Report. Government is encouraged to regularly disclose this information through government platforms.

In accordance with Requirement 4.2, Myanmar should categorically assess the materiality of in-kind payments for the three sectors. It should also be clarified in the next report whether there are in-kind payments for oil and gas. The sales of the state's share for oil and gas should be disclosed including the volumes sold and revenues received. For mining and gems, in-kind payments should be disaggregated by paying company to the SOE, and by buying company in the case of sales of the government's share. To strengthen implementation, the government is encouraged to systematically disclose data on on-kind revenues through government platforms.

In accordance with Requirement 4.5, government should ensure that all transfers from government to SOEs are comprehensively and publicly disclosed in government platforms. Myanmar should review the comprehensiveness of information disclosed regarding SOE transactions in view of what is revealed from other sources of information, including whether there are material transfers made between the SOE's other accounts to other entities.

In accordance with Requirement 5.1, Myanmar is required to provide further explanation regarding the extractive revenues that are not recorded in the national budget. The MSG should consider expanding the scope of EITI reporting to further examine the details of these Other Accounts, such as tracing the exact extractive sector revenues that go to these accounts and how these revenues are spent, as well as explaining the rules in maintaining these accounts.

In accordance with Requirement 6.1 of the EITI Standard, companies are required to disclose social expenditures when mandated by law or contract. Where such benefits are provided in-kind, it is required that companies disclose the nature and deemed value of the in-kind transaction. The beneficiaries and their functions should also be disclosed. Where possible, these payments should be reconciled. The companies are further encouraged to disclose discretionary social expenditures where material. The MSG is encouraged to develop a reporting process with a view to achieving a level of transparency commensurate with the disclosure of other payments.

In accordance with Requirement 6.2, Myanmar is required to include disclosures from SOE(s) on their quasi-fiscal expenditures including SOE(s) payments for social services, public infrastructure, fuel subsidies and national debt servicing, etc. outside of the national budgetary process. The multi-stakeholder group is required to develop a reporting process with a view to achieving a level of transparency commensurate with other payments and revenue streams and should include SOE subsidiaries and joint ventures.

Corrective action undertook in the EITI report 2017-2018

The information regarding the exports and production of Gems and Jade is presented in the section 1.3 and 5.7 of the present report.

The materiality assessment is presented in the chapter 4 of the report regarding the scoping study. The disclosure of the in-kind payments received by the government is presented in the 6.4 of the report.

The disclosure of the sales of the government shares will be presented in the first commodity trading report to be prepared after the publication of the current report.

All the transfers reported by the SOEs were explained in the flow charts presented in the section 3.6 of the report. The total amounts transferred are presented in the section 5.6 of the report. The mechanism of transfer performed by the SOEs are presented in the section 3.3.12 and 3.2.8.

Further explanation regarding the OA process are presented in the section 3.6.4 of the current report. A reconciliation process was also initiate to raise any discrepancy between the SOEs and the government agencies presented in the section 5.6.

Those payments are included in the annex 9 and 10 and section 6.5 of the report.

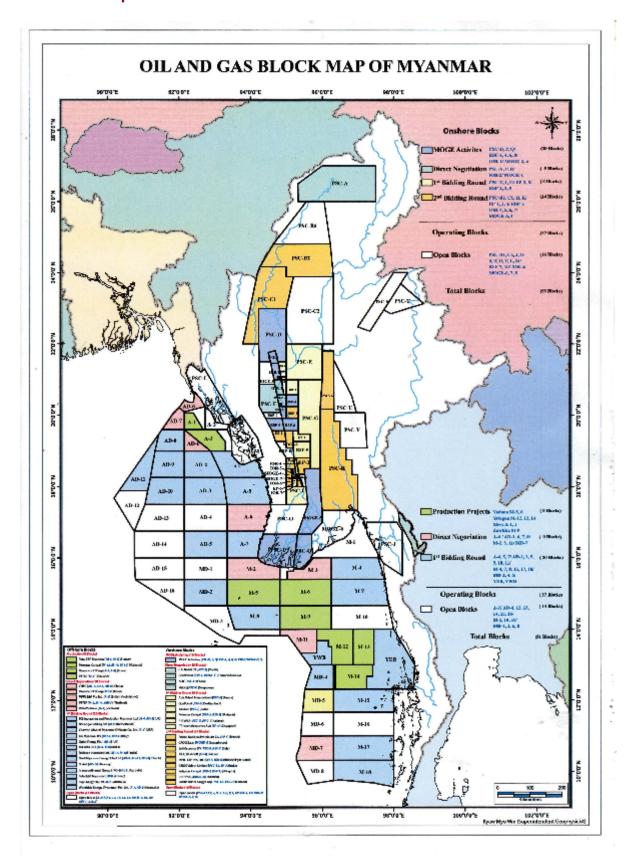
The reporting template of the SOE include a separate sheet to report the quasi-fiscal expenditure. Also, during the workshop, the IA explained the definition and the nature of this information. Following the R.T received, the SOEs did not report any quasi-fiscal expenditure

ANNEXES

Annex 1 Reporting templates

See the Excel attached

Annex 2 Map of Oil and Gas blocks



Annex 3 List of Oil and Gas permits 2017-2018 offshore

Sr. No	Block	Company	Kinds of Activity (Study Period, Exploration, Production)	MIC Permit	Period from	Period To	Company Status (Active/ Pending)	Area	Company Location & Contact Detail	Company Sharing	Remarks
1	M-12	-PCML - 40.91% (Operator-O)				30 years from			- Malaysia		
2	M-13	-Nippon Oil - 19.32% (Partner-P) -PTTEPI - 19.32% (P)	Production	251/1997	1997	Commercial Operation	Active	Tanintharyi	-Japan -Thai	as per coloum 3	Yetagun Project
3	M-14	-MOGE - 20.45% (P)				Date			-Myanmar		
4	A-1	-Daewoo International Corporation (Posco Daewoo Corporation)51.00% (O)				30 years			- Korea		
5	A-3	-KOGAS - 8.50% (P) -ONGC Videsh - 17.00% (P) -GAIL - 8.50% (P) -MOGE - 15% (P)	Production	445/2010 & 444/2010	2010	from Commercial Operation Date	Active	Rakhine	- Korea - India - India - Myanmar	as per coloum 3	Shwe Project
6	AD-7	- Daewoo International Corporation (Posco Daewoo Corporation) - 60% (O) - Woodside EnergyMyanmar Pte. Ltd- 40% (P)	Exploration	416/2007	2007	2019	Active	Rakhine	- Singapore	as per coloum 3	Permit Extension
7	M-3	- PTTEP International Ltd 80%(O) - MOECO Asia Pte. Ltd 20% (P)	Exploration	394/2004	2004	2019	Active	Mottama	- Thailand - Singapore	as per coloum 3	Permit Extension
8	M-11	-PTTEPI- 80% (O) -MOGE-20% (P)	Exploration	405/2005	2005	2017	Active	Mottama	- Thailand - Singapore - France -Japan		Permit Extension
9	M-9	- PTTEP Ltd 80% (O) - MOGE - 20% (P)	Production	446/2010 & 447/2010	2010	30 years from Commercial Operation Date	Active	Mottama	- Thailand - Myanmar	as per coloum 3	Zawtika Project
10	AD-1	- CNPC International Ltd 50% (O)		413/2007	2007	2019	Active	Rakhine	_		Permit Extension
11	AD-6	'- Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte. Ltd.	Exploration	414/2007	2007	2019	Active	Rakhine	- Cayman Islands	as per coloum 3	Permit Extension
12	AD-8	50% (P)		415/2007	2007	2019	Active	Rakhine			Permit Extension
13	A-6	-MPRL E&P 20% (O) -Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte.Ltd 40%(P) -Total E&P Myanmar - 40%(P)	Exploration	411/2006	2006	2017	Active	Rakhine	-British VirginIslands -Singapore -France	as per coloum 3	Permit Extension

Sr. No	Block	Company	Kinds of Activity (Study Period, Exploration, Production)	MIC Permit	Period from	Period To	Company Status (Active/ Pending)	Area	Company Location & Contact Detail	Company Sharing	Remarks
14	M-2	-Petrovietnam Exploration Production Corporation - 45% (O) -Eden Group Co., Ltd - 15% (P) - Maurel&Prom Exploration & Production7- 40%(P)	Exploration	429/2008	2008	2018	Active	Mottama	-Vietnam - Myanmar - France	as per coloum 3	Permit Extension
15	MD-7	- PTTEP South Asia Ltd50% (O) - Total E&P Myanmar - 50%	Exploration	559/2013	2013	2020	Active	Tanintharyi	-Cayman Islands -France	as per coloum 3	
16	AD-3	- Unocal Myanmar Offshore Co., Ltd. 55% (O) '- Ophir Myanmar (Block AD-3)Ltd 42% (P) - Parami Energy Development Co., Ltd 2.5% (P) '- Royal Marine Engineering Co., Ltd 0.5% (P)	Exploration	869/2014	2015	2023	Active	Rakhine	- Channel Islands -Myanmar	as per coloum 3	
17	M-8	- Barlanga Myanmar Pte. Ltd 95% (O) -A-1 Mining Co., Ltd 5% (P)	Study	867/2014	2015	2022	Active	Mottama	-Signapore -Myanmar	as per coloum 3	
18	MD-5	-Shell Myanmar Energy Pte. Ltd90% (O) -MOECO Asia South Pte. Ltd10% (P)	Study	881/2014	2015	2023	Active	Tanintharyi	-Singapore -Singapore	as per coloum 3	
19	AD-9	-Shell Myanmar Energy Pte.Ltd54% (O)	Ctd	879/2014	2014	2023	Active	Rakhine	-Singapore	as per coloum 3	
20	AD- 11	-MOECO Oil and Gas Asia Pte.Ltd.10% (P) -PC Myanmar (Hong Kong) Ltd36% (P)	Study	880/2014	2014	2023	Active	Rakhine	-Singapore -Hong Kong	as per coloum 3	
21	A-5	-Unocal Myanmar Offshore Co.,Ltd-55% (O) - Ophir Myanmar (Block AD-3) Ltd. 42% (P) - Parami Energy Development Co., Ltd 2.5% (P) -Royal Marine Engineering Co.,Ltd-0.5% (P)	Study	907/2015	2015	2023	Active	Rakhine	-Islands of Bermuda -Myanmar	as per coloum 3	
22	A-4	- BG Exploration&Production Myanmar Pte. Ltd 45% (O) - Woodside Energy (Myanmar)Pte.Ltd 45%(P) - Myanmar Petroleum Exploration & Production Co., Ltd 10%	Study	916/2015	2015	2022	Active	Rakhine	-Singapore -Singapore -Myanmar	as per coloum 3	
23	AD-2	- BG Exploration&Production Myanmar Pte. Ltd 55% (O) -Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte.Ltd 45% (P)	Study	917/2015	2015	2023	Active	Rakhine	-Singapore -Singapore	as per coloum 3	

Sr. No	Block	Company	Kinds of Activity (Study Period, Exploration, Production)	MIC Permit	Period from	Period To	Company Status (Active/ Pending)	Area	Company Location & Contact Detail	Company Sharing	Remarks
24	A-7	-Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte. Ltd 45% (O) '-BG Exploration&Production Myanmar Pte. Ltd 45% (P) - Myanmar Petroleum Exploration & Production Co., Ltd 10% (P)	Exploration	918/2015	2015	2022	Active	Rakhine	-Singapore -Singapore -Myanmar	as per coloum 3	
25	AD-5	- Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte.Ltd - 55% (O) '- BG Exploration&Production Myanmar Pte. Ltd45% (P)	Study	919/2015	2015	2023	Active	Rakhine	-Singapore -Singapore	as per coloum 3	
26	M-5	- Total E&P Myanmar - 31.24% (O) - Unocal Myanmar Offshore Co., Ltd -		055/1992		30 years from			- France -Bermuda	as per coloum 3	
27	M-6	28.26%(P) - PTTEP - 25.50%(P) - MOGE - 15%(P)	Production	& 124/1995	1995	Commercial Operation Date	Active	Mottama	-Thailand -Myanmar	as per coloum 3	Yadana Project
28	YWB	Total E&P Myanmar 100%(O)	Study	868/2014	2015	2023	Active	Tanintharyi	-France	100%	
29	M-15	- CFG Energy Pte.Ltd 80% (O) '- TRG M15 Pte.Ltd 10% (P) - Century Bright Gold Co., Ltd10%(P)	Study	929/2015	2015	2022	Active	Tanintharyi	-Singapore -Singapore -Myanmar	as per coloum 3	
30	MD-2	- Eni Myanmar B.V - 60% (O)	Study	932/2015	2015	2023	Active	Mottama	- Netherlands	as per coloum 3	
31	MD-4	- Total E&P Myanmar - 40% (P)	Study	933/2015	2015	2023	Active	Tanintharyi	-Vietnam -France	as per coloum 3	
32	M-17	- Reliance Industries Ltd 96% (O) - United National Resources Development	Study	930/2015	2015	2022	Active	Tanintharyi	-India	as per coloum 3	
33	M-18	Services Co., Ltd 4% (P)	Study	931/2015	2015	2022	Active	Tanintharyi	-Myanmar	as per coloum 3	
34	M-7	-Tap Energy(M-7) Pte Ltd 95% (O) -Smart E&P InternationalCo.,Ltd - 5% (P)	Study	928/2015	2015	2022	Active	Mottama	-Singapore -Myanmar	as per coloum 3	

Annex 4 List of Oil and Gas permits 2017-2018 onshore

Sr. No	Block	Company	Kinds of Activity (Study Period, Exploration, Production)	MIC Permit	Period from	Period To	Company Status (Active/ Pending)	Area	Company Location & Contact Detail	Company Sharing	Remarks
1	MOGE- 1	-Goldpetrol JOC Inc. 100%	Production	216/1996	1996	2028	Active	Yenangyaung	-Indonesia	100%	Permit Extension
2	IOR-2	(Operator-O)	rroduction	215/1996	1996	2028	Active	Chauk	indonesia	100%	Permit Extension
3	MOGE- 2	-MPRL E&P.100% (O)	Production	218/1996	1996	2024	Active	Mann	-British Virgin Island	100%	Permit Extension
4	PSC- F	-North Petro-Chem CorporationMyanmarLtd. (NPCCM) - 40%(O) -Asia Petroleum Investment Company (APIC) -60% (Partner-P)	Semi- exploration	442/2010	2010	2017	Active	Ngahlaing Dwin	-P.R. China -England and wales	as per coloum 3	Permit Extension
5	PSC-R	-SNOG Pte Ltd 94% (O) -UPR Pte Ltd 6% (P)	Exploration	450/2011	2011	2021	Active	Mepale	-Singapore -Myanmar	as per coloum 3	Permit Extension
6	RSF-9	-Geopetrol International Holding Inc 80% (O) -A-1 Mining Company .Ltd20% (P)	Exploration	471/2012	2012	2018	Active	Pylo- Paukkaung	-Panama -Myanmar	as per coloum 3	
7	PSC-I	- Myanmar PSC I Pte. Ltd. 68.4% (0) -Jubilant Oil & Gas Pte.Ltd9.1% (P) -Parami Energy Development Co.,Ltd-22.5% (P)	Exploration	474/2012	2012	2018	Active	Hinthada	-India -Myanmar	as per coloum 3	
8	PSC-G	-PTTEP South Asia Ltd70%(O) -Win Precious Resources Pte Ltd10%		482/2012	2012	2018	Active	TaungDwin Gyi	-Cayman Islands	as per coloum 3	
9	EP-2	(P) - Palang Sophon Offshore Pte.Ltd.(PSO)-10%(P) - MOECO -10%(P)	Exploration	480/2012	2012	2018	Active	AungLan	-Myanmar -Signapore -Singapore	as per coloum 3	
10	EP-5	-IsTech Energy EP5 Pte. Ltd 95%(O) -Smart Technical Services Ltd5% (P)	Exploration	481/2012	2012	2018	Active	Inbin- Tegyigon	-Singapore -Myanmar	as per coloum 3	
11	PSC-E	-Asia Orient International Ltd85% (CJs Oc "Nobel Oil") (O) -A' Lister Services Co., Ltd15% (P)	Exploration	479/2012	2012	2018	Active	Myingyan	-Hong Kong -Myanmar	as per coloum 3	
12	PSC-K		Exploration	762/2014	2014	2021	Active	Yamethin		as per coloum 3	

Sr. No	Block	Company	Kinds of Activity (Study Period, Exploration, Production)	MIC Permit	Period from	Period To	Company Status (Active/ Pending)	Area	Company Location & Contact Detail	Company Sharing	Remarks
13	RSF-5	-Eni Myanmar B.V90% (O) -Myanmar Petroleum Exploration and Production Co., Ltd10% (P)		763/2014	2014	2021	Active	Ondwe	- Netherlands -Myanmar	as per coloum 3	
14	MOGE-	-PTTEP South Asia Ltd77.5% (O) -Palang Sophon Offshore Pte. Ltd - 10% (P) -Win Precious Resources Pte. Ltd 2.5% (P) -MOECOAsiaMG3Pte.Ltd. 10%(P)	Exploration	764/2014	2014	2021	Active	Padaukpin- Natmi	-Cayman Islands -Singapore -Singapore	as per coloum 3	
15	B-2	-ONGC Videsh Ltd97%(O)	Fla matica	784/2014	2014	2021	Active	Zepyutaung- Nandaw	-India	as per coloum 3	
16	EP-3	-Machinery and Solutions Co., Ltd 3% (P)	Exploration	785/2014	2014	2021	Active	Thegon- Shwegu	-Myanmar	as per coloum 3	
17	EP-4	-Bashneft International B.V.75% (O) -Sun Apex Holdings Ltd.25% (P)	Exploration	790/2014	2014	2021	Active	Mayaman	-Netharland -British Virgin Island	as per coloum 3	
18	PSC C- 1	-Pacific Hunt Energy Corporation - 75%(O)	Fla vatia a	787/2014	2014	2021	Active	Yenan-Indaw	-Canada	as per coloum 3	
19	PCS-H	-Young Investment Group Co. Ltd 25% (P)	Exploration	788/2014	2014	2021	Active	Taungoo- PyinMaNa	-Myanmar	as per coloum 3	
20	IOR-5	-Petronas Carigali Myanmar Inc 67.25%(O) -UNOG Pte Ltd 12.75% (P) - Brunei National Petroleum Co., Sdn.Bhd. (PB Myanmar Pte. Ltd.)- 20% (P)	Evaloration	797/2014	2014	2021	Active	Htantabin	-Liberia -Singapore -Myanmar	as per coloum 3	
21	IOR-7	-Petronas Carigali Myanmar Inc 82.25%(O) -UNOG Pte Ltd 12.75% (P) - Brunei National Petroleum Co., Sdn.Bhd. (PB Myanmar Pte. Ltd.)- 5% (P)	- Exploration	793/2014	2014	2021	Active	Shwepyitha	-Liberia -Singapore -Myanmar	as per coloum 3	
22	EP-1	-Brunei National Petroleum Co., Sdn.Bhd. (PB Myanmar Co., Ltd.)-43.625% (O) -IGE Pte. Ltd 12.75% (P) -Petronas Carigali Myanmar Inc 43.625% (P)	Exploration	786/2014	2014	2021	Active	Kyaukkyi- Mindon	-Myanmar -Myanmar -Malaysia	as per coloum 3	

Sr. No	Block	Company	Kinds of Activity (Study Period, Exploration, Production)	MIC Permit	Period from	Period To	Company Status (Active/ Pending)	Area	Company Location & Contact Detail	Company Sharing	Remarks
23	MOGE-	-CAOG S.a' r. l(CAOG Pte. Ltd.)- 94.5% (O) -Apex Geo Services Co., Ltd. 5.5% (P)	Exploration	789/2014	2014	2021	Active	Myintha	-Singapore -Myanmar	as per coloum 3	

Annex 5 List of Gems and Jade Licenses

See the Excel attached

Annex 6 List of Mining Licenses

See the Excel attached

Annex 7 Follow up submission of certified FS

Oil and Gas

N o.	Company	Registry Number	Foundin g date	Core business activities	Second ary busines s activiti es	Certifi ed FS	Auditor Name
1	Gold Petrol Joint Operating Company Inc., (GJOC Inc.)	177 FC 97- 98	01/04/1 998	Exploration and Production of Crude Oil	N/C	Yes	NC
2	MPRL E&P	177811262	07/08/2 000	Exploration & Production	N/C	Yes	Khin Su Htay & Associates Ltd.
3	PC Myanmar (Hong Kong) Limited	166259592	08/12/1 991	Petroleum Exploration/ Production	N/C	Yes	U Hla Tun & Associates Limited
4	Posco Daewoo Corporation (Myanmar E&P Office)	114730092	17/06/2 002	Exploration, Development, Production and Sale of Natural Gas	N/C	Yes	U Hla Tun & Associates Ltd
5	PTTEP International Ltd.	84/FC	19/10/1 995	N/C	N/C	Yes	U Hla Tun & Associates Limited
6	Total E&P Myanmar	186813227	03/11/1 992	Exploration & Production of Crude Oil& Gas	N/C	Yes	U Hla Tun & Associate
7	Gail JJ India Ltd						
8	Korea Gas Corporation						
9	Nippon Oil Exploration (Myanmar) Ltd						
10	ONGC Videsh Ltd.,						
11	Unocal Myanmar Offshore Co., Ltd.	9FC of 1994- 1995	21/04/1 994	N/C	N/C	Yes	U Hla Tun & Associates Limited
12	Asia Orient International Ltd. (CJs Oc Nobel Oil)						
13	Bashneft International B.V. (Myanmar Branch)						
14	Berlanga Myanmar Pte Ltd., (Myanmar Branch)	155075031	19/03/2 015	N/C	N/C	Yes	Deloitte
15	BG Exploration & Production Myanmar Pte. Ltd. (Myanmar Branch)	107276645		Petroleum exploration activities	N/C		EY UTW (Myanmar) Limited
16	Brunei National Petroleum Company Sdn Bhd (PB Myanmar)						
17	CAOG PTE LTD (MYANMAR BRANCH)	108009233	19/03/2 015	N/C	N/C	Yes	Deloitte
18	CFG Energy Pte Ltd.,	116092360	01/11/2 014	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
19	ENI Myanmar B.V. (Myanmar Branch)	134183292	13/05/2 013	Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas	N/C	Yes	UTW (Myanmar) Limited

N o.	Company	Registry Number	Foundin g date	Core business activities	Second ary busines s activiti es	Certifi ed FS	Auditor Name
20	IsTech Energy EP-5 Pte Ltd., (Myanmar Branch)	105603525	30/05/2 012	Oil & Gas Exploration-PSC Contract with MOGE	N/C	Yes	Daw Winn Htay & Associates
21	Jubilant Oil & Gas Pte. Ltd.						
22	North Petro-Chem Corporation Myanmar Ltd. (NPCMM)						
23	Ophir Myanmar (Block AD-3) Limited (Myanmar Branch)	103204453	26/01/2 015	Oil & Gas Exploration and Production	N/C	Yes	Myanmar Vigour
24	Pacific Hunt Energy Corporation (Myanmar Branch)	187436311	05/08/2 017	Extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas	N/C	Yes	MYANMAR VIGOUR & ASSOCIATES LIMITED
25	Parami Energy Development Company Ltd						
26	Apex Geo Services Co.,						
27	Petronas Carigali Myanmar Inc (PCMI)	167068618	19/09/2 011	Petroleum Exploration/ Production	N/C	Yes	U Hla Tun & Associates Limited
28	Petrovietnam Exploration Production Corporation						
29	Reliance Industries Ltd.						
30	Shell Myanmar Energy Pte. Ltd Yangon Branch	107278451	24/09/2 014	Petroleum exploration activities	N/C	Yes	EY UTW (Myanmar) Limited
31	SNOG Pte Ltd						
32	Tap Energy (M-7) Co., Ltd. (Statoil)						
33	TRG M15 Pte. Ltd.						
34	Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte Ltd	104674488	29/11/2 013	Exploration and Production of Crude Oil and Natural Gas	N/C	Yes	UTW (Myanmar) Limited
35	MOECO Asia Pte. Ltd						
36	SmartE&PInternational Co.,Ltd						
37	United National Resources Development Services Co., Ltd						
38	Century Bright Gold Co., Ltd						
39	Myanmar Petroleum Exploration & Production Co., Ltd.						
40	Royal Marine Engineering Co.,Ltd						
41	Eden Group Co., Ltd						
42	Maurel & Prom Exploration & Production						
43	CNPC International Ltd.						

N o.	Company	Registry Number	Foundin g date	Core business activities	Second ary busines s activiti es	Certifi ed FS	Auditor Name
44	Asia Petroleum Investment Company (APIC)						
45	UPR Pte Ltd.						
46	A-1 Mining Company .Ltd.						
47	Win Precious Resources Pte Ltd.						
48	Palang Sophon Offshore Pte. Ltd. (PSO)						
49	Smart Technical Services Ltd.						
50	A-Lister Services Co., Ltd.						
51	Machinery and Solutions Co., Ltd.						
52	Sun Apex Holdings Ltd.						
53	Young Investment Group Co. Ltd.	108744308	04/05/2 015	N/C	N/C	Yes	Daw Thant Myat Win (Focus Consulting Group Ltd)
54	IGE Pte. Ltd.						
55	UNOG Pte. Ltd.						

Oil and Gas transportation

No.	Company	Registry Number	Founding date	Core business activities	Secondary business activities	Certifie d FS	Auditor Name
1	South East Asia Gas Pipeline Co.,Ltd(Great Ocean Branch)(SEAGP)	17 FC (2010-2011) / 180954341	10/03/2011	Natural Gas Transportation by Pipeline	N/C	Yes	UTW (Myanmar) Limited
2	Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline (SEAOP)	15 FC (2010-2011) / 180808949	31/01/2011	Natural Gas Transportation by Pipeline	N/C	Yes	UTW (Myanmar) Limited
3	Anadaman Transportation Limited(Yangon Branch)(ATL)	13 FC	08/09/2011	N/C	N/C	Yes	U Hla Tun & Associates Limited
4	Moattama Gas Transportation Co.,Ltd(MGTC)	142356155	15/12/1995	Natural Gas Tranportation	N/C	Yes	U Hla Tun & Associate
5	Tanitharyi Pipeline Company LLC(Myanmar Branch)(TPC)	183495127	17/07/1997	Construction and operation of natural gas pipeline, processing compression and transportation of natural gas	N/C	Yes	U Hla Tun & Associated Limited

Pearl sector

No ·	Company	Registry Number	Foundin g date	Core business activities	Second ary busines s activiti es	Certifi ed FS	Auditor Name
1	Myanmar Tasaki Co., Ltd	151618537	21/06/2 001	Artificial Breeding and Culturing of Pearls	N/C	Yes	JF Group Accouning & Auditing Firm
2	Myanmar Atlantic Co., Ltd	109939404	14/08/1 998	Breeding of Oysters, Rearing of Oysters and Culturing of Pearls	N/C	Yes	U Hla Tun & Associates Limited
3	Myanmar Andman Co., Ltd	104651240	23-12- 1998	N/C	N/C	Yes	Daw Khaing Su Aung
4	Belpearl Myanmar Co., Ltd	105482817	19/08/2 014	Artificial Breeding of Oysters, Rearing of Oysters and Culturing of Pearls	N/C	No	Kyu Kyu Win & Associates Services Co., Ltd
5	Nino Pearl Culturing Co., Ltd	157123394	24/2/20 00	N/C	N/C	Yes	Tin Tin Htike
6	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Zinyaw)	1384/1998- 1999	24/02/1 999	Production of Myanmar South Sea Pearl (Zinyaw Kyunn)	N/C	Yes	Win Group Audit Firm
7	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Jalan)	1384/1998- 1999	24/02/1 999	Production of Myanmar South Sea Pearl (Jarlan Kyunn)	N/C	Yes	Win Group Audit Firm
8	Annawar Pearl Co., Ltd (Marine Pearl Company)	109604496	22.04.20 10	N/C	N/C	Yes	U Sein Win
9	Pyae Sone Htet Myint Co., Ltd	100108143	10/10/2 014	Pearl Culturing	NUL	Yes	U Myat Lwin Moe
10	Aquagold Myanmar Co., Ltd	110185464	04/09/2 015	PEARL PRODUCTION	Nail	Yes	HNA Group
11	Pyae Phyo Tun Co., Ltd	164028682	07/01/1 994	Frozen Export	N/C	No	N/C

Gems and Jade sector

N°	Company	Registry Number	Founding date	Core business activities	Secondary business activities	Certified FS	Auditor Name
1	Linn Lett Win Yadanar Gems Co Ltd	150969522	01/04/2000	Gems	Nc	No	N/A
2	Yar Za Htar Ni	102310144	11/01/2011	Jade Business	Nc	Yes	U Zaw Lwin
3	YADANAR TAUNG TEN	No.787/2000-2001	28/08/2000	Nc	Nc	Yes	U Sun Tun
4	Wai Aung Gabar	153250650	180/07/2005	Jade Extracting	Nc	Yes	YEE YEE KHIN /Focus Consulting Group Ltd.
5	Ayeyar Yadanar Gems & Jewellery Co .,Ltd	102323033	12/02/1996	Jade Business	Nc	Yes	U Zaw Lwin
6	AKNK						
7	SILVER ELEPHANT GEMS CO LTD	196422048	28/05/2001	Nc	Nc	Yes	Focus Consulting Group Limited
8	Phyo Thiha Kyaw	109675040	15/11/2006	Jade	Nc	Yes	U Sun Tun (B.A,CPA, F.B.S.A)
9	Same Wai Hlaing (SWH)	106379017	30/03/2011	Jade	Nc	Yes	DAW YEE YEE KHIN
10	Mya Garden (GEG)	115165925	08/06/2011	Jade Mining	Nc	Yes	Kyu Kyu Win & Associates Services Co.,Ltd.
11	Kan Pwint Oo	108440619	03/12/2003	Nc	Nc	Yes	Zin & Friends Audit Firm
12	Shwe Ngar Koe Kaung	103883865	03/11/1996	Nc	Nc	Yes	Daw Khin Thin Kyu Audit Firm
13	Shwe Gaung Gems Co Ltd	173478178	06/02/1996	Jade	Nc	Yes	NGWE INZALY AUDIT FIRM
14	Htun Tauk Zabu Gems & Jewellery Co;Ltd.	101178919	25/11/2011	Nc	Nc	Yes	Zaw Lwins & Associations Audit Firm
15	Sein Lonm Taung Tan (SLTT-S)	183561383	25/10/1996	Nc	Nc	Yes	Daw Hla Than
16	Ayar Jade	108175893	05/05/2009	Jade	Nc	Yes	U Sein Kyaw Win
17	Shining Star Light Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	193310389	19/05/2004	Raw Jade Excavation	No	Yes	Daw Khin Thin Kyu Audit Firm
18	Yadanar Sin Thiri Gems Co	145864046	24/09/2002	Nc	Nc	Yes	Ngwe Inzaly Audit Firm
19	SHWE OAK KHAI MINING CO.,LTD.	101538060	02/06/2011	Jade Business	Nc	Yes	U Zaw Lwin
20	Jade Mountain	176743174	12/05/2000	Jade	Nc	Yes	U Sun Tun (B.A,CPA, F.B.S.A)
21	Thirawmani	106962162	14/11/1995	Gems & Gade	Nc	Yes	KHAING WIN B.COM.C.P.A,D.B.L,D.M.L.DIL
22	Phoe Thar Htoo Gems Co.,Ltd.	147968183	15/08/2003	Gems	Nc	No	N/A
23	Myanma Seinn Lei Aung Gems Co Ltd.	104372880	06/03/2000	Gems	Nc	Nc	Nc
24	Yadanar Yaung Chi	152951604	04/08/2008	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
25	Linn Htet Aung Gems Co.,Ltd.	1952818234	13/08/2003	Gems	Nc	Nc	Nc

N°	Company	Registry Number	Founding date	Core business activities	Secondary business activities	Certified FS	Auditor Name
26	Norbal Three Star (GMMK)	104323286	07/06/2011	Jade	Business of Culturing, Production and Selling of Pearls	Yes	Daw Sandar Aye
27	WAN BROTHERS	100226448	27/12/1995	Jade	Nc	Yes	ZIN & FRIENDS
28	Mya Yaung Tun	2393/2012-2013	13/09/2012	Nc	Nc	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
29	Nan Htike Pyae Paing Co	101493539	27/09/2010	Jade	Nc	Yes	U Zaw Lwin
30	Khun Paooe	162307657	29/01/1996	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
31	Great wall Gems&Jade company	111033986	28/11/2006	Nc	Nc	Yes	Daw Khin Thin Kyu Audit Firm
32	Great Genesis Gems (GMH)	1275806086	16/08/2005	Jade	Business of Culturing, Production and Selling of Pearls	Yes	Daw Thant Myat Win
33	Htat Aye Yar	107652248	12/01/2011	Jade	Nc	Yes	U Zin Wai
34	Wai Family	174 / 2000 - 2001 (102870808)	04/05/2000	Jade Extracting	Nc	Yes	DAW YEE YEE KHIN Focus Consulting Group Ltd.
35	Seng Tawng Gems&Jewellery Co., Ltd	112486801	20/12/1995	Jade	Nc	Yes	Than Than Win & Associates
36	Kyauk Same Nan Taw (GKN)	100798247	10/02/2004	Jade	Nc	Yes	U Khin Maung Myint
37	Jade Land	102449940	15/11/995	Jade Mining	No	Yes	Ngwe Inzali Audit Firm
38	Jade Than Lwin	115655183	04/02/2012	Jade Production	No	Yes	Nc
39	111	121174545	16/05/2006	Nc	Nc	Yes	Zin & Friends Audit Firm
40	Kaung Myat Thu Ka	1005814935	19/05/2014	Gems	Nc	No	N/A
41	Seine Pwint Pwint Wai	116600978	11/05/2010	Jade	Nc	Yes	U Sai Soe Win
42	Khine Myanmar	161540552	05/04/2012	Nc	Nc	Yes	Ngwe Inzaly Audit Firm
43	Unity	1259/1995-1996	24/01/1996	Nc	Nc	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
44	Wai Yan Thar (WYT)	2389/2012-2013	13/09/2012	Nc	Nc	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
45	Sin Gaung Taung	105919638	13/6/1996	Gems	Nc	Yes	U Zaw Lwin
46	GREEN MOUNTAIN CO;LTD	137474379	13/12/2006	Nc	Nc	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD.
47	Chang Long Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	147874405	15/11/1995	Jade	Nc	Yes	Ngwe Izaly
48	Kyaut Myat Min	113325240	22/11/2007	Jade Production	No	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
49	Yadanar Shwe Ye Win	100012707	16/12/2005	Gems	Nc	Yes	Ngwe Inzaly Audit Firm
50	Myit Sone Ayar	145315298	11/08/2005	Gems	Nc	No	No

N°	Company	Registry Number	Founding date	Core business activities	Secondary business activities	Certified FS	Auditor Name
51	Yadanar Aung Chan	145839467	24/09/2002	Nc	Nc	Yes	Ngwe Izaly
52	Myanmar Imperial Jade Co	176227869	13/09/1996	Business of Producion & Sale of Jade	Nc	Yes	Kyu Kyu Win & Associates Services Co.,LTD
53	Khin Zaw Aung & Brother	109567442	30/11/2007	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
54	Myanmar First Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	112643648	09/04/2006	Nc	Nc	Yes	Daw Khin Thin Kyu Audit Firm
55	Ever Winner [EW]	102788486	27/12/1995	Gems	Nc	No	N/A
56	Shwe Hein Htet Gems Co Ltd	113888792	18/06/2002	Jade	Nc	Yes	Myanmar Golden Accounting & Auditing Firm
57	Myo Nwe Gems	162073524	12/07/1999	Gems	Nc	Yes	Self-Assessment System
58	Tun Naing Aung	153051356	10/06/2002	Producion of Jade	Nc	Yes	THAUNG AYE & ASSOCIATES
59	Nay Min Kabar Co	112235213	14/03/2011	Gems & Jade	Nc	Yes	Daw Win San FOCUS Consulting Group Ltd
60	Zebu Thiri Gems Co.,ltd	111921644	12/10/2009	Jade Production	No	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
61	Yadanar Three Elephants Co	106857660	21/09/2015	Gems	No	No	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD.
62	Kyaing International (GKI)	106577293	15/11/2007	Gems & Jade	Nc	Yes	Focus Consulting Group Co.,Ltd
63	Nan Oo Yadanar	100192071	27/12/1995	GEMS	Nc	Yes	Sein Win & Associates
64	Su Htu Pan	103300215	29/08/1996	Gems	Nc	Yes	Ngwe Inzaly
65	Long Byit	104973124	14/11/1995	Gems and Jewellery	No	Yes	U Min Lwin Oo, U Min Lwin Oo& Associates
66	Super Sein	112301100	28.3.1996	Gems	Nc	Yes	Daw Sandar Aye
67	Win Lei Yadanar	110049617	20/04/2004	Gems	Nc	Yes	ZIN WAI B.COM;(AA);C.P.A(210)
68	Kyal Sin Phyu	103508312	17/01/2013	Raw Jade Excavation	No	Yes	Daw Khin Thin Kyu Audit Firm
69	Treasure Star Co., Ltd.	110015348	25/02/2000	Nc	Nc	Yes	Ngwe Inzaly
70	ARS Gems [ARS]	105949642	29/10/1993	Nc	Nc	No	Ngwe Inzaly Audit Firm
71	Yadanar Pyi Phyo Aung Gems Co., Ltd	174126674	19/06/2001	Gems	Nc	No	N/A
72	Jade Padatar Gems Co,Ltd	115325728	16/03/2004	Nc	Nc	Yes	Nc
73	Ruby Dragon Company	177490903	22/12/1995	Gem/ Jade Mining	Nc	Yes	U Kyaw Nyunt
74	Northern Jade World	111092141	30/05/2012	Gemstone Production	Jewelry Production	Yes	Daw Sandar Aye
75	Kaung Htet Khaing	117705390	12/01/2007	Jade	Nc	Yes	Myanmar Golden Accounting & Auditing Firm
76	Kaung Swan Htet Co	110392907	05/05/2010	Gems	No	Yes	Ngwe Inzaly Audit Firm

N°	Company	Registry Number	Founding date	Core business activities	Secondary business activities	Certified FS	Auditor Name
77	Shwe Ywat Hlwar	102607236	22/10/2003	Gems	Nc	No	N/A
78	Same Lei Yadanar Win Co (SLYW)	103758491	03/04/2012	Jade Gems & Jewellary	Nc	Yes	Myat Lwin Moe
79	Hpakan King Gems & Jewellery Co. Ltd	1455/2009-2010	07/01/2010	Nc	Nc	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
80	Agga Yadanar Jade Gems & Jewellery Co., LTD	117141772	05/09/2008	Extraction de gemmes	Nc	Yes	Daw Nwe Nwe Toe
81	Shwe War Myae (mandalay)	1735/1999-2000	24/07/2013	Nc	Nc	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
82	Delta Land	104724434	22/11/1995	Gems Production	Nc	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
83	Seine Lone Aung	1477/2009-2010	12/01/2010	Nc	Nc	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
84	Aung Hein Minn	102150392	02/08/2004	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
85	Kyauk Seinn Sun Shwin Jade Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	103832675	03/04/2012	Jade Gems & Jewellery	Nc	Yes	Myat Lwin Moe
86	Yadanar Aung Tun Tauk	100379252	15/08/2003	Gems	Nc	Yes	Sein Win & Associates Accounting, Auditing & Consultancy Services
87	U YA GEMS	135456713	08/10/1999	Jade	Nc	No	N/A
88	Chaow Brothers Gemstone Enterprise Ltd	150335590	20/11/1995	Nc	Nc	No	MTO-1 (SAS)
89	Myat Yamon	118936019	29/12/1995	Gems	Nc	Yes	Self-Assessment System
90	Nay La Pwint	106846650	27/12/1995	Nc	Nc	Yes	Daw San Kyi
91	Ma Li Kha Gem Stone Co	105456425	Nc	Jade	Nc	Yes	U San Tun
92	Wan Full	105806833	22/12/1995	Jade	Nc	Yes	Daw Thant Myat Win
93	Aung Tu Ka Dana	104728448	13/10/2003	Other mining and quarrying	Nc	Yes	Daw Than Myat Win
94	Yadanar Moe Myay	164972941	26/03/2004	Gems	Nc	No	N/A
95	Shein Family gems Co., Ltd.	147273711	22/10/2003	Gems	Nc	No	N/A
96	Thein Gabar Aung	115025554	27/10/2004	Gems	No	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD.
97	Jade Treasure	105726791	10/07/2006	Gems	No	No	Ngwe Inzaly Audit Firm
98	Lawka Nandar	101487253	13/05/2011	Jade Business	Nc	Yes	U Zaw Lwin
99	Ngwe Si Hein	114898813	03/03/2000	Jade	Nc	No	N/A
100	Myat Pan Khaing	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
101	Lon Hai	134823119	01/08/1997	Gemstone Mining and Trading	No	No	N/A
102	Goldend Light gems	129792604	22/01/2004	Jade Production	No	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD

N°	Company	Registry Number	Founding date	Core business activities	Secondary business activities	Certified FS	Auditor Name
103	Hein Aung Lin Htet Jade Co. Ltd	111951209	04/06/2012	Jade Production	No	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
104	Phar Kant Sai Bon						
105	Thigi Myintzu Yadanar	106825963	26/12/2011	Gems	No	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD.
106	Seinn Nay Chi Gems & jade company	110657528	09/12/2011	Jade	Nc	No	N/A
107	Seine Light	104639151	16/07/2007	Jade	Nc	Yes	Nc
108	New Lucky Green Gems	140515442	22/12/1995	Jade Mining	No	Nc	Nc
109	Mya San Dar (MSD)	107669450	20/11/2002	Production of Jade	Nc	Nc	Nc
110	Jade Thazin	113784563	04/05/2012	Jade Production	No	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
111	Kaung Su Aung	107642706	25/11/2002	Production of Jade	Nc	Nc	Nc
112	Kachin National Development	112066055	27/12/1995	Jade	Nc	Yes	Than Than Win & Associates
113	Jade Thapyae Co.,ltd	114035033	04/10/2012	Production of Jade	No	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
114	Kaung Wai Yan Co	110033095	24/6/2005	Nc	Nc	Yes	ZIN WAI B.COM;(AA);C.P.A(210) CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
115	Green Diamond Gems & Jewellery Co. Ltd	102774922	23/08/2010	Jade Extracting	Nc	Yes	DAW YEE YEE KHIN Focus Consulting Group Ltd.
116	Lucky Star Jade Group	162113011	12/03/2004	Nc	Nc	Yes	Daw Khin Thin Kyu Audit Firm
117	Yadanar Si	108857250	05/01/1996	Jade	Nc	Yes	Daw Yin Yin
118	All Right Company	113781203	04/04/2012	Jade Production	No	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
119	Jewel Crown Company	105805837	09/08/2006	Gems	No	No	Ngwe Inzaly Audit Firm
120	Kaung Mon Yadanar	103303893	10/05/2004	Gems	Nc	Yes	Ngwe Inzaly
121	Green Earth Gems Co., Ltd	112434720	22/05/2001	Gems & Jewllery Mining	No	Yes	CPA- DAW TANT MYAT WIN
122	Global Sun Light	102255585	26/07/2013	Jade Extracting	Nc	Yes	DAW YEE YEE KHIN Focus Consulting Group Ltd.
123	Aung Hlaing Kyawlwa	100251507	10/04/2006	Gemstone (Rough Gem)	No	No	N/A
124	Value Standard	135428841	28/06/2005	Jade Business	Nc	Yes	Nc
125	Seine Aung	100315440	14/11/1995	Gems	Nc	No	N/A
126	Myint Shin Gems Co.,LTd	106333483	06/08/2003	Nc	Nc	Yes	Daw Tin Tin Kyaw
127	U Kyaw Thet	Nc	Nc	Jade	Nc	Yes	U Kyaw Thet
128	Buu Gar	110499930	15/11/1995	Jade	Nc	No	N/A

N°	Company	Registry Number	Founding date	Core business activities	Secondary business activities	Certified FS	Auditor Name
129	Jade Pioneer Mining Limited	102272692	28/06/2016	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
130	Kyauk Seinn Minn Gems	103472296	15/11/1995	Jade	Nc	Yes	U Myaing
131	Yi Li Fa [YLF]	141482904	22/12/1995	Gems	Nc	Yes	Daw Thin Thin Soe
132	Pyi Yadanar	195679029	24/11/2004	Gems Purhasing and Selling	Nc	No	N/A
133	MELODIOUS GEMS COMPANY LIMITED	105609108	28/06/2006	Gems	Nc	Yes	Daw San Kyi
134	Myanmar Thura [MTY]	105600755	29/09/2003	Nc	Nc	Yes	Daw San Kyi
135	Kyaut Seinnn Karbarkyaw	100818132	15/05/2012	Gems production	Nc	No	N/A
136	Hole In One	149493417	24/09/1996	Jade	PEARL	Yes	Focus
137	,,,	165715756	28/01/2010	Gems	Nc	No	N/A
138	Kyauk Seinn Wingabar Jade Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	133473467	05/04/2012	Jade Gems & Jewellery	Nc	Yes	Myat Lwin Moe
139	Ou Ryu Sein Yadanar	102529812	28/02/2006	Jade	Nc	Yes	Daw Nyunt May
140	Kaung Htike	102673077	07/10/2006	Other mining and quarrying	Nc	Yes	Daw Than Myat Win
141	Sein Minn Yadanar	152332807	15/11/1995	Rough Jade	Nc	No	N/A
142	Treasure Five Star Co., Ltd	111142246	01/01/2013	Jade	Nc	Yes	Than Than Win
143	Kyei Linn Gems & Jade Company	11522 6118	19/04/2000	Jade	Nc	Nc	Nc
144	Silver Sand Stone Gems co.,	100900424	25/02/2008	Jade	PEARL	Yes	ZIN WAI
145	Wan Chang	112714472	07/03/1996	Jade	Nc	Yes	U Tin Sein
146	Khaing Lon Gems Co., Ltd	116262495	29/12/2005	Jade	Business of Culturing, Production and Selling of Pearls	Yes	Daw Thant Myat Win
147	PON TUNG THARR GEMS COMPANY LIMITED	109634336	14/02/2011	Gems	Nc	Yes	Thant Myat Win
148	Palaung National						
149	Treasure Linn Gems Co.,Ltd	100375257	27/06/2008	Gems	Nc	Yes	SEIN WIN & ASSOCIATES Accounting, Auditing & Consultancy Services
150	Treasure White Lotus	151284108	22/08/2003	Gems	Nc	No	N/A
151	Sein Thura San	108045671	04/12/2006	MINING (GEMS) AND SOLD TO EMPORIEM IN NAYPYITAW	No	Yes	U ZIN WAI (ZIN AND FRIEND AUDIT FIRM)

N°	Company	Registry Number	Founding date	Core business activities	Secondary business activities	Certified FS	Auditor Name
152	Aung Shwe Kabar	114585149	15/01/2003	Gems & jewllery production	Agriuculture	Yes	JF Group
153	San Taw Win	100717417	20/06/2015	Jade	Nc	Yes	Daw Yin Yin Htay
154	Jade Crystal Palace	107791612	29/12/1995	Gems	Nc	Yes	Daw San Kyi
155	Shwe Hwa	111532001	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
156	Aung Myin Thu Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	108425016	10/01/1996	Production of Jade	Nc	Nc	Nc
157	Gold Jade	101104931	22/11/1995	Jade	Nc	Yes	U Sun Tun (B.A,CPA, F.B.S.A)
158	Thet Hein Gems & Jewellery Co;Ltd.	129590645	16/07/2003	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
159	Myanmar Rich Land Gems	101665933	21/07/2000	Jade	Nc	Yes	ZIN & FRIENDS AUDITORS
160	MEGA STAR JEWEL LIMITED	110022956	24/06/2005	Nc	Nc	Yes	ZIN WAI B.COM;(AA);C.P.A(210) CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
161	Kan Sein Pwint	106369615	02/11/2006	Gem	Nc	No	N/A
162	Myanmar Winning Gate (GMWG)	104797172	10/10/2007	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
163		114020222	30/03/2006	Jade	No	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
164	HONG YENG YEE SHIN GEMS & JADE COMPANY LTD	113631473	26/03/1997	Jade Production	No	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
165	Green Comet gems& Jade company	188092349	28/11/2006	Nc	Nc	Yes	Daw Khin Thin Kyu Audit Firm
166	Gandawin Kyaut Myat Garden	162206370	11/05/2005	Nc	Nc	No	N/A
167	Kaung Taw Myay	105747071	15/01/2009	Jade	No	Yes	Zaw Lwin & Associates
168	U Hla Soe Oo	NPT-52	04/12/2013	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
169	80000	2302/2011-2012	19/10/2011	Jade Mining	Nc	Yes	U Zaw Lwin
170	Than Lwin Kyaw Kyar	111158657	19/01/2005	Gems & Jade	Nc	Yes	Daw Win San FOCUS Consulting Group Ltd
171	Kyauk Myet Shwe Pyi	100174359	29/12/2015	Jade Gems & Jewellery	Nc	No	Myat Lwin Moe
172	Moe Brothers	102595246	13/11/1995	Jade Production, Gems&Jewellery Shop	Electronic Devices and water supply pumps selling	Yes	Nc
173	Innwa Nay Chi Co	107341439	09/10/2012	Nc	Nc	Yes	Ngwe Inzaly Audit Firm
174	Jade Master	115160419	11/02/2012	Jade Production	No	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
175	Taw Win Jade Dragon	116621991	17/10/2014	Jade	Jade	Yes	U Sai Soe Win
176	Shwe Tun Win	103437687	15/11/1995	Jade	Nc	Yes	U Myaing

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177	Kan Thar Yar Gems Co.,Ltd.	109595225	28/08/2009	Jade	Nc	Yes	Daw Yin Yin
178	Jade Brothers	115037854	04/10/1997	Jade	Nc	Yes	Than Than Win & Associates
179	Myat Myittar Mon (G & J) Co.,Ltd						
180	Pang Huke Duwa Co.,Ltd	103768306	20/11/1995	Jade	Nc	Yes	Daw Tin Tin Kyaw
181	Shwe Pyi Thar Gems Trading and Faceting Co-op.,Ltd	KHA-3313/SALA/CHAN AYE THAR SAN	12/10/1995	Nc	Nc	Yes	Daw Win San
182	Khant Shwe Pyi Co.,Ltd	102548493	27/04/2016	Trading	Nc	Yes	Win Aung
183	Nilar Yoma	163055198	29/01/1996	Gems	Nc	No	N/A
184	Lyan Shan	108840048	14/11/1995	Jewellery Company	No	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
185	Yadanar Myat Noe Thwe Gem	106843244	09/10/2012	Gems	No	No	Ngwe Inzaly Audit Firm
186	Kyi Wai Yan	102754441	27/02/2012	Gems	No	No	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD.
187	Yadanar San Shwin Gem	105217382	13/03/2001	Jade Production	No	Yes	FOCUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD
188	HERA Co.,ltd (Hee Ya Gems)	100702312	04/10/2006	Rough Gem	Nc	Yes	U Sun Tun
189	MOGOK PRIDE	107022201	15/11/1995	Mining	Jewellery Shop	Yes	Daw San Kyi, Daw Sany Kyi Audit firm
190	EXCELLENT RUBY & SAPPHIRE	113304022	28/01/2020	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
191	CHATKYIYAY GEMS & JEWELLERY CO.,LTD	108838345	24/07/2012	Gems	Nc	Yes	Nc
192	SHWE NAING TUN	102764757	05/08/2009	Jade Mining	No	No	Daw Khin Win Division 3
193	R.B.G	101387704	10/02/2005	Gem Mining	Nc	Yes	U Kyaw Nyunt
194	KHINE THIT SAR	100833727	22/07/2002	Gem Mining	Nc	Yes	U Kyaw Nyunt
195	Myanmar Lar Ba Gems Co., Ltd.	111053472	24/09/2009	Gems Mining	Nc	Yes	Daw San Kyi
196	METAL METERO	105818165	11/11/2011	Gems	Nc	Yes	Daw Than Than Win
197	RUBY TIGER	115697390	05/02/2011	Gems	Nc	No	N/A
198	THAN HTIKE LU	147118708	13/06/1996	Gems	Construction	Yes	Daw Nyunt May
199	BIRDS GEM	108269669	23/11/2007	Gem mining	Nc	Yes	Daw Nwe Nwe Toe
200	ZABUKYAWAUNG	107810935	03/10/2006	Gems production	Nc	Yes	U Zin Wai ,Zin and friends Audit firm
201	KYAN FAMILY	104947204	05/04/2006	Gems Mining	No	Yes	Nc
202	HTAY PAING	105130775	26/03/2004	Gems Production	Jewellery Shop	Yes	Daw Thant Myat Win, FOCUS Consulting Group
203	RED MOUNTAIN	101117995	10/10/2005	Nc	Nc	Yes	U Kyaw Nyunt
204	KYAW NAING & BROTHERS	151554474	10/08/1999	Jade Production	Nc	Yes	Thin Thin Soe

N°	Company	Registry Number	Founding date	Core business activities	Secondary business activities	Certified FS	Auditor Name
205	LAW LU	136924281	14/05/2001	Gems Production	Nc	Yes	Daw Win San, FOCUS Consulting Grooup LTD
206	MYANMAR SITHU	106648646	17/11/1995	Jade	Nc	Yes	Daw Nyunt Nyunt Yi
207	THEITHI AUNG NGWE MOE	119414296	24/12/2009	Jade	Jade	Yes	U Sai Soe Win
208	Pwint Phoo Nadi	113379510	24/08/2009	Nc	Nc	Yes	ZIN & FRIENDS
209	Myanmar Economic Corporation	105444192/2019	Nc	Nc	Nc	Yes	Daw Mi MI Hlaing

N°	Company	Registry Number	Founding date	Core business activities	Secondary business activities	Certified FS	Auditor Name
1	Myanmar Ruby Enterprise Co.,Ltd	1499/1995-1996	14/12/1996	Gem	Gold	Yes	kyu kyu win & Associate Service Co.,Ltd
2	Duwon Star (Gem&Jwellery) Co.,Ltd	1064/2012-2013	19/06/2012	Nc	Nc	N/A	N/A
3	Dana Thedi Star (Gem&Jwellery) Co.,Ltd	1065/2012-2013	19/06/2012	Nc	Nc	N/A	N/A
4	Hawk Star (Gem & Jewellery) Co.,Ltd	1069/2012-2013	19/06/2012	Nc	Nc	N/A	N/A
5	Pone Nyet(Gem & Jewellery) Co.,Ltd	1067/2012-2013	19/06/2012	Nc	Nc	N/A	N/A
6	Sabae (Gem & Jewellery) Co.,Ltd	1068/2012-2013	19/06/2012	Nc	Nc	N/A	N/A
7	Seik Tra Star (Gem & Jewellery) Co.,Ltd	1070/2012-2013	19/06/2012	Nc	Nc	N/A	N/A
8	ThitSarPann (Gems & Jewellery) Co.,Ltd	1066/2012-2013	19/06/2012	Nc	Nc	N/A	N/A

Other Minerals sector

N o.	Company	Registry Number	Foundin g date	Core business activities	Secondary business activities	Certifi ed FS	Auditor Name
1	NATIONAL PROSPERITY COMPANY LIMITED	4327	15/03/2 012	Gold Mining	N/C	No	N/A
2	MYANMAR ECONOMIC CORPORATION LIMITED						
3	GEO ASIA INDUSTRY & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	116058790	19/04/2 006	Gold Mine	N/C	No	N/A
4	CORNERSTONE RESOURCES (MYANMAR) LTD.	117328058	06/01/2 000	Exploration and Feasibility Studies Leading to Zinc Mining and Processing	N/C	Yes	FOCOUS CONSULTING GROUP LTD (DAW THANT MYAT WIN)
5	ETERNAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED	107350594	13/11/2 006	Mining	N/C	Yes	Maung Maung Hteik & Associate
6	MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED	156387282	27/04/1 990	N/C	N/C	Yes	U Hla Tun & Associates Limited
7	KAYAH STATE MINERAL PRODUCTION COMPANY LIMITED	76212002- 2003	28/02/2 002	N/C	N/C	Yes	kyu kyu win & Associates Services Co.,Ltd
8	SHWE MOE YAN COMPANY LIMITED	101082474	24/03/2 011	Gold	N/C	Yes	Royal Treasure Audit Firm (Daw Khin Than Oo)
9	GPS JOINT VENTURE COMPANY LIMITED	109035068	09/01/2 013	Lead mining, processing and sales	N/C	No	In progress
10	SHWE TAUNG MINING COMPANY LIMITED	178268163	10/05/2 005	N/C	N/C	Yes	UTW(Myanmar)Limited
11	DELCO LIMITED	125445020	25/09/2 007	Tin Tungsten Mining	N/C	Yes	Daw Thant Myat Win
12	MAX (MYANMAR) COMPANY LIMITED	141692534	17/12/2 007	Cement	N/C	Yes	Myanmar Vigour & Associates Limited
13	FIRST RESOURCES COMPANY LIMITED	101585220	18/6/20 12	08-Other mining and quarrying	N/C	NO	
14	PACIFIC LINK CEMENT INDUSTRIES LIMITED						
45	WIN HANT HE INDUSTRIES CONDAIN HAITER	4020	25/08/2	Mining of metal ores	NIG	v	WILL COOLD
15	WIN MYINT MO INDUSTRIES COMPANY LIMITED	1928	800	Other mining and quarrying Mining support service activities	N/C	Yes	WIN GROUP
16	No.(2)Heavy Industry, Ministry of Industry	N/C	N/C	Cement Factory, Glass Factory	N/C	N/C	N/C
17	MYANMAR PONGPIPAT COMPANY LIMITED	106803838	12/08/1 999	N/C	N/C	Yes	Daw Than Than Win
18	NGWE YI PALE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	155743298	22/12/2 004	N/C	N/C	Yes	N/C
19	NEW DAYS ASIA MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
20	HTOO INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	131415710	11/01/2 005	N/C	N/C	Yes	Famat Audit Firm
21	HARBOR STAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	110005199	12/04/2 014	Lead mining, processing and sales	N/C	NO	
22	MANDALAY GOLDEN FRIEND MINING CO., LTD.	1288	01/11/2	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
23	MYANMAR GOLDEN POINT FAMILY CO., LTD.	109529788	24/02/1 997	Mining	N/C	Yes	Maung Maung Hteik & Associate

N o.	Company	Registry Number	Foundin g date	Core business activities	Secondary business activities	Certifi ed FS	Auditor Name
24	THAN TAW MYAT COMPANY LIMITED	179607255	01/02/2 010	N/C	N/C	NO	
25	TUN THWIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED						
26	MANDALAY DISTRIBUTION & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	104054625	24/02/2 019	N/C	N/C	Yes	N/C
27	YCDC	N/C	N/C	Mining(Coal), Cement Factory	N/C	NO	
28	SAN LIN INTERNATIONAL EXPORT & IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED	163480255	13/12/1 993	Iron, Lead Pb	N/C	Yes	U Zin Wai
29	KAN PWINT OO MINING COMPANY LIMITED	110622678	04/04/2 012	Coal Mine	N/C	Yes	U Zin Wai
30	TOP TEN STAR PRODUCTION CO., LTD.	117343227	20/07/2 009	Large Scale Production of Lead Concentrate	N/C	Yes	Khaing Win & Associates Audit Firm
31	HEAY HEIN COMPANY LIMITED	102961366	10/06/2 015	Coal	NO	Yes	Internal revenue department, Loilin Division,Southem Shan State.
32	NGWE KABAR MYANMAR COMPANY LIMITED	101201996	07/08/1 999	Production Tin-Tingsten and Mixed Ore and Exporting	NO	Yes	Myat Lwin Moe
33	MYAUK KYUN THU MA MA MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	103947189	11/02/1 999	Gold Production	Cu & Au Prospectin g, Exploration & Feasibility Study	(Yes)	U Than Aung (PA-847)
34	XIE SHAN MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED	104418821	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
35	DRAGON CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	117675386	12/05/1 999	N/C	N/C	Yes	U Kyaw Nyunt
36	PRINCE MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	102093003	02/01/2 009	Production (Lead Carbonate & Lead Ores)	Constructio n	Yes	Daw Sandar Aye
37	HTAT YEE LINN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	103472008	25/02/1 999	Gold Production	N/C	(Yes)	U Than Aung (PA-847)
38	MYAY NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	103600111	08/08/2 005	N/C	N/C	YES	Daw San Kyi
39	THA BYU MINING COMPANY LIMITED						
40	YE HTUT KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	115122282	24/11/2 009	N/C	N/C	YES	Zin Wai B.Com;(AA); C.P.A (210)
41	MYANMAR TIN -TUNGSTEN COMPANY LIMITED	106131341	25/02/1 999	Tin Production	N/C	Yes	U Myaing,
42	Myanmar Yang Tse Copper Ltd	19 FC	11/08/2 011	N/C	N/C	Yes	Daw Win Htay and Associates
43	Eden Energy & Natural Resources Development Co., Ltd	118193601	27/09/2 002	Coal Mining, Braite Mining	N/C	NO	
44	Kanbawza Industries Ltd	594	07/09/2 001	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
45	MYANMAR WANBAO MINING COPPER LTD	157050907	10/09/2 010	PROCESSING AND MARKETING OF CATHODE COPPER	N/C	Yes	U HLA TUN & ASSOCIATES LIMITED

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N o.	Company	Registry Number	Foundin g date	Core business activities	Secondary business activities	Certifi ed FS	Auditor Name
47	MYANMAR CNMC NICKEL COMPANY LIMITED	108341157	23/09/2 008	MINING, MINERAL PROCESSING & MARKETING OF FERRONICKEL	N/C	Yes	Daw Phyu Phyu Khine
48	24 HOUR MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	103687241	19/09/2 007	N/C	N/C	NO	
49	A & A NATURAL RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD	104959474	09/07/1 993	Tin, Tungsten, Mix Ores Mining	N/C	No	Ngwe Inzaly Audit Firm
50	ASIA PHYO MINING COMPANY LIMITED	108410094	10/02/2 011	Mining of Coal and Lignite	N/C	Yes	Khin Thinn Kyu
51	BLUE DIAMOND CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	111788340	30/12/2 014	Transportation	Mining(Lime e stone), Join t venture with a foreign Co.,(LGI) forming HCI Co.,Ltd.for manufacturing & trading of cement.	Yes	Famat Audit
52	DAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	104028462	27/02/2 006	Mining of Coal and Lignite	N/C	Yes	Khin Thinn Kyu
53	DIAMOND SHARK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	102404661	17/01/2 007	Mining	N/C	Yes	Myat Lwin Moe
54	Directorate of Military office of Chief of Defence Defence Industries, Ministy of Defence						
55	GREEN ASIA COMPANY LIMITED	129020334	15/11/1 996	N/C	N/C	Yes	U Khin Aung
56	GREEN STRATEGIC MINING COMPANY LIMITED						
57	GROUP OF FOUR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	100430363	23/07/2 010	Coal	N/C	Yes	Sein Win, SEIN WIN & ASSOCIATES
58	HTUT KHAUNG KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	105552475	05/06/2 012	Mining	N/C	Yes	Daw Thant Myat Win B.Com,(Q), C.P.A.Dip.IFR Dip, In Business Law Certificate Public Accountant
59	JUNE CEMENT INDUSTRY LTD.	9	01/04/2 011	Cement Product	N/C	N/C	N/C
60	LINN PYAE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	116551748	27/08/2 008	N/C	N/C	Yes	U Tin Latt
61	LOI CHAI NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	110744463	29/03/2 012	Coal Mining	N/C	Yes	U Khin Mg Than, Than&Friends Accounting,Auditing&Consultancy Services
62	MAY FLOWER MINING ENTERPRISES LIMITED	100784866	12/05/1 998	Gold and Coal Production	N/C	Yes	U Myat Lwin Moe
63	MINING WORLD COMPANY LIMITED						
64	MOUNT CHING YING MINING COMPANY LIMITED	105617070	03/03/2 006	Marble	N/C	NO	
65	MYANMAR APEX MINING CO., LTD	101715809	27/06/2 001	N/C	N/C	Yes	U Tin Latt
	0110			10=			

N o.	Company	Registry Number	Foundin g date	Core business activities	Secondary business activities	Certifi ed FS	Auditor Name
66	MYANMAR NAING GROUP MINING COMPANY LTD	112682317	22/12/2 010	Limestone Production	N/C	NO	
67	MYANMAR SIMCO SONG DA JOINT STOK COMPANY LIMITED	110108567	09/04/2 012	Marble Production at Nay Pu Taung	N/C	Yes	U Tin Latt
68	MYINT INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	116291568	21/07/2 011	Mining of Coal and Lignite	N/C	Yes	Khin Thinn Kyu
69	No.(3) Heavy Industry. Ministry Of Industry						
70	SHWE PAUK PAUK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	118049551	29/09/2 009	Coal Mining	Hard Coke	YES	Daw Nwe Nwe Toe
71	SHWE PIN LE MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	109973629	07/01/2 009	Tin	N/C	No	N/A
72	SILVER BRIGHT COMPANY LIMITED	116492032	08/06/2 004	Mix-Ole	N/C	YES	U Tin Latt
73	THE SILVER LION MINING COMPANY LIMITED	115516027	12/08/2 004	Marble Rock Mining	Trading	No	N/A
74	THIHA THANT HEIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	116447428	29/09/2 008	Coal	N/C	YES	U Tin Latt
75	TRIPLE "A" CEMENT INTERNATIONAL COMPANY LIMITED	102861965	29/12/2 009	Cement Product	N/C	N/C	N/C
76	U E EXPORT IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED	119718384	07/06/1 993	Coal and Limestone	N/C	YES	U Than Aung
77	UNITED CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED						
78	YIG COMPANY LIMITED	108744308	04/05/2 015	Production / Manufacturing	No	YES	Daw Thant Myat Win (Focus Consulting Group Ltd)
79	YOUNG INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	109000574	13/01/2 011	Production / Manufacturing	No	YES	Daw Thant Myat Win (Focus Consulting Group Ltd)
80	SEA SUN STAR MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED						
81	ZABU TALU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	104449093	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
82	RUBY DRAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	100678624	10/10/2 005	N/C	N/C	YES	U Kyaw Nyunt
83	HTAY FAMILY COMPANY LIMITED						
84	SEIN CHI LIN MINING CO., LTD.	106135533	29/02/2 012	Coal	Teak Plantation	No	N/A
85	AUNG HTUN LINN SHEIN WIN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	103580234	25/02/1 999	Gold Production	N/C	YES	U Than Aung (PA-847)
86	Future Mining Co.,Ltd						
87	Future Engineering Gold Mining	26078	09/10/1 998	Gold Mining	N/C	No	N/A
88	SHWE MYINT THAUNG YINN INDUSTRY & MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED						
89	MYANMAR MYO KO KO MEDICAL INSTRUMENT COMPANY LIMITED						
90	SAT WINE INN ARR MINING COMPANY LIMITED						
91	SHWE SAPAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	106564965	18/07/2 005	Mining	N/C	N/C	N/C

N o.	Company		Foundin g date	Core business activities	Secondary business activities	Certifi ed FS	Auditor Name
92	NAN KANAUNG MINING & ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED	103801990	05/12/2 008	Maganese Dioxide Production	N/C	Yes	N/C
93	NEW ERA GOLD COMPANY LIMITED	101853578	26/11/2 003	Marbel	N/C	No	N/A
94	SHWE PYI NAGAR COMPANY LIMITED	10614911	19/01/2 011	N/C	N/C	No	N/A

Annex 8 Legal ownership

Oil and Gas sector

No ·	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interes t	Publicl y Listed entity (yes/no)	Name of the Stock exchange
1	Gold Petrol Joint Operating Company Inc., (GJOC Inc.)	Goldwater Company Limited	Indonesia	60%	Yes	SGX
		North Petrol Operating Inc	China	40%	No	SOE
2	MPRL E&P	MPRL E&P	British Virgin Island	100%	No	N/C
3	PC Myanmar (Hong Kong) Limited	PC (Myanmar) Holding Limited	Hong Kong	100%	No	N/C
		PETRONAS International Corporation Limited	Malaysia	0%	No	N/C
4	Posco Daewoo Corporation (Myanmar E&P Office)			100%		
5	PTTEP International Ltd.	PTTEP International Limited	N/C	100%	N/C	N/C
6	Total E&P Myanmar	Total E&P Myanmar	French	100%	Yes	Paris
7	Gail JJ India Ltd					
8	Korea Gas Corporation					
9	Nippon Oil Exploration (Myanmar) Ltd					
10	ONGC Videsh Ltd.,					
11	Unocal Myanmar Offshore Co., Ltd.	Chevron Global Ventures, Ltd.	Bermuda	100%	No	N/A
12	Asia Orient International Ltd. (CJs Oc Nobel Oil)					
13	Bashneft International B.V. (Myanmar Branch)					
14	Berlanga Myanmar Pte Ltd., (Myanmar Branch)	Berlanga International Pte Ltd	Singapore	100%	No	N/C
15	BG Exploration & Production Myanmar Pte. Ltd. (Myanmar Branch)	BG Myanmar Pte. Ltd.	Singapore	100%	No	N/A
16	Brunei National Petroleum Company Sdn Bhd (PB Myanmar)					
17	CAOG PTE LTD (MYANMAR BRANCH)	Berlanga International Pte Ltd	Singapore	100%	No	N/C
18	CFG Energy Pte Ltd.,	CFG ENERGY PTE. LTD.	Singaporean	80%	No	N/C
		TRG M15 PTE. LTD.	Australian	10%	No	N/C
		CBG PTE. LTD.	Myanmar	10%	No	N/C
19	ENI Myanmar B.V. (Myanmar Branch)	Eni Spa	Italian	100%	Yes	NYSE
20	IsTech Energy EP-5 Pte Ltd., (Myanmar Branch)	NC	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
21	Jubilant Oil & Gas Pte. Ltd.					
22	North Petro-Chem Corporation Myanmar Ltd. (NPCMM)					

No ·	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interes t	Publicl y Listed entity (yes/no)	Name of the Stock exchange
23	Ophir Myanmar (Block AD-3) Limited (Myanmar Branch)	PT Medco Energi	Indonesian	100%	Yes	IDX
24	Pacific Hunt Energy Corporation (Myanmar Branch)	ARTHUR JOSEPH PORCARI	United States of America	0%	N/A	N/A
		ERIC CLAY PRIM	United States of America	0%	N/A	N/A
		PAUL ANDREW TURNER	British	0%	N/A	N/A
		KARL JAMES EBELING	United States of America	2%	N/A	N/A
		PETER LAURENCE DALRYMPLE	United States of America	1%	N/A	N/A
		RAY EDWARD JONES	United States of America	0%	N/A	N/A
		BRYCE ALAN HARRELL	United States of America	1%	N/A	N/A
		ROBERT CHESTER WESOLEK	United States of America	2%	N/A	N/A
		LYNN MAUREEN ANDERSON	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		MARK ANDREW VANRY	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		BRIAN JOHN BUCKLEY	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		CARSON JOHN PHILLIPS	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		CLEO ALLEN	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		JASON ROHNIL SUNDAR	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		ROBERT JAMES BEADLE	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		DARCY JAMES WILL	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		MARTIN MALUS	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		COLIN CAMPBELL ROTHERY	Canadian	1%	N/A	N/A
		PATRICK ALEXANDER ROBINSON	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		NANCY MARIE MARCELLE ROTHERY	Canadian	1%	N/A	N/A
		MORGAN TINCHER	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		JAMES ANDREW HUTTON	Canadian	2%	N/A	N/A
		DANIEL ANTHONY CARRIERE	Canadian	1%	N/A	N/A
		KOSTANTINOS GEORGAKOPOULOS	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		GRANT MOGENS PETERSEN	Canadian	2%	N/A	N/A
		KWAN CHONG WAH	Singaporean	0%	N/A	N/A
		YEO KOK TONG	Singaporean	0%	N/A	N/A

No ·	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interes t	Publicl y Listed entity (yes/no)	Name of the Stock exchange
		TAN HWEE LUNG AGNES	Singaporean	0%	N/A	N/A
		NEOH CHIN CHEE	Malaysian	1%	N/A	N/A
		NEO KAH KIAT	Singaporean	1%	N/A	N/A
		CHIA KIA HWEE ROYSTON	Singaporean	0%	N/A	N/A
		GREGG JAMES SEDUN	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		DENNIS HENRY HOESGEN	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		LEIGHTON PATRICK BOCKING	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		ERIC HENRY HOESGEN	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		JAMES FRANCIS HEAPS	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		CARY DENNIS PINKOWSKI	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		ANTHONY ALVARO	Canadian	0%	N/A	N/A
		HOLLOMAN VALUE HOLDINGS, LLC	United States of America	22%	No	NA
		NOVA TREK CAPITAL INC.	Canada	0%	No	NA
		G.K. BRAUN LIMITED	Canada	0%	No	NA
		STEVENSON HOLDINGS, LTD.	United States of America	1%	No	NA
		PENTICOM INVESTMENTS INC.	Canada	1%	No	NA
		COUNTRY ROCK RESOURCES LTD.	Canada	0%	No	NA
		VDST HOLDINGS LTD.	Canada	0%	No	NA
		EVERONA LIMITED	Hong Kong	0%	No	NA
		UNI-HARVEST INVESTMENTS LIMITED	British Virgin Islands	0%	No	NA
		CARSON ADDISON INVESTMENT TRUST	United States of America	0%	No	NA
		PARKER ADDISON INVESTMENT TRUST	United States of America	0%	No	NA
		LPD INVESTMENTS, LTD.	United States of America	3%	No	NA
		CHELMER INVESTMENTS CORP.	Canada	1%	No	NA
		FIDELITY CLEARING CANADA ULC ITF GRF CONSULTING CORP.	Canada	0%	No	NA
		JLHLC HOLDINGS INC.	Canada	0%	No	NA
		HUTTON CAPITAL CORPORATION	Canada	1%	No	NA
		BMO NESBITT BURNS INC ITF PRIMEVESTFUND AC# 402-21696- 29	Canada	1%	No	NA

					Publicl	
No ·	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interes t	y Listed entity (yes/no)	Name of the Stock exchange
		THE PETER AND JOANNE BROWN JOINT SPOUSAL TRUST (2015)	Canada	0%	No	NA
		WISDOM POWER VENTURES INC	British Virgin Islands	42%	No	NA
		SEMERU ENERGY (MYANMAR) LIMITED	British Virgin Islands	5%	No	NA
		PI FINANCIAL CORP.	Canada	0%	No	NA
		ALCARON CAPITAL CORP.	Canada	0%	No	NA
		PRESSELLO TRUST	Canada	0%	No	NA
		0958015 B.C. LTD.	Canada	0%	No	NA
		INVESTOR COMPANY ITF RAKESH DHIR A/C 363709E	Canada	0%	No	NA
		CANACCORD GENUITY CORP. ITF ROCKPORT PARTICIPATION INC.	Canada	0%	No	NA
25	Parami Energy Development Company Ltd					
26	Apex Geo Services Co.,					
27	Petronas Carigali Myanmar Inc (PCMI)	PETRONAS International Corporation Limited	Malaysia	100%	N/C	N/C
28	Petrovietnam Exploration Production Corporation					
29	Reliance Industries Ltd.					
30	Shell Myanmar Energy Pte. Ltd Yangon Branch	Shell EP Middle East Holdings B.V.	Netherlands	100%	No	N/A
31	SNOG Pte Ltd					
32	Tap Energy (M-7) Co., Ltd. (Statoil)					
33	TRG M15 Pte. Ltd.					
34	Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte Ltd	Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte Ltd	Singapore	100%	No	Wholly owned subsidiary of Woodside Energy Holdings Pty Ltd, Registere d company in Myanmar as "Woodsid

BDO LLP 441 EITI MYANMAR

No ·	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interes t	Publicl y Listed entity (yes/no)	Name of the Stock exchange
		Woodside Energy Holdings Pty Ltd	Australia	100%	No	e Energy (Myanmar) Pte Ltd (Yangon Branch)" Wholly owned subsidiary of Woodside Energy Ltd Wholly
		Woodside Energy Ltd	Australia	100%		owned subsidiary of Woodside Petroleu
		Woodside Petroleum Ltd	Australia	100%	No Yes	m Ltd Australian Stock Exchange (ASX)
35	MOECO Asia Pte. Ltd					
36	SmartE&PInternational Co.,Ltd					
37	United National Resources Development Services Co., Ltd					
38	Century Bright Gold Co., Ltd					
39	Myanmar Petroleum Exploration & Production Co., Ltd.					
40 41	Royal Marine Engineering Co.,Ltd Eden Group Co., Ltd					
41	Maurel & Prom Exploration & Production					
43	CNPC International Ltd.					
44	Asia Petroleum Investment Company (APIC)					
45	UPR Pte Ltd.					
46	A-1 Mining Company .Ltd.					
47	Win Precious Resources Pte Ltd.					
48	Palang Sophon Offshore Pte. Ltd. (PSO)					

No ·	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interes t	Publicl y Listed entity (yes/no)	Name of the Stock exchange
49	Smart Technical Services Ltd.					
50	A-Lister Services Co., Ltd.					
51	Machinery and Solutions Co., Ltd.					
52	Sun Apex Holdings Ltd.					
53	Young Investment Group Co. Ltd.	U Thiha Aung	Myanmar	80%	N/C	N/C
E 4	IGE Pte. Ltd.	Daw Nang Swe Htwe	Myanmar	10%	N/C	N/C
54	IGE FIE. LIU.	Daw Khin Myint	Myanmar	10%	N/C	N/C
55	UNOG Pte. Ltd.					

Oil and Gas transportation

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity (yes/no)	Name of the Stock exchange
		CNPC-SEAP Co., Ltd	China	51%	N/C	N/C
		MOGE	Myanmar	7%	N/C	N/C
1	South East Asia Gas Pipeline Co.,Ltd(Great Ocean Branch)(SEAGP)	POSCO Daewoo Corporation	Korea	25%	N/C	N/C
•	South East Asia das ripetine co., Etu(dieat Ocean Branch)	ONGC Caspian E&P B.V	India	8%	N/C	N/C
		Gail (India) limited	India	4%	N/C	N/C
		KG-SEAGP Company Limited	Korea	4%	N/C	N/C
2	Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline (SEAOP)	CNPC-SEAP Co., Ltd	China	51%	N/C	N/C
	2 Southeast Asia Crude Oit Fipetine (SLAOF)	MOGE	Myanmar	49%	N/C	N/C
2	3 Anadaman Transportation Limited(Yangon Branch)(ATL)	N/C	N/C	20%	N/C	N/C
3		PTTEP Offshore Limited	N/C	80%	N/C	N/C
		Myanma Oil & Gas Enterprise		15%	N/C	N/C
1	Moattama Gas Transportation Co.,Ltd(MGTC)	Total E&P Myanmar	French	31%	Yes	Paris
7	moactaina das Transportation Co., Etd(MoTC)	Unocal Global Venture Co., Ltd	American	28%	Yes	America
		PTTEPI Co., Ltd	Thailand	26%	Yes	Thailand
		PC Myanmar (Hong Kong) Limited	Malaysia	11%	No	N/C
		Myanma Oil & Gas Enterprise	Myanmar	20%	No	N/C
5	Tanitharyi Pipeline Company LLC(Myanmar Branch)(TPC)	Nippon Oil and Gas Enterprise	Japan	19%	No	N/C
		PTTEP International Limited	Thailand	19%	No	N/C
		PETRONAS Carigali Myanmar III Inc	Malaysia	30%	No	N/C

Pearl

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity (yes/no)	Name of the Stock exchange
1	Myanmar Tasaki Co., Ltd	TASAKI & Co., Ltd.	Japan	100%	No	N/C
		Mr.Giuseppe Rotondella	Australian	52%	N/C	N/C
2	Myanmar Atlantic Co., Ltd	U Kyi Soe	Myanmar	38%	N/C	N/C
		U Min Kun Htaw	Myanmar	10%	N/C	N/C
3	Myanmar Andman Co., Ltd	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Belpearl (S) Pte Ltd		96%	N/C	N/C
4	Belpearl Myanmar Co., Ltd	Mrs.Marie Rose Hajjar	Canada	3%	N/C	N/C
		Mr.Pierre Hajjar	Canada	1%	N/C	N/C
5	Nino Pearl Culturing Co., Ltd	U Ye Htun	Myanmar	50%	N/C	N/C
,	Nino realt Cutturing Co., Ltd	Daw Myo Pa Pa Win	Myanmar	50%	N/C	N/C
6	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Zinyaw)	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
7	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Jalan)	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
8	Annawar Pearl Co., Ltd (Marine Pearl Company)	Daw Aye Aye Mon	Myanmar	100%	N/C	N/C
		U Kyaw Lwin	Myanmar	65%	N/C	N/C
9	Pyae Sone Htet Myint Co., Ltd	U Myo Win Than	Myanmar	15%	N/C	N/C
7	ryae solle fittet myllit co., Ltd	U Htay Win	Myanmar	15%	N/C	N/C
		Daw May Thandar Myint	Myanmar	5%	N/C	N/C
10	Aquagold Myanmar Co., Ltd	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Dr Aung Lwin @ Ah Khwe	Myanmar	33%	N/C	N/C
		U Hla Than	Myanmar	30%	N/C	N/C
		Daw Thet Sanda	Myanmar	10%	N/C	N/C
		Daw Khin Than Yi	Myanmar	10%	N/C	N/C
11	Pyae Phyo Tun Co., Ltd	Daw Tin War	Myanmar	8%	N/C	N/C
		Daw Myint Myint Kyu	Myanmar	8%	N/C	N/C
		U Myat Ko Ko	Myanmar	0%	N/C	N/C
		Daw Myat Thiri Khaing	Myanmar	0%	N/C	N/C
		Daw Hsu Thiri Nwe	Myanmar	0%	N/C	N/C

Gems and Jade

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
		U Tun Kyi	Nc	50%	Nc	Nc
1	Linn Lett Win Yadanar Gems Co Ltd	D Kyi Kyi Aye @ D Ah Chin	Nc	50%	Nc	Nc
2	Yar Za Htar Ni	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
		U Thet Naing	Myanmar	20%	Nc	Nc
		U Than Myint	Myanmar	16%	Nc	Nc
		U Sai Shwe Myint Than	Myanmar	14%	Nc	Nc
3	YADANAR TAUNG TEN	U Sai Lu Htwe	Myanmar	14%	Nc	Nc
		U Maung Kyay	Myanmar	12%	Nc	Nc
		U Chit Han	Myanmar	13%	Nc	Nc
		U KhinAung	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Htet Hteet Wai	Myanmar	23%	No	N/A
		U Sai Shung Twee	Myanmar	23%	No	N/A
4	Wai Auga Cahar	Daw Yu Yu San	Myanmar	21%	No	N/A
4	Wai Aung Gabar	Daw Nway Nway Hlaing	Myanmar	17%	No	N/A
		Daw Le Le Wai	Myanmar	17%	No	N/A
		U Thant zin	Myanmar	0%	No	N/A
5	Ayeyar Yadanar Gems & Jewellery Co .,Ltd	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
6	AKNK					
		U Soe Myint	Myanmar	20%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Nan Than Kyi	Myanmar	20%	Nc	Nc
7	SILVER ELEPHANT GEMS CO LTD	U Myo Min Soe	Myanmar	20%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Ei Myo Myo Khine	Myanmar	20%	Nc	Nc
		U Soe Thein Aung	Myanmar	20%	Nc	Nc
8	Phyo Thiha Kyaw	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
		U CHIT OO LWIN @ CHIT LWIN OO	MYANMAR	2%	Nc	Nc
9	Same Wai Hlaing (SWH)	U SI THU	MYANMAR	2%	Nc	Nc
	()	U MAUNG MAUNG LAY	MYANMAR	0%	Nc	Nc
		DAW THANDAR OO	MYANMAR	2%	Nc	Nc

U WANG SHAN LYAN @ U KHIN MG SOE DAW MOE MOE WIN MYANMAR 2% U Tin Maung Myanmar 50% Daw Shwe Cynn Myanmar 50% SHOUK SHAN MYANMAR 50%	Nc Nc No No No	Stock exchange NC NC N/A N/A
U Tin Maung Myanmar 50% Mya Garden (GEG) Daw Shwe Cynn Myanmar 50%	No No	N/A
10 Mya Garden (GEG) Daw Shwe Cynn Myanmar 50%	No	
Daw Shwe Cynn Myanmar 50%		N/A
SHOUK SHAN MYANMAR 50%	No	
		N/A
MYA SEIN MYANMAR 9%	No	N/A
SHOUK HOUN MYANMAR 40%	No	N/A
HMWE KHAYA @ HIAO SHU MYANMAR 1%	No	N/A
12 Shwe Ngar Koe Kaung Nc Nc Nc Nc	Nc	Nc
U Chit Lwin Myanmar 54%	Nc	Nc
U Than Htay @ U Maung Maung Myanmar 24%	Nc	Nc
Daw Hmaw Hmaw Myanmar 13% 13 Shwe Gaung Gaung Gems Co Ltd	Nc	Nc
U Aung Thwin Lay Myanmar 7%	Nc	Nc
U Myint Aung Myanmar 1%	Nc	Nc
U Shey Reh Myanmar 1%	Nc	Nc
14 Htun Tauk Zabu Gems & Jewellery Co;Ltd. Nc Nc Nc	Nc	Nc
U YAN CHIN SEIN MYANMAR 39%	Nc	Nc
DAW ZU HWAM MYANMAR 31%	Nc	Nc
15 Sein Lonm Taung Tan (SLTT-S) U LAN PIYN SITE MYANMAR 11%	Nc	Nc
U THEIN AUNG MYANMAR 7%	Nc	Nc
DAW THAN THAN SWE MYANMAR 12%	Nc	Nc
U La Phai Hkun Sa Myanmar 50%	No	N/A
16 Ayar Jade U Than Oo Myanmar 45%	No	N/A
U Shouk Houn Myanmar 5%	No	N/A
17 Shining Star Light Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd Nc Nc Nc	Nc	Nc
U Saw Linn Citizen 92%	No	N/A
18 Yadanar Sin Thiri Gems Co Daw Kyi Kyi Aye Citizen 4%	No	N/A
U Nyan Kyi Htet Citizen 4%	No	N/A
19 SHWE OAK KHAI MINING CO.,LTD. U Tun Tun Oo Myanmar 39%	Nc	Nc

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
		U Arr Sam	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
		U Kyaw Oo	Myanmar	20%	Nc	Nc
		U Sai Lone Tint	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
		U Sai Myo Thant	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
		U Kyaw Sein	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
20	Jade Mountain	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
		U HTUN THEIN@ U TUN TUN	MYANMAR	56%	No	N/A
		DAW WAI WAI	MYANMAR	19%	No	N/A
21	Thirawmani	U ZAW TUN NAING	MYANMAR	6%	No	N/A
21	Tilliawillalii	U ZAW TUN WAI	MYANMAR	6%	No	N/A
		U ZAW TUN AUNG	MYANMAR	6%	No	N/A
		DAW THAZIN HTUN	MYANMAR	6%	No	N/A
22	Phoe Thar Htoo Gems Co.,Ltd.	U Than Aye	Nc	51%	Nc	Nc
	Phoe Thai Atoo Genis Co.,Ltd.	D Myint Myint Shwe	Nc	49%	Nc	Nc
		U Si Thu Myat	Myanmar 7/TaNgaNa (Naing) 087375	8%	Nc	Nc
		U Hla Win	Myanmar 13/TaKaNa (Naing) 130429	29%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Aye Thandar Khaing	Myanmar 7/TaNgaNa (Naing) 000012	20%	Nc	Nc
23	Myanma Seinn Lei Aung Gems Co Ltd.	Daw Li Kwi Shan	Myanmar 13/KaKhaNa (Naing) 024403	25%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Thida Aye	Myanmar 13/KhaMaSa (Naing) 021352	13%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Myint Kyi	Myanmar 9/MaKaNa (Naing) 095601	5%	Nc	Nc
		1.Daw Chein Yu Yin	Myanmar	20%	Nc	Nc
		2.Daw Nan Lee	Myanmar	25%	Nc	Nc
24	Yadanar Yaung Chi	3.Daw Yan Shinn May	Myanmar	15%	Nc	Nc
		4.U Hla Maung@Yan Kyar Lint	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
		5.U Kyaw Wai	Myanmar	30%	Nc	Nc
25	Linn Htet Aung Gems Co.,Ltd.	U TUN KYAING	Nc	10%	Nc	Nc
		U PYI PHYO AUNG	Nc	90%	Nc	Nc
26	Norbal Three Star (GMMK)	Daw Khin Nw e Soe	2/LaKaNa(N)005851	20%	Nc	Nc

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
		Daw Phyo Thandar Htay	7/TanGaNa (N) 097700	10%	Nc	Nc
		U Saw Naing Oo	3/BaaHna(N)128118	50%	Nc	Nc
		U Aik Maung	1/MaKaNa(N)018063	10%	Nc	Nc
		U Thet Naing Oo	12/DaGaNa(N)033357	10%	Nc	Nc
		Aye Shwe yi Lwin	Myanmar	0%	Nc	Nc
27	WAN BROTHERS	Chit Swe @ Wang Shan Sein	Myanmar	52%	Nc	Nc
		War War Chit	Myanmar	48%	Nc	Nc
28	Mya Yaung Tun	DAW NAN AYE CHIT	Myanmar	250%	No	N/A
20	mya raung run	U SAN MYINT OO	Myanmar	250%	No	N/A
29	Nan Htike Pyae Paing Co	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
30	Khun Paooe	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
31	Great wall Gems&Jade company	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
		Daw Nang Saw Htwe	1/Ma Ka Ta (N) 049490	100%	Nc	Nc
32	Great Genesis Gems (GMH)	Daw Naw Muse Wah	7/Ka Ta Kha (N) 140551	0%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Toe Myint San	7/Pha Ma Na (N) 133005	0%	Nc	Nc
		U Maung Chain	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
33	Htat Aye Yar	U Maung Tun	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
		U Win Naing	Myanmar	80%	Nc	Nc
		U Sai Shang @ U Tar Wai	Myanmar	60%	No	N/A
		Daw Khin Saw Hlaing	Myanmar	10%	No	N/A
34	Wai Family	U Sai Shung Twee	Myanmar	10%	No	N/A
		Daw Nway Nway Hlaing	Myanmar	10%	No	N/A
		Daw Yu Yu San	Myanmar	10%	No	N/A
		U GON DAN DU	MYANMAR	5%	No	N/A
35	Seng Tawng Gems&Jewellery Co., Ltd	DAW NAN ZI @ INN NAN	MYANMAR	7%	No	N/A
		U ZAW BAWN	MYANMAR	87%	No	N/A
36	Kyauk Same Nan Taw (GKN)	U Khin Maung Myint	Myanmar	50%	Nc	Nc
30	Nyaun Jaille Hall Law (UNI)	Daw Thin Thin Khaing	Myanmar	50%	Nc	Nc
37	Jade Land	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
38	Jade Than Lwin	U Thet Tun	Myanmar	80%	Nc	Nc
30	Jade Hian Lwin	U Aung Aung Tun	Myanmar	20%	Nc	Nc
		SHOUK HOUN	MYANMAR	11%	No	N/A
		KHAING KHAING OO	MYANMAR	4%	No	N/A
		MIN LWIN	MYANMAR	11%	No	N/A
39	111	TIN TIN SHWE @ SOON KYEIN YIN	MYANMAR	32%	No	N/A
39	111	KHIN WIN KYI	MYANMAR	11%	No	N/A
		HMWE KHAYA @ HIAO SHU	MYANMAR	1%	No	N/A
		MYA SEIN	MYANMAR	28%	No	N/A
		WIN WIN KHING @ SHORT CHANG	MYANMAR	4%	No	N/A
40	Version Mark The Wes	D KYI KYI HTWE	Nc	98%	Nc	Nc
40	Kaung Myat Thu Ka	D SAN SAN WIN	Nc	2%	Nc	Nc
44	Catha Badar Badar Wat	U Sai Soe Win	Myanmar	50%	Nc	Nc
41	Seine Pwint Pwint Wai	Daw Nan Aye Khine	Myanmar	50%	Nc	Nc
		U AUNG KYAW MYINT	Citizen	67%	No	N/A
42	Khine Myanmar	U SAW LINN	Citizen	30%	No	N/A
		DAW SAN SAN TOE	Citizen	3%	No	N/A
43	Hate.	U Tin Tun @ Kyan Ein Htee	Myanmar	200%	No	N/A
	Unity	Daw Nan Aye Htwen	Myanmar	300%	No	N/A
44	Wei Vera Thank (ADVT)	DAW LAW KAY	Myanmar	250%	No	N/A
44	Wai Yan Thar (WYT)	U MOE CHAIN	Myanmar	250%	No	N/A
		U Kyaw Lwin	Myanmar	42%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Yin Yin Oo	Myanmar	23%	Nc	Nc
45	Sin Gaung Taung	U Kyaw Win	Myanmar	17%	Nc	Nc
		U Aung Zaw Hein	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
		U Than Win Tun	Myanmar	9%	Nc	Nc
46	CREEN HOUNTAIN COLLER	U KYAW THU	Citizen	90%	No	N/A
46	GREEN MOUNTAIN CO;LTD	U NYAN KYI HTET	Citizen	10%	No	N/A
47	Chang Long Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
		U Tun Kyaw Win	Myanmar	2%	Nc	Nc
48	Kyaut Myat Min	U San Hlaing	Myanmar	98%	Nc	Nc
40	Ryaut Myat Mill	Daw San San Win	Myanmar	0%	Nc	Nc
		U Win Naing	Myanmar	0%	Nc	Nc
49	Yadanar Shwe Ye Win	D KHIN KHIN HTWE	Nc	99%	Nc	Nc
47	radanai siiwe re wiii	D KHIN SHWE YI MON	Nc	1%	Nc	Nc
		U Thein Latt	Nc	8%	Nc	Nc
50	Myit Sone Ayar	U Sai Zin Nyunt	Nc	8%	Nc	Nc
		D Wai Wai Htwe	Nc	83%	Nc	Nc
51	Yadanar Aung Chan	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
52	Myanmar Imperial Jade Co	MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDING PUBLIC Co., ltd	MYANMAR	100%	Yes	Nc
		1.U Tin Win	Myanmar	1%	Nc	Nc
		2.U Khin Zaw Aung	Myanmar	1%	Nc	Nc
		3.Daw Chein Yu Yin	Myanmar	48%	Nc	Nc
53	Khin Zaw Aung & Brother	4.Daw Nan Lee	Myanmar	25%	Nc	Nc
		5.Daw Yan Shinn May	Myanmar	15%	Nc	Nc
		6.Daw Hla Hla Khaing	Myanmar	5%	Nc	Nc
		7.Fu Chan@U San Maung	Myanmar	5%	Nc	Nc
54	Myanmar First Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
55	Ever Winner [EW]	U AIKE HTWE	Nc	55%	Nc	Nc
33	Ever willier [Ew]	D KYAUK CHI PHONE	Nc	45%	Nc	Nc
		U Win Naing	Myanmar	55%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Wai Wai Mon	Myanmar	44%	Nc	Nc
56	Shwe Hein Htet Gems Co Ltd	U Win Aung	Myanmar	0%	Nc	Nc
50	Silve Helli filet. Gellis Co Eta	U Kyaw Naing	Myanmar	0%	Nc	Nc
		Daw San Yu Mar	Myanmar	0%	Nc	Nc
		U Min Thein Kha	Myanmar	0%	Nc	Nc
57	Hya Nhua Cama	U Khin Maung Myint	Myanmar	57%	No	N/A
57	Myo Nwe Gems	Daw Lily Myint	Myanmar	43%	No	N/A

Yan Swe Sal	No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
Fan Shauk Kyaung @ Hal Myint #@ Than Lwin Nc 17% Nc Nc	E0	Tun Naing Aung	Yan Swe Sai	Nc	83%	Nc	Nc
59 Nay Min Kabar Co	30	run namg Aung	Fan Shauk Kyaung @ Hla Myint @ Than Lwin	Nc	17%	Nc	Nc
U Ye Yan Aung Myanmar 0% No N/A			U Zaw Myint Htoo	Myanmar	100%	No	N/A
Daw Phyu Phyu Win Myanmar 50% Nc	59	Nay Min Kabar Co	U Than Oo	Myanmar	0%	No	N/A
Cabu Thiri Gems Co., Itd			U Ye Yan Aung	Myanmar	0%	No	N/A
U San Tin Myanmar 50% NC NC Althoro Citizen 80% No N/A Citizen 20% No N/A Kyaing International (GKI) Kyaing San Shwe Myanmar 20% Nc Nc Win Tin Myanmar 20% Nc Nc U Win Tin Myanmar 20% Nc Nc U SAN ZAW 00 Nc Nc U NAY LIN AUNG Nc Nc D EI EI HTWE Nc Nc 99% Nc Nc Nc D EW Hay Myanmar 52% Nc Nc Nc D EW Hay Myanmar 48% Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc U Zakhon Taing Yein MYANMAR 40% Nc Nc Nc Nc U Waung Naing@zaw win MYANMAR 10% Nc Nc Nc U Way Lay@ Thar Aung MYANMAR 20% Nc Nc Nc U Whin Zaw Oo@Khin Zaw MYANMAR 10% Nc Nc Nc U Khin Zaw Oo@Khin Zaw MYANMAR 10% Nc Nc Nc U Zakon Yein Chang MYANMAR 10% Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Win Lei Yadanar 10% Nc Nc Nc U Lway Khine Wan Myanmar 2174% Nc Nc Nc U Lway Khine Wan Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc U Wyint Zaw Hein Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc U Myint Zaw Hein Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc U Myint Zaw Hein Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc U Myint Zaw Hein Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc U Myint Zaw Hein Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc U Myint Zaw Hein Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc U Myint Zaw Hein Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc	60	7 Abu Thiri Gams Co. Itd	Daw Phyu Phyu Win	Myanmar	50%	Nc	Nc
August		Zebu Tilli Gellis Co.,ttu	U San Tin	Myanmar	50%	Nc	Nc
DAW LIN LET WIN YI Citizen 20% No N/A	61	Vadanar Three Flenhants Co	U HLA HTOO	Citizen	80%	No	N/A
A	01	radanai innee Etephants Co	DAW LIN LET WIN KYI	Citizen	20%	No	N/A
U Win Tin Myanmar 20% Nc	62	Kyaing International (GKI)	Kyaing San Shwe	Myanmar	80%	Nc	Nc
U NAY LIN AUNG NC 0% NC NC D EI EI HTWE NC 99% NC NC 44 Su Htu Pan (Su Htoo Pan) U Kyaw Htay Myanmar 52% NC NC Daw Khaing Thet Mon Myanmar 48% NC NC U Zakhon Taing Yein MYANMAR 40% NC NC U Zakhon Wai Taung@zaw tun MYANMAR 10% NC NC U Nc NC U Nyi Lay@ Thar Aung MYANMAR 10% NC NC U Xakon Yein Chang MYANMAR 10% NC NC U Zakon Yein Chang MYANMAR 10% NC NC U Zakon Yein Chang MYANMAR 10% NC NC U Zakon Yein Chang MYANMAR 10% NC NC MYANMAR 10% NC NC NC NC U Zakon Yein Chang MYANMAR 10% NC NC NC U Zakon Yein Chang MYANMAR 10% NC NC U Zakon Yein Chang MYANMAR 10% NC NC NC U Win Lei Yadanar 10% NC NC NC U Chein Soak Myanmar 2174% NC NC U Lway Khine Wan Myanmar 906% NC NC U U Wyint Zaw Hein Myanmar 906% NC NC	- 02	Ryanig international (GRI)	U Win Tin	Myanmar	20%	Nc	Nc
DELEI HTWE NC 99% NC NC	63	Nan Oo Yadanar	U SAN ZAW OO	Nc	1%	Nc	Nc
64 Su Htu Pan (Su Htoo Pan) U Kyaw Htay Daw Khaing Thet Mon Myanmar 52% Nc Nc Nc Daw Khaing Thet Mon Myanmar 48% Nc Nc Nc Nc U Zakhon Taing Yein MYANMAR 40% Nc Nc Nc Nc U Zakhon Wai Taung@zaw tun MYANMAR 10% Nc Nc Nc Nc U Maung Naing@zaw win MYANMAR 10% Nc			U NAY LIN AUNG	Nc	0%	Nc	Nc
Daw Khaing Thet Mon Myanmar 48% Nc Nc Nc			D EI EI HTWE	Nc	99%	Nc	Nc
Daw Khaing Thet Mon Myanmar 48% Nc Nc Nc U Zakhon Taing Yein MYANMAR 40% Nc Nc Nc U Zakhon Wai Taung@zaw tun MYANMAR 10% Nc Nc U Maung Naing@zaw win MYANMAR 10% Nc Nc U Nyi Lay@ Thar Aung MYANMAR 20% Nc Nc U Khin Zaw Oo@Khin Zaw MYANMAR 10% Nc Nc U Zakon Yein Chang MYANMAR 10% Nc Nc U Zakon Yein Chang MYANMAR 10% Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc	6.1	Sur Heur Dan (Sur Head Dan)	U Kyaw Htay	Myanmar	52%	Nc	Nc
U Zakhon Wai Taung@zaw tun MYANMAR 10% Nc Nc Nc		Su fitu Faii (Su fitoo Faii)	Daw Khaing Thet Mon	Myanmar	48%	Nc	Nc
Long Byit U Maung Naing@zaw win WYANMAR 10% NC NC U Nyi Lay@ Thar Aung WYANMAR 20% NC NC NC U Khin Zaw Oo@Khin Zaw MYANMAR 10% NC NC NC NC U Zakon Yein Chang MYANMAR 10% NC NC NC NC NC U Zakon Yein Chang MYANMAR 10% NC NC NC NC NC NC U Chein Soak Myanmar 10% NC			U Zakhon Taing Yein	MYANMAR	40%	Nc	Nc
Long Byit U Nyi Lay@ Thar Aung MYANMAR 20% NC NC U Khin Zaw Oo@Khin Zaw MYANMAR 10% NC NC NC U Zakon Yein Chang MYANMAR 10% NC			U Zakhon Wai Taung@zaw tun	MYANMAR	10%	Nc	Nc
U Nyi Lay@ Thar Aung U Khin Zaw Oo@Khin Zaw MYANMAR 10% NC NC U Zakon Yein Chang MYANMAR 10% NC NC NC NC NC Daw Lee Kwai Shan Myanmar 2174% NC NC NC U Chein Soak Myanmar 10% NC	65	Long Buit	U Maung Naing@zaw win	MYANMAR	10%	Nc	Nc
U Zakon Yein Chang MYANMAR 10% Nc Nc Nc Super Sein Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Daw Lee Kwai Shan Myanmar 2174% Nc Nc U Chein Soak Myanmar 10% Nc Nc U Lway Khine Wan Myanmar 906% Nc Nc U Myint Zaw Hein Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc	65	Long Byit	U Nyi Lay@ Thar Aung	MYANMAR	20%	Nc	Nc
66 Super Sein Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Daw Lee Kwai Shan Myanmar 2174% Nc Nc U Chein Soak Myanmar 10% Nc Nc U Lway Khine Wan Myanmar 906% Nc Nc U Myint Zaw Hein Myanmar 10% Nc Nc			U Khin Zaw Oo@Khin Zaw	MYANMAR	10%	Nc	Nc
Daw Lee Kwai Shan Myanmar 2174% Nc Nc U Chein Soak Myanmar 10% Nc Nc U Lway Khine Wan Myanmar 906% Nc Nc U Myint Zaw Hein Myanmar 10% Nc Nc			U Zakon Yein Chang	MYANMAR	10%	Nc	Nc
U Chein Soak Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc U Lway Khine Wan Myanmar 906% Nc Nc U Myint Zaw Hein Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc	66	Super Sein	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
67 Win Lei Yadanar U Lway Khine Wan Myanmar 906% Nc Nc U Myint Zaw Hein Myanmar 10% Nc Nc			Daw Lee Kwai Shan	Myanmar	2174%	Nc	Nc
U Lway Khine Wan Myanmar 906% Nc Nc Nc U Myint Zaw Hein Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc	67	Win Loi Vadanar	U Chein Soak	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
ANNO MINE	07	Will Let Tauanai	U Lway Khine Wan	Myanmar	906%	Nc	Nc
ALING ALING MYANMAR 30%			U Myint Zaw Hein	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
68 Kyal Sin Phyu	۷0	Kval Sin Dhyu	AUNG AUNG	MYANMAR	30%	No	N/A
68 Kyal Sin Phyu PHONE THANDAR MYANMAR 30% No N/A	00	nyat siii riiyu	PHONE THANDAR	MYANMAR	30%	No	N/A

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
		WAING WAING MYINT	MYANMAR	40%	No	N/A
69	Treasure Star Co., Ltd.	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
		Daw San San Toe	Citizen	48%	No	N/A
70	ARS Gems [ARS]	U Saw Linn	Citizen	28%	No	N/A
		Daw Kyi Kyi Aye	Citizen	24%	No	N/A
71	Yadanar Pyi Phyo Aung Gems Co., Ltd	D WAI WAI HTWE	Nc	97%	Nc	Nc
/1	radanar Fyr Fnyo Ading Genis Co., Etd	D ARZET	Nc	3%	Nc	Nc
72	Jade Padatar Gems Co,Ltd	U Tun Kyaw	Myanmar	2%	Nc	Nc
	72 Jaue Fauatai Gellis Co, Ltu	U San Hlaing	Myanmar	98%	Nc	Nc
		Nay Win Swe(a)Nay Win Tun	Myanmar	88%	No	N/A
		Ye Myat Thu	Myanmar	7%	No	N/A
73	Ruby Dragon Company	Aye Aye Myint	Myanmar	1%	No	N/A
		Myint Myat Thu	Myanmar	2%	No	N/A
		Min Myat Thu	Myanmar	2%	No	N/A
	Northern Jade World	U Labya Tu	Myanmar	4%	Nc	Nc
		U Labya Aung Mai	Myanmar	1%	Nc	Nc
74		U Phyo Wai aung	Myanmar	1%	Nc	Nc
74		U Law Ay	Myanmar	2%	Nc	Nc
		U Ma Naw	Myanmar	1%	Nc	Nc
		U Jar Naw	Myanmar	2%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Wai Wai Mon	Myanmar	48%	Nc	Nc
75	Kaung Htet Khaing	U Min Thein Kha	Myanmar	48%	Nc	Nc
/3	Raung Fiter Khaing	Daw San Yu Mar	Myanmar	2%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Aye Hnin Phyu	Myanmar	2%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Yee Yee Lay	Citizen	29%	No	N/A
		U AUNG THEIN	Citizen	42%	No	N/A
76	Kaung Swan Htet Co	U NYAN KYI HTET	Citizen	14%	No	N/A
		DAW KYU KYU AYE	Citizen	14%	No	N/A
		DAW HMWAY KHAYAY @ SHAW SUE	Citizen	1%	No	N/A

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
77	Shwe Ywat Hlwar	U Moe Kyaw	Nc	50%	Nc	Nc
		D Moh Moh Win	Nc	50%	Nc	Nc
78	Same Lei Yadanar Win Co (SLYW)	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
79	Hpakan King Gems & Jewellery Co. Ltd	U ZAW MIN TUN	Myanmar	250%	No	N/A
17	Tipakan king dems a Jewellery Co. Ltd	DAW SHWE LI	Myanmar	250%	No	N/A
80	Agga Yadanar Jade Gems & Jewellery Co., LTD	U Thant Zin	MYANMAR	50%	Nc	Nc
	Agga Tadahai Jade Genis a Jewettery Co., LTD	Daw Li Shwin Shan	MYANMAR	50%	Nc	Nc
81	Shwe War Myae (mandalay)	U Tin Tun @ Kyan Ein Htee	Myanmar	200%	No	N/A
01	or sliwe war myae (manuatay)	Daw Nan Aye Htwen	Myanmar	300%	No	N/A
		Khin Nyein Nyein Thu	MYANMAR	8%	Nc	Nc
		NAN Ngwe Kyu	MYANMAR	38%	Nc	Nc
82	Delta Land	Shauk Kaung@U Aung Myat	Nc	38%	Nc	Nc
		Nyein Nyein San	Nc	8%	Nc	Nc
		Than Htike Oo	Nc	8%	Nc	Nc
83	Seine Lone Aung	DAW YEE CHUN	Myanmar	250%	No	N/A
		U SOE LI	Myanmar	250%	No	N/A
		U Chit San	Myanmar	40%	No	N/A
84	Aung Hein Minn	Daw Leo Shwn @ Yin Yin Lei	Myanmar	27%	No	N/A
	3	U Than Nain gWin	Myanmar	17%	No	N/A
	Wash Carre Car Charles Indo Come Colombias Co.	U Zaw Naing Oo	Myanmar	17%	No	N/A
85	Kyauk Seinn Sun Shwin Jade Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
86	Vadanas Auga Tun Tauk	U Shauk Feng	Nc	48%	Nc	Nc
00	Yadanar Aung Tun Tauk	D Cho Cho Lay	Nc	52%	Nc	Nc
		1. U Jan Pin Chang	Myanmar	27%	Nc	Nc
		2. Daw Than Kyi	Myanmar	23%	Nc	Nc
87	U YA GEMS	3. U Kyaw Sein	Myanmar	4%	Nc	Nc
07	O TA GEMS	4. U Tin Win	Myanmar	2%	Nc	Nc
		5. U San Wai Chin	Myanmar	15%	Nc	Nc
		6. U Kyaw Wai @ San Wai Hwar	Myanmar	27%	Nc	Nc

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
		7. U Win Naing Oo	Myanmar	2%	Nc	Nc
	Chaow Brothers Gemstone Enterprise Ltd	U Chaow Yin Htone	Myanmar	67%	No	N/A
88		U Than Naing Win	Myanmar	30%	No	N/A
		U Zaw Lin Tun@ Zin Lin Tun	Myanmar	3%	No	N/A
		Daw Soe Soe Thet (@) Su Phine	Myanmar	25%	No	N/A
89	Must Vamon	U Khin Maung Myint	Myanmar	30%	No	N/A
09	Myat Yamon	U Kyaw Oo	Myanmar	20%	No	N/A
		U Tin Myint	Myanmar	25%	No	N/A
		U Aik Pang (Managing Director)	Wa/ Myanmar	31%	Nc	Nc
		U Sai Noom Lone (Director)	Shan/Myanmar	11%	Nc	Nc
	Nay La Pwint	Daw Myint Myint Win @ Yan Min Waw (Director)	Koe Kant/Myanmar	11%	Nc	Nc
90		U Yin Lin Phoo (Director)	Koe Kant/Myanmar	11%	Nc	Nc
		U Aik Kwin (Director)	Wa/ Myanmar	11%	Nc	Nc
		U Sat Ko @ U Ba Shwe (Director)	Shan/Myanmar	11%	Nc	Nc
		U Aik Pee (Director)	Koe Kant/Myanmar	12%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Shauk Ho (Director)	Koe Kant/Myanmar	3%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Lwin Lwin Kyaw	Myanmar	12%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Nan Sai	Myanmar	11%	Nc	Nc
91	Ma Li Kha Gem Stone Co	U Paing San Raydam	Myanmar	29%	Nc	Nc
		U Ray Dam Tang	Myanmar	36%	Nc	Nc
		U Saw Lwin	Myanmar	12%	Nc	Nc
		U Kaung Htee Yin @ U Sein	Myanmar	66%	Nc	Nc
92	Wan Full	U Kyaw Kyaw	Myanmar	17%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Li Shwin Paung	Myanmar	17%	Nc	Nc
	Aung Tu Ka Dana	U Maung Kyaw	Myanmar	42%	Nc	Nc
93		Daw Khin San Yee	Myanmar	32%	Nc	Nc
		U Maung Nge	Myanmar	26%	Nc	Nc
0.4	Vadanan Hara Huru	U Hla Myint	Nc	50%	Nc	Nc
94	Yadanar Moe Myay	D Myo Zin Mar Tun	Nc	50%	Nc	Nc

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
O.E.	Shein Family gems Co., Ltd.	D THIDA	Nc	51%	Nc	Nc
95	Shelli Faility genis Co., Ltd.	D KYI SAN	Nc	49%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Than Than Htwe	Citizen	24%	No	N/A
96	Thein Gabar Aung	Daw Yin Mon Mon Kyaw	Citizen	26%	No	N/A
		Daw Kyu Kyu Aye	Citizen	50%	No	N/A
97	97 Jade Treasure	Daw Kyu Kyu Aye	Citizen	94%	No	N/A
71	Jade Heasure	U Ko Ko Oo	Citizen	6%	No	N/A
98	Lawka Nandar	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
		U San Tauk	Myanmar	Nc	Nc	Nc
99	Nava Si Hain	U Mg Mg Tar	Myanmar	Nc	Nc	Nc
77	Ngwe Si Hein	Daw Yang Chin May	Myanmar	Nc	Nc	Nc
		Daw Nan Chaw Hla	Myanmar	Nc	Nc	Nc
100	Myat Pan Khaing	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
101	Lon Hai	Ann Hai	Myanmar	60%	No	N/A
101		Aye Thi	Myanmar	40%	No	N/A
102	Goldend Light gems	U San Tin	Myanmar	100%	Nc	Nc
102	dotaena Light genis	U Tun Kyaw Win	Myanmar	0%	Nc	Nc
103	Hein Aung Lin Htet Jade Co. Ltd	Daw Aye Aye	Myanmar	40%	Nc	Nc
103	Hell Aung Ein Heet Jade Co. Eta	U San Hlaing	Myanmar	60%	Nc	Nc
104	Phar Kant Sai Bon					
105	Thigi Myintzu Yadanar	LEE KYAIN CHIN @ U AUNG KYAW SOE	Citizen	93%	No	N/A
103	ringi myinczu radanai	U CHIT MIN THU	Citizen	7%	No	N/A
106	Seinn Nay Chi Gems & jade company	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
		U Nay Win Maung	Myanmar	60%	Nc	Nc
107	Soine Light	U Htet Win	Myanmar	30%	Nc	Nc
107	Seine Light	U Phone Naing	Myanmar	5%	Nc	Nc
		U Yan Myo Aung	Myanmar	5%	Nc	Nc
108	New Lucky Green Gems	New Lucky Green Gems	Myanmar	100%	Nc	Nc
109	Mya San Dar (MSD)	Mya Sandar Jade & Jewellery		100%	No	N/A

	Jade Thazin Kaung Su Aung	U Maung Pyone U San Haing	Myanmar	2%		
		II San Haing			Nc	Nc
111	Kaung Su Aung	O Jan Hang	Myanmar	98%	Nc	Nc
		Kaung Su Aung Jade		100%	No	N/A
		U DA BAN NODELE	Myanmar	11%	No	N/A
		U GUM DAN DU	Myanmar	6%	No	N/A
		U HLA TUN @ U HLA TAUNG	Myanmar	8%	No	N/A
		U KWE PINN @ U SHWE MYINT	Myanmar	18%	No	N/A
112	Kachin National Development	U LA BANG GU RA	Myanmar	22%	No	N/A
		U LAPHAI ZAW YUN	Myanmar	13%	No	N/A
		U MA TU NAW	Myanmar	13%	No	N/A
		U TU JA	Myanmar	8%	No	N/A
		U TUN MIN	Myanmar	0%	No	N/A
442	Indo Thomas Co. Ind	U Phan Lin	Myanmar	2%	Nc	Nc
113	Jade Thapyae Co.,ltd	U San Hlaing	Myanmar	98%	Nc	Nc
	Kaung Wai Yan Co	Daw Lee Kwai Shan	Myanmar	23%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Myint Kyi	Myanmar	47%	Nc	Nc
114		U Chein Soak	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
		U Lway Khine Wan	Myanmar	12%	Nc	Nc
		U Myint Zaw Hein	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
		U Sai Shung Twee	Myanmar	30%	No	N/A
445	Constant Con	U Sai Lay Thu	Myanmar	30%	No	N/A
115	Green Diamond Gems & Jewellery Co. Ltd	Daw Nway Nway Hlaing	Myanmar	20%	No	N/A
		Daw Yu Yu San	Myanmar	20%	No	N/A
116	Lucky Star Jade Group	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
117	Yadanar Si	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
440	All Dinks Company	Aung Kyaw Oo	Myanmar	2%	Nc	Nc
118	All Right Company	Li Kyin Phyin	Myanmar	98%	Nc	Nc
440	Inval Comp Comp	Daw Yin Yin Aye)	Citizen	92%	No	N/A
119	Jewel Crown Company	U Saw Lin	Citizen	8%	No	N/A

120 Raung Mon Yadanar U Kyaw Htay Myanmar 54% Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc N	No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
Daw Khaing Thet Mon Myanmar 46% Nc Nc	120	Kaung Mon Yadanar	U Kyaw Htay	Myanmar	54%	Nc	
121 Green Earth Gems Co., Ltd U Lin YU @ WAN SHAN YIN MYANMAR 20% No	120	Raung Mon Tadanai	Daw Khaing Thet Mon	Myanmar	46%	Nc	Nc
121 Green Earth Gems Co., Ltd			U HU YU PAN	MYANMAR	20%	No	N/A
U MAUNG MAUNG AUNG MYANMAR 20% No	121	Groon Farth Come Co. Ltd	U LIN YU @ WAN SHAN YIN	MYANMAR	20%	No	N/A
U Sai Shung Twee Myanmar 40% No N/A U Sai Lay Thu Myanmar 10% No N/A U Sai Lay Thu Myanmar 10% No N/A U Kyaw Win Aung Myanmar 10% No N/A Daw Htet Htet Wai Myanmar 10% No N/A Daw Le Le Wai Myanmar 10% No N/A Daw Le Le Wai Myanmar 10% No N/A Daw May Thu Win Myanmar 10% No N/A U Thant Zin Myanmar 5% No N/A U Win Sein Myanmar 5% No N/A U Myo Min Aung Myanmar 5% No N/A U Myo Min Aung Myanmar 20% Nc Nc U San Hlaing Kyawlwa U Than Naing Myanmar 48% Nc Nc U San Hlaing Myanmar 32% Nc Nc U San Hlaing Myanmar 32% Nc Nc U San Hlaing Myanmar 10% Nc Nc U Jang Win Myanmar 10% Nc Nc U Jang Kyae Fa Myanmar 10% Nc Nc U Kha Khoo Myanmar 35% Nc Nc U Kha Khoo Myanmar 35% Nc Nc U Than Myint © U Khun Daung Myanmar 35% Nc Nc U Than Myint © U Khun Daung Myanmar 35% Nc Nc U Than Myint © U Khun Daung Myanmar 35% Nc Nc U Than Myint © U Khun Daung Myanmar 35% Nc Nc U Than Myint © U Khun Daung Myanmar 35% Nc Nc U Than Myint © U Khun Daung Myanmar 35% Nc Nc U Than Myint © U Khun Daung Myanmar 35% Nc Nc U Than Myint © U Khun Daung Myanmar 35% Nc Nc U Than Myint © U Khun Daung Myanmar 35% Nc Nc U Than Myint © U Khun Daung Myanmar 35% Nc Nc Nc U Than Myint © U Kyaw Thet Myanmar 25% Nc Nc Nc U Kareng La Tawng Myanmar 25% Nc N	121	121 Green Lantin Genis Co., Eta	U MAUNG MAUNG AUNG	MYANMAR	20%	No	N/A
U Sai Lay Thu			U TIN SEIN	MYANMAR	40%	No	N/A
122 Global Sun Light Daw Hitet Hitet Wai Myanmar 10% No N/A			U Sai Shung Twee	Myanmar	40%	No	N/A
122 Global Sun Light Daw Htet Htet Wai Myanmar 10% No N/A			U Sai Lay Thu	Myanmar	10%	No	N/A
122 Global Sun Light Daw Le Le Wai Myanmar 10% No N/A Daw May Thu Win Myanmar 10% No N/A U Thant Zin Myanmar 5% No N/A U Win Sein Myanmar 5% No N/A U Win Sein Myanmar 5% No N/A U Myo Min Aung Myanmar 20% Nc Nc 123 Aung Hlaing Kyawlwa U Than Naing Myanmar 48% Nc Nc 124 Value Standard Nc Nc Nc Nc 124 Value Standard Nc U Aung Win Myanmar 10% Nc Nc 125 Seine Aung Daw Nan Htay Myanmar 10% Nc Nc 126 Seine Aung Daw Nan Htay Myanmar 10% Nc Nc 127 U Kyaw Thet U Kyaw Thet Myanmar 20% Nc Nc 128 Buu Gar Seng Tawng Myanmar 25% Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc			U Kyaw Win Aung	Myanmar	10%	No	N/A
Daw Le Le Wai Myanmar 10% No N/A	122	Global Sup Light	Daw Htet Htet Wai	Myanmar	10%	No	N/A
U Thant Zin	122	Global Sun Light	Daw Le Le Wai	Myanmar	10%	No	N/A
U Win Sein Myanmar 5% No N/A			Daw May Thu Win	Myanmar	10%	No	N/A
123 Aung Hlaing Kyawlwa U Myo Min Aung Myanmar 20% Nc Nc Nc 124 Value Standard Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc 124 Value Standard Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc 125 Seine Aung Daw Nan Htay Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc 126 Myint Shin Gems Co.,LTd U Kyaw Thet U Kyaw Thet U Kyaw Thet 127 U Kyaw Thet U Kyaw Thet U Kyaw Thet U Kyaw They 128 Buu Gar Sangaran Sangaran Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 128 Buu Gar Sangaran Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 129 Nc Nc Nc 120 Nc Nc Nc 121 Nc Nc Nc Nc 122 Seine Aung Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 123 Sangaran Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 126 Nc Nc Nc 127 U Kyaw Thet Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 128 Sangaran Sangaran Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 129 Sangaran Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 120 Nc Nc 121 Nc Nc Nc 122 Sangaran Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 123 Sangaran Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 124 Nc Nc Nc 125 Nc Nc Nc 126 Nc Nc Nc 127 U Kyaw Thet Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 128 Sangaran Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 129 Sangaran Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 120 Nc Nc 121 Nc Nc Nc 122 Sangaran Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 123 Sangaran Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 124 Nc Nc Nc 125 Nc Nc Nc 126 Nc Nc Nc 127 U Kyaw Thet Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 128 Sangaran Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 129 Nc Nc Nc 120 Nc Nc Nc 120 Nc Nc Nc 121 Nc Nc Nc 122 Nc Nc Nc 123 Nc Nc Nc 124 Nc Nc Nc 125 Nc Nc Nc 126 Nc Nc Nc 127 U Kyaw Thet Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 128 Sangaran Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 129 Nc Nc Nc 120 Nc Nc Nc 121 Nc Nc Nc 122 Nc Nc Nc 123 Nc Nc Nc 124 Nc Nc Nc 125 Nc Nc Nc 126 Nc Nc Nc 127 U Kyaw Thet Nc Nc 128 Nc Nc Nc 129 Nc Nc Nc 12			U Thant Zin	Myanmar	5%	No	N/A
123 Aung Hlaing Kyawlwa U Than Naing U San Hlaing Myanmar 48% Nc Nc Nc 124 Value Standard Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc 124 Value Standard Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc 124 Value Standard Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc 125 Seine Aung Daw Man Htay Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc 125 Seine Aung Daw Nan Htay Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc 125 Seine Aung Daw Nan Htay Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc 125 Myint Shin Gems Co., LTd U Kha Khoo Myanmar 35% Nc Nc Nc 126 Myint Shin Gems Co., LTd U Klu LUN Myanmar 300% Nc Nc Nc 127 U Kyaw Thet U Kyaw Thet Myanmar 100% Nc Nc Nc 128 Buu Gar Seng Tawng Myanmar 25% Nc Nc Nc			U Win Sein	Myanmar	5%	No	N/A
U San Hlaing Myanmar 32% Nc Nc			U Myo Min Aung	Myanmar	20%	Nc	Nc
124 Value Standard Nc	123	Aung Hlaing Kyawlwa	U Than Naing	Myanmar	48%	Nc	Nc
U Aung Win Myanmar 10% Nc Nc U Yan Kyae Fa Myanmar 10% Nc Nc U Yan Kyae Fa Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Daw Nan Htay Myanmar 10% Nc Nc U Kha Khoo Myanmar 35% Nc Nc U Than Myint @ U Khun Daung Myanmar 35% Nc Nc U AlK LUN Myanmar 300% Nc Nc DAW ANN MAY Myanmar 200% Nc Nc 127 U Kyaw Thet Myanmar 100% Nc Nc Kareng La Tawng Myanmar 25% Nc Nc Nc 128 Buu Gar Seng Tawng Myanmar 25% Nc Nc			U San Hlaing	Myanmar	32%	Nc	Nc
U Yan Kyae Fa Myanmar 10% Nc Nc Daw Nan Htay Myanmar 10% Nc Nc U Kha Khoo Myanmar 35% Nc Nc U Than Myint @ U Khun Daung Myanmar 35% Nc Nc U AlK LUN Myanmar 300% Nc Nc DAW ANN MAY Myanmar 200% Nc Nc 127 U Kyaw Thet Myanmar 100% Nc Nc Kareng La Tawng Myanmar 25% Nc Nc Seng Tawng Myanmar 25% Nc Nc Nc 128 Buu Gar Seng Tawng Myanmar 25% Nc Nc	124	Value Standard	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
125 Seine Aung Daw Nan Htay Wyanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc U Kha Khoo Wyanmar 35% Nc Nc Nc U Than Myint @ U Khun Daung Myanmar 35% Nc Nc Nc Nc 126 Myint Shin Gems Co.,LTd DAW ANN MAY Myanmar 200% Nc Nc Nc 127 U Kyaw Thet Wyanmar 10% Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc 128 Buu Gar Myanmar 25% Nc N			U Aung Win	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
U Kha Khoo Myanmar 35% Nc Nc U Than Myint @ U Khun Daung Myanmar 35% Nc Nc 126 Myint Shin Gems Co.,LTd U AIK LUN Myanmar 300% Nc Nc DAW ANN MAY Myanmar 200% Nc Nc 127 U Kyaw Thet U Kyaw Thet Myanmar 100% Nc Nc Kareng La Tawng Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 128 Buu Gar Seng Tawng Myanmar 25% Nc Nc Nc			U Yan Kyae Fa	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
U Than Myint @ U Khun Daung Myanmar 35% Nc Nc 126 Myint Shin Gems Co.,LTd DAW ANN MAY Myanmar 200% Nc Nc Nc Nc 127 U Kyaw Thet U Kyaw Thet Myanmar 100% Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc	125	Seine Aung	Daw Nan Htay	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
Hand Myanmar 300% Nc Nc Nc Nc DAW ANN MAY Myanmar 200% Nc			U Kha Khoo	Myanmar	35%	Nc	Nc
DAW ANN MAY Myanmar 200% NC NC 127 U Kyaw Thet U Kyaw Thet Myanmar 100% NC NC NC NC 128 Buu Gar Seng Tawng Myanmar Myanmar 25% NC NC NC NC NC NC NC NC NC N			U Than Myint @ U Khun Daung	Myanmar	35%	Nc	Nc
DAW ANN MAY Myanmar 200% Nc Nc 127 U Kyaw Thet U Kyaw Thet Myanmar 100% Nc Nc Kareng La Tawng Myanmar 25% Nc Nc 128 Buu Gar Seng Tawng Myanmar 25% Nc Nc	126	Myint Shin Goms Co. LTd	U AIK LUN	Myanmar	300%	Nc	Nc
Kareng La Tawng Myanmar 25% NC NC 128 Buu Gar Seng Tawng Myanmar 25% NC NC NC NC NC NC NC NC NC NC	120	MYINT SNIN GEMS CO.,LI a	DAW ANN MAY	Myanmar	200%	Nc	Nc
128 Buu Gar Seng Tawng Myanmar 25% NC NC	127	U Kyaw Thet	U Kyaw Thet	Myanmar	100%	Nc	Nc
			Kareng La Tawng	Myanmar	25%	Nc	Nc
Naw Sam Myanmar 25% Nc Nc	128	Buu Gar	Seng Tawng	Myanmar	25%	Nc	Nc
			Naw Sam	Myanmar	25%	Nc	Nc

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
		La Tat	Myanmar	25%	Nc	Nc
		AH SHONE	Nationality	88%	No	N/A
129	Jade Pioneer Mining Limited	MYA KHINE	Nationality	8%	No	N/A
129	Jade Ploneer mining Limited	CHIN ANG	Nationality	2%	No	N/A
		LIN NEW OO	Nationality	2%	No	N/A
		U Tun Win	Myanmar	80%	Nc	Nc
130	Kyauk Seinn Minn Gems	U Win Htaik	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Yein Fee	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
		U Ah Woo	Myanmar	20%	Nc	Nc
	Yi Li Fa [YLF]	U Maung Ko	Myanmar	20%	Nc	Nc
131		U Aik Shan	Myanmar	28%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Shwe Oh	Myanmar	20%	Nc	Nc
		U Win Aung	Myanmar	12%	Nc	Nc
	Pyi Yadanar	U Aung Phyo	MYANMAR	0%	Nc	Nc
		U Ko Ko Naing	MYANMAR	0%	Nc	Nc
132		U Myo Aung	MYANMAR	1%	Nc	Nc
132		U Myo Thant	MYANMAR	50%	Nc	Nc
		U Zaw Htay Lwin	MYANMAR	0%	Nc	Nc
		U Zaw Lin	MYANMAR	49%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Than Than (Managing Director)	Myanmar	34%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Win Win(Director)	Myanmar	32%	Nc	Nc
133	MELODIOUS GEMS COMPANY LIMITED	U Hla Soe Oo(Director)	Myanmar	34%	Nc	Nc
		U Ko Ko Aung(Director)	Myanmar	0%	Nc	Nc
		U Nyunt Htay(Director)	Myanmar	0%	Nc	Nc
		U Kyaw Thura (Managing Director)	Myanmar	37%	N/A	N/A
		U Hla Soe Oo (Director)	Myanmar	30%	N/A	N/A
134	Myanmar Thura [MTY]	Daw Than Than (Director)	Myanmar	30%	N/A	N/A
		U Thein Tun (Director)	Myanmar	2%	N/A	N/A
		U Myo Min Tun (Director)	Myanmar	2%	N/A	N/A

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
		U Mg Mg Hla Kyaw (Director)	Myanmar	0%	N/A	N/A
		U Zakhon Taint Yein	Myanmar	20%	N/A	N/A
		U Nyi Lay (A) Thar Aung	Myanmar	20%	N/A	N/A
135	Kyaut Seinnn Karbarkyaw	Myo Kyin	Myanmar	20%	N/A	N/A
		Zaw Sai	Myanmar	20%	N/A	N/A
		Khin Zaw Oo (A) Khin Zaw	Myanmar	20%	N/A	N/A
		U Kauk Kyone Nin	1/WaMaNa(Phu)000007	35%	Nc	Nc
		U Law Sone	9/MaYaTa(Phu)000001	20%	Nc	Nc
136	Hole In One	U Yang Shan Yung	1/WaMaNa(Phu)000008	20%	Nc	Nc
		U Chin Sein	9/MaYaTa(N)106511	10%	Nc	Nc
		U Aik Pin	13/TaYaNa(N)022066	15%	Nc	Nc
137	Nay Chi Yadanar Co., Ltd.	U YAN AUNG	Nc	50%	Nc	Nc
		U MYO AUNG	Nc	50%	Nc	Nc
138	Kyauk Seinn Wingabar Jade Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
	Co.,Ltu	U Kyaw Aung	Myanmar	92%	N/A	N/A
139	Ou Ryu Sein Yadanar	Daw Min Min Than	Myanmar	0%	N/A	N/A
		Daw Myint Myint Aye	Myanmar	8%	N/A	N/A
		U Maung Kyaw	Myanmar	11%	Nc	Nc
140	Kaung Htike	Daw Khin San Yee	Myanmar	89%	Nc	Nc
		U Kyaw Aung	Myanmar	20%	N/A	N/A
141	Sein Minn Yadanar	U Kyaw Win Lwin	Myanmar	40%	N/A	N/A
		U Kyaw Sein	Myanmar	40%	N/A	N/A
		U MALANG GAM	MYANMAR	14%	No	N/A
		DAW JI SENG NAN	MYANMAR	14%	No	N/A
		U ZAW SHAM LUM	MYANMAR	28%	No	N/A
142	Treasure Five Star Co., Ltd	U LAHTAW YAW	MYANMAR	16%	No	N/A
		U GAM DAN ZAU	MYANMAR	14%	No	N/A
		DAW ROI SENG	MYANMAR	14%	No	N/A
143	Kyei Linn Gems & Jade Company	U AHEIK KWYE	MYANMAR	10%	Nc	Nc

U AHEIK TUN MYANMAR 10% DAW YIN YIN MYANMAR 10% U MAUNG LAY MYANMAR 50% DAW NILAR AUGN MYANMAR 10% U SAN AUNG MYANMAR 10% Daw Aye Sander Thin 1/MaKaTa(A)000878 50% U Soe Aung Kha 13/KaMaNa(N)089140 30% U Min Kai 13/KaKaNa(N)043923 20% U Tin Sein Myanmar 68% U Maung Maung Aung Myanmar 14% U Than Tun Aung Myanmar 14%	0% Nc	entity Stock exchange NC
U MAUNG LAY MYANMAR 50% DAW NILAR AUGN MYANMAR 10% U SAN AUNG MYANMAR 10% Daw Aye Sander Thin 1/MaKaTa(A)000878 50% U Soe Aung Kha 13/KaMaNa(N)089140 30% U Min Kai 13/KaKaNa(N)043923 20% U Tin Sein Myanmar 68% U Maung Maung Aung Myanmar 14%	0% Nc	Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc
DAW NILAR AUGN MYANMAR 10% U SAN AUNG MYANMAR 10% Daw Aye Sander Thin 1/MaKaTa(A)000878 50% 144 Silver Sand Stone Gems co., U Soe Aung Kha 13/KaMaNa(N)089140 30% U Min Kai 13/KaKaNa(N)043923 20% U Tin Sein Myanmar 68% U Maung Maung Aung Myanmar 14%	Nc N	Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc
U SAN AUNG MYANMAR 10% Daw Aye Sander Thin 1/MaKaTa(A)000878 50% 144 Silver Sand Stone Gems co., U Soe Aung Kha 13/KaMaNa(N)089140 30% U Min Kai 13/KaKaNa(N)043923 20% U Tin Sein Myanmar 68% U Maung Maung Aung Myanmar 14%	NC N	Nc Nc Nc Nc
Daw Aye Sander Thin 1/MaKaTa(A)000878 50% 144 Silver Sand Stone Gems co., U Soe Aung Kha 13/KaMaNa(N)089140 30% U Min Kai 13/KaKaNa(N)043923 20% U Tin Sein Myanmar 68% U Maung Maung Aung Myanmar 14%	NC N	Nc Nc Nc Nc
144 Silver Sand Stone Gems co., U Soe Aung Kha 13/KaMaNa(N)089140 30% U Min Kai 13/KaKaNa(N)043923 20% U Tin Sein Myanmar 68% U Maung Maung Aung Myanmar 14%	0% NC 0% NC 13% NC 14% NC	Nc Nc Nc
U Min Kai 13/KaKaNa(N)043923 20% U Tin Sein Myanmar 68% U Maung Maung Aung Myanmar 14% 145 Wan Chang Wanmar 14%	NC NC NC NC NC NC	Nc Nc
U Tin Sein Myanmar 68% U Maung Maung Aung Myanmar 14%	8% Nc 4% Nc	Nc
U Maung Maung Aung Myanmar 14% 145 Wan Chang	1% Nc 1% Nc	
145 Wan Chang	1% Nc	Nc
U Than Tun Aung Mvanmar 14%		
,	/	Nc
Daw Myint Myint Thein Myanmar 4%	% Nc	Nc
U Thiha Aung 13/La Ya Na (N) 083483 100	00% Nc	Nc
146 Khaing Lon Gems Co., Ltd Daw Hla Myat Thu 12/Ba Ha Na (N) 081655 0%	6 Nc	Nc
U Myint San Myanmar 550	50% Nc	Nc
147 PON TUNG THARR GEMS COMPANY LIMITED U Thein Myint Myanmar 300	00% Nc	Nc
Daw Moe Moe Lwin Myanmar 450	50% Nc	Nc
148 Palaung National		
D Ei Ei Htwe Nc 97%	7% Nc	Nc
149 Treasure Linn Gems Co.,Ltd U Myint Zaw Nc 2%	% Nc	Nc
D Hnin Hnin Nc 2%	% Nc	Nc
U EIKE TI Nc 99% Treasure White Lotus	9% Nc	Nc
D PHYO PHYO SAN Nc 1%	% Nc	Nc
U YONE SEIN MYANMAR 49%	9% No	N/A
151 Sein Thura San DAW SAN SAN NYO MYANMAR 49%	9% No	N/A
DAW KAY ZIN YU MYANMAR 2%	% No	N/A
U Brang Seng Myanmar 8%	N/A	N/A
152 Aung Shwe Kabar U Gam Moon Myanmar 22%	2% N/A	N/A
U Hkyet Htein Nan Myanmar 22%	2% N/A	N/A

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
		U Hkun Aung	Myanmar	8%	N/A	N/A
		U Naw Ji	Myanmar	8%	N/A	N/A
		U N-Bwi Brang Aung	Myanmar	8%	N/A	N/A
		U Yin Chang	Myanmar	8%	N/A	N/A
		U Brang Tawng	Myanmar	8%	N/A	N/A
		U Khun Aung	Myanmar	8%	N/A	N/A
		Daw Aye Aye Win	Myanmar	22%	Nc	Nc
	San Taw Win	U Thant Sin Phyo	Myanmar	22%	Nc	Nc
153		Daw Tin Moe Khine	Myanmar	33%	Nc	Nc
133	Sali Taw Will	Daw Yan Lin May	Myanmar	11%	Nc	Nc
		U Yan Kwal Kyan	Myanmar	11%	Nc	Nc
		U Phyo Wai Naing	Myanmar	0%	Nc	Nc
		U AIKLA	Myanmar	60%	No	N/A
154	Jade Crystal Palace	U Kyaw Min	Myanmar	20%	No	N/A
		U Swe Tin	Myanmar	20%	No	N/A
155	Shwe Hwa	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
156	Aung Myin Thu Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	Aung Myin Thu Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	Nc	100%	No	N/A
157	Gold Jade	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
158	Thet Hein Gems & Jewellery Co;Ltd.	Daw Su Su Mon	Myanmar 7/TaNgaNa (Naing) 097527	10100%	Nc	Nc
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	U Thein Shwe	Myanmar 13/TaKaNa (Naing) 129160	80000%	Nc	Nc
450	Myanmar Rich Land Gems	Daw Yin Yin	Myanmar	96%	Nc	Nc
159		U Yone Shwe	Myanmar	4%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Kyu Shin	Myanmar	21%	Nc	Nc
440	WEST STAR JEWELL WITTER	Daw Lee Kway Shan	Myanmar	49%	Nc	Nc
160	MEGA STAR JEWEL LIMITED	U Chein Soak	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
		U Myint Zaw Hein	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
		U Maji Dee Ram	Myanmar	25%	N/A	N/A
161	Kan Sein Pwint	U Maji Hpung Aung	Myanmar	25%	N/A	N/A
		U Mangyi Singwah	Myanmar	25%	N/A	N/A

Daw Ahkon Chan Myanmar 25% N/A N/A 162 Myanmar Wiinring Gate (GMWG) Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc N	No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
U Tun Kyaw Win			Daw Ahkon Chan	Myanmar	25%	N/A	
163 San Family	162	Myanmar Winning Gate (GMWG)	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
Daw Shwe Nu			U Tun Kyaw Win	Myanmar	1%	Nc	Nc
164 HONG YENG YEE SHIN GEMS & JADE COMPANY LTD U Nay San U San Tin Myanmar 1% Nc	163	San Family	U San Tin	Myanmar	98%	Nc	Nc
HONG YENG YEE SHIN GEMS & JADE COMPANY LTD U San Tin			Daw Shwe Nu	Myanmar	1%	Nc	Nc
165 Green Comet gems& Jade company Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc	164	HONG VENG VEE SHIN GEMS & TADE COMPANY LTD	U Nay San	Myanmar	1%	Nc	Nc
U KYI WIN	104	HONG TENG TEE SHIN GEMS & JADE COMPANT LTD	U San Tin	Myanmar	99%	Nc	Nc
166 Gandawin Kyaut Myat Garden	165	Green Comet gems& Jade company	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
UTHEIN HAN OO Nc 35% Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc N			U KYI WIN	Nc	35%	Nc	Nc
La Awng Myanmar 7% No N/A	166	Gandawin Kyaut Myat Garden	D KYU SHIO	Nc	30%	Nc	Nc
La bang Tu Lum			U THEIN HAN OO	Nc	35%	Nc	Nc
167 Kaung Taw Myay Lahpai Zau Doi Myanmar 15% No N/A 168 U Hla Soe Oo U Hla Soe Oo Myanmar 28% No N/A 169 80000 U Hla Soe Oo Myanmar 100% Nc Nc 170 Than Lwin Kyaw Kyar Daw Thidar Aye Myanmar 94% Nc Nc 170 Than Lwin Kyaw Kyar U Aik San Myanmar 100% No N/A 171 Kyauk Myet Shwe Pyi Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc 171 Kyauk Myet Shwe Pyi Nc Nc N/A N/A 172 Moe Brothers U Thein Aung Myanmar 15% N/A N/A 172 Moe Brothers U Than Aung Myanmar 15% N/A N/A 172 Moe Brothers U Than Aung Myanmar 16% N/A N/A 173 Myan Yin Shwin Myanmar 17% N/A N/A 174 Nyaw Lin Myanmar 17% N/A N/A			La Awng	Myanmar	7%	No	N/A
167 Kaung Taw Myay N HPRAU GAM Myanmar 42% No N/A 2au Hpan Myanmar 28% No N/A 168 U Hla Soe Oo Myanmar 0% No N/A 169 80000 Daw Thidar Aye Myanmar 94% Nc Nc 169 80000 U Tun Myint Myanmar 6% Nc Nc 170 Than Lwin Kyaw Kyar U Aik San Myanmar 100% No N/A 171 Kyauk Myet Shwe Pyi Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc 171 Kyauk Myet Shwe Pyi Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc 172 Moe Brothers U Thein Aung Myanmar 15% N/A N/A 172 Moe Brothers U Than Aung Myanmar 16% N/A N/A 172 Moe Brothers U Kyaw Lin Myanmar 15% N/A N/A		Kaung Taw Myay	La bang Tu Lum	Myanmar	7%	No	N/A
N HPRAU GAM Myanmar 42% No N/A	167		Lahpai Zau Doi	Myanmar	15%	No	N/A
U Nyein Chan Maung Myanmar 0% No N/A	107		N HPRAU GAM	Myanmar	42%	No	N/A
168 U Hla Soe Oo Myanmar 100% Nc Nc 169 80000 Daw Thidar Aye Myanmar 94% Nc Nc 170 Than Lwin Kyaw Kyar U Aik San Myanmar 100% No N/A 171 Kyauk Myet Shwe Pyi Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc 172 Moe Brothers U Thein Aung Myanmar 15% N/A N/A 172 Moe Brothers U Than Aung Myanmar 16% N/A N/A 172 Moe Brothers U Kyaw Lin Myanmar 17% N/A N/A			Zau Hpan	Myanmar	28%	No	N/A
169 80000 Daw Thidar Aye Myanmar 94% Nc Nc Nc			U Nyein Chan Maung	Myanmar	0%	No	N/A
169 80000 U Tun Myint Myanmar 6% Nc Nc 170 Than Lwin Kyaw Kyar U Aik San Myanmar 100% No N/A 171 Kyauk Myet Shwe Pyi Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc 171 Kyauk Myet Shwe Pyi Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc Nc 172 Moe Brothers U Thein Aung Myanmar 15% N/A N/A 173 U Than Aung Myanmar 16% N/A N/A 174 U Than Aung Myanmar 16% N/A N/A 175 Daw Yin Shwin Myanmar 17% N/A N/A U Kyaw Lin Myanmar 25% N/A N/A 176 N/A N/A 177 N/A N/A 178 N/A N/A 179 N/A N/A 170 N/A N/A 170 N/A N/A 171 N/A N/A 171 N/A N/A 172 N/A N/A 173 N/A N/A 174 N/A N/A 175 N/A N/A 176 N/A N/A 177 N/A N/A 178 N/A N/A 178 N/A N/A 179 N/A N/A 170 N/A 170 N/A N/A 170 N/A 170 N/A N/A 170 N/A	168	U Hla Soe Oo	U Hla Soe Oo	Myanmar	100%	Nc	Nc
Than Lwin Kyaw Kyar U Aik San Daw Hnin Hnin Oo Myanmar No	169	80000	Daw Thidar Aye	Myanmar	94%	Nc	Nc
Than Lwin Kyaw Kyar Daw Hnin Hnin Oo Myanmar 0% No No No No No No No No No N	107	00000	U Tun Myint	Myanmar	6%	Nc	Nc
Daw Hnin Hnin Oo Myanmar O% No N/A	170	Than I win Kvaw Kvar	U Aik San	Myanmar	100%	No	N/A
U Thein Aung Myanmar 15% N/A N/A U Yan Aung Myanmar 27% N/A N/A U Than Aung Myanmar 16% N/A N/A U Than Aung Myanmar 16% N/A N/A Daw Yin Shwin Myanmar 17% N/A N/A U Kyaw Lin Myanmar 25% N/A N/A	170	man Ewin Nyaw Nyai	Daw Hnin Hnin Oo	Myanmar	0%	No	N/A
U Yan Aung Myanmar 27% N/A N/A U Than Aung Myanmar 16% N/A N/A Daw Yin Shwin Myanmar 17% N/A N/A U Kyaw Lin Myanmar 25% N/A N/A	171	Kyauk Myet Shwe Pyi	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
U Than Aung Myanmar 16% N/A N/A Daw Yin Shwin Myanmar 17% N/A N/A U Kyaw Lin Myanmar 25% N/A N/A			U Thein Aung	Myanmar	15%	N/A	N/A
Daw Yin Shwin Myanmar 17% N/A N/A U Kyaw Lin Myanmar 25% N/A N/A			U Yan Aung	Myanmar	27%	N/A	N/A
Daw Yin Shwin Myanmar 17% N/A N/A U Kyaw Lin Myanmar 25% N/A N/A	172	Moe Brothers	U Than Aung	Myanmar	16%	N/A	N/A
	1/2	moe brothers	Daw Yin Shwin	Myanmar	17%	N/A	N/A
Daw Thidar Win Myanmar 1% N/A N/A			U Kyaw Lin	Myanmar	25%	N/A	N/A
, IVA IVA			Daw Thidar Win	Myanmar	1%	N/A	N/A

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
172	lanua Nay Chi Ca	U AUNG KYAW KHAING	Citizen	51%	No	N/A
173	Innwa Nay Chi Co	DAW THIDAR OHN	Citizen	49%	No	N/A
174	Jade Master	U San Tin	Myanmar	80%	Nc	Nc
1/4	Jade Mastel	U Tun Kyaw Win	Myanmar	20%	Nc	Nc
175	Taw Win Jade Dragon	U Sai Soe Win	Myanmar	50%	Nc	Nc
175	Taw Will Jage Dragon	Daw Nan Aye Khine	Myanmar	50%	Nc	Nc
		Yang Chini Yu	Myanmar	60%	Nc	Nc
		Tun Win	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
176	Shwe Tun Win	Yang Chin Kwan	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
		Yein Fee	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
		U Win Htaik	Myanmar	10%	Nc	Nc
177	Kan Thar Yar Gems Co.,Ltd.	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
	Jade Brothers	U GON DAN DU	MYANMAR	11%	No	N/A
178		U HLA TUN @ U HLA TAUNG	MYANMAR	8%	No	N/A
1/0		U KAUNG KWE PINN @ U SHWE MYINT	MYANMAR	67%	No	N/A
		U KHUN AUNG	MYANMAR	9%	No	N/A
179	Myat Myittar Mon (G & J) Co.,Ltd					
		U La Phai Hkun Sa	Myanmar	49%	No	N/A
180	Dang Huko Duwa Ca Ltd	U Au Ra Tang	Myanmar	25%	No	N/A
100	Pang Huke Duwa Co.,Ltd	U Thant Zin	Myanmar	14%	No	N/A
		U Zaw Yaw	Myanmar	13%	No	N/A
		DAW SAN SAN	MYANMAR	25%	Nc	Nc
		U KYAW KYAW ZIN	MYANMAR	25%	Nc	Nc
181	Shwe Pyi Thar Gems Trading and Faceting Co-	U THAN AUNG	MYANMAR	5%	Nc	Nc
101	op.,Ltd	DAW KHIN KHIN CHAW LWIN	MYANMAR	20%	Nc	Nc
		U TIN AUNG SOE	MYANMAR	5%	Nc	Nc
		U ZAR NI OO	MYANMAR	20%	Nc	Nc
102	Whent Shove Dui Co. Ltd.	U Zaw Bo Khant	Myanmar	44%	Nc	Nc
182	Khant Shwe Pyi Co.,Ltd	Daw Marlar Phyu	Myanmar	33%	Nc	Nc

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
		Daw Moe Pwint Phyu Aung	Myanmar	12%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Poe Ei Kyawe	Myanmar	12%	Nc	Nc
		U Aung Ko Win	Myanmar	42%	No	N/A
183	Nilar Yoma	Daw Nan Than Htwe	Myanmar	33%	No	N/A
		Daw Nang Lang Kham	Myanmar	25%	No	N/A
184	Lyan Shan	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
185	Yadanar Myat Noe Thwe Gem	DAW MOE SANDAR TUN	Citizen	51%	No	N/A
		DAW KHIN MA MA @ DAW TIN NWE WIN	Citizen	49%	No	N/A
186	Kyi Wai Yan	U LIN HTET AUNG	Citizen	75%	No	N/A
		U CHIT MIN THU	Citizen	25%	No	N/A
187	Yadanar San Shwin Gem	U San Hlaing	Myanmar	98%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Yi Yi Cho	Myanmar	2%	Nc	Nc
188	HERA Co.,ltd	Hare Lall	Myanmar	50%	N/A	N/A
		Toap Kumar	Myanmar	50%	N/A	N/A
	MOGOK PRIDE	Daw Myo Sandy Khin	MYANMAR	20%	Nc	Nc
189		Shwe Yaung Ku@ U Soe Hlaing	MYANMAR	12%	Nc	Nc
		U Hlaing Myint	MYANMAR	12%	Nc	Nc
		U San Myo	MYANMAR	55%	Nc	Nc
190	EXCELLENT RUBY & SAPPHIRE	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
191	CHATKYIYAY GEMS & JEWELLERY CO.,LTD	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
192	SHWE NAING TUN	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
	R.B.G	Nay Win Swe@Nay Win Tun	Myanmar	42%	No	N/A
		Daw Myint Myat Thu	Myanmar	40%	No	N/A
193		Aye Aye Myint	Myanmar	6%	No	N/A
173		Ye Myat Thu	Myanmar	4%	No	N/A
		Min Myat Thu	Myanmar	4%	No	N/A
		Too Maung	Myanmar	4%	No	N/A
194	KHINE THIT SAR	Nay Win Swe(a)Nay Win Tun	Myanmar	21%	No	N/A
1 /7		Ye Myat Thu	Myanmar	53%	No	N/A

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
		Aye Aye Myint	Myanmar	7%	No	N/A
		Myint Myat Thu	Myanmar	8%	No	N/A
		Min Myat Thu	Myanmar	4%	No	N/A
		Sein Htwe	Myanmar	6%	No	N/A
		Kyaw Khine	Myanmar	1%	No	N/A
195	Myanmar Lar Ba Gems Co., Ltd.	U Zin Ko Latt	Myanmar	60%	Nc	Nc
173	Myaninai Lai da Genis Co., Etc.	U Myint Moe	Myanmar	40%	Nc	Nc
196	METAL METERO	U Arkar Kyaing	12/LaThaNa(N)021457	50%	Nc	Nc
170	METAL METERO	Daw Theingi lln	12/SaKhaNa(N)057096	50%	Nc	Nc
		U Than Htut	Myanmar	57%	N/A	N/A
197	RUBY TIGER	U Saw Aye Naing	Myanmar	14%	N/A	N/A
177	RODI HOLK	Daw Han Ni Aung	Myanmar	14%	N/A	N/A
		Daw Soe Sandi	Myanmar	14%	N/A	N/A
198	THAN HTIKE LU	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
199	BIRDS GEM	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
		Daw Shu Mate	MYANMAR	8%	Nc	Nc
		U Kyein Chan@U Saw Lwin	MYANMAR	28%	Nc	Nc
200	ZABUKYAWAUNG	U Kyaw Min Lwin	MYANMAR	28%	Nc	Nc
200	ZADUKTAWAUNG	U Kyaw Min Aung@U Hteik Wai	MYANMAR	13%	Nc	Nc
		U Kyaw Min Htet@U Hteik Shwin	MYANMAR	13%	Nc	Nc
		U Kayw Min Htut@U Htike Shwe	MYANMAR	13%	Nc	Nc
201	KYAN FAMILY	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc
		Daw Aye Aye Myint	MYANMAR	2%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Htay Htay	MYANMAR	85%	Nc	Nc
202	HTAY PAING	Khin Eaint Mon	MYANMAR	2%	Nc	Nc
202	THATTAING	U Law Oo	MYANMAR	5%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Shaw May	MYANMAR	5%	Nc	Nc
		Daw Khin Htwe	MYANMAR	2%	Nc	Nc
203	RED MOUNTAIN	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc

No.	Company	Name	Nationality of the Entity	% Interest	Publicly Listed entity	Name of the Stock exchange
		U KYAW NAING	MYANMAR	10%	No	N/A
		U WAM SEIN YINT	MYANMAR	3%	No	N/A
204	KYAW NAING & BROTHERS	U SAI SINC	MYANMAR	3%	No	N/A
204	KTAW MAING & DROTTLES	U SAI KYAW SHI	MYANMAR	42%	No	N/A
		U SAI CHIN	MYANMAR	42%	No	N/A
		U AUNG CHAN MIN	MYANMAR	0%	No	N/A
205	LAW LU	U Law Lu@U Hla Moe	Myanmar	60%	Nc	Nc
203	LAW LU	Daw Soe Thandar Win	Myanmar	40%	Nc	Nc
		U Wang Shan Lyan	Myanmar	33%	Nc	Nc
		Daw San San Aye	Myanmar	50%	Nc	Nc
206	MYANMAR SITHU	U Chit Lwin Oo @U Chit Oo Lwin	Myanmar	7%	Nc	Nc
		U SiThu	Myanmar	7 %	Nc	Nc
		U Chit Khaing	Myanmar	3%	Nc	Nc
207	THEITHI AUNG NGWE MOE	U Sai Soe Win	Myanmar	100%	Nc	Nc
		Khin Kyu Kyu Shein	Myanmar	25%	Nc	Nc
208	Pwint Phoo Nadi	Myint Aung	Myanmar	25%	Nc	Nc
		War War Chit	Myanmar	50%	Nc	Nc
209	Myanmar Economic Corporation	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc	Nc

Other Minerals

		Banafiaina.	Danafisian.	Cash Payments		In Kind payments (Projects) Description of the	Project cost	Purpose of payment	Legal/contractual basis of the	
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	incurred during 2017- 2018	("Resettlement" or "Sustainability")	payment (Ref to the agreement, Act,)*	
1	NATIONAL PROSPERITY COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
2	MYANMAR ECONOMIC CORPORATION LIMITED									
3	GEO ASIA INDUSTRY & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
4	CORNERSTONE RESOURCES (MYANMAR) LTD.	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
5	ETERNAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
6	MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	676,261,120	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
7	KAYAH STATE MINERAL PRODUCTION COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
8	SHWE MOE YAN COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
9	GPS JOINT VENTURE COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
10	SHWE TAUNG MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
11	DELCO LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
12	MAX (MYANMAR) COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
13	FIRST RESOURCES COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
14	PACIFIC LINK CEMENT INDUSTRIES LIMITED									
15	WIN MYINT MO INDUSTRIES COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
16	No.(2)Heavy Industry, Ministry of Industry	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
17	MYANMAR PONGPIPAT COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
18	NGWE YI PALE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
19	NEW DAYS ASIA MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
20	HTOO INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
21	HARBOR STAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
22	MANDALAY GOLDEN FRIEND MINING CO., LTD.	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
23	MYANMAR GOLDEN POINT FAMILY CO., LTD.	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	
24	THAN TAW MYAT COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	Kyautsae Township	200,000,000	10.8.2017	N/C	N/C	Sustainability	N/C	
		N/C	Kyautsae Township	100,000,000	9.10.2017	N/C	N/C	Sustainability	N/C	

			(Flojects) Cos		Project cost	Purpose of	Legal/contractual		
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	incurred during 2017- 2018	payment ("Resettlement" or "Sustainability")	basis of the payment (Ref to the agreement, Act,)*
25	TUN THWIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED								
26	MANDALAY DISTRIBUTION & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
27	YCDC	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
28	SAN LIN INTERNATIONAL EXPORT & IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
29	KAN PWINT OO MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
30	TOP TEN STAR PRODUCTION CO., LTD.	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
31	HEAY HEIN COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	11,000,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
32	NGWE KABAR MYANMAR COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
33	MYAUK KYUN THU MA MA MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
34	XIE SHAN MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
35	DRAGON CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
36	PRINCE MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
37	HTAT YEE LINN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
38	MYAY NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
39	THA BYU MINING COMPANY LIMITED								
40	YE HTUT KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	2017-2018	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
41	MYANMAR TIN -TUNGSTEN COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
42	Myanmar Yang Tse Copper Ltd	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
43	Eden Energy & Natural Resources Development Co., Ltd	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
44	Kanbawza Industries Ltd	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
45	MYANMAR WANBAO MINING COPPER LTD	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
46	HTAR WA YA								
47	MYANMAR CNMC NICKEL COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
48	24 HOUR MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	6,779,100	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
49	A & A NATURAL RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
50	ASIA PHYO MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C

				Cash Payments		In Kind payments (Projects)	Project	Purpose of	Legal/contractual
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	cost incurred during 2017- 2018	payment ("Resettlement" or "Sustainability")	basis of the payment (Ref to the agreement, Act,)*
		Nyaung Nyunt	Nyaung Nyo	N/C	2017-2018	Donate Cement to Schools (50 kg bags)	707	N/C	N/C
		Thazi Township	N/C	N/C	N/C	Donate Cement to the Warehouse	706	N/C	N/C
51	BLUE DIAMOND CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	Mandalay Region	N/C	N/C	N/C	Donate Cement to Monasteries Donate Cement to	730	N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	the District Administrator's Office	687	N/C	N/C
52	DAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
53	DIAMOND SHARK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
54	Directorate of Military office of Chief of Defence Defence Industries, Ministy of Defence								
55	GREEN ASIA COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
56	GREEN STRATEGIC MINING COMPANY LIMITED								
57	GROUP OF FOUR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
58	HTUT KHAUNG KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
59	JUNE CEMENT INDUSTRY LTD.	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
60	LINN PYAE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
61	LOI CHAI NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
62	MAY FLOWER MINING ENTERPRISES LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
63	MINING WORLD COMPANY LIMITED								
64	MOUNT CHING YING MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
65	MYANMAR APEX MINING CO., LTD	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
66	MYANMAR NAING GROUP MINING COMPANY LTD	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
67	MYANMAR SIMCO SONG DA JOINT STOK COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
68	MYINT INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
69	No.(3) Heavy Industry. Ministry Of Industry								
70	SHWE PAUK PAUK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
71	SHWE PIN LE MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
72	SILVER BRIGHT COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C

				Cash Payments		In Kind payments (Projects)	Project	Purpose of	Legal/contractual
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	cost incurred during 2017- 2018	payment ("Resettlement" or "Sustainability")	basis of the payment (Ref to the agreement, Act,)*
73	THE SILVER LION MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
74	THIHA THANT HEIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
		N/C	Kyaukse	N/C	27/07/2017	560 Bag	N/C	N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	N/C	27/07/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	N/C	27/07/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
75	TRIPLE "A" CEMENT INTERNATIONAL COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	27/07/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	N/C	27/07/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	N/C	01/09/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	N/C	30/09/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
76	U E EXPORT IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
77	UNITED CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED								
78	YIG COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
79	YOUNG INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
80	SEA SUN STAR MINING PRODUCTION & MARKETING COMPANY LIMITED								
81	ZABU TALU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
82	RUBY DRAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
83	HTAY FAMILY COMPANY LIMITED								
84	SEIN CHI LIN MINING CO/, LTD/	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
85	AUNG HTUN LINN SHEIN WIN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
86	Future Mining Co/,Ltd								
87	Future Engineering Gold Mining	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
88	SHWE MYINT THAUNG YINN INDUSTRY & MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED								
89	MYANMAR MYO KO KO MEDICAL INSTRUMENT COMPANY LIMITED								
90	SAT WINE INN ARR MINING COMPANY LIMITED								
91	SHWE SAPAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C

				Cash Payments		In Kind payments (Projects)	Project cost	Purpose of	Legal/contractual
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	incurred during 2017- 2018	payment ("Resettlement" or "Sustainability")	basis of the payment (Ref to the agreement, Act,)*
92	NAN KANAUNG MINING & ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED	Alamna village rod construction	Alaman villager, Bokepyin township	N/C	43161	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
93	NEW ERA GOLD COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
94	SHWE PYI NAGAR COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C

Annex 9 Mandatory Social Expenditure

Oil and Gas sector

	No.				Cash Pa	yments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project cost	Purpose of	Legal/contractual	
		Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	I Resettietti		the agreement,	
		Shell Myanmar Energy Pte, Ltd Yangon Branch	N/C	N/C	362,400	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	

Other Minerals sector

				Cash Pay	ments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project cost	Purpose of payment	Legal/contractua
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	incurred during 2017- 2018	("Resettlement" or "Sustainability")	I basis of the payment (Ref to the agreement, Act,)*
6	MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	676,261,120	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
24	THAN TAW MYAT COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	Kyautsae Township	200,000,000	10.8.2017	N/C	N/C	Sustainability	N/C
		N/C	Kyautsae Township	100,000,000	9.10.2017	N/C	N/C	Sustainability	N/C
31	HEAY HEIN COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	11,000,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
40	YE HTUT KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	2017-2018	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
48	24 HOUR MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	6,779,100	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Nyaung Nyunt	Nyaung Nyo	N/C	2017-2018	Donate Cement to Schools (50 kg bags)	707	N/C	N/C
51	BLUE DIAMOND CEMENT	Thazi Township	N/C	N/C	N/C	Donate Cement to the Warehouse	706	N/C	N/C
	COMPANY LIMITED	Mandalay Region	N/C	N/C	N/C	Donate Cement to Monasteries	730	N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	Donate Cement to the District Administrator's Office	687	N/C	N/C
	TRIPLE "A" CEMENT	N/C	Kyaukse	N/C	27/07/2017	560 Bag	N/C	N/C	N/C
75	INTERNATIONAL COMPANY	N/C	N/C	N/C	27/07/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	N/C	27/07/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C

				Cash Pay	ments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project cost	Purpose of payment	Legal/contractua
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	incurred during 2017- 2018	("Resettlement" or "Sustainability")	l basis of the payment (Ref to the agreement, Act,)*
		N/C	N/C	N/C	27/07/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	N/C	27/07/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	N/C	01/09/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	N/C	30/09/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
92	NAN KANAUNG MINING & ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED	Alamna village rod construction	Alaman villager, Bokepyin township	N/C	02/03/2018	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
	Total			994,040,220					

Pearl

	Company	Beneficiary Identity		Cash Pa	yments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project cost	Purpose of payment	Legal/contractua l basis of the
No ·			Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	incurred during 2017- 2018	("Resettlement" or "Sustainability")	payment (Ref to the agreement, Act,)*
	Myanmar Andman Co., Ltd	N/C	Zadike island, Tanintharyi Division	620,000	07/09/2017	Education Fund for Zadike Island	Yes	N/C	N/C
1		N/C	Hinthata Town, Ayarwaddy Division	18,690,000	19/6/2017	Education fund for primary School	Yes	N/C	N/C
		N/C	Rakhine State	10,000,000	13/9/2017	Donation for Flood refugees	Yes	N/C	N/C
	Total 29		29,310,000						

Annex 10 Voluntary Social Expenditure

Oil and Gas

				Cash Payı	ments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project	Project cost																						
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives.)	cost incurred during 2017- 2018	incurred during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)																						
			Yenangyaung	4,000,000	08/12/2017	1st payment for Expenses of Drilling deep water well (700') at Kan Thar village in Sakan Kan village group , Yng township;UTW/UKY/UZMH/USN Final payment for Expenses of Drilling	N/C	N/C																						
	Gold Petrol Joint	N/C	Yenangyaung	4,000,000	10/01/2018	deep water well (700') at Kan Thar village in Sakan Kan village group , Yng township;UTW/UKY/UZMH/USN 1st partial payment for making Human	N/C	N/C																						
			Yenangyaung	10,000,000	27/02/2018	cremate Building Construction. (CSR-2017)	N/C	N/C																						
			N/C	Yenangyaung	10,000,000	28/03/2018	2nd partial payment for making Human cremate Building Construction. (CSR-2017)	N/C	N/C																					
1	Operating Company Inc., (GJOC Inc.)			N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C		Yenangyaung	9,000,000	28/03/2018	1st partial payment for making football stadium for stand building; UKS/UYA	N/C	N/C													
			Chauk	16,000,000	30/01/2018	Truck for Garbage Collection in Chauk City Development Committee	N/C	N/C																						
			Chauk	8,300,000	10/02/2018	Transformer for No 14 Block in Chauk Township	N/C	N/C																						
																									Chauk	27,300,000	09/03/2019	Concrete Tank (50000 Gals)for water storage at No 15 Block in Chauk Township	N/C	N/C
			Chauk	7,000,000	09/03/2019	Draing Ditch around market in Salary, Chauk Township	N/C	N/C																						
			Chauk	8,000,000	09/03/2019	Concrete Tank (10000 Gals) for water storage at Lanywa	N/C	N/C																						
			Chauk	11,400,000	09/03/2019	Concrete road to cemetery in May Ni Gone Village, Chauk Township]	N/C	N/C																						
2	MPRL E&P	N/C	N/C	732,673,540	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C																						
3	PC Myanmar (Hong Kong) Limited	N/C	N/C	383,320,229	N/C	Youth Programme	N/C	N/C																						

				Cash Payı	ments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project	Project cost
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives.)	cost incurred during 2017- 2018	incurred during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		Ministry of Education	Gwa	212,116,629	N/C	Two Story Building at Satthwar High School (Recommended by Rakhine State Government) (100'x30') Demolition of Old School Building &	N/C	N/C
		Ministry of Education	Kyaukpyu	211,978,525	N/C	Construction of Two-Story Building at Myoma Affiliated High School in Kyaukpyu (100'x30')	N/C	N/C
		Ministry of Education	Rakhine State	13,667,913	N/C	Provision of Teaching Aids to newly constructed school buildings	N/C	N/C
		17 Deserving Students from Rakine State Students from Gonechwein/ Malakyun Local Residents from Gonechwein & Malakyun Ministry of Health	Rakhine State	69,011,238	N/C	Shwe Scholarship Program (17 deserving students)	N/C	N/C
			Gonechwein/Malakyun	2,966,222	N/C	Computer Training Courses	N/C	N/C
			Gonechwein/Malakyun	23,769,463	N/C	Shwe Free Medicare Centers	N/C	N/C
4	Posco Daewoo Corporation (Myanmar E&P Office)		Kyaukpyu	65,671,704	N/C	Provision of Medical Equipment	N/C	N/C
	ear office)	Local Residents from Lamuumaw	Maei (Taunggup Tsp.)	34,375,460	N/C	Construction of Spillway at Lamumaw Village in Maei Township (Recommende by Rakhine State Government)	N/C	N/C
		Local Residents	Kyaukpyu	18,492,422	N/C	Construction of Earth Ponds (100'x100'x6') (4 Nos) / Other Water Supply	N/C	N/C
		Local Residents from Kyaukpyu	Kyaukpyu	57,493,452	N/C	Installation of Lamp Post (Phase II) at Kyaukpyu (Recommended by Rakhine State Government in FY 2016-2017)	N/C	N/C
		Local Residents from Gonechwein	Gonechwein	169,409,709	N/C	Upgrading Interconnection Road (Phase IV) at Gonechwein	N/C	N/C
		Local Residents from Malakyun	Malakyun	170,121,515	N/C	Upgrading Interconnection Road (Phase III) at Malakyun	N/C	N/C
		Local Residents from Manaung	Manaung	211,507,920	N/C	Feasibility Study of Electricity Distribution in Manaung Island	N/C	N/C
	I	Local Residents from 5 Villages	5 Villages in Kyaukpyu	203,373,000	N/C	Village Development Project (Phase II) (KOICA & DOA)	N/C	N/C

				Cash Payı	ments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project	Project cost
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives.)	cost incurred during 2017- 2018	incurred during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		Local Residents from Rakhine State	Rakhine State	166,146,589	N/C	Provision of 660L Mobile Garbage Bins/ Garbage Collection Trucks	N/C	N/C
		Local Residents from Rakhine State Local Residents	Rakhine State	266,406,048	N/C	Plantaiton of Fresh Water Trees along the Highway of Toungup - Maei - Ann - Minbya	N/C	N/C
		& Tree Growers from Kyaukpyu	Kyaukpyu	180,012,221	N/C	M&E / Mangrove Conservation Program	N/C	N/C
		Local Residents from Kyaukpyu	Kyaukpyu	23,392,451	N/C	Green Kyaukpyu Campaign	N/C	N/C
		Local Residents from Malakyun	Malakyun	21,772,500	N/C	Construction of Pit Latrine 75 Nos in Malakyun Village	N/C	N/C
		School students	10 villages in Kanbauk area, Yeabhyu Tsp, Tanintharyi Region	68,838,204	N/C	Parasite Free School Program - Medical checkup - Diagnosis and treatment - Health Training	N/C	N/C
		School students	11 villages in Kanbauk area, Yeabhyu Tsp, Tanintharyi Region	29,625,896	N/C	Higher Education Assistance for Development Program - Provide continuous scholarship to qualified students to continue their study in college or university level	N/C	N/C
		90 Technical students	Myanmar country	268,319,840	N/C	High Vocational Diploma Scholarship	N/C	N/C
	DTTED Late and the sale	1 student	Yangon region	11,546,400	N/C	Undergraduate Oversea Scholarship	N/C	N/C
5	PTTEP International Ltd.	Teachers	Ohnbinkwin School and Paya (South) Post Primary Schools, Yeabhyu Tsp, Tanintharyi Region	90,296,800	N/C	Construction of teacher accommodation in 2 schools	N/C	N/C
		School students and teachers	The' Chaung Primary School, Yeabhyu Tsp, Tanintharyi Region	78,293,600	N/C	Construction of one school building in The' Chaung	N/C	N/C
		Villagers	Kaleinaung and Kaw Hlaing villages, Yeabhyu Tsp, Tanintharyi Region	16,845,400	N/C	Utility Supply Improvement - 2 Clean Drinking Water system, Overhead tank and Piping Installation Infrastructure, Utility Supply	N/C	N/C
		Villagers	Yephyu Tsp, Tanintharyi Region	5,239,000	N/C	Improvement and Miscellanueous (Support village and school activities, emergency relief, etc.)	N/C	N/C
		Villagers and monks	Zimba village, Yeabhyu Tsp, Tanintharyi Region	15,350,000	N/C	Monastery support for building construction	N/C	N/C

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				Cash Payı	ments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project	Project cost
No	. Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives.)	cost incurred during 2017- 2018	incurred during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		Monks	Yangon region	15,350,000	N/C	Monastery support	N/C	N/C
		425 trainees	Yangon region	42,955,460	N/C	Technical Capability Building and Development Program incorporative with Ministry of Energy and Ministry of Labour	N/C	N/C
		General	Yangon region	6,034,000	N/C	Tree plantation	N/C	N/C
		Villagers and monks	Kaleinaung, Yeabhyu Tsp, Tanintharyi Region Se Ywar, Htan Lay Pin, Lae Pin,	27,060,000	14/12/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Villagers	Thet Kal, Min De', Kyauk Me', Taung Myint and Moe Nat Kone villages in Thayet and Kanma Townships, Magway Region	12,000,000	N/C	Mobile Health Check Program in 8 villages	N/C	N/C
		Villagers	Thayet and Kanma Townships, Magway Region	4,162,116	N/C	Infrastructure, Utility Supply Improvement and Miscellanueous (Support village and school activities, emergency relief, etc.) Infrastructure, Utility Supply	N/C	N/C
		Villagers	Thayet Township, Magway Region	2,229,800	N/C	Improvement and Miscellanueous (Support village and school activities, emergency relief, etc.)	N/C	N/C
		Monks	Thayet and Kanma Townships, Magway Region	17,550,000	N/C	Monastery support in 3 monasteries	N/C	N/C
		425 Trainee	Yangon Region	16,176,737	N/C	Technical Capability Building and Development Program incorporative with Ministry of Energy and Ministry of Labour	N/C	N/C
		EP2	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Villagers	Sinbaungwe Township, Magway Region	250,000	N/C	Support village and school activities, emergency releif, etc	N/C	N/C
		PSCG	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Villagers	Sinbaungwe Township, Magway Region	250,000	N/C	Support village and school activities, emergency releif, etc	N/C	N/C
		Villagers	Pyapone Township, Ayeyarwaddy Region	5,300,000	N/C	Mobile Health Check Program and medical supply for Pyapone Township Hospital	N/C	N/C
		Dhamma School student	Pyapone Township, Ayeyarwaddy Region	3,120,740	N/C	Monastery support for Dhamma School student	N/C	N/C

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				Cash Payı	ments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project	Project cost
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives.)	cost incurred during 2017- 2018	incurred during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		425 Trainee	Yangon Region	8,997,550	N/C	Technical Capability Building and Development Program incorporative with Ministry of Energy and Ministry of Labour	N/C	N/C
6	Total E&P Myanmar	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
7	Gail JJ India Ltd							
8	Korea Gas Corporation							
9	Nippon Oil Exploration (Myanmar) Ltd			45				
10	ONGC Videsh Ltd.,							
11	Unocal Myanmar	Pact Institute	Dry Zone - Madaya	813,013,396	12/12/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
	Offshore Co., Ltd.	Pact Institute	Rakine State	34,610,918	07/12/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
12	Asia Orient International Ltd. (CJs Oc Nobel Oil)							
13	Bashneft International B.V. (Myanmar Branch)							
14	Berlanga Myanmar Pte Ltd., (Myanmar Branch)	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
15	BG Exploration & Production Myanmar Pte. Ltd. (Myanmar Branch)	Small-holder fishermen and farmers in Manaung Township, Rakhine State	Manaung Township, Rakhine State			Payment made to BGEPM's social investment partner - Montrose International LLP. Enterprise Development and Support Programme to improve the income and livelihoods of small-holder fishermen and farmers in Manaung Township, Rakhine State,	N/C	N/C
16	Brunei National Petroleum Company Sdn Bhd (PB Myanmar)					,		
17	CAOG PTE LTD (MYANMAR BRANCH)	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
18	CFG Energy Pte Ltd.,	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
19	ENI Myanmar B.V. (Myanmar Branch)	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C

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				Cash Payı	ments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project	Project cost
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives.)	cost incurred during 2017- 2018	incurred during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
20	IsTech Energy EP-5 Pte Ltd., (Myanmar Branch)	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
21	Jubilant Oil & Gas Pte. Ltd.							
22	North Petro-Chem Corporation Myanmar Ltd. (NPCMM)							
23	Ophir Myanmar (Block AD-3) Limited (Myanmar Branch)	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
24	Pacific Hunt Energy Corporation (Myanmar Branch)	N/C	N/C	100,826,611	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
25	Parami Energy Development Company Ltd							
26	Apex Geo Services Co.,							
27	Petronas Carigali Myanmar Inc (PCMI)	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
28	Petrovietnam Exploration Production Corporation							
29	Reliance Industries Ltd.							
30	Shell Myanmar Energy Pte. Ltd Yangon Branch	Citizens - 35,000 people	Tanintharyi Region	N/C	N/C	Access to Energy (A2E) project was introduced to the rural communities in Thanitharyi region providing electricity access using photovolitc power and microfinance program with the development Partner, PACT. The program improved the lives of around 35,000 people through improved livelihoods and increassed access to electricity.	N/C	N/C
		Road Users	Yangon-Mandalay Expressway	N/C	N/C	Shell implemented Road Safety	N/C	N/C

				Cash Pay	ments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project	Project cost
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives.)	cost incurred during 2017- 2018	incurred during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		Farmers in Rakhine State PhD students	Rakhine State N/C	N/C	N/C	Expressway (billboards, posters, gadgets and social media posts), saving lives of the road users. Sustainable Agricultural Development programme was implemented to improve vegetable production and improve market access and linkages for the villagers in Rakhine State with development partner, Mercy Corps. The program also included capacity buliding of government departments and input suppliers. Capacity Building Program for the Water Resources Sector in Myanmar, supporting two PhD schlorships at TU DELFT under Integrated Water Resources Management Program.	N/C N/C	N/C
31	SNOG Pte Ltd					nesources management 110gram		
32	Tap Energy (M-7) Co., Ltd. (Statoil)							
33	TRG M15 Pte. Ltd.							
34	Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte Ltd	Various	Various	874,393,739	N/C	Sum of voluntary social responsibility spend	Payments made by Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte Ltd (Yangon Branch) and its parent company Woodside Energy Ltd.	N/C
35	MOECO Asia Pte. Ltd							
36	Young Investment Group Co. Ltd.	Block-PSC-C1	Indaw-Yenan Area (Sagaing Division)	248,573	09/10/2017	Donation regarding Flooding victim	2017-2018	

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				Cash Payı	ments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project	Project cost
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives.)	cost incurred during 2017- 2018	incurred during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		Block-PSC-C1	Indaw-Yenan Area (Sagaing Division)	12,402	27/11/2017	Donation for Ka Htein Festival at Mawlaik Township-Sagaing Region	2017-2018	
		Block-PSC-C1	Indaw-Yenan Area (Sagaing Division)	692,977	20/12/2017	4 Core 25mm*110M wire Cable to Molike Hospital	2017-2018	
		Block-PSC-C1	Indaw-Yenan Area (Sagaing Division)	12,396	29/12/2017	(Donation for Mawlaik Sport Celebration at Mawlaik Township) Donation for Pantha High School and	2017-2018	
		Block-PSC-C1	Indaw-Yenan Area (Sagaing Division)	38,051	08/02/2018	Union Day Ceremony at Mawlaik Township-Sagaing Region)	2017-2018	
		Block-PSC-C1	Indaw-Yenan Area (Sagaing Division)	14,687	18/02/2018	Lunch box 50pcs and sample	2017-2018	
		Block-PSC-C1	Indaw-Yenan Area (Sagaing Division)	151,533	05/03/2018	Donation Disel for Exam at Mawlaik	2017-2018	
		Block-PSC-C1	Indaw-Yenan Area (Sagaing Division)	64,761	09/03/2018	Installation charges for power cable donation at Mawlaik Hospital	2017-2018	
		Block-PSC-C1	Indaw-Yenan Area (Sagaing Division)	16,324,073	28/03/2018	Providing Education, Medical and staff house at Maulaik and Pan Thar Township	2017-2018	
		Block-PSC-H	Taungoo-Pyinmana Area (Mandalay Division)	106,422	15/08/2017	Projector(MOGE)	2017-2018	
		Block-PSC-H	Taungoo-Pyinmana Area (Mandalay Division)	198,136	16/11/2017	Laptop for CSR PSC - H (four township)	2017-2018	
		Block-PSC-H	Taungoo-Pyinmana Area (Mandalay Division)	394,242	16/11/2017	Projector for CSR PSC -H (For township)	2017-2018	
		Block-PSC-H	Taungoo-Pyinmana Area (Mandalay Division)	67,279	23/11/2017	Tripod (Projector Screen) for PSC H CSR	2017-2018	
		Block-PSC-H	Taungoo-Pyinmana Area (Mandalay Division)	29,750	28/12/2017	crmmk20171239 (Monk Donation or Soft Drink Donation at PC meetings at Waw-Deik-U Township-Bago Region)	2017-2018	
		Block-PSC-H	Taungoo-Pyinmana Area (Mandalay Division)	25,181	03/01/2018	cbmmk20180106 (Monk Donation for Base Camp Ceremony at Wingabaw Village-Bago Township)	2017-2018	
		Block-PSC-H Taungoo-Pyinmana Area (Mandalay Division)		35,245	31/01/2018	doncation of Fris bee	2017-2018	
		Block-PSC-H	Taungoo-Pyinmana Area (Mandalay Division)	2,135,417	07/02/2018	Generator and 5 wheels frame set	2017-2018	
		Block-PSC-H	Taungoo-Pyinmana Area (Mandalay Division)	4,454,395	28/03/2018	Provision of Medical serices	2017-2018	

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		Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Cash Payı	ments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project	Project cost
No.	Company			Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives.)	cost incurred during 2017- 2018	incurred during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		Block-PSC-H	Taungoo-Pyinmana Area (Mandalay Division)	201,088	29/03/2018	Donation to Monk at PSC H	2017-2018	
	Total			5,946,521,611				

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				Cash Payments (K	yats)			In Kind payments (Projects)		
Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Education	Health	Infrastructure	Others	Total (Kyats)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	Project cost incurred during 2017-2018	
1	Chauk	95,643,805	13,680,000	122,654,383		231,978,188	N/C	N/C	N/C	
1	Yengyaung	28,487,960	19,800,000	109,908,200	20,700,000	178,896,160	N/C	N/C	N/C	
2	Mann	45,251,290	51,827,600	123,720,075	1,100,000	221,898,965	N/C	N/C	N/C	
3	Pyi	44,101,936	830,000	259,913,110		304,845,046	N/C	N/C	N/C	
4	Myanaung	27,001,363	16,313,650	120,202,090		163,517,103	N/C	N/C	N/C	
5	ShwePyiTha	89,985,400	4,417,000	86,863,000		181,265,400	N/C	N/C	N/C	
6	HtaukSharbin/Kanni	35,400,000	44,900,000	243,948,959		324,248,959	N/C	N/C	N/C	
7	Kyaukuk-Lapto- Ayadaw	203,359,000	7,456,000	59,011,000		269,826,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	
8	NyaungDone	69,873,000	1,701,000	66,615,000		138,189,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	
9	Ma Aubin	42,423,739	21,000,000	145,622,904		209,046,643	N/C	N/C	N/C	
10	Apauk	63,960,365	8,500,000	7,998,945		80,459,310	N/C	N/C	N/C	
11	TharKyiTaung-Sabai	55,177,900	11,378,000	38,922,450		105,478,350	N/C	N/C	N/C	
12	Htan Kine	97,599,284	13,086,000	100,230,498		210,915,782	N/C	N/C	N/C	
13	Pipeline						N/C	N/C	N/C	
	(1) Phugyi	28,434,670		12,931,000		41,365,670	N/C	N/C	N/C	
	(2) Titut	65,729,000	8,566,000	14,930,500		89,225,500	N/C	N/C	N/C	
	(3)Pyawbe	35,235,600	21,433,100			56,668,700	N/C	N/C	N/C	
	(4)Shwepyithar	3,360,000	28,618,000			31,978,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	
	(5)Dadayee	2,800,000	14,000,000			16,800,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	
14	(6) Innywa	8,179,000		13,047,900		21,226,900	N/C	N/C	N/C	
	(7)Mawlamyaung	31,565,000		7,293,000		38,858,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	
	(8)MaAhuBin	6,000,000				6,000,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	
	(10) MannHtabin					0	N/C	N/C	N/C	
	(ə) Control Station Thaketa Offshore Base	21,740,000		156,865,000		178,605,000	N/C N/C	N/C N/C	N/C N/C	

				Cash Payments (I	(yats)			In Kind payments (Projects)		
Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Education	Health	Infrastructure	Others	Total (Kyats)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	Project cost incurred during 2017-2018	
15	CNG (YGN+MDY)	78,910,000		39,740,000		118,650,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	
16	HeadOffice			4,490,000		4,490,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	
17	Exploration						N/C	N/C	N/C	
	(1) Appline Recerch (2) Geology Dept	2,499,600 9,499,075	4,000,000	3,500,400		10,000,000 9,499,075	N/C N/C	N/C N/C	N/C N/C	
	(3) Seismic Party (1)	4 079 370	9 500 000	17,913,720		17,913,720	N/C	N/C	N/C	
18	(4) Seismic Party (2) (၅) Seismic Party (3)	6,978,370	8,500,000	1,976,000		17,454,370	N/C N/C	N/C N/C	N/C N/C	
	(၆) Seismic Party (4)						N/C	N/C	N/C	
	(၁)ရေထွက်အစမ်းတွင်း					0	N/C	N/C	N/C	
	(5) Patholone Testwell	116,248,003	0	12,500,000		128,748,003	N/C	N/C	N/C	
To	otal	1,315,443,360	300,006,350	1,770,798,134	21,800,000	3,408,047,844				

Oil and gas transportation

No.	Company	Beneficiary	Beneficiary	Cash Paymer	nts	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project cost incurred	Purpose of payment ("Resettlement"	Legal/contractual basis of the payment (Ref to
	, ,	ldentity	Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	during 2017- 2018	or "Sustainability")	the agreement, Act,)*
		Public	Kan Ne, KyaukPhyu, Rakhine State	67,020,650	N/C	Construction a 3450'×10' line with 1 bridge and 7 pipe-culvert.		Sustainability	SEAGP-2017- JSGCHT-0097
		Public	Mandalay Region 1.Min Gan, Taungtha 2.Thin Ta Yar, Nwarhtogyi 3.Nyaung Kone, Nwarhtogyi	68,884,415	N/C	 Install ceilings of 48'×20', construct a wall of 517'. Laying the cable 1.5 miles and installing poles and transformer. Constuct a 600'well and a 5000 Gal reservoir and a generator. 		Sustainability	SEAGP-2017- JSGCHT-0098
	South East Asia Gas Pipeline	Public	1.Than Pa Yar, Pyin Oo Lwin, Mandalay Region 2.Nat Lin Khan, NaungCho, Shan State	62,771,293	N/C	1.Construct a (60'×30'×12') RCC teaching building, 2 2-door toilet, 3 blackboards, 20 sets of students' deskes and benches and 3 sets of teachers'. 2.Construct a (60'×30'×12') RCC teaching building, 2 2-door toilet, 3 blackboards, 20 sets of students' deskes and benches and 3 sets of teachers'.	g s, 20 sets sets of g s, 20 sets sets of g s, 20 sets sets of g s, 20 sets	Sustainability	SEAGP-2017- JSGCHT-0099
1	Co.,Ltd(Great Ocean Branch)(SEAGP)	Public	Shan State 1.Naung Pai Lay, Kyaukme 2.Hsun Ai, HsiPaw	38,691,564	N/C	1.Construct a 200'well and a 3000 Gal reservoir. 2.Construct a (60'×30'×12') RCC teaching building, 2 2-door toilet, 3 blackboards, 20 sets of students' deskes and benches and 3 sets of teachers'. 1.Construct a (60'×30'×12') RCC teaching building, 2 2-door toilet, 3 blackboards, 20 sets		Sustainability	SEAGP-2017- JSGCHT-0100
		Public	Namtu, Shan State 1.Pan Tha Pay 2.Nant Taung Koun	77,904,983	N/C	of students' deskes and benches and 3 sets of teachers'. 2. Construct a (60'×30'×12') RCC teaching building, 2 2-door toilet, 3 blackboards, 20 sets of students' deskes and benches and 3 sets of teachers'; 620'of 6.5'brick walls (including 1'fundation).		Sustainability	SEAGP-2017- JSGCHT-0096
		Public	Namhkam, Mu Se, Shan State	32,539,680	N/C	One portable X-ray machine and one batch of drugs		Sustainability	SEAGP-2017- JSGCHT-0096
		Public	Taungtha, Myingyan,	81,979,250	N/C	Construct a 6225' long water pipeline from the flesh water lake to downtown; Install a 40 horsepower water suction pump, two 40' high		Sustainability	SEAGP-2017- JSGCHT-0089

No.	No. Company	Beneficiary	Beneficiary	Cash Paymer	nts	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project cost incurred	Purpose of payment ("Resettlement"	Legal/contractual basis of the payment (Ref to
		Identity	Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	during 2017- 2018	or "Sustainability")	the agreement, Act,)*
		Public	Mandalay Region Thanpankhine, Nawnghkio, Shan State	10,973,166	N/C	and 12,000 gallons water towers with 5,225' Ф6" PVC pipe, and 1,000' galvanized pipe. 1.Library Room (40'x26'x12') 2.Concrete pavement (4200'x12'x6")		Sustainability	SEAGP-2016- MMHT-0073
		Public	Namhan, Nammadu, Shan State	193,231,466	N/C	Donation of 350 solar electric sources at Namhan		Sustainability	SEAGP-2016- MMHT-0073
		Public	Dee Ma, Muse, Shan State	1,825,340	N/C	Bridge Maintenance		Sustainability	ER00035880
		Public	KyaukPhyu, Rakhine State 1.Ka Lar Bar Taung 2.Tha Bu Taung 3.Pe Tain Se 4.A Nout Myar Tain	127,416,344	N/C	1.Construct a (60'×30'×12') RCC teaching building, toilet, 3 blackboards, 20 sets of students' deskes a benches and 3 sets of teachers'. 2.A (50'×50'×6') reservoir. 3.Construct a (60'×30'×12') RCC teaching building, toilet, 3 blackboards, 20 sets of students' deskes a benches and 3 sets of teachers'. 4.Construct a (100'×100'×6') reservoir.	and 2 2-door	Sustainability	SEAOP-2018- JSGCHT-0059
		Public	Ann, Rakhine State 1.Ye Kaung Chain 2.Pe Dae Kyaw	76,114,691	N/C	1.Construct a (60'×30'×12') RCC teaching building, 2 2-door toilet, 3 blackboards, 20 sets of students' deskes and benches and 3 sets of teachers'. 2.Construct a (Φ10', depth 30') well.		Sustainability	SEAOP-2017- JSGCHT-0061
2		Public	Ngape, Magway Region 1.Goat Gyi 2.Zin Bynn Min Bu, Magway Region 3.Ao Byin Me	31,534,746	N/C	1.1 Allocate 5 computers . 1.2 Install a Water purifier with 1200L per day and 1 generator. 2.Repairing 288'of 7'brick walls (including 1.5'fundation) 3.A (60'×30'×12') RCC teaching building, 2 2-door toilet, 3 blackboards, 20 sets of students' deskes and benches and 3 sets of teachers'.		Sustainability	SEAOP-2018- JSGCHT-0060
		Public	YenaungChaung, Magway Region 1.WatMaSutt 2.NgarlanTer PwinPhyu, Magway Region 3.Kong Su	143,658,281	N/C	1.Construct a (90'×30'×19'6") 2-storey RCC stilted to building, 2 2-door toilet, 5 blackboards, 30 sets of students' deskes and benches and 5 sets of teache 2.Construct a (90'×30'×12') RCC teaching building, toilet, 5 blackboards, 30 sets of students' deskes benches and 5 sets of teachers'. 3.A (60'×30'×19'6") 2-storey RCC stilted teaching by 2-door toilet, 3 blackboards, 45 sets of students' dand benches and 3 sets of teachers'.	f rs'. 2 2-door and uilding, 2	Sustainability	SEAOP-2017- JSGCHT-0062

No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Cash Paymen	its	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project cost incurred	Purpose of payment ("Resettlement"	Legal/contractual basis of the payment (Ref to
		identity	Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	during 2017- 2018	or "Sustainability")	the agreement, Act,)*
		Public	Zee Bwar, Chauk, Magway Region	42,269,966	N/C	Construct a (90'×30'×12') RCC teaching building, 2 2-door toilet, 5 blackboards, 30 sets of students' deskes and benches and 5 sets of teachers'.		Sustainability	SEAOP-2018- JSGCHT-0063
		Public	Kyao Tan, Kyaukypu, Rakhine State	40,715,315	N/C	Repair 4 bridges.		Sustainability	ER00008053
3	Anadaman Transportation Limited(Yangon Branch)(ATL)	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C		N/C	N/C
	, , ,	N/C	N/C	557,210,592	N/C	Management- Staff Costs		N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	289,438,542	N/C	KBK OFFICE (General expenses)		N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	512,684,623	N/C	Public health		N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	282,526,653	N/C	Community development and communication		N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	273,112,205	N/C	Education		N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	116,755,463	N/C	Agriculture		N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	140,442,601	N/C	Veterinary		N/C	N/C
4	Moattama Gas Transportation	N/C	N/C	10,497,640	N/C	General Services (Infrastructure)		N/C	N/C
7	Co.,Ltd(MGTC)	N/C	N/C	203,373,000	N/C	Tannitharyi Natural Resources		N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	302,007,929	N/C	Blindness prevention program in central Myanmar		N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	207,458,682	N/C	Yadana Welding Training Program		N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	338,962,077	N/C	Road Safety Campaign		N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	74,850,755	N/C	YTU Training Programs		N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	37,790,418	N/C	Solar Project		N/C	N/C
		N/C	N/C	25,387,125	N/C	Miscellaneous (Project Monitoring, General Support Neighbourhood & HQ Support)		N/C	N/C
5	Tanitharyi Pipeline Company LLC(Myanmar Branch)(TPC)	N/C	N/C	91,053,934	N/C	N/C		N/C	N/C
	Total			4,561,083,390					

Gems and Jade

				Cash Pay	ments Amoun	t (Kyat)	In Kind payments	(Projects)		
N°	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Mandatory Social Expenditure	Voluntary Social Expenditure	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	Project cost incurred during 2017- 2018	Purpose of payment ("Resettlement" or "Sustainability")	Legal/contractual basis of the payment (Ref to the agreement, Act,)*
74	Northern Jade World	N/C	N/C	-	10,000,000	N/C	N/C	-	-	-
117	Yadanar Si	Sayalay Daw Oattara Wati	Hpakhant	-	50,000	25/02/2018	for Monastery Building fordisplaced	-	-	-
117	rauanar 31	Prime Minister of Kachin State	Hpakhant	-	2,000,000	16/04/2017	refugee medical expense	-	-	-
		Post Basic Education Primary School	Marnar village, Mogoke Township	-	2,500,000	Jan, Feb, March, 2017	-	-	-	-
123	Aung Hlaing Kyawlwa	Monestry	-	-	100,000	June, July, 2017	-	-	-	-
		Festival	-	-	100,000	Oct, Nov, Dec 2017	-	-	-	-
		Well	Sin Thay Village, Taung Thar Township	-	6,000,000	December, 2017		-		-
125	Seine Aung	Road Construction	Hmaw Wan Lay Village, Phar Kant Township	-	3,000,000	February, 2018		-	-	-
		Upper School	Lone Khin Village, Phar Kant Township	-	4,000,000	March, 2018		-	-	-
126	Myint Shin Gems Co.,LTd	N/C	N/C		3,000,000	N/C				
	,	Dama School Donation Cost Winemor Shwe Moe	Phar Kant	-	100,000	14/06/2017		-	-	-
		Taung Pagoda Donation to Building	Phar Kant	-	300,000	09/07/2017		-	-	-
159	Myanmar Rich Land	Phar Kant Monastery Donation to Building	Phar Kant	-	300,000	09/08/2017		-	-	-
	Gems	Donation Cost for Yakhine Displaced People	Yakhine	-	1,000,000	03/09/2017		-	-	-
		Funds for Regional Development	Phar Kant	-	2,000,000	14/09/2017		-	-	-
		Nan Paphit Village Regional Development	Phar Kant	-	400,000	09/10/2017		-	-	-

				Cash Pay	ments Amoun	t (Kyat)	In Kind payments		Durnage of	Legal/contractual
N°	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Mandatory Social Expenditure	Voluntary Social Expenditure	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	Project cost incurred during 2017- 2018	Purpose of payment ("Resettlement" or "Sustainability")	basis of the payment (Ref to the agreement, Act,)*
		Funds for Regional Development	Phar Kant	-	2,000,000	15/10/2017		-	-	-
		Donation Cost for Nursing Home	Phar Kant	-	100,000	22/10/2017		-	-	-
		Donation for Lisu Centenary Dama talk	Phar Kant	-	500,000	27/11/2017		-	-	-
		Fundst for Yakhine Rehabilitation	Yakhine	-	2,000,000	31/12/2017		-	-	-
		Funds for Nan Paphit Village Fire Station	Phar Kant	-	200,000	31/12/2017		-	-	-
		Funds for Regional Development Donation to Building	Phar Kant	-	3,000,000	13/01/2018		-	-	-
		Phar Kant Backup Fire Station	Phar Kant	-	1,000,000	13/03/2018		-	-	
61 K	an Sein Pwint	Kachin Traditional Festival	Myitkyina Towship, Kachin	-	2,000,000	01/01/2018		-		-
		Electrical Power	Htee Tin Taung Village	-	65,000,000	2017-2018		-	-	-
		Road Construction	Nga Pyin Inn Village - Htee Tin Taung Village	-	80,000,000	2017-2018			-	-
		Lake	Yae Shin Village	-	20,000,000	2017-2018		-	-	-
		Pipeline for Lake	Yae Myat village	-	15,000,000	2017-2018		-	-	-
72 M	loe Brothers	Electrical Power	Yae Shinn Village	-	30,000,000	2017-2018		-	-	-
		Electrical Power	Nga Pyin Inn Village	-	30,000,000	2017-2018		-	-	-
		Teaching Aids for Padathar	Yae Myat, Nga Pyin Inn, Yae Shin, Htee Tin Taung Villages	-	10,000,000	2017-2018		-	-	-
		Annual Religious Donation	Yae Myat, Nga Pyin Inn, Yae Shin, Htee Tin Taung Villages	-	13,000,000	2017-2018			-	-
89 M	NOGOK PRIDE	Koe Lan Village Road	Koe Lan Village,Mogok City,Mandalay Division	-	10,000,000	10/04/2017	Stones,sands/ Backhoe work	15,000,000	-	-
		Koe Lan Village Electricity	Koe Lan Village,Mogok	-	25,700,000	03/05/2017		-	-	-
BDO I	I I D				490					ΕΙΤΙ ΜΥΔΝΜΔ

				Cash Pay	ments Amoun	t (Kyat)	In Kind payments ((Projects)		
N°	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Mandatory Social Expenditure	Voluntary Social Expenditure	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	Project cost incurred during 2017- 2018	Purpose of payment ("Resettlement" or "Sustainability")	Legal/contractual basis of the payment (Ref to the agreement, Act,)*
		Cleaning the sands, muds from downtown stream	City,Mandalay Division Mogok City,Mandalay Division	-	1,500,000	15/08/2017		-	-	_
405	Myanmar Lar Ba	Local communities	Mogok Township		250,000	08/05/2017	Donation for development of Red Cross Society at Mogok Township Donation for		-	-
195	Gems Co., Ltd.	Local communities	Sin Khwar and Kyauk Phar Village (Mogok Township)	-	320,000	03/02/2018	reconstruction project of Sin Khwar-Kyauk Phar Road (Mogok Township)	-	-	-
		No(56)Basic Education School	No(56)Basic Education School	-	200,000	23/01/2018		-	-	-
		King West Village Road	King West Village Road	-	1,000,000	26/01/2018		-	-	-
196	METAL METERO	The Four face pagoda Donation	The Four face pagoda Donation	-	500,000	08/03/2018		-	-	-
170	METAL METERO	King East Village Road	King East Village Road	-	0	28/01/2018	Disel - (2)Drum	-	-	-
		King Village Social Donation (Funeral)	King Village Social Donation (Funeral)	-	200,000	28/01/2018		-	-	-
		King Village Social Donation	King Village Social Donation	-	1,000,000	18/03/2018		-	-	-
201	KYAN FAMILY	Locals	Thaketa Village Tract	-	1,000,000	16/9/2017		-	-	-
				-	500,000	01/08/2018		-	-	-
202	HTAY PAING	Mogoke West Hospital	Mogoke (West), Mandalay	-	20,000,000	2018	Road Construction for Hospitals	-	-	-
		Balt Lone Gyi Primary School	Mogoke (West), Mandalay	-	10,000,000	2018	-	-	-	-

Other Minerals

				Cash Paym	nents	In Kind payments (Projects)		Project cost
No	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	Project cost incurred during 2017-2018	incurred during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		1	Yamethin Township	20,000,000	12/5/2016 23/6/2016 31/3/2017	Donation 20 houses ,Rehabilitaion For Fire Refugee	N/C	N/C
		2	NayPyiTaw	2,001,758,460	31/08/2016	Donation Amber Stone to , Myanmar Gem Museum , NayPyiTaw	N/C	N/C
		3	Yangon	5,000,000	02/02/2017	N/C	Donation to Gem Training School	
		4	Yangon	933,236,873	2016-2017	Donation Mahathada High Shool Building	N/C	N/C
	NATIONAL	5	Mandalay	30,000,000	15/12/2016 26/12/2016	N/C	Donation to Mandalay Mahawthahtar School Donation	
1	NATIONAL PROSPERITY	6	Yamethin Township	6,604,640	30/04/2016	Donation Li Pan Kyan Bridge Construction	N/C	N/C
	COMPANY LIMITED	7	Yamethin Township	5,841,920	30/04/2016	Donation Pha Lin Kyan Bridge Construction	N/C	N/C
		8	Yamethin Township	11,401,600	30/04/2016	Donation MayTonRoe Bridge Construction	N/C	N/C
		9	Yamethin Township	7,200,000	04/09/2016	N/C	Donation for Outstanding Students Awarding Ceremony & Others Donations	N/C
		10	Yamethin Township	101,494,315	2016-2017	N/C	Donation Repair& Main; (Road)& Monastery Donations	N/C
		11	Yangon	34,442,050	2016-2017	N/C	Donation for Buddhist Culture (Htein Taw)	N/C
		Dragon Temple	Shwe Min Bon	157,062,500	2017-2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
		School	Shwe Min Bon	38,944,390	2017-2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
	GEO ASIA INDUSTRY	Road	Shwe Min Phone - Nyaung Kone (6) Miles	60,000,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
3	& MINING COMPANY	Road	Nyaung Kone - Nga Pagoda (6) miles	60,000,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
	LIMITED	Road	Tailoring - 7 miles	70,000,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Education	Kalaw Township Education Fund	10,000,000	2017-2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Monastery Donation	Shwe Min Bon	20,000,000	2017-2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
5	ETERNAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Public	Colin! Go round, I have no idea. The men of the city!	236,614,975	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C

				Cash Payn	nents	In Kind payments (Projects)		Project cost
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	Project cost incurred during 2017-2018	incurred during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
6	MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	27,350,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
9	GPS JOINT VENTURE COMPANY LIMITED	Collective	Bawsaing Region	N/C	31/03/2018			
		Donation for Water Festival & for Buddish related festivals, etc	Kanbauk mining, Kanbauk, Yaybyu Tsp, Dawei District, Tanintharyi Division.	3,420,000	April, 2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
		paving the concretd roads, etc	Kanbauk mining, Kanbauk, Yaybyu Tsp, Dawei District, Tanintharyi Division.	3,155,000	May, 2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Donation to the orphans in Irrewaddy Region, etc Made some donation	Kanbauk mining, Kanbauk, Yaybyu Tsp, Dawei District, Tanintharyi Division.	2,841,500	June, 2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
		for Martyrs's Day celebration & Footbal Club in Kanbauk Village, etc Donation for public	Kanbauk mining, Kanbauk, Yaybyu Tsp, Dawei District, Tanintharyi Division.	3,125,000	July, 2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
11	DELCO LIMITED	health process in Tanintharyri Region & some medical treatment tools to Kanbauk Village's Hospital, etc some donations to	Kanbauk mining, Kanbauk, Yaybyu Tsp, Dawei District, Tanintharyi Division.	23,071,000	August, 2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Monestary in Myetta Township, Tanintharyri Region & to Police Station in Kanbauk Village, etc	Kanbauk mining, Kanbauk, Yaybyu Tsp, Dawei District, Tanintharyi Division.	1,500,000	September, 2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Donated for paving concreted road for Shwe Si Ti Monestary, etc	Kanbauk mining, Kanbauk, Yaybyu Tsp, Dawei District, Tanintharyi Division.	2,330,000	October, 2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Donated for Paving Concreted Road & Renovation for existing bridge in the areas of Te Pong Si Di, etc	Kanbauk mining, Kanbauk, Yaybyu Tsp, Dawei District, Tanintharyi Division.	214,500	November, 2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Stipend for Student	N/C	10,480,000	30/06/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
12	MAX (MYANMAR) COMPANY LIMITED	Stipend for Student	N/C	680,000	30/06/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Stipend for Student	N/C	740,000	30/06/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C

				Cash Paym	nents	In Kind payments (Projects)		Project cost
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	Project cost incurred during 2017-2018	incurred during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		Khatain Donation	Thae Phyu Station	50,000	31/10/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Middle School Building	Aung Silar Village	100,000	19/12/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Dahama School Donation	Aung Nan Cho Village	500,000	11/01/2019	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Chrismax Day	Aung Nan Cho Village	100,000	01/05/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Aung Nan Cho Village for Middle School Award Aung Nan Cho Village	Aung Nan Cho Village	100,000	16/01/2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
		for Middle School Award	Aung Nan Cho Village	246,000	18/01/2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Aung Si Lar Village for Middle School Award	Aung Silar Village	100,000	29/01/2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Natural Disasters in Kalay District , Sagaing Division	Sagaing Division, Kalay District	10,000,000	24/09/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Public	North Shan State Namtu	9,404,229	N/C	Nan Ma La Flue Line	N/C	N/C
45	WIN MYINT MO	Public	North Shan State Namtu	2,407,528	N/C	Underground Tube Well	N/C	N/C
15	INDUSTRIES COMPANY LIMITED	Public	North Shan State Namtu	6,057,560	N/C	Electricity Donation for School & Seminary	N/C	N/C
		Public	North Shan State Namtu	28,691,930	N/C	Miscellaneous Donation	N/C	N/C
		School Roof installation	Yaybuwa, Heinda Tract, Dawei	400,000	16/08/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
47	MYANMAR	Primary School (Ceilling Installation)	Heinda Village, Dawei	700,000	12/04/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
17	PONGPIPAT COMPANY LIMITED	Tanintharyi Government	Dawei, Tanintharyi Region	20,000,000	24/12/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
		2018 Independent Day Sport Game	Heinda Village, Dawei	400,000	27/12/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
20	HTOO INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	6,658,500	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Temple	YwarNgan Township	100,000	03/01/1900	N/C	N/C	N/C
	HARBOR STAR	Village	YwarNgan Township	1,000,000	10/01/1900	N/C	N/C	N/C
21	MINING COMPANY	Village	YwarNgan Township	2,800,000	10/01/1900	N/C	N/C	N/C
	LIMITED	Temple	YwarNgan Township	4,500,000	10/01/1900	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Village	YwarNgan Township	8,000,000	11/01/1900	N/C	N/C	N/C

No. Company Deneficiary Identity Deneficiary Location Amount (Kyat) Date Description of the projects (activities necesses) Cactivities necesses, and a construction Cactivities necessary Cactivities nece					Cash Payn	nents	In Kind payments (Projects)		Project cost
23	No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	(activities undertaken,		during 2017- 2018
The Information The Inform	23		Public	Phayaung Taung	1,163,913,675	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
Mart		LTD.	N/C	Thabeikkyin	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
Table Mark	24		N/C	Kyautsae Township	94,775,000	28/06/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
NOWE KABAR Now Now	31		N/C	N/C	6,300,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
MYANMAR COMPANY Villagers Donated by Pagoda Building 34,435,000 Period N/C		NGWE KARAR		Yamon Village	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
MYAY NAGAR MINITED	32	MYANMAR COMPANY	Villagers	Donated by Pagoda Building	34,435,000		N/C	N/C	N/C
MYAY NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED		LIMITED		Near Work-Site Area Villages	24,027,500	2017-2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
MYANANA TIN - TUNGSTEN COMPANY Theindaw High School Theindaw Min Village, Tanitharyi 3,500,000 2,10,2017 N/C N	38		VILLAGRER	NAUNG LWAE VILLLAGE	2,000,000		N/C	N/C	N/C
TUNGSTEN COMPANY Theindaw High School Theindaw Min Village, Tanitharyi 3,500,000 2.10.2017 N/C N/C N/C N/C		COMI AITI EIMITED	VILLAGRER	BAW SAING VILLAGE	1,000,000	5.1.2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
Kangon Village	41	TUNGSTEN COMPANY	Theindaw High School	Theindaw Min Village,Tanitharyi	3,500,000	2.10.2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
N/C			Road Construction	Theindaw Min Village,Tanitharyi	2,500,000	15.12.2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
N/C 17,403,013 23/01/2018 Electricity Extension N/C			Kangon Village		10,326,684	15/08/2017	· ·		N/C
N/C N/C N/C N/C N/C N/C N/C N/C			N/C		36,021,448	27/07/2017			N/C
N/C Wadan Village N/C N/C N/C N/C N/C N/C N/C N/			Dondaw Village		17,403,013	23/01/2018	Electricity Extension		N/C
Wadan Village Myanmar Yang Tse Copper Ltd Myanmar Yang Tse Vith Water Pipes Connect Water Tower, Pump and Tank with Water Pipes Connect			N/C		17,403,013	16/02/2018	Electricity Extension		N/C
Myanmar Yang Tse Copper Ltd Myanmar Yang Tse Yeinhan Village Myanmar Yang Tse Connect Water Tower, Pump and Tank with Water Pipes Connect Water Tower, Pump and Tank with Water Pipes Connect Water Tower, Pump and Tank with Water Pipes Connect Water Tower, Pump and Tank with Water Pipes N/C Myanmar Yang Tse Connect Water Tower, Pump and Tank with Water Pipes N/C Myanmar Yang Tse Yeinhan Myc N/C N/C N/C N/C N/C N/C N/C N/			N/C		1,328,704	08/04/2017			N/C
A2 Nyanmar Yang Ise Copper Ltd Copper Ltd Copper Ltd Vinmabin Towship Tebinkan Village 33,750,000 05/06/2017 Reservoir Construction N/C N/C 73,125,000 07/08/2017 Reservoir Construction N/C N/C 13,000,000 23/08/2017 Water pipeline installation N/C Road & Bridge Construction over brook between Htandawgyi and Yegybin Village 15,238,095 11-7-17/ 13-9-17/ 25-9-17 Donate Ambulance for Social Team N/C			Wadan Village		43,955,425	15/08/2017			N/C
Tebinkan Village 33,750,000 05/06/2017 Reservoir Construction N/C N/C N/C 13,000,000 23/08/2017 Water pipeline installation N/C N/C N/C 23,500,000 27/06/2017 Reservoir Construction N/C Road & Bridge Construction over brook between Htandawgyi and Yegybin Village 15,238,095 11-7-17/ 13-9-17/ 25-9-17 Donate Ambulance for Social Team N/C	42		N/C		43,955,425	23/01/2018			N/C
N/C 13,000,000 23/08/2017 Water pipeline installation N/C Road & Bridge Construction over brook between Htandawgyi and Yegybin Yegybin Village 15,238,095 11-7-17/ 13-9-17/ 25-9-17 Water pipeline installation N/C Road & Bridge Construction over brook between Htandawgyi and Yegybin Donate Ambulance for Social Team N/C		Copper Ltd	Tebinkan Village	Yinmabin Towship	33,750,000	05/06/2017			N/C
Road & Bridge Construction over brook between Htandawgyi and N/C Yegybin Village Road & Bridge Construction over brook between Htandawgyi and N/C Yegybin 11-7-17/ 13- 9-17/ 25-9-17 Donate Ambulance for Social Team N/C			N/C		73,125,000	07/08/2017	Reservoir Construction		N/C
N/C 23,500,000 27/06/2017 brook between Htandawgyi and Yegybin N/C Yegybin Village 15,238,095 11-7-17/13-9-17/25-9-17 Donate Ambulance for Social Team N/C			N/C		13,000,000	23/08/2017			N/C
9-17/ 25-9-17 Dollate Allibutance for Social Team			N/C		23,500,000	27/06/2017	brook between Htandawgyi and		N/C
			Yegybin Village		15,238,095	11-7-17/ 13- 9-17/ 25-9-17	Donate Ambulance for Social Team		N/C
			N/C		625,000		Ambulance Lighting		N/C

BDO LLP 495 EITI MYANMAR

		Cash Payments In Kind payments (Projects)			Project cost			
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	Project cost incurred during 2017-2018	incurred during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		N/C		1,332,771	18/08/2017	Request Machines to repair dam of New Shwepankhine		N/C
		Ywatha Village		32,393,119	18/08/2017	Extend School and donate furniture construct Teacher's Rest Room		N/C
		N/C		825,000	26/05/2017	Cement for Chan Thar Aye Monastery		N/C
		Gondaw		17,117,228	05/09/2017	Construct Embankment along Yama Stream		N/C
		Thaedawgyi		24,573,760	08/08/2017	Computers & Building for computers & Cupboard for E-Library		N/C
		Mine Town		2,263,474	13/06/2016	Water pipeline for Head Monastery		N/C
		N/C		11,054,000	27/06/2017	Complete School Hall for BEHS School		N/C
		N/C		1,160,000	27/06/2017	Kindergarten Sports Equipment		N/C
		Myayake		15,238,095	11-7-17/ 13- 9-17/ 25-9-17	Ambulance Vehicle		N/C
		N/C		625,000	10/11/2017	Ambulance Lighting		N/C
		Myasane		6,635,852	01/06/2017	Construct Peliminary School Fence with Electricity		N/C
		Kyeethakya		9,790,100	07/08/2017	Drinking Water purifier & well		N/C
		Kyaukmyet		20,102,041	25-8-17/ 21- 9-17/ 16-10- 17	Car for Fire - 2,000 gal.		N/C
		Htanaunggon		6,216,435	31/03/2017	150 KVA Trasformer (only)		N/C
		Ayegone		5,087,466	22/05/2017	Fence for School		N/C
		Banenwechaung		15,238,095	11-7-17/ 13- 9-17/ 25-9-17	Ambulance Vehicle		N/C
		N/C		625,000	N/C	Ambulance Lighting		N/C
		All Village		96,100,000	07/12/2017	Scholarships		N/C
		Kangon Hospital		34,093,800	07/12/2017	Mobile Medical		N/C
		Sourthen Part Village Hall	Tekyit Village	13,239,445	09/2017 To 02/2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
	Eden Energy &	Concrete Lamp Pose (7M)(25)Nos	Taung Pot Hla Village	2,125,000	30/05/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
43	Natural Resources Development Co.,	Construction, Repair, Donation	Tekyit Village	2,325,450	06/2017 To 09/2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
	Ltd	Lake	Tekyit Village Hospital	2,822,000	15/06/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Repair & Donation	Tekyit Village	3,041,950	06/2017 To 07/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C

				Cash Payn	nents	In Kind payments (Projects)		Project cost
lo.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	Project cost incurred during 2017-2018	incurred during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		Road Construction	Min Village	1,544,450	01/01/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Donation for Refugees Camp	Rakhine	200,000	08/09/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
45	MYANMAR WANBAO MINING COPPER LTD	Moe Kyoe Pyin(N) village		18,960,000	05.04.2017	Well & Repair hoses construction	N/C	N/C
		Kyaw Ywar Mingalar kone		27,319,000	05.04.2017	Well & Repair hoses construction	N/C	N/C
		Kyaut Phyu Tie village		26,000,000	05.04.2017	Electrical & Road etc	N/C	N/C
		Ywar Shay village		46,845,000	11.04.2017	Road construction	N/C	N/C
		Myay pyin thar		12,261,303	11.04.2017	Dining room construction	N/C	N/C
		Thar Yar Kone village		5,538,041	11.04.2017	Car garage & office construction	N/C	N/C
		Taw Kyaung village		13,150,000	12.04.2017	Healthy dispensary construction	N/C	N/C
		Phuang Kar (N)Village		21,100,000	26.04.2017	Repair Lake & New lake	N/C	N/C
		Taw Kyaung village		35,840,000	30.04.2017	Build & buy land construction	N/C	N/C
		A Lal ywar village		35,840,000	08.05.2017	Build construction	N/C	N/C
		Moe Kyoe Pyins) village		51,155,000	08.05.2017	Pave & Build construction	N/C	N/C
		Shwe Hlay village		50,452,000	08.05.2017	Build construction	N/C	N/C
		Lae Ti village		5,070,000	08.05.2017	Buy communal accessories	N/C	N/C
		A Lal Taw village		41,704,000	09.05.2017	Build construction & Lake	N/C	N/C
		Tone Ywar Ma village		30,144,000	09.05.2017	well & Build construction	N/C	N/C
		Htan Taw Village		28,897,000	09.05.2017	Buy communal car & Built construction	N/C	N/C
		Let pa tuang /Ma Soe Yein village		12,343,000	09.05.2017	Street construction	N/C	N/C
		Sae Tae village		38,400,000	09.05.2017	buy land construction	N/C	N/C
		Taung pa lu village		22,022,000	09.05.2017	Buy communal car & Built construction	N/C	N/C
		Phuang Kar (s)Village		37,755,708	09.05.2017	Build transformer	N/C	N/C
		Tone Ywar Thit Village		11,200,000	09.05.2017	Build construction	N/C	N/C
		Phaung Kar (M)Village		12,345,600	09.05.2017	Build construction & Build septic	N/C	N/C
		A Lal ywar village		10,254,000	06.06.2017	build street construction	N/C	N/C
		Pa laung village		18,048,000	31.05.2017	electric construction	N/C	N/C

				Cash Payn	nents	In Kind payments (Projects)		Project cost
No.	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	Project cost incurred during 2017-2018	incurred during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		Ku Toe Kone village		10,650,000	19.06.2017	school construction	N/C	N/C
		CSD Grants and Pensions		142,766,500	12.08.2017	CSD Grants and pensions	N/C	N/C
		Nyaung Pin Gyi village		29,230,000	10.10.2017	Electrical project	N/C	N/C
		Ma Gyi Tan village		8,080,000	08.09.2017	Electrical construction	N/C	N/C
		Kan Taw New village		31,584,000	07.08.2017	Ditch construction	N/C	N/C
		Ywar Shay village		32,100,000	31.03.2018	Ywar Shay Village	N/C	N/C
47	MYANMAR CNMC NICKEL COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	Sagaing Division Htee Htoo Township and Mandalay Division. Thanlyin Township Local and organizations in Taung sub- township	298,445,270	2017-2018	Sagaing Division Htee Htoo Township and Mandalay Division. Thanlyin Township Taung sub-township	N/C	N/C
51	BLUE DIAMOND CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	14,740,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
52	DAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
57	GROUP OF FOUR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	6,250,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
61	LOI CHAI NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	Nang Lin Monastery	Nar Mhan Vilage, Lai Char Township, Sourthern Shan State	10,000,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
66	COMPANY LTD	N/C	N/C	12,000,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
71	SHWE PIN LE MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	Bridge	Thazin Village	7,170,000	02/01/2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
75	TRIPLE "A" CEMENT INTERNATIONAL COMPANY LIMITED	N/C	N/C	67,480,600	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Olders Offering Ceremony	Mabaekhone Vilage, Minbu Township, Magway Region	650,000	25/10/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Monastery Education School	Padan Township,Mgaway Region	500,000	10/04/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
84	SEIN CHI LIN MINING CO., LTD.	Monastery Education School	Padan Township, Mgaway Region	500,000	11/02/2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
	CO., LID.	Dhamatheingi Dhama Station	Shwechaung Village, Minibu township, Magway Region	30,000,000	10/07/1905	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Bridge construction	Shwechaung Village, Minibu township, Magway Region	1,500,000	10/07/1905	N/C	N/C	N/C
92	NAN KANAUNG MINING &	N/C	N/C	3,000,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C

			Cash Paymer	its	In Kind payments (Projects)		Project cost
No. Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	Project cost incurred during 2017-2018	incurred during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
ENGINEERIN COMPANY L							
Tot	al		7,297,967,003				

Pearl

No	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Cash Payments		In Kind payments (Projects)	Project cost	Project cost incurred
				Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	incurred during 2017- 2018	during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
1	Myanmar Tasaki Co., Ltd	Scholarship Student (6 Person) for Dec 2017, Jan & Feb 2018	Tanintharyi Region (Myeik & Kyunsu Tsp.)	3,564,000	12/02/2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
		Scholarship Student (6 Person)	Tanintharyi Region (Myeik & Kyunsu Tsp.)	1,189,800	05/03/2018	N/C	N/C	N/C
2	Myanmar Atlantic Co., Ltd	Village teacher (for 5 teachers)	Done Za Latt Village, Done Nyaung Hmainn Village, Done Palae Aww Village, Done Oo Yin Kan Village	6,660,000	April'17 to Mar'18	Salary sponsorship for local teachers in four primary schools and one middle school	N/C	N/C
		Villagers	Done Nyaung Hmainn, Done Za Latt Village	1,440,000	April'17 to Mar'19	Monthly medical cover in two villages	N/C	N/C
		Company's staff	N/C	750,080	25.4.2017, 31.5.2017, 9.1.2018	Health cured for company's staff (for operation waist, stomach disease)	N/C	N/C
		Villagers	Linn Loom village,Don Nyaun Hmainn village ,Pa Anw Wa village,Don Pearl Village (Sa Lon Kong), Don Pearl Aww Village,Don Zalatt Village	2,012,000	27.6.2017, 8.3.2018, 12.3.2018	Solar bulb donation	N/C	N/C
		Myanmar Pearl Enterprise, Myeik University, Navy General Headquarters	NayPyiTaw, Myeik,Tanintaryi Region	1,389,000	23/08/2017	Donation of Automatic Weather Observation Station and Laptop	N/C	N/C
		Marine Science Student	Myeik	1,200,000	Dec'17 to Mar'18	Scholarship for two Marine Science Student	N/C	N/C
		Distance Students	Company, Done Zalatt Village	600,000	20/09/2017	Scholarship for 5 staff of company and 1 teacher of Done Zalatt Village Donation for	N/C	N/C
		Students	NayPyiTaw, Done Palae Aww, Done Za Latt Villages	450,000	18/07/2017, 19/01/2018, 29/01/2018	education for education award ceremony of village primary school and children of MPE staff (NPW)	N/C	N/C

No		Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Cash Payments		In Kind payments (Projects)	Project cost	Project cost incurred
	Company			Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	incurred during 2017- 2018	during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
•		Village Students	Done Za Latt Village	1,780,391	30/06/2017	Primary school repaired charges	N/C	N/C
		Students	Done Za Latt Village, Done Nyaung Hmainn Village, Done Palae Aww Village, Done Oo Yin Kan Village, Pa Yaw War Village, Myeik MPE, Naypyitaw MPE, Palae Kyun, Tanintaryi Navy Base	2,700,000	30/06/2017	Books and stationery donation for village school	N/C	N/C
		Kyun Su Township	Kyun Su Township	100,000	02/01/2018	Donation for "Independence Day" of Kyun Su Township	N/C	N/C
		Myeik University Students	Myeik	213,250	26/01/2018	Pearl and knowledge talk show at Myeik University	N/C	N/C
		Myeik University	Myeik	300,000	26/01/2018	Donation for chapel construction of Myk university	N/C	N/C
		Kaut Thaung District	Kaut Thaung	100,000	12/03/2018	Donation for Travel & Investment Festival at Kaut Thaung	N/C	N/C
			St.Luke's Island, Tanintharyi Division	445,500,000	N/C	For Worship Stupa	Yes	N/C
3	,		Insein Township	82,000,000	N/C	Donation to Aung San Monestary Donation for Yan	Yes	N/C
	Ltd		Naypyitaw	30,000,000	N/C	Aung Myin Pagoda Renovation	Yes	N/C
	Belpearl Myanmar Co., Ltd	Home of Age	Zar Det Gyi Island	2,500,000	02/06/2017	N/C	N/C	N/C
4		Basic Education High School	Zar Det Gyi Island	N/C	N/C	500 dozens of Exercise Books@2,600MMK/Doz 500 dozens of	1,300,000	N/C
		Basic Education High School	Pearl Island	N/C	N/C	Exercise Books@2,600MMK/Doz	1,300,000	N/C
5	Nino Pearl Culturing Co., Ltd	Ma Thin Thin Kyu	Myitkyina	200,000	06/04/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C

				(Cash Payments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project cost incurred during 2017- 2018	Project cost incurred
No	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)		during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		Pa La Ka (Clinic)	Pa La Ka Island	180,000	11/04/2017	Donation to PaLaKa Clinic	N/C	N/C
		Ma Thin Thin Kyu	Myitkyina	100,000	12/05/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Jar Phan, Mg Myo Sut Jat Naw	Myitkyina	100,000	12/05/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Hwan Lin Oo	Myitkyina	100,000	18/05/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Sai Jar Sue Pan	Myitkyina	150,000	18/05/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (Clinic)	Pa La Ka Island	180,000	18/05/2017	Donation to PaLaKa Clinic	N/C	N/C
		Ma Hwan Lin Oo	Myitkyina	50,000	07/06/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Thin Thin Kyu	Myitkyina	100,000	07/06/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Jar Phan, Mg Myo Sut Jat Naw	Myitkyina	100,000	07/06/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Sai Jar Sue Pan	Myitkyina	50,000	07/06/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (Clinic)	Pa La Ka Island	180,000	09/06/2017	Donation to PaLaKa Clinic	N/C	N/C
		Ma Jar Phan, Mg Myo Sut Jat Naw	Myitkyina	100,000	06/07/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Thin Thin Kyu	Myitkyina	100,000	06/07/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C

				(Cash Payments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project cost	Project cost incurred
No	Company	Beneficiary Identity Beneficiary Location	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	incurred during 2017- 2018	during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		Ma Hwan Lin Oo	Myitkyina	50,000	06/07/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (Clinic)	Pa La Ka Island	180,000	12/07/2017	Donation to PaLaKa Clinic	N/C	N/C
		MPE Students	Naypyitaw	300,000	21/07/2017	Donation to MPE Students	N/C	N/C
		Ma Hwan Lin Oo	Myitkyina	50,000	31/07/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Thin Thin Kyu	Myitkyina	100,000	31/07/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Sai Jar Sue Pan	Myitkyina	100,000	31/07/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Jar Phan, Mg Myo Sut Jat Naw	Myitkyina	100,000	31/07/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (Clinic)	Pa La Ka Island	180,000	14/08/2017	Donation to PaLaKa Clinic Donation for	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka	Pa La Ka Island	972,650	27/08/2017	renovation navy's building	N/C	N/C
		Ma Hwan Lin Oo	Myitkyina	50,000	31/08/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Thin Thin Kyu	Myitkyina	100,000	31/08/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Sai Jar Sue Pan	Myitkyina	50,000	31/08/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Jar Phan, Mg Myo Sut Jat Naw	Myitkyina	100,000	31/08/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Public	Rakhine State	600,000	04/09/2017	Donation to public from Rakhine State	N/C	N/C

				(Cash Payments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project cost incurred	Project cost incurred
No	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	during 2017- 2018	during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		Ma May Zin Oo	Phyu	50,000	06/09/2017	Payment for Attending for High School	N/C	N/C
		Public	Rakhine State	1,000,000	07/09/2017	Donation to public from Rakhine State	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (Clinic)	Pa La Ka Island	180,000	29/09/2017	Donation to PaLaKa Clinic	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka	Pa La Ka Island	178,500	11/10/2017	Donation for renovation navy's building	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (Clinic)	Pa La Ka Island	180,000	31/10/2017	Donation to PaLaKa Clinic	N/C	N/C
		Ma Hwan Lin Oo	Myitkyina	50,000	06/11/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma May Zin Oo	Phyu	50,000	06/11/2017	Payment for Attending for High School	N/C	N/C
		Ma Jar Phan, Mg Myo Sut Jat Naw	Myitkyina	100,000	06/11/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Thin Thin Kyu	Myitkyina	100,000	06/11/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Sai Jar Sue Pan	Myitkyina	50,000	06/11/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (Clinic)	Pa La Ka Island	180,000	18/11/2017	Donation to PaLaKa Clinic	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (Clinic)	Pa La Ka Island	180,000	30/11/2017	Donation to PaLaKa Clinic	N/C	N/C
		Ma Thin Thin Kyu	Myitkyina	100,000	04/12/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Jar Phan, Mg Myo Sut Jat Naw	Myitkyina	100,000	04/12/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C

				(Cash Payments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project cost	Project cost incurred
No	Company	Beneficiary Identity Beneficiary	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	incurred during 2017- 2018	during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		Ma May Zin Oo	Phyu	50,000	04/12/2017	Payment for Attending for High School	N/C	N/C
		Ma Sai Jar Sue Pan	Myitkyina	50,000	04/12/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Hwan Lin Oo	Myitkyina	50,000	04/12/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Hwan Lin Oo	Myitkyina	50,000	29/12/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Thin Thin Kyu	Myitkyina	100,000	29/12/2017	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Jar Phan, Mg Myo Sut Jat Naw	Myitkyina	100,000	29/12/2017	Payment for Attending for University Payment for	N/C	N/C
		Ma Sai Jar Sue Pan	Myitkyina	50,000	29/12/2017	Attending for University Payment for	N/C	N/C
		Ma May Zin Oo	Phyu	50,000	29/12/2017	Attending for High School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (Clinic) Pa La Ka (Clinic)	Pa La Ka Island Pa La Ka Island	180,000 180,000	29/12/2017 15/01/2018	Donation to PaLaKa Clinic Donation to PaLaKa	N/C N/C	N/C N/C
		Pa La Ka (Clinic)	Pa La Ka Island	180,000	31/01/2018	Clinic Donation to PaLaKa Clinic	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	1,860,000	03/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	150,000	03/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	40,000	03/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	2,000,000	06/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C

				(Cash Payments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project cost	Project cost incurred
No	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	incurred during 2017- 2018	during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	30,000	08/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	61,200	15/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	975,000	17/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	31,000	28/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	31,000	28/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	45,000	28/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	50,000	28/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	10,000	28/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	863,250	28/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	160,000	28/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	310,000	28/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	10,000	28/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	1,086,400	28/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	140,000	28/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	10,000	28/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (Clinic)	Pa La Ka Island	180,000	28/02/2018	Donation to PaLaKa Clinic	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	22,800	01/03/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	63,000	01/03/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	51,900	01/03/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C

				(Cash Payments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project cost incurred	Project cost incurred
No	Company	Beneficiary Identity Beneficiar	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	during 2017- 2018	during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	2,000,000	05/03/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	574,000	05/03/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (Clinic)	Pa La Ka Island	180,000	06/03/2018	Donation to PaLaKa Clinic	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	23,000	07/03/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	862,300	22/03/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	11,000	22/03/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	1,457,000	22/03/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	17,000	22/03/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	10,560	22/03/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	57,000	22/03/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	2,000,000	22/03/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (School)	Pa La Ka Island	150,000	24/03/2018	Donation to PaLaKa School	N/C	N/C
		Ma Thin Thin Kyu	Myitkyina	100,000	30/03/2018	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Sai Jar Sue Pan	Myitkyina	50,000	30/03/2018	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma Jar Phan, Mg Myo Sut Jat Naw	Myitkyina	100,000	30/03/2018	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C
		Ma May Yee Mon	Yangon	100,000	30/03/2018	Payment for Attending for University	N/C	N/C

				(Cash Payments	In Kind payments (Projects)	Project cost incurred	Project cost incurred
No	Company	Beneficiary Identity	Beneficiary Location	Amount (Kyat)	Date	Description of the projects (activities undertaken, beneficiaries, objectives)	during 2017- 2018	during 2017- 2018 (Kyat)
		Ma May Zin Oo	Phyu	50,000	30/03/2018	Payment for Attending for High School	N/C	N/C
		Pa La Ka (Clinic)	Pa La Ka Island	180,000	30/03/2018	Donation to PaLaKa Clinic	N/C	N/C
6	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Zinyaw)	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
7	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Jalan)	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
8	Annawar Pearl Co., Ltd (Marine Pearl Company)	N/C	N/C	3,030,000	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
9	Pyae Sone Htet Myint Co., Ltd	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
10	Aquagold Myanmar Co., Ltd	N/C	N/C	3,342,750	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
11	Pyae Phyo Tun Co., Ltd	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C	N/C
	Total			615,084,831				

Annex 11 Employment

Oil and Gas

N°	Company	Total	Number of direct domestic employees		Number of direct foreign employees	
			Male	Female	Male	Female
1	Myanma Oil and Gaz Enterprise	9,261	8,161	1,100	-	-
2	Gold Petrol Joint Operating Company Inc., (GJOC Inc.)	439	398	29	12	-
3	MPRL E&P	198	130	65	2	1
4	PC Myanmar (Hong Kong) Limited	nc	-	-	-	-
5	Posco Daewoo Corporation (Myanmar E&P Office)	244	126	44	74	-
6	PTTEP International Ltd.	518	-	-	-	-
7	Total E&P Myanmar	283	197	72	11	3
8	Gail JJ India Ltd	-				
9	Korea Gas Corporation	-				
10	Nippon Oil Exploration (Myanmar) Ltd	-				
11	ONGC Videsh Ltd.,	-				
12	Unocal Myanmar Offshore Co., Ltd.	4	1	3	-	-
13	Asia Orient International Ltd. (CJs Oc Nobel Oil)	-				
14	Bashneft International B.V. (Myanmar Branch)	-				
15	Berlanga Myanmar Pte Ltd., (Myanmar Branch)	12	6	-	3	3
16	BG Exploration & Production Myanmar Pte. Ltd. (Myanmar Branch)	1	-	-	1	-
17	Brunei National Petroleum Company Sdn Bhd (PB Myanmar)	-				
18	CAOG PTE LTD (MYANMAR BRANCH)	12	6	-	3	3
19	CFG Energy Pte Ltd.,	5	1	2	2	
20	ENI Myanmar B.V. (Myanmar Branch)	26	7	9	9	1
21	IsTech Energy EP-5 Pte Ltd., (Myanmar Branch)	7	4	2	1	-
22	Jubilant Oil & Gas Pte. Ltd.	-				
23	North Petro-Chem Corporation Myanmar Ltd. (NPCMM)	-				
24	Ophir Myanmar (Block AD-3) Limited (Myanmar Branch)	2	-	2	-	-
25	Pacific Hunt Energy Corporation (Myanmar Branch)	12	10	2	-	-

N°	Company	Total	Number of direct domestic employees		Number of direct foreign employees	
			Male	Female	Male	Female
26	Parami Energy Development Company Ltd	-				
27	Apex Geo Services Co.,	-				
28	Petronas Carigali Myanmar Inc (PCMI)	-	-	-	-	-
29	Petrovietnam Exploration Production Corporation	-				
30	Reliance Industries Ltd.	-				
31	Shell Myanmar Energy Pte. Ltd Yangon Branch	4	-	2	2	-
32	SNOG Pte Ltd	-				
33	Tap Energy (M-7) Co., Ltd. (Statoil)	-				
34	TRG M15 Pte. Ltd.	-				
35	Woodside Energy (Myanmar) Pte Ltd	12	2	5	5	-
		11,040	9,049	1,337	125	11

Oil and Gas transportation

NI °	C	Total	Number of direct d	omestic employees	Number of direct foreign employees		
N°	Company		Male	Female	Male	Female	
1	South East Asia Gas Pipeline Co.,Ltd(Great Ocean Branch)(SEAGP)	523	313	99	93	18	
2	Southeast Asia Crude Oil Pipeline (SEAOP)	593	359	96	120	18	
3	Anadaman Transportation Limited(Yangon Branch)(ATL)	0	0	0	0	0	
4	Moattama Gas Transportation Co.,Ltd(MGTC)	0	0	0	0	0	
5	Tanitharyi Pipeline Company LLC(Myanmar Branch)(TPC)	0	0	0	0	0	

Pearl

NI °	C	Total	Number of direct domestic employees		Number of direct foreign employees	
N	Company	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female
1	Myanmar Tasaki Co., Ltd	305	162	139	4	0
2	Myanmar Atlantic Co., Ltd	0	0	0	0	0

3 M	Myanmar Andman Co., Ltd	152	102	50	0	0
4 B	Belpearl Myanmar Co., Ltd	80	72	8	0	0
5 N	lino Pearl Culturing Co., Ltd	89	54	35	0	0
6 0	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Zinyaw)	199	141	58	0	0
7 0	Orient Pearl Co., Ltd (Jalan)	199	141	58	0	0
8 A	Annawar Pearl Co., Ltd (Marine Pearl Company)	78	41	37	0	0
9 P	Pyae Sone Htet Myint Co., Ltd	83	54	29	0	0
10 A	Aquagold Myanmar Co., Ltd	72	36	36	0	0
11 P	Pyae Phyo Tun Co., Ltd	87	46	41	0	0

Gems and Jade

	Company		Number of direct domestic employees		Number of direct foreign employees	
			Male	Female	Male	Female
1	Linn Lett Win Yadanar Gems Co Ltd	1111	1109	2	0	0
2	Yar Za Htar Ni	56	51	5	0	0
3	YADANAR TAUNG TEN	17	13	4	0	0
4	Wai Aung Gabar	250	230	20	0	0
5	Ayeyar Yadanar Gems & Jewellery Co .,Ltd	806	798	8	0	0
6	AKNK	0			0	0
7	SILVER ELEPHANT GEMS CO LTD (Ngwe Sin (NS-S)	1800	1500	300	0	0
8	Phyo Thiha Kyaw	96	84	12	0	0
9	Same Wai Hlaing (SWH)	3	3	0	0	0
10	Mya Garden (GEG)	150	130	20	0	0
11	Kan Pwint Oo	85	80	5	0	0
12	Shwe Ngar Koe Kaung	98	93	5	0	0
13	Shwe Gaung Gaung Gems Co Ltd	311	295	16	0	0
14	Htun Tauk Zabu Gems & Jewellery Co;Ltd.	934	914	20	0	0
15	Sein Lonm Taung Tan (SLTT-S)	50	50	0	0	0
16	Ayar Jade	325	320	5	0	0
17	Shining Star Light Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	550	540	10	0	0
18	Yadanar Sin Thiri Gems Co	150	135	15	0	0
19	SHWE OAK KHAI MINING CO.,LTD.	305	300	5	0	0
20	Jade Mountain	64	52	12	0	0
21	Thirawmani	35	30	5	0	0
22	Phoe Thar Htoo Gems Co.,Ltd.	222	222	0	0	0
23	Myanma Seinn Lei Aung Gems Co Ltd.	24	16	8	0	0
24	Yadanar Yaung Chi	131	125	6	0	0
25	Linn Htet Aung Gems Co.,Ltd.	40	38	2	0	0
26	Norbal Three Star (GMMK)	50	47	3	0	0
27	WAN BROTHERS	40	35	5	0	0

	Company	Total	Number of direct domestic employees		Number of direct foreign employees	
			Male	Female	Male	Female
28	Mya Yaung Tun	50	45	5	0	0
29	Nan Htike Pyae Paing Co	250	240	10	0	0
30	Khun Paooe	72	52	20	0	0
31	Great wall Gems&Jade company (Shwe Tataing)	43	38	5	0	0
32	Great Genesis Gems (GMH)	250	220	30	0	0
33	Htat Aye Yar	5	3	2	0	0
34	Wai Family	125	110	15	0	0
35	Seng Tawng Gems&Jewellery Co., Ltd (Sai Taung Co)	270	150	120	0	0
36	Kyauk Same Nan Taw (GKN)	50	47	3	0	0
37	Jade Land	37	33	4	0	0
38	Jade Than Lwin	25	20	5	0	0
39	111	147	140	7	0	0
40	Kaung Myat Thu Ka	307	304	3	0	0
41	Seine Pwint Pwint Wai	22	20	2	0	0
42	Khine Myanmar	150	130	20	0	0
43	Unity	100	90	10	0	0
44	Wai Yan Thar (WYT)	50	45	5	0	0
45	Sin Gaung Taung	55	47	8	0	0
46	GREEN MOUNTAIN CO;LTD	150	130	20	0	0
47	Chang Long Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	0	Nc	Nc	0	0
48	Kyaut Myat Min	30	25	5	0	0
49	Yadanar Shwe Ye Win	43	43	0	0	0
50	Myit Sone Ayar	122	121	1	0	0
51	Yadanar Aung Chan	5	0	5	0	0
52	Myanmar Imperial Jade Co	13	10	3	0	0
53	Khin Zaw Aung & Brother	145	140	5	0	0
54	Myanmar First Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	530	520	10	0	0
55	Ever Winner [EW]	86	84	2	0	0
56	Shwe Hein Htet Gems Co Ltd	100	90	10	0	0

	Company	Total	Number of direct domestic employees		Number of direct foreign employees	
			Male	Female	Male	Female
57	Myo Nwe Gems	150	120	30	0	0
58	Tun Naing Aung	95	85	10	0	0
59	Nay Min Kabar Co	226	209	17	0	0
60	Zebu Thiri Gems Co.,ltd	170	140	30	0	0
61	Yadanar Three Elephants Co	150	130	20	0	0
62	Kyaing International (GKI)	30	15	15	0	0
63	Nan Oo Yadanar	30	30	0	0	0
64	Su Htu Pan (Su Htoo Pan)	105	95	10	0	0
65	Long Byit	7	7	0	0	0
66	Super Sein	0	Nc	Nc	0	0
67	Win Lei Yadanar	103	95	8	0	0
68	Kyal Sin Phyu	41	36	5	0	0
69	Treasure Star Co., Ltd. (Yadanar kyal)	0	Nc	Nc	0	0
70	ARS Gems [ARS]	150	135	15	0	0
71	Yadanar Pyi Phyo Aung Gems Co., Ltd	57	55	2	0	0
72	Jade Padatar Gems Co,Ltd	200	170	30	0	0
73	Ruby Dragon Company	136	119	17	0	0
74	Northern Jade World	22	22	0	0	0
75	Kaung Htet Khaing	60	50	10	0	0
76	Kaung Swan Htet Co	150	135	15	0	0
77	Shwe Ywat Hlwar	28	26	2	0	0
78	Same Lei Yadanar Win Co (SLYW)	100	85	15	0	0
79	Hpakan King Gems & Jewellery Co. Ltd (Phar kant Bayin)	50	45	5	0	0
80	Agga Yadanar Jade Gems & Jewellery Co., LTD	2	1	1	0	0
81	Shwe War Myae (mandalay)	50	45	5	0	0
82	Delta Land	0	Nc	Nc	0	0
83	Seine Lone Aung	50	45	5	0	0
84	Aung Hein Minn	7	4	3	0	0
85	Kyauk Seinn Sun Shwin Jade Gems & Jewellery Co Ltd	100	85	15	0	0

	Company	Total	Number of direct domestic employees		Number of direct foreign employees	
			Male	Female	Male	Female
86	Yadanar Aung Tun Tauk	19	17	2	0	0
87	U YA GEMS (Oo Ya Gems & Jewellery)	10	8	2	0	0
88	Chaow Brothers Gemstone Enterprise Ltd	5	3	2	0	0
89	Myat Yamon	100	75	25	0	0
90	Nay La Pwint	238	238	0	0	0
91	Ma Li Kha Gem Stone Co	4	2	2	0	0
92	Wan Full	5	3	2	0	0
93	Aung Tu Ka Dana	5	4	1	0	0
94	Yadanar Moe Myay	25	24	1	0	0
95	Shein Family gems Co., Ltd.	19	19	0	0	0
96	Thein Gabar Aung	150	140	10	0	0
97	Jade Treasure	150	130	20	0	0
98	Lawka Nandar	0	Nc	Nc	0	0
99	Ngwe Si Hein	20	20		0	0
100	Myat Pan Khaing	0	Nc	Nc	0	0
101	Lon Hai	15	12	3	0	0
102	Goldend Light gems (Shwe Yaung Sin)	170	150	20	0	0
103	Hein Aung Lin Htet Jade Co. Ltd	170	140	30	0	0
104	Phar Kant Sai Bon	0			0	0
105	Thigi Myintzu Yadanar	50	40	10	0	0
106	Seinn Nay Chi Gems & jade company (Same Nay Chi (SNC)	32	30	2	0	0
107	Seine Light	4	4		0	0
108	New Lucky Green Gems	2	2	0	0	0
109	Mya San Dar (MSD)	0	Nc	Nc	0	0
110	Jade Thazin	150	130	20	0	0
111	Kaung Su Aung	85			65	20
112	Kachin National Development	527	320	207	0	0
113	Jade Thapyae Co., ltd (Kyaut Seinn Tapyay)	30	25	5	0	0
114	Kaung Wai Yan Co	105	98	7	0	0

	Company	Total	Number of direct domestic employees		Number of direct foreign employees	
			Male	Female	Male	Female
115	Green Diamond Gems & Jewellery Co. Ltd (Seine Sein)	68	58	10	0	0
116	Lucky Star Jade Group	90	85	5	0	0
117	Yadanar Si	2	2		0	0
118	All Right Company (Ah Mhan Akhan Kyauk Seinn)	150	130	20	0	0
119	Jewel Crown Company (Yadanar Thayaphu)	150	130	20	0	0
120	Kaung Mon Yadanar	140	120	20	0	0
121	Green Earth Gems Co., Ltd (Seine Yaung Myay)	4	3	1	0	0
122	Global Sun Light	50	40	10	0	0
123	Aung Hlaing Kyawlwa	4	3	1	0	0
124	Value Standard (Ah Phoe Tan San Chain Mhe)	197	187	10	0	0
125	Seine Aung	10	8	2	0	0
126	Myint Shin Gems Co.,LTd (Myint Shinn)	46	44	2	0	0
127	U Kyaw Thet	0	Nc	Nc	0	0
128	Buu Gar	5	3	2	0	0
129	Jade Pioneer Mining Limited (Jade Shae Saung)	0	Nc	Nc	0	0
130	Kyauk Seinn Minn Gems (Jade Min)	8	6	2	0	0
131	Yi Li Fa [YLF]	3	2	1	0	0
132	Pyi Yadanar	3	1	2	0	0
133	MELODIOUS GEMS COMPANY LIMITED (Tharyar Kyinu Phwe)	85	85	0	0	0
134	Myanmar Thura [MTY]	100	100	0	0	0
135	Kyaut Seinnn Karbarkyaw	50	30	20	0	0
136	Hole In One	33	30	3	0	0
137	Nay Chi Yadanar Co., Ltd.	44	42	2	0	0
138	Kyauk Seinn Wingabar Jade Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	100	85	15	0	0
139	Ou Ryu Sein Yadanar	9	6	3	0	0
140	Kaung Htike	5	4	1	0	0
141	Sein Minn Yadanar	9	6	3	0	0
142	Treasure Five Star Co., Ltd (Yadanar Kyal Ngar Pwint)	60	40	20	0	0
143	Kyei Linn Gems & Jade Company	3	3		0	0

	Company	Total	Number of direct domestic employees		Number of direct foreign employees	
			Male	Female	Male	Female
144	Silver Sand Stone Gems co., (Ngwe Young Stone)	23	20	3	0	0
145	Wan Chang (Wan Chan)	4	3	1	0	0
146	Khaing Lon Gems Co., Ltd (Khine Lon)	150	120	30	0	0
147	PON TUNG THARR GEMS COMPANY LIMITED	12	9	3	0	0
148	Palaung National	0			0	0
149	Treasure Linn Gems Co.,Ltd (Yadanar Linn)	8	7	1	0	0
150	Treasure White Lotus (Yadanar Kyar Phyu)	10	10		0	0
151	Sein Thura San	0	Nc	Nc	0	0
152	Aung Shwe Kabar	10	7	3	0	0
153	San Taw Win	30	28	2	0	0
154	Jade Crystal Palace	3	3	0	0	0
155	Shwe Hwa	0	Nc	Nc	0	0
156	Aung Myin Thu Gems & Jewellery Co.,Ltd	85			65	20
157	Gold Jade	30	28	2	0	0
158	Thet Hein Gems & Jewellery Co;Ltd.	5	3	2	0	0
159	Myanmar Rich Land Gems (Myanmar Kywal Wa Thaw Myay)	4		4	0	0
160	MEGA STAR JEWEL LIMITED	111	103	8	0	0
161	Kan Sein Pwint	4	3	1	0	0
162	Myanmar Winning Gate (GMWG)	0	Nc	Nc	0	0
163	San Family	50	40	10	0	0
164	HONG YENG YEE SHIN GEMS & JADE COMPANY LTD	30	25	5	0	0
165	Green Comet gems& Jade company (Kyal Ta Khon Sein)	62	58	4	0	0
166	Gandawin Kyaut Myat Garden	5	5	0	0	0
167	Kaung Taw Myay	5	4	1	0	0
168	U Hla Soe Oo	3	3	0	0	0
169	80000	32	30	2	0	0
170	Than Lwin Kyaw Kyar	226	209	17	0	0
171	Kyauk Myet Shwe Pyi (Gems Shwe Pyi Co)	100	85	15	0	0
172	Moe Brothers	68	60	8	0	0

	Company	Total	Number of direct domestic employees		Number of direct foreign employees	
			Male	Female	Male	Female
173	Innwa Nay Chi Co	50	35	15	0	0
174	Jade Master	70	60	10	0	0
175	Taw Win Jade Dragon	22	20	2	0	0
176	Shwe Tun Win	8	6	2	0	0
177	Kan Thar Yar Gems Co.,Ltd.	2	2		0	0
178	Jade Brothers	50	30	20	0	0
179	Myat Myittar Mon (G & J) Co.,Ltd (to remove from Scope)	0			0	0
180	Pang Huke Duwa Co.,Ltd	137	132	5	0	0
181	Shwe Pyi Thar Gems Trading and Faceting Co-op.,Ltd	20	20		0	0
182	Khant Shwe Pyi Co.,Ltd	26	15	11	0	0
183	Nilar Yoma	409	334	75	0	0
184	Lyan Shan	0	Nc	Nc	0	0
185	Yadanar Myat Noe Thwe Gem	50	45	5	0	0
186	Kyi Wai Yan	50	35	15	0	0
187	Yadanar San Shwin Gem	200	170	30	0	0
188	HERA Co., ltd (Hee Ya Gems)	26	23	3	0	0
189	MOGOK PRIDE	12	10	2	0	0
190	EXCELLENT RUBY & SAPPHIRE	0	Nc	Nc	0	0
191	CHATKYIYAY GEMS & JEWELLERY CO.,LTD	0	Nc	Nc	0	0
192	SHWE NAING TUN	10	4	6	0	0
193	R.B.G	11	11	0	0	0
194	KHINE THIT SAR	43	39	4	0	0
195	Myanmar Lar Ba Gems Co., Ltd.	27	24	3	0	0
196	METAL METERO	30	30		0	0
197	RUBY TIGER	10	8	2	0	0
198	THAN HTIKE LU	220	200	20	0	0
199	BIRDS GEM	2	1	1	0	0
200	ZABUKYAWAUNG	0	Nc	Nc	0	0
201	KYAN FAMILY	150	145	5	0	0

	Company	Total	Number of direct domestic employees		Number of direct foreign employees	
			Male	Female	Male	Female
202	HTAY PAING	300	299	1	0	0
203	RED MOUNTAIN	0	Nc	Nc	0	0
204	KYAW NAING & BROTHERS	150	140	10	0	0
205	LAW LU	22	20	2	0	0
206	MYANMAR SITHU	85	85		0	0
207	THEITHI AUNG NGWE MOE	22	20	2	0	0
208	Pwint Phoo Nadi	5	0	5	0	0
209	Myanmar Economic Corporation	25	0	0	25	0
	Total	20,036	17,804	2,037	155	40

Gems and Jade other companies

N°	Company	Total	Number of direct domestic employees		Number of direct foreign employees	
	' '		Male	Female	Male	Female
1	Myanmar Ruby Enterprise(Gem&Jwellery)Co.,Ltd	48	48	0	0	0
2	Duwon Star (Gem&Jwellery)Co.,Ltd	55	55	0	0	0
3	Dana Thedi Star (Gem&Jwellery)Co.,Ltd	50	50	0	0	0
4	Hawk Star(Gem & Jewellery)Co.,Ltd	32	32	0	0	0
5	Pone Nyet(Gem & Jewellery)Co.,Ltd	53	53	0	0	0
6	Sabae(Gem & Jewellery)Co.,Ltd	30	30	0	0	0
7	Seik Tra Star(Gem & Jewellery) Co.,Ltd	30	30	0	0	0
8	ThitSarPann (Gems & Jewellery)Co.,Ltd	50	50	0	0	0
	Total	348	34	-	-	-

Other Minerals

NI.º	C	Total	Number of direct domestic employees		Number of direc	Number of direct foreign employees	
N°	Company	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female	
1	NATIONAL PROSPERITY COMPANY LIMITED	879	691	188	-	-	
3	GEO ASIA INDUSTRY & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	504	391	113	-	-	
4	CORNERSTONE RESOURCES (MYANMAR) LTD.	459	250	197	12	-	
5	ETERNAL MINING COMPANY LIMITED	650	520	130	-	-	
6	MYANMA ECONOMIC HOLDINGS PUBLIC COMPANY LIMITED	8,450	4,200	4,250	-	-	
7	KAYAH STATE MINERAL PRODUCTION COMPANY LIMITED	125	125	-	-	-	
8	SHWE MOE YAN COMPANY LIMITED	109	91	18	-	-	
9	GPS JOINT VENTURE COMPANY LIMITED	43	28	6	7	2	
10	SHWE TAUNG MINING COMPANY LIMITED	195	184	11	-	-	
11	DELCO LIMITED	1	-	-	1	-	
12	MAX (MYANMAR) COMPANY LIMITED	644	556	88	-	-	
13	FIRST RESOURCES COMPANY LIMITED	25	19	6	-	-	
15	WIN MYINT MO INDUSTRIES COMPANY LIMITED	1,062	573	489	-	-	
17	MYANMAR PONGPIPAT COMPANY LIMITED	325	238	76	10	1	

M.º	Company	Total	Number of direct of	domestic employees	Number of direct	foreign employees
N ·	Company	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female
18	NGWE YI PALE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	160	100	60	-	-
20	HTOO INTERNATIONAL INDUSTRY GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	84	79	5	-	-
21	HARBOR STAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	59	38	5	12	4
22	MANDALAY GOLDEN FRIEND MINING CO., LTD.	40	35	5	-	-
23	MYANMAR GOLDEN POINT FAMILY CO., LTD.	175	122	53	-	-
24	THAN TAW MYAT COMPANY LIMITED	25	24	1	-	-
26	MANDALAY DISTRIBUTION & MINING COMPANY LIMITED	150	100	50	-	-
28	SAN LIN INTERNATIONAL EXPORT & IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED	16	10	6	-	
29	KAN PWINT OO MINING COMPANY LIMITED	8	6	2	-	-
30	TOP TEN STAR PRODUCTION CO., LTD.	255	232	14	7	2
31	HEAY HEIN COMPANY LIMITED	58	50	7	1	-
32	NGWE KABAR MYANMAR COMPANY LIMITED	87	80	7	-	-
33	MYAUK KYUN THU MA MA MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	80	80	-	-	-
35	DRAGON CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	668	569	99	-	-
36	PRINCE MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED	40	37	3	-	-
37	HTAT YEE LINN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	70	70	-	-	-
38	MYAY NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	17	12	5	-	-
40	YE HTUT KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	21	21	-	-	-
41	MYANMAR TIN -TUNGSTEN COMPANY LIMITED	40	30	10	-	-
42	Myanmar Yang Tse Copper Ltd	2,237	1,960	247	29	1
43	Eden Energy & Natural Resources Development Co., Ltd	610	576	34	-	-
44	Kanbawza Industries Ltd	387	276	84	26	1
45	MYANMAR WANBAO MINING COPPER LTD	1,955	1,421	373	127	34
47	MYANMAR CNMC NICKEL COMPANY LIMITED	1,979	1,422	121	414	22
48	24 HOUR MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	8	7	1	-	-
49	A & A NATURAL RESOURCES DEVELOPMENT CO., LTD	47	35	12	<u>-</u>	-
50	ASIA PHYO MINING COMPANY LIMITED	3	3	-	-	-
51	BLUE DIAMOND CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED	1,170	895	275	-	-
52	DAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	7	7	-	-	-

NI º	Company	Total	Number of direct	domestic employees	Number of direct for	eign employees
N	Company	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female
53	DIAMOND SHARK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	45	31	2	12	-
55	GREEN ASIA COMPANY LIMITED	10	8	2	-	-
57	GROUP OF FOUR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	72	64	8	-	-
58	HTUT KHAUNG KYAW MINING COMPANY LIMITED	8	8	-	-	-
59	JUNE CEMENT INDUSTRY LTD.	38	34	4	-	-
60	LINN PYAE MINING COMPANY LIMITED	102	73	29	-	-
61	LOI CHAI NAGAR MINING COMPANY LIMITED	16	16	-	-	-
62	MAY FLOWER MINING ENTERPRISES LIMITED	17	10	7	-	-
64	MOUNT CHING YING MINING COMPANY LIMITED	23	20	3	0	0
65	MYANMAR APEX MINING CO., LTD	52	42	10	-	-
66	MYANMAR NAING GROUP MINING COMPANY LTD	7	7	-	-	-
68	MYINT INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	5	5	-	-	-
70	SHWE PAUK PAUK MINING COMPANY LIMITED	31	20	11	-	-
71	SHWE PIN LE MINING & INDUSTRY COMPANY LIMITED	40	34	1	5	-
72	SILVER BRIGHT COMPANY LIMITED	17	16	1	-	-
73	THE SILVER LION MINING COMPANY LIMITED	230	200	30	-	-
74	THIHA THANT HEIN MINING COMPANY LIMITED	39	36	3	-	-
75	TRIPLE "A" CEMENT INTERNATIONAL COMPANY LIMITED	215	21	194	-	-
76	U E EXPORT IMPORT COMPANY LIMITED	236	181	55	-	-
78	YIG COMPANY LIMITED	4	3	1	-	-
79	YOUNG INVESTMENT GROUP COMPANY LIMITED	18	16	2	-	-
81	ZABU TALU MINING COMPANY LIMITED	20	15	5	-	-
82	RUBY DRAGON MINING COMPANY LIMITED	93	84	9	-	-
84	SEIN CHI LIN MINING CO., LTD.	190	140	50	-	-
85	AUNG HTUN LINN SHEIN WIN MINING & REFINERY COMPANY LIMITED	70	70	-	-	-
87	Future Engineering Gold Mining	70	50	20	-	-
92	NAN KANAUNG MINING & ENGINEERING COMPANY LIMITED	15	15	-	-	-
93	NEW ERA GOLD COMPANY LIMITED	36	32	4	-	-
94	SHWE PYI NAGAR COMPANY LIMITED	27	22	5	-	-

N	N° Company		Number of direct	domestic employees	Number of direc	t foreign employees
N	N° Company	Total	Male	Female	Male	Female
	Total	25,673	17,436	7,507	663	67

Annex 12 The reconciliation sheets by company

See the Excel attached

BDO LLP 524 EITI MYANMAR

Annex 13 Other minerals production and exports detailed by commodity

Other Minerals Production (ME1 Minerals)

Minerals	Volume	Volume-Unit	Value
Lead Ore	45,964.00	MT	2,457.84
Lead Concentrate	3,928.05	MT	314.24
Zinc Ore	12,560.15	MT	1,004.81
Copper Ore	5,389.00	MT	269.45
Iron Ore	5,300.00	MT	371.00
Anitimony Ore	3,060.00	MT	1,071.00
Anitimony Concentrate	120.00	MT	60.00
Zinc Concentrate	824.80	MT	123.72
Chromium Ore	4,100.00	MT	328.00
Cathode Copper	70,755.84	MT	92,573.29
Coal	736,947.70	MT	16,675.53
Limestone	7,984,629.03	MT	9,581.55
Maganesedioxide	26,628.00	MT	772.21
Marble	14,677.17	MT	440.32
Granite	330.00	MT	4.95
Gypsum	297,339.00	MT	3,568.06
Quartz	4,100.00	MT	79.95
Bauxite	134,437.42	MT	1,077.50
Limestone(decorative)	4,930.00	MT	131.10
Barite	2,186.00	MT	26.23
Barite Powder	1,950.00	MT	195.00
Clay	100,440.26	MT	138.79
Ferro Nickel	62,366.80	MT	266,805.19
Bantonite	600.00	MT	5.10
Dolomite	2,200.00	MT	9.90
Silica	4,801.53	MT	96.03
Feldspar	242.27	MT	18.17
Total			398,198.94

Source: ME1 data

Other Minerals Production (ME2 Minerals)

Minerals	Volume	Volume-Unit	Value
Tin Concentrate	358.49	MT	2,740.50
Wolfram	5.14	MT	64.04
Tin & Tungsten Mixed	406.21	MT	3,080.09
Tin & Tungsten ScheeliteMixed	550.36	MT	4,161.71
Gold	51,940.03	Toz	82,535.54
Total			92,581.89

Source: ME2 data

Other Minerals Exports (ME1 Minerals)

	Volume	Unit	Value Million KYAT
Lead Ore	44,033	MT	8,377.49
Lead Concentrate	3,634	MT	1,605.24
Zinc Ore	6,505	MT	1,121.79
Copper Ore	904	MT	79.60
Iron Ore	15,263	MT	954.12
Anitimony Ore	483	MT	393.89
Anitimony Concentrate	330	MT	461.49
Chromium Ore	1,050	MT	125.28
Manganese Dioxide	3,000	MT	130.00
Lime Stone(Decorative)	4,000	MT	648.52
Marbel (Decorative)	1,267	MT	928.45
Marbel (Decorative)	278	MT	161.55
Marble	22	MT	4.90
Total			14,992.33

Other Minerals Exports (ME2 Minerals)

Company Name	Quantity	M/T	Price USD/MT	Value (USD)	Ex-Rate	Total Kyat*M
MPC	Tin Concentrate	16.25	6,260	101725	1,362	138.551
MPC	Tin Concentrate	29.327	7,704	225935.208	1,363	307.951
MPC	Tin Concentrate	13	7,704	100152	1,362	136.407
MPC	Tin Concentrate	19.5	7,704	150228	1,366	205.211
MPC	Tin Concentrate	19.5	7,704	150228	1,364	204.911
MPC	Tin Concentrate	26	7,704	200304	1,347	269.767
MPC	Tin Concentrate	26	7,704	200304	1,336	267.606
MPC	Tin Concentrate	13	7,704	100152	1,337	133.883
Popa-L	Tin Concentrate	0.7039	7,810	5497.459	1,355	7.449
Popa-L	Tin Concentrate	0.6712	7,794	5231.3328	1,355	7.088
Popa-L	Tin Concentrate	1.0116	7,671	7759.9836	1,355	10.515
Popa-L	Tin Concentrate	1.4266	7,825	11163.145	1,355	15.126
Popa-L	Tin Concentrate	5.507	7,847	43213.429	1,355	58.554
Popa-L	Tin Concentrate	14.0829	7,448	104889.4392	1,340	140.594
Shwe Pinlae	Tin Concentrate	9.408	6,658	62638.464	1,176	73.663
Tin & Metal Resources Development	Tin Concentrate	6.048	6,530	39493.44	1,176	46.444
A & A Natural Resources	Tin Concentrate	9.729	7,133	69396.957	1,355	94.033
Ngwe Kabar	Tin Concentrate	24.192	7,411	179286.912	1,363	244.378
Highland Metals	Tin Concentrate	39.2921	9,801	385116.8031	1,301	501.077
China Sonic	Tin Concentrate	24.684	11,580	285840.72	1,354	387.008
China Sonic	Tin Concentrate	86.695	11,108	963008.06		1304.676
China Sonic	Tin Concentrate	13.612	1,353	18416.06955		158.157
TOTAL		399.640	168,157.309	3,409,980.422	26,677.001	4,713.049
Mining World	Wolfram Concentrate	9.804	6,500	63726	1,362	86.795
Mining World	Wolfram Concentrate	8.711	6,658	57997.838	1,362	78.993
Credera Global	Wolfram Concentrate	2.56	11,105	28428.8	1,352	38.442
Credera Global	Wolfram Concentrate	0.408	10,605	4326.84	1,352	5.851

Company Name	Quantity	M/T	Price USD/MT	Value (USD)	Ex-Rate	Total Kyat*M
TOTAL		21.483	34,868.000	154,479.478	5,428.410	210.081
	Scheekite Mixed Conentrate	157.612		1410627.4		1919.864
TOTAL		157.612		1,410,627.400		1,919.864
Delco	Tin & Tungsten Mixed Concentrate	40.179	2	78629.52		106.615
Delco	Tin & Tungsten Mixed Concentrate	51	5,954	303654		414.366
Highland Metals	Tin & Tungsten Mixed Concentrate	25.8212	8,471	218732.67		284.59
Ruili Yujie IMP & EXP	Tin & Tungsten Mixed Concentrate	15.552	9,417	146454.9		198.727
Myanmar Creade	Tin & Tungsten Mixed Concentrate	1.401	7,694	10779.29		14.605
E & N	Tin & Tungsten Mixed Concentrate	29.286	11	319422.4		2236.527
E & N	Tin & Tungsten Mixed Concentrate	49.786	10,171	543015.9		
E & N	Tin & Tungsten Mixed Concentrate	78.097	10,171	543015.9		
TOTAL		291.122	51,891.024	2,163,704.580		3,255.430
Grand Total		869.86	254,916.33	7,138,791.88	32,105.41	10,098.42

Annex 14 Gem production for companies out of scope

		Production Volume			Production	Contribution in
Sr	Company	Carat	e Kilo	Unit	Value in Kyat	out of scope Production Value
1	U Thein Myint (@)U Wan Shan Ta	57,071		Carat/ Kilo	85,000,000	5.91%
2	Myanmar Ruby Enterprise (MS)	192,448		Carat/ Kilo	84,063,900	5.85%
3	U Myo Myint Aung	37		Carat/ Kilo	60,000,000	4.17%
4	Nandar Aung	51,295		Carat/ Kilo	53,750,000	3.74%
5	U Thein Myint (@)U Wan Shan Ta	66,520		Carat/ Kilo	50,000,000	3.48%
6	Baw Mar	538,000	1,461	Carat/ Kilo	47,500,000	3.30%
7	Hawk Star	308,346		Carat/ Kilo	35,500,000	2.47%
8	Moe Cherry Gems	155,209	145	Carat/ Kilo	34,800,000	2.42%
9	U Aung Thein	55,212	3	Carat/ Kilo	34,400,000	2.39%
10	Myanmar Htun	163,898	622	Carat/ Kilo	32,950,000	2.29%
11	U Aung Thein	59,165	2	Carat/ Kilo	32,550,000	2.26%
12	U Li Pein Ku	3,408		Carat/ Kilo	30,300,000	2.11%
13	Yadana Hnin Si	88,672	15	Carat/ Kilo	26,100,000	1.82%
14	U Ye Phu Tar @)Ngwar Lay	64,200		Carat/ Kilo	25,000,000	1.74%
15	U I Li Ya (@)Ngwar Tar	64,800		Carat/ Kilo	25,000,000	1.74%
16	Ani Yaung	19,645	4	Carat/ Kilo	23,450,000	1.63%
17	U Yaw Shu	3,726		Carat/ Kilo	23,000,000	1.60%
18	Yadana Thiha	13,252	5	Carat/ Kilo	18,500,000	1.29%
19	Daw Victoria Kyaw	48,699	1	Carat/ Kilo	17,600,000	1.22%
20	Pauk Tue Aung	19,575	35	Carat/ Kilo	17,250,000	1.20%
21	Padamyar Li Sue	23,658	2	Carat/ Kilo	15,600,000	1.09%
22	Myanmar Ruby Enterprise(MK)	361,925		Carat/ Kilo	14,350,000	1.00%
23	Minn Eain Mon	29,400		Carat/ Kilo	13,500,000	0.94%
24	Yadana Paw Lone	45,210		Carat/ Kilo	13,150,000	0.91%
25	Htun Kyi Linn	95,821	2	Carat/ Kilo	13,000,000	0.90%
26	Lay Pwint Star	49,800		Carat/ Kilo	10,928,000	0.76%
27	T and L Co,ltd	60,457	246	Carat/ Kilo	10,850,000	0.75%
28	Duwom Star	196,085		Carat/ Kilo	10,550,000	0.73%
29	Hla Yadana Shin	72,700		Carat/ Kilo	10,150,000	0.71%
30	New Ruby	16,000		Carat/ Kilo	10,000,000	0.70%
31	Pan Ye Kyoe	4,693	_	Carat/ Kilo	9,500,000	0.66%
32	Mar Si Full	15,286		Carat/ Kilo	9,250,000	0.64%
33	U Ko Ko Win U Ohn Kyaw	92,000	197	Carat/ Kilo	9,000,000	0.63%
34	Myint	12,492		Carat/ Kilo	9,000,000	0.63%
35	Shan Shwe Li	17,600		Carat/ Kilo	8,500,000	0.59%
36	U Myint Naing	4,023	5	Carat/ Kilo	8,500,000	0.59%
37	U Kyaw Win	4,000	3	Carat/ Kilo	8,000,000	0.56%
38	U Nyi Nyi Aung	13,550		Carat/ Kilo	8,000,000	0.56%
39	U Shay Bar Duu	29,394		Carat/ Kilo	8,000,000	0.56%
40	Pan Kham Kyal Pwint	39,450		Carat/ Kilo	7,929,000	0.55%
41	Thitsar Pan	37,500		Carat/ Kilo	7,750,000	0.54%
42	Sapphire Dragon	7,750		Carat/ Kilo	7,600,000	0.53%
43	U Kyaw Htway	12,465		Carat/ Kilo	7,600,000	0.53%

Company Carat Wilso W				Production		Production	Contribution in
44 Daw Khin Ohn Myint 82,000 197 Carat / Kilo 7,500,000 0.52X 45 Daw Khin Ohn Myint 92,000 195 Carat / Kilo 7,500,000 0.52X 46 Daw May Thar Mee 16,399 2 Carat / Kilo 7,500,000 0.49X 47 Ayer Shwe Myay 24,200 5 Carat / Kilo 7,500,000 0.47X 48 U Chun Tak Kyar 28,46 62 Carat / Kilo 6,000,000 0.47X 49 Sein Nilar 25,770 9 Carat / Kilo 6,100,000 0.43X 51 U Kyaw Khaing 22,500 24 Carat / Kilo 6,100,000 0.42X 52 Chan Thar Myay 6,452 8 Carat / Kilo 6,000,000 0.42X 54 Myaing Aung 4,410 Carat / Kilo 5,850,000 0.41% 55 Shwe Kar Moe 12,895 3 Carat / Kilo 5,850,000 0.41% 55 U Zaw Livino 19,456 2 Carat	Sr	Company			Unit		
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70 Game Gems Stone 28,150 Carat/ Kilo 4,378,000 0.30% 71 Daw Than Than Myint 16,879 4 Carat/ Kilo 4,350,000 0.30% 72 Pyi Kaung Kyaw 22,656 1 Carat/ Kilo 4,100,000 0.29% 73 U Htun Yin 8,720 Carat/ Kilo 4,050,000 0.28% 74 U Ka Ma Lar 31,025 Carat/ Kilo 4,050,000 0.28% 75 Kyaw Star 18,323 2 Carat/ Kilo 4,000,000 0.28% 76 Mani Yadana Aung 19,300 Carat/ Kilo 4,000,000 0.28% 77 Shwe Moe Minn 8,097 8 Carat/ Kilo 3,850,000 0.27% 78 Grade Nine 24,227 Carat/ Kilo 3,550,000 0.26% 79 U Li Sone Khwan 2,350 Carat/ Kilo 3,550,000 0.25% 80 U Khin Bar Duu 92,500 3 Carat/ Kilo 3,550,000 0.25% 81 May Yadanar 18,200 Carat/ Kilo 3,500,00	69	U Than Ngwe	27,000	38	Carat/ Kilo	4,500,000	0.31%
71 Daw Than Than Myint 16,879 4 Carat/ Kilo 4,350,000 0.30% 72 Pyi Kaung Kyaw 22,656 1 Carat/ Kilo 4,100,000 0.29% 73 U Htun Yin 8,720 Carat/ Kilo 4,100,000 0.29% 74 U Ka Ma Lar 31,025 Carat/ Kilo 4,050,000 0.28% 75 Kyaw Star 18,323 2 Carat/ Kilo 4,000,000 0.28% 76 Mani Yadana Aung 19,300 Carat/ Kilo 4,000,000 0.28% 76 Mani Yadana Aung 19,300 Carat/ Kilo 3,850,000 0.27% 78 Grade Nine 24,227 Carat/ Kilo 3,752,800 0.26% 79 U Li Sone Khwan 2,350 Carat/ Kilo 3,600,000 0.25% 80 U Khin Bar Duu 92,500 3 Carat/ Kilo 3,550,000 0.25% 81 May Yadanar 18,200 Carat/ Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 82 Daw May Nu Kar@ Kyan Darar Kar Lar 2,970 Carat/ Kilo	70	Game Gems Stone					
73 U Htun Yin 8,720 Carat/ Kilo 4,100,000 0.29% 74 U Ka Ma Lar 31,025 Carat/ Kilo 4,050,000 0.28% 75 Kyaw Star 18,323 2 Carat/ Kilo 4,000,000 0.28% 76 Mani Yadana Aung 19,300 Carat/ Kilo 4,000,000 0.28% 77 Shwe Moe Minn 8,097 8 Carat/ Kilo 3,850,000 0.27% 78 Grade Nine 24,227 Carat/ Kilo 3,752,800 0.26% 79 U Li Sone Khwan 2,350 Carat/ Kilo 3,600,000 0.25% 80 U Khin Bar Duu 92,500 3 Carat/ Kilo 3,550,000 0.25% 81 May Yadanar 18,200 Carat/ Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 82 Daw May Nu Kar@ Kyan Darar Kar Lar 2,970 Carat/ Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 83 Shwe Mya Nanda 33,200 3 Carat/ Kilo 3,000,000 0.24% 84 Pone Nyet 24,090 Carat/ Kilo 3,	71	Daw Than Than Myint	16,879	4	Carat/ Kilo	4,350,000	0.30%
74 U Ka Ma Lar 31,025 Carat / Kilo 4,050,000 0.28% 75 Kyaw Star 18,323 2 Carat / Kilo 4,000,000 0.28% 76 Mani Yadana Aung 19,300 Carat / Kilo 4,000,000 0.28% 77 Shwe Moe Minn 8,097 8 Carat / Kilo 3,850,000 0.27% 78 Grade Nine 24,227 Carat / Kilo 3,752,800 0.26% 79 U Li Sone Khwan 2,350 Carat / Kilo 3,600,000 0.25% 80 U Khin Bar Duu 92,500 3 Carat / Kilo 3,550,000 0.25% 81 May Yadanar 18,200 Carat / Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 82 Daw May Nu Kar@ Kyan Darar Kar Lar 2,970 Carat / Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 83 Shwe Mya Nanda 33,200 3 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.24% 84 Pone Nyet 24,090 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 85 U Kyaw Htway 7,347 3 Carat / Kilo <td>72</td> <td>Pyi Kaung Kyaw</td> <td>22,656</td> <td>1</td> <td>Carat/ Kilo</td> <td>4,100,000</td> <td>0.29%</td>	72	Pyi Kaung Kyaw	22,656	1	Carat/ Kilo	4,100,000	0.29%
75 Kyaw Star 18,323 2 Carat/ Kilo 4,000,000 0.28% 76 Mani Yadana Aung 19,300 Carat/ Kilo 4,000,000 0.28% 77 Shwe Moe Minn 8,097 8 Carat/ Kilo 3,850,000 0.27% 78 Grade Nine 24,227 Carat/ Kilo 3,752,800 0.26% 79 U Li Sone Khwan 2,350 Carat/ Kilo 3,600,000 0.25% 80 U Khin Bar Duu 92,500 3 Carat/ Kilo 3,550,000 0.25% 81 May Yadanar 18,200 Carat/ Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 82 Daw May Nu Kar@ Kyan Darar Kar Lar 2,970 Carat/ Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 83 Shwe Mya Nanda 33,200 3 Carat/ Kilo 3,400,000 0.24% 84 Pone Nyet 24,090 Carat/ Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 85 U Kyaw Htway 7,347 3 Carat/ Kilo 3,000,000 0.21% 86 Sein Le' Takhon 14,600 Carat/ Kilo	73	U Htun Yin	8,720		Carat/ Kilo	4,100,000	0.29%
76 Mani Yadana Aung 19,300 Carat/ Kilo 4,000,000 0.28% 77 Shwe Moe Minn 8,097 8 Carat/ Kilo 3,850,000 0.27% 78 Grade Nine 24,227 Carat/ Kilo 3,752,800 0.26% 79 U Li Sone Khwan 2,350 Carat/ Kilo 3,600,000 0.25% 80 U Khin Bar Duu 92,500 3 Carat/ Kilo 3,550,000 0.25% 81 May Yadanar 18,200 Carat/ Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 82 Daw May Nu Kar@ Kyan Darar Kar Lar 2,970 Carat/ Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 83 Shwe Mya Nanda 33,200 3 Carat/ Kilo 3,400,000 0.24% 84 Pone Nyet 24,090 Carat/ Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 85 U Kyaw Htway 7,347 3 Carat/ Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 86 Sein Le' Takhon 14,600 Carat/ Kilo 3,000,000 0.21% 87 U Yaw Na 6,140 1 Carat/ Kilo 3,000,000 0.21%	74	U Ka Ma Lar	31,025		Carat/ Kilo	4,050,000	0.28%
77 Shwe Moe Minn 8,097 8 Carat / Kilo 3,850,000 0.27% 78 Grade Nine 24,227 Carat / Kilo 3,752,800 0.26% 79 U Li Sone Khwan 2,350 Carat / Kilo 3,600,000 0.25% 80 U Khin Bar Duu 92,500 3 Carat / Kilo 3,550,000 0.25% 81 May Yadanar 18,200 Carat / Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 82 Daw May Nu Kar@ Kyan Darar Kar Lar 2,970 Carat / Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 83 Shwe Mya Nanda 33,200 3 Carat / Kilo 3,400,000 0.24% 84 Pone Nyet 24,090 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 85 U Kyaw Htway 7,347 3 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 86 Sein Le' Takhon 14,600 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21% 87 U Yaw Na 6,140 1 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21%	75	Kyaw Star	18,323	2	Carat/ Kilo	4,000,000	0.28%
78 Grade Nine 24,227 Carat / Kilo 3,752,800 0.26% 79 U Li Sone Khwan 2,350 Carat / Kilo 3,600,000 0.25% 80 U Khin Bar Duu 92,500 3 Carat / Kilo 3,550,000 0.25% 81 May Yadanar 18,200 Carat / Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 82 Daw May Nu Kar@ Kyan Darar Kar Lar 2,970 Carat / Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 83 Shwe Mya Nanda 33,200 3 Carat / Kilo 3,400,000 0.24% 84 Pone Nyet 24,090 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 85 U Kyaw Htway 7,347 3 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 86 Sein Le' Takhon 14,600 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21% 87 U Yaw Na 6,140 1 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21%	76	Mani Yadana Aung	19,300		Carat/ Kilo	4,000,000	0.28%
79 U Li Sone Khwan 2,350 Carat / Kilo 3,600,000 0.25% 80 U Khin Bar Duu 92,500 3 Carat / Kilo 3,550,000 0.25% 81 May Yadanar 18,200 Carat / Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 82 Daw May Nu Kar@ Kyan Darar Kar Lar 2,970 Carat / Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 83 Shwe Mya Nanda 33,200 3 Carat / Kilo 3,400,000 0.24% 84 Pone Nyet 24,090 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 85 U Kyaw Htway 7,347 3 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 86 Sein Le' Takhon 14,600 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21% 87 U Yaw Na 6,140 1 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21%	77	Shwe Moe Minn	8,097	8	Carat/ Kilo	3,850,000	0.27%
80 U Khin Bar Duu 92,500 3 Carat / Kilo 3,550,000 0.25% 81 May Yadanar 18,200 Carat / Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 82 Daw May Nu Kar@ Kyan Darar Kar Lar 2,970 Carat / Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 83 Shwe Mya Nanda 33,200 3 Carat / Kilo 3,400,000 0.24% 84 Pone Nyet 24,090 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 85 U Kyaw Htway 7,347 3 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 86 Sein Le' Takhon 14,600 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21% 87 U Yaw Na 6,140 1 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21%	78	Grade Nine	24,227		Carat/ Kilo	3,752,800	0.26%
81 May Yadanar 18,200 Carat / Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 82 Daw May Nu Kar@ Kyan Darar Kar Lar 2,970 Carat / Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 83 Shwe Mya Nanda 33,200 3 Carat / Kilo 3,400,000 0.24% 84 Pone Nyet 24,090 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 85 U Kyaw Htway 7,347 3 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 86 Sein Le' Takhon 14,600 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21% 87 U Yaw Na 6,140 1 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21%	79	U Li Sone Khwan	2,350		Carat/ Kilo	3,600,000	0.25%
82 Daw May Nu Kar@ Kyan Darar Kar Lar 2,970 Carat / Kilo 3,500,000 0.24% 83 Shwe Mya Nanda 33,200 3 Carat / Kilo 3,400,000 0.24% 84 Pone Nyet 24,090 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 85 U Kyaw Htway 7,347 3 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 86 Sein Le' Takhon 14,600 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21% 87 U Yaw Na 6,140 1 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21%	80	U Khin Bar Duu	92,500	3	Carat/ Kilo	3,550,000	0.25%
83 Shwe Mya Nanda 33,200 3 Carat / Kilo 3,400,000 0.24% 84 Pone Nyet 24,090 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 85 U Kyaw Htway 7,347 3 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 86 Sein Le' Takhon 14,600 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21% 87 U Yaw Na 6,140 1 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21%	81	May Yadanar	18,200		Carat/ Kilo	3,500,000	0.24%
84 Pone Nyet 24,090 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 85 U Kyaw Htway 7,347 3 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 86 Sein Le' Takhon 14,600 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21% 87 U Yaw Na 6,140 1 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21%	82	Daw May Nu Kar@ Kyan Darar Kar Lar	2,970		Carat/ Kilo	3,500,000	0.24%
85 U Kyaw Htway 7,347 3 Carat / Kilo 3,050,000 0.21% 86 Sein Le' Takhon 14,600 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21% 87 U Yaw Na 6,140 1 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21%	83	Shwe Mya Nanda	33,200	3	Carat/ Kilo	3,400,000	0.24%
86 Sein Le' Takhon 14,600 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21% 87 U Yaw Na 6,140 1 Carat / Kilo 3,000,000 0.21%	84	Pone Nyet	24,090		Carat/ Kilo	3,050,000	0.21%
87 U Yaw Na 6,140 1 Carat/ Kilo 3,000,000 0.21%	85	U Kyaw Htway	7,347	3	Carat/ Kilo	3,050,000	0.21%
	86	Sein Le' Takhon	•		Carat/ Kilo		
88 Game Gems Stone 4,460 Carat / Kilo 2,900,000 0.20%				1			
	88	Game Gems Stone	4,460		Carat/ Kilo	2,900,000	0.20%

Sr	Company		Production Volume		Production	Contribution in out of scope
-51	Company	Carat	Kilo	Unit	Value in Kyat	Production Value
89	Focus	8,600	10	Carat/ Kilo	2,900,000	0.20%
90	U Tate Bahar Duu	86,512	27	Carat/ Kilo	2,900,000	0.20%
91	Mahar Ruby	4,363	6	Carat/ Kilo	2,750,000	0.19%
92	U Nay Myo Lwin	17,640		Carat/ Kilo	2,650,000	0.18%
93	Aung Ya Myi	2,000		Carat/ Kilo	2,500,000	0.17%
94	Daw Ju Ju San		837	Carat/ Kilo	2,500,000	0.17%
95	Daw Ze Zawah Moe	7,145		Carat/ Kilo	2,500,000	0.17%
96	U Nandar	3,400		Carat/ Kilo	2,500,000	0.17%
97	U Aung Than Htway	28		Carat/ Kilo	2,500,000	0.17%
98	Aung Taw Mu	17,100		Carat/ Kilo	2,314,000	0.16%
99	YarSuHnitTauk Pa Thaw Shwe	600		Carat/ Kilo	2,250,000	0.16%
100	Wunna Aung	13,500		Carat/ Kilo	2,250,000	0.16%
101	Dana Treidi Star	11,250		Carat/ Kilo	2,250,000	0.16%
102	U Yaw Na	45,673	2	Carat/ Kilo	2,250,000	0.16%
103	Kaung Su Yadana	8,000	4	Carat/ Kilo	2,200,000	0.15%
104	Padamyar Yoma	19,653		Carat/ Kilo	2,100,000	0.15%
105	Daw Myint Myint Aye	1,950	81	Carat/ Kilo	2,050,000	0.14%
106	Daw E Hla Mee@ Ele Lar	7,125		Carat/ Kilo	2,050,000	0.14%
107	U A Nie Kue Mar	14,767	2	Carat/ Kilo	2,050,000	0.14%
108	Noval Star	12,800		Carat/ Kilo	2,010,000	0.14%
109	Tun Tauk Paing	9,000		Carat/ Kilo	2,000,000	0.14%
110	Myanmar Thu Kywel	21,910		Carat/ Kilo	2,000,000	0.14%
111	Royal Sapphire	168		Carat/ Kilo	2,000,000	0.14%
112	Aung Htet Paing	2,800	3	Carat/ Kilo	2,000,000	0.14%
113	Shwe Pann Bal Tann Co Operation	20,000	20	Carat/ Kilo	2,000,000	0.14%
114	U Nandar	4,190		Carat/ Kilo	2,000,000	0.14%
115	U Nar Raynandarar	55,000		Carat/ Kilo	2,000,000	0.14%
116	U Nar Raynandarar	75,000		Carat/ Kilo	2,000,000	0.14%
117	U Myo Wunna	990		Carat/ Kilo	2,000,000	0.14%
118	Pyi Kyaw Hein	12,900		Carat/ Kilo	1,914,000	0.13%
119	Sabae	9,680		Carat/ Kilo	1,850,000	0.13%
120	U Aung Myint	4,000	1	Carat/ Kilo	1,800,000	0.13%
121	Lar Ba AwBa	19,500		Carat/ Kilo	1,750,000	0.12%
122	U Htan Bahar Duu	1,150	1	Carat/ Kilo	1,750,000	0.12%
123	U Ka Ma Lar	26,860		Carat/ Kilo	1,700,000	0.12%
124	Pann Chan	12,900		Carat/ Kilo	1,618,000	0.11%
125	U Aung Chee	3,500	1	Carat/ Kilo	1,600,000	0.11%
126	Daw Mi Mi Kyaw	121,770	57	Carat/ Kilo	1,550,000	0.11%
127	Sein Kaung Yadana	25,378	2	Carat/ Kilo	1,500,000	0.10%
128	Fushin Star	13,250		Carat/ Kilo	1,500,000	0.10%
129	Baw Mar One	15,000	10	Carat/ Kilo	1,500,000	0.10%
130	Than Htike San	3,550	6	Carat/ Kilo	1,500,000	0.10%
131	Aung Shwe Nann	2,900		Carat/ Kilo	1,500,000	0.10%
132	Daw San San Myint	7,000		Carat/ Kilo	1,500,000	0.10%
133	Daw Zi Ma Lay	6,200		Carat/ Kilo	1,500,000	0.10%

		Production			Production	Contribution in	
Sr	Company	Volume	1-	Unit	Value in Kyat	out of scope	
424	David a H a Than	Carat Ki	ιο	Carat / I/ila	4 500 000	Production Value	
134	Daw Mya Mya Than	5,200		Carat / Kilo	1,500,000	0.10%	
135	Daw Mar Mar Kyu	10,400		Carat / Kilo	1,500,000		
136	Daw Than Than New	8,600		Carat / Kilo	1,500,000	0.10%	
137	Daw Aye Aye@ Arr Mi	18,400	-	Carat/ Kilo Carat/ Kilo	1,500,000	0.10%	
138	U Ko Ko Lay	7,000 7,200	5	Carat/ Kilo	1,500,000	0.10%	
140	U Gu Lay@ Yaw Na U Tu Bahar Du	3,000	1	Carat/ Kilo	1,500,000	0.10%	
141	U Bo Bo Aung	13,207	1	Carat/ Kilo	1,500,000	0.10%	
142	U Minn San	2,306		Carat/ Kilo	1,500,000	0.10%	
143	U Myint Thein	9,505	1	Carat/ Kilo	1,500,000	0.10%	
144	U Yan Kinn	10,008	1	Carat/ Kilo	1,500,000	0.10%	
145	U Thaung Nyunt	10,000		Carat/ Kilo	1,500,000	0.10%	
146	U Maung Toe	7,700	-	Carat/ Kilo	1,400,000	0.10%	
147	Nilar Dragon	7,400		Carat/ Kilo	1,364,000	0.09%	
148	Thar Thar	6,700		Carat/ Kilo	1,350,000	0.09%	
149	Daw Win Kyi	6,810	1	Carat/ Kilo	1,350,000	0.09%	
150	Aung Su Myat	4,265		Carat/ Kilo	1,300,000	0.09%	
151	Daw Tin Yee	2,046		Carat/ Kilo	1,300,000	0.09%	
152	U Win Htay	111,800	61	Carat/ Kilo	1,300,000	0.09%	
153	U Aung Thura	1,850	81	Carat/ Kilo	1,300,000	0.09%	
154	Daw Sar May Tar	2,500		Carat/ Kilo	1,250,000	0.09%	
155	Daw Ae' Htun	4,500	2	Carat/ Kilo	1,250,000	0.09%	
156	U Cho Tuu	11,200		Carat/ Kilo	1,250,000	0.09%	
157	U Cho Tuu	6,550		Carat/ Kilo	1,250,000	0.09%	
158	U J Datch	23,343	3	Carat/ Kilo	1,250,000	0.09%	
159	U San Aung	8,300		Carat/ Kilo	1,250,000	0.09%	
160	U So Par Yann	20,500		Carat/ Kilo	1,250,000	0.09%	
161	U Zaw Zaw Aung			Carat/ Kilo	1,200,000	0.08%	
162	U Tin Maung Maung	8,765	2	Carat/ Kilo	1,200,000	0.08%	
163	Saw Sein Na	5,300		Carat/ Kilo	1,185,000	0.08%	
164	Nyein Chan Taung	8,400	_	Carat/ Kilo	1,092,000	0.08%	
165	Myanma Jade & Ruby	11,450	2	Carat / Kilo	1,050,000	0.07%	
166	Phyo Thri Kyaw Co Operation	12,027		Carat / Kilo	1,050,000	0.07%	
167 168	Daw Sar May Tar U Ba Htay	4,365 2,700	1	Carat/ Kilo Carat/ Kilo	1,050,000 1,050,000	0.07% 0.07%	
169	U Minn Than	1,300	'	Carat/ Kilo	1,050,000	0.07%	
170	Tun Yadanar	500		Carat/ Kilo	1,000,000	0.07%	
171	Ni Pyar Sein	13,240		Carat/ Kilo	1,000,000	0.07%	
172	Padamyar Hein Htet Aung	13,800		Carat/ Kilo	1,000,000	0.07%	
173	Yadana Wine Yan	4,100		Carat/ Kilo	1,000,000	0.07%	
174	S.T Group	7,700	2		1,000,000	0.07%	
175	Daw Ngwar Phon Mee	12,400	2		1,000,000	0.07%	
176	Daw Wathan Htike	14,000	8	Carat/ Kilo	1,000,000	0.07%	
177	Daw Than Than Nwe	20,200	5	Carat/ Kilo	1,000,000	0.07%	
178	U Kyaw Zaw Oo	5,000	13	Carat/ Kilo	1,000,000	0.07%	

Sr	Company	Production Volume		Unit	Production	Contribution in out of scope	
		Carat	Kilo		Value in Kyat	Production Value	
179	U Kyaw Nyein	4,500	3	Carat/ Kilo	1,000,000	0.07%	
180	U Kay Sap	700		Carat/ Kilo	1,000,000	0.07%	
181	U Zaw Law Char	15,300	3	Carat/ Kilo	1,000,000	0.07%	
182	U Myint Shwe	10,000	13	Carat/ Kilo	1,000,000	0.07%	
183	U Than Soe	13,000	5	Carat/ Kilo	1,000,000	0.07%	
184	U A Nie Kue Mar	12,800	2	Carat/ Kilo	1,000,000	0.07%	
185	U Yaw Han	3,200		Carat/ Kilo	950,000	0.07%	
186	Daw Khin Win Kyi	5,900		Carat/ Kilo	900,000	0.06%	
187	Daw Mi Mi Nge	16,000		Carat/ Kilo	900,000	0.06%	
188	U Tin Htun	2,929		Carat/ Kilo	900,000	0.06%	
189	Linn Thaung Aung&Nandar Htun(Private)	166		Carat/ Kilo	893,200	0.06%	
190	U Phate Bahar Due	5,704	2	Carat/ Kilo	875,000	0.06%	
191	KyaukMe Nyein Chan Yadanar	6,300		Carat/ Kilo	866,000	0.06%	
192	U Aung Kyaw	13,300		Carat/ Kilo	850,000	0.06%	
193	Ae Shone	5,000		Carat/ Kilo	825,000	0.06%	
194	Ruby House	5,400		Carat/ Kilo	800,000	0.06%	
195	Daw Zar Chi Win	4,224		Carat/ Kilo	800,000	0.06%	
196	Daw Htway@ Kyone Kwayt	5,400		Carat/ Kilo	800,000	0.06%	
197	U Kyaw Wai Lwin	1,500		Carat/ Kilo	800,000	0.06%	
198	U Win Myint	21,296		Carat/ Kilo	800,000	0.06%	
199	Kyauk Sein Yadana Aung	15,000		Carat/ Kilo	750,000	0.05%	
200	Shwe Moe House	2,765		Carat/ Kilo	750,000	0.05%	
201	U Kitsanarr Bahar Due	2,100	6	Carat/ Kilo	750,000	0.05%	
202	U Kaw Maw Lar	7,200		Carat/ Kilo	750,000	0.05%	
203	U Cho Ko Ko	3,500		Carat/ Kilo	750,000	0.05%	
204	U Li Kyein Yin	91		Carat/ Kilo	750,000	0.05%	
205	Loi Pan	4,500		Carat/ Kilo	725,000	0.05%	
206	Thamudaya Shwesin	3,400		Carat/ Kilo	700,000	0.05%	
207	Excellent Treasure	1,250		Carat/ Kilo	700,000	0.05%	
208	U Htun Htun Oo	1,500		Carat/ Kilo	700,000	0.05%	
209	U Win Tin	9,600	5	Carat/ Kilo	700,000	0.05%	
210	U Wai Yan Myint	24,500		Carat/ Kilo	700,000	0.05%	
211	Daw Aye Aye Win	5,800		Carat/ Kilo	675,000	0.05%	
212	U Kyein Naint Shan	7,630	1	Carat/ Kilo	600,000	0.04%	
213	U Kyein Shin	1,800	8	Carat/ Kilo	600,000	0.04%	
214	U So Par Yann	20,500		Carat/ Kilo	600,000	0.04%	
215	U Htin Aung	9,000	4	Carat/ Kilo	600,000	0.04%	
216	U Min Theik Aung@ Jerry Meik Meik Soe	1,200	1	Carat/ Kilo	600,000	0.04%	
217	U Li Sein Shin	7,000	2	Carat/ Kilo	600,000	0.04%	
218	U Li Pi Phu	8,830	1	Carat/ Kilo	600,000	0.04%	
219	U Than Win	2,200		Carat/ Kilo	600,000	0.04%	
220	U Aung Kyaw	6,800		Carat/ Kilo	600,000	0.04%	
221	Yaung Ni Oo(Pharkant)	2,362	5	Carat/ Kilo	550,000	0.04%	
222	Thant Zin Co Operation	2,750		Carat/ Kilo	550,000	0.04%	
223	Daw Khin San	6,600	1	Carat/ Kilo	550,000	0.04%	
	Lwin						

Sr	Company		Production Volume		Production	Contribution in out of scope	
31	Company	Carat	Kilo	Unit	Value in Kyat	Production Value	
224	U Jabin Thar Bahar Due	4,250		Carat/ Kilo	550,000	0.04%	
225	U Pi Tar	5,400		Carat/ Kilo	550,000	0.04%	
226	U Ye Linn Htet	2,140	1	Carat/ Kilo	550,000	0.04%	
227	U Li Htan Khwan	5,480	1	Carat/ Kilo	550,000	0.04%	
228	U Wai Linn Aung	4,107		Carat/ Kilo	550,000	0.04%	
229	U Thein Myint	5,400		Carat/ Kilo	550,000	0.04%	
230	Kyaw Hoe Family	2,000		Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
231	Padamyar Tun Win	12,500		Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
232	Yadana Bayin Ma	3,000	13	Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
233	Daw Chan Chu	500		Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
234	Daw San San Htway	8,900		Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
235	Daw Zin Mar Khaing	10,000		Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
236	Daw Than New'	3,500		Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
237	Daw Thida Oo	1,800		Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
238	U Kyaw Htay	4,100		Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
239	U Ko Ko Oo	5,000	5	Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
240	U Kay Sap	600		Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
241	U Chit Win	4,500	3		500,000	0.03%	
242	U San Yu	11,000	22	Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
243	U Zaw Li Htun	1,700		Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
244	U Htun Tin	1,000		Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
245	U Htun Lwin	11,000	22	Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
246	U Nay Linn Aung	3,500		Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
247	U Para Kaps	2,500		Carat/Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
248	U Myint Swe Oo	14,000		Carat / Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
249	U Myint Zaw Oo	1,500	٠,	Carat / Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
250	U Myint Aung @Htan Bahar Duu	3,200		Carat / Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
251 252	U Mya Thaung U Maung Htoo	2,000 2,000	1	Carat/ Kilo Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
253	U Hla Shwe	350	1		500,000	0.03%	
254	U Hla Thein	2,200		Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
255	U Lu Shein Chi	1,000		Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
256	U Lu Shein Chi	1,000		Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
257	U Than Htay	1,000		Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
258	U Aung Myint	37		Carat/ Kilo	500,000	0.03%	
259	Eagle's Eye	6,800		Carat/ Kilo	466,000	0.03%	
260	Daw Li Kway Haut @ Daw San Kyi	6,430	1		450,000	0.03%	
261	Daw Aye Yee	6,630	1		450,000	0.03%	
262	U Nyi Minn Htun	7,800		Carat/ Kilo	450,000	0.03%	
263	U Mye'	5,700		Carat/ Kilo	450,000	0.03%	
264	U Hyun Chin	2,900	1	Carat/ Kilo	450,000	0.03%	
265	U Kyaw Aung Chit	4,000		Carat/ Kilo	400,000	0.03%	
266	U Soe Pai	1,900		Carat/ Kilo	400,000	0.03%	
267	U Soe Moe Htway	2,035	7	Carat/ Kilo	400,000	0.03%	
268	U Mya Sein@ Kyaw Oo	4,000		Carat/ Kilo	400,000	0.03%	

Sr	Production Company Volume			Unit	Production	Contribution in out of scope	
31	Company	Carat	Kilo	Offic	Value in Kyat	Production Value	
269	U Maung Aye		19	Carat/ Kilo	400,000	0.03%	
270	U Thar Wai		12	Carat/ Kilo	400,000	0.03%	
271	U Aung Than Myint	2,130		Carat/ Kilo	400,000	0.03%	
272	U Aung Than Myint	2,040		Carat/ Kilo	400,000	0.03%	
273	Nilar Myaing	1,800		Carat/ Kilo	360,000	0.03%	
274	Nilar Kaung Yadana	3,500		Carat/ Kilo	350,000	0.02%	
275	U Kyaw Thura Htway	350		Carat/ Kilo	350,000	0.02%	
276	U Htun Yin	7,000	5	Carat/ Kilo	350,000	0.02%	
277	U Hyun Chin	300	1	Carat/ Kilo	350,000	0.02%	
278	Golden Land	700	4	Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
279	Mogoke Yadanar	6,400		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
280	Daw Moe Moe Aye	8,700		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
281	Daw Yee Yee Cho	1,500		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
282	U Kyin Phar	950		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
283	U Kyaw Kyaw Khaing	2,000		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
284	U Kyaw Kyaw Paing	2,000		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
285	U Kyaw Kyaw Khaing	2,000		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
286	U Kyaw Swar Win	1,200		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
287	U Kyaw Wai Lwin	2,000		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
288	U Kyaw Oo	5,000		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
289	U Kwar Shwe Suu	3,500		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
290	U Chauk Wan Phu	1,050		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
291	U Chun Yin Shin	900	1	Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
292	U Son Lay	5,900		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
293	U Zaw Minn Htun	2,000		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
294	U Zaw Minn Htun	2,000		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
295	U Zaw Latt	1,200	2	Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
296	U Htay Maung	1,077	1		300,000	0.02%	
	U Htun Htun Naing	2,000		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
298	U Htun Htun Naing	2,000		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
299	U Htun Htun Win	2,000		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
300	U B Minn Htway	4,900	1	Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
301	U Myo Lwin	2,000		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
302	U Myint Kyaw	2,000		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
303	U Mway Chan	5,000	4	Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
304	U Ye Thu Htet	8,700		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
305	U Lauk Chan	8,000		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
306	U Wai Linn Aung	8,700		Carat/ Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
307	U Aung Htun	3,500		Carat / Kilo	300,000	0.02%	
308	Top & Pop	4,500		Carat / Kilo	250,000	0.02%	
309	Aung Su Pan	700		Carat / Kilo	250,000	0.02%	
310	Daw Kay Zin Mee	2,500		Carat / Kilo	250,000	0.02%	
311	Daw Cherry Aung	4,200		Carat / Kilo	250,000	0.02%	
312	Daw Sabae Oo	7,500		Carat / Kilo	250,000	0.02%	
313	Daw Tin Tin Kyaw	2,300		Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%	

Sr Company Volume Unit	Production	
Carat Kilo	Value in Kyat	out of scope Production Value
314 Daw Hta Si Mee@ Myint Than 3,000 Carat / Kilo	250,000	0.02%
315 Daw Nan Theingi Myint 3,000 Carat / Kilo	250,000	0.02%
316 Daw Myint Myint Win 4,500 2 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
317 Daw Thwar Yu Mee 2,000 Carat / Kilo	250,000	0.02%
318 Daw A Luu Mee@ Ma Nyo 3,800 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
319 Daw Are Sar Mee 3,500 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
320 Daw Aye Aye Win 1,083 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
321 U Kyin Muu 1,700 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
322 U Kyaw Nyein 4,500 4 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
323 U Kyaw Thura Htway 148 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
324 U Chit Chin Thar 2,800 Carat / Kilo	250,000	0.02%
325 U Chauk Wan Phu 800 Carat / Kilo	250,000	0.02%
326 U Zaw Lwin 1,600 Carat / Kilo	250,000	0.02%
327 U Htay Aung 1,900 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
328 U Tin Htun Aung 6,000 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
329 U Htun Khaing Nyunt@ YoeLone 2,200 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
330 U Htun Minn Latt 3,500 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
331 U Htun Yin 2,700 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
332 U Htun Yin 3,000 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
333 U Na Wa Yat 700 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
334 U Para Kaps 2,200 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
335 U Maung Ko 350 Carat / Kilo	250,000	0.02%
336 U Maung Shwe 2,700 Carat / Kilo	250,000	0.02%
337 U Yaut Kyein Yon 500 1 Carat / Kilo	250,000	0.02%
338 U Than Myint 3,500 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
339 U Than Win 3,000 3 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
340 U Thein Win 2,000 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
341 U Haw Pan Shan 7,000 4 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
342 U Ohn Bahar Duu 500 3 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
343 U Ohn Bahar Duu 500 2 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
344 U Aung Kyi 2,600 Carat/ Kilo	250,000	0.02%
345 Thein Zaw& Brothers 200 5 Carat/ Kilo	200,000	0.01%
346 Daw Khin Lay Mee 4,000 Carat / Kilo	200,000	0.01%
347 Daw Cherry Ko 900 Carat / Kilo	200,000	0.01%
348 Daw Sabae Ko 1,200 Carat / Kilo	200,000	0.01%
349 Daw May Su Hlaing 700 Carat / Kilo	200,000	0.01%
350 Daw Yin Mar Ko 700 Carat / Kilo	200,000	0.01%
351 Daw Aye Aye Maw 4,000 Carat/ Kilo	200,000	0.01%
352 U Kyaw Minn Htun 550 Carat / Kilo	200,000	0.01%
353 U Kyaw Win Naing 2,050 1 Carat / Kilo	200,000	0.01%
354 U Kyaw Thein 1,400 Carat / Kilo	200,000	0.01%
355 U Chit Ko Ko 1,400 Carat/ Kilo	200,000	0.01%
356 U Chit Maung 700 Carat / Kilo	200,000	0.01%
357 U Saw Minn Thein 800 Carat / Kilo	200,000	0.01%
358 U Toe Aung 4,000 Carat / Kilo	200,000	0.01%

Sr	C	ompany	Production Volume		Unit	Production	Contribution in out of scope
		' '	Carat	Kilo		Value in Kyat	Production Value
359	U Htun Linn Naung		720		Carat/ Kilo	200,000	0.01%
360	U Phone Myint Aun	g	510		Carat/ Kilo	200,000	0.01%
361	U Phone Myint Aun	g	720		Carat/ Kilo	200,000	0.01%
362	U Yan Bahar Due		3,000		Carat/ Kilo	200,000	0.01%
363	U Thiha		4,000		Carat/ Kilo	200,000	0.01%
364	U Aung Kyaw		550		Carat/ Kilo	200,000	0.01%
365	U Aung Man		900		Carat/ Kilo	200,000	0.01%
366	U Aung Shwe		1,100	1	Carat/ Kilo	200,000	0.01%
367	Shwe Minn		1,500		Carat/ Kilo	180,000	0.01%
368	Daw San San Maw		1,700		Carat/ Kilo	150,000	0.01%
369	U Kyi Lin		950		Carat/ Kilo	150,000	0.01%
370	U Soe Myint Oo		900		Carat/ Kilo	150,000	0.01%
371	U Zaw Htun Naing		200	1	Carat/ Kilo	150,000	0.01%
372	U Naing Minn Aung		1,600		Carat/ Kilo	150,000	0.01%
373	U Pone		1,500		Carat/ Kilo	150,000	0.01%
374	U Shwe Ya		1,100		Carat/ Kilo	150,000	0.01%
375	U Hla Shwe		650		Carat/ Kilo	150,000	0.01%
376	U Thet Soe Hlaing		1,000	2	Carat/ Kilo	100,000	0.01%
		Total	6,350,211	4,882		1,437,637,900	

Annex 15 Desegregated outstanding debt by company

Sr. company State/Region 2007-2008 to 2011-2012 2012-2013 2013-201 1 Kan Kaung Padonemar Kachin 22.50 4.00 24.00 22.50 2 Khant Nyar Kachin 10.50 36.00 36.00 24.00 22.50 4.00 24.00 25.00 4.00<	Total 26.50 48.00
2 Khant Nyar Kachin 10.50 36.00 24.00 24.00 24.00 24.00 24.00 24.00 24.00 24.00 24.00 24.00 24.00 24.00 24.00 24.00 24.00 24.00 26.00 25.94 6.00	
3 Ka Yu Eain Kachin 10.50 36.00 4 Khin Yadana Aung Kachin 225.94 6.00 5 Chan Myae Kachin 11.25 12.00 6 Jar Sha Gaung Kachin 18.75 4.00 7 Soe Pyae Aung Kachin 20.63 4.00 8 Sein Myat Mon Kachin 15.94 9 Swe Yadana Kachin 62.81 4.00 10 San Lin Kachin 207.71 11 Twal San Kachin 25.31 4.00 12 Htet Kaung Kyaw Kachin 168.75 18.00 13 Htin Paw Kyaw Kyar Kachin 83.44 64.00 72.00 14 Htet Wai Phyo Kachin 32.81 15 Nothern Star Kachin 33.28 16 Phyo Wai Thiri Kachin 73.13 6.00 17 Ma Naw Yadana Kachin 34.69	00 48.00
4 Khin Yadana Aung Kachin 225.94 6.00 5 Chan Myae Kachin 11.25 12.00 6 Jar Sha Gaung Kachin 18.75 4.00 7 Soe Pyae Aung Kachin 20.63 4.00 8 Sein Myat Mon Kachin 15.94 9 Swe Yadana Kachin 62.81 4.00 10 San Lin Kachin 207.71 11 Twal San Kachin 25.31 4.00 12 Htet Kaung Kyaw Kachin 168.75 18.00 13 Htin Paw Kyaw Kyar Kachin 32.81 14 Htet Wai Phyo Kachin 32.81 15 Nothern Star Kachin 33.28 16 Phyo Wai Thiri Kachin 73.13 6.00 17 Ma Naw Yadana Kachin 34.69	
5 Chan Myae Kachin 11.25 12.00 6 Jar Sha Gaung Kachin 18.75 4.00 7 Soe Pyae Aung Kachin 20.63 4.00 8 Sein Myat Mon Kachin 15.94 9 Swe Yadana Kachin 62.81 4.00 10 San Lin Kachin 207.71 11 Twal San Kachin 25.31 4.00 12 Htet Kaung Kyaw Kachin 168.75 18.00 13 Htin Paw Kyaw Kyar Kachin 83.44 64.00 72.00 14 Htet Wai Phyo Kachin 32.81 15 Nothern Star Kachin 33.28 16 Phyo Wai Thiri Kachin 73.13 6.00 17 Ma Naw Yadana Kachin 34.69	46.50
6 Jar Sha Gaung Kachin 18.75 4.00 7 Soe Pyae Aung Kachin 20.63 4.00 8 Sein Myat Mon Kachin 15.94 9 Swe Yadana Kachin 62.81 4.00 10 San Lin Kachin 207.71 11 Twal San Kachin 25.31 4.00 12 Htet Kaung Kyaw Kachin 168.75 18.00 13 Htin Paw Kyaw Kyar Kachin 83.44 64.00 72.00 14 Htet Wai Phyo Kachin 32.81 15 Nothern Star Kachin 33.28 16 Phyo Wai Thiri Kachin 73.13 6.00 17 Ma Naw Yadana Kachin 34.69	231.94
7 Soe Pyae Aung Kachin 20.63 4.00 8 Sein Myat Mon Kachin 15.94 9 Swe Yadana Kachin 62.81 4.00 10 San Lin Kachin 207.71 11 Twal San Kachin 25.31 4.00 12 Htet Kaung Kyaw Kachin 168.75 18.00 13 Htin Paw Kyaw Kyar Kachin 83.44 64.00 72.00 14 Htet Wai Phyo Kachin 32.81 15 Nothern Star Kachin 33.28 16 Phyo Wai Thiri Kachin 73.13 6.00 17 Ma Naw Yadana Kachin 34.69	23.25
8 Sein Myat Mon Kachin 15.94 9 Swe Yadana Kachin 62.81 4.00 10 San Lin Kachin 207.71 11 Twal San Kachin 25.31 4.00 12 Htet Kaung Kyaw Kachin 168.75 18.00 13 Htin Paw Kyaw Kyar Kachin 83.44 64.00 72.00 14 Htet Wai Phyo Kachin 32.81 15 Nothern Star Kachin 33.28 16 Phyo Wai Thiri Kachin 73.13 6.00 17 Ma Naw Yadana Kachin 34.69	22.75
9 Swe Yadana Kachin 62.81 4.00 10 San Lin Kachin 207.71 11 Twal San Kachin 25.31 4.00 12 Htet Kaung Kyaw Kachin 168.75 18.00 13 Htin Paw Kyaw Kyar Kachin 83.44 64.00 72.00 14 Htet Wai Phyo Kachin 32.81 15 Nothern Star Kachin 33.28 16 Phyo Wai Thiri Kachin 73.13 6.00 17 Ma Naw Yadana Kachin 34.69	24.63
10 San Lin Kachin 207.71 11 Twal San Kachin 25.31 4.00 12 Htet Kaung Kyaw Kachin 168.75 18.00 13 Htin Paw Kyaw Kyar Kachin 83.44 64.00 72.00 14 Htet Wai Phyo Kachin 32.81 15 Nothern Star Kachin 33.28 16 Phyo Wai Thiri Kachin 73.13 6.00 17 Ma Naw Yadana Kachin 34.69	15.94
11 Twal San Kachin 25.31 4.00 12 Htet Kaung Kyaw Kachin 168.75 18.00 13 Htin Paw Kyaw Kyar Kachin 83.44 64.00 72.00 14 Htet Wai Phyo Kachin 32.81 15 Nothern Star Kachin 33.28 16 Phyo Wai Thiri Kachin 73.13 6.00 17 Ma Naw Yadana Kachin 34.69	66.81
12 Htet Kaung Kyaw Kachin 168.75 18.00 13 Htin Paw Kyaw Kyar Kachin 83.44 64.00 72.00 14 Htet Wai Phyo Kachin 32.81 15 Nothern Star Kachin 33.28 16 Phyo Wai Thiri Kachin 73.13 6.00 17 Ma Naw Yadana Kachin 34.69	207.71
13 Htin Paw Kyaw Kyar Kachin 83.44 64.00 72.00 14 Htet Wai Phyo Kachin 32.81 15 Nothern Star Kachin 33.28 16 Phyo Wai Thiri Kachin 73.13 6.00 17 Ma Naw Yadana Kachin 34.69	29.31
14 Htet Wai Phyo Kachin 32.81 15 Nothern Star Kachin 33.28 16 Phyo Wai Thiri Kachin 73.13 6.00 17 Ma Naw Yadana Kachin 34.69	186.75
15 Nothern Star Kachin 33.28 16 Phyo Wai Thiri Kachin 73.13 6.00 17 Ma Naw Yadana Kachin 34.69	219.44
16 Phyo Wai Thiri Kachin 73.13 6.00 17 Ma Naw Yadana Kachin 34.69	32.81
17 Ma Naw Yadana Kachin 34.69	33.28
	79.13
18 Myauk Pine Thaya Phyu Kachin - 3.00	34.69
10 111/0 1110/01111/0 1110/01111	3.00
19 Myanmar San Taw Win Kachin 6.00	6.00
20 Myanmar New Win Kachin 30.94 4.00	34.94
21 Myanmar Moe Thauk Kyal Kachin 6.09 2.00	8.09
22 Myanmar Shwe Yadana Kachin 54.37 4.00	58.37
23 Myanmar Shwe Yadana Hein Kachin 9.38	9.38
24 Myanmar Aung Moe Hein Kachin 15.00	15.00
25 Moe Thauk Kyal Min Kachin 8.44	8.44
26 Shwe Chit Thu Kachin 16.81	16.81

c		State (Basica		Goal outstandi	ng debt by financ	ial year	
Sr.	company	State/Region	2007-2008 to 2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	Total
27	Shwe Wine	Kachin			8.00		8.00
28	Shwe Tar Pain	Kachin	158.26	2.00			160.26
29	Shwe Htoo	Kachin	26.81				26.81
30	Yar None Pyae	Kachin	474.38	20.00			494.38
31	Shwe Pin Lae Natthamee'	Kachin	25.31				25.31
32	Shin Bway Yan development	Kachin	92.34	10.00			102.34
33	Shwe Mya Nanda	Kachin	7.34				7.34
34	Shwe Yadana Shwe	Kachin	29.06	4.00			33.06
35	Shwe Yadana Soe	Kachin	20.56				20.56
36	ShweWin Htet	Kachin	50.63	8.00			58.63
37	Shwe Tha Pyae Aung	Kachin	8.44	2.00			10.44
38	Shwe Aung Mai	Kachin	53.91	16.00			69.91
39	Lay Kyun Aung Lan	Kachin	43.87	9.00			52.87
40	Lat Moe Shan	Kachin	5.63	4.00			9.63
41	Lat Ywe Sin	Kachin	31.88	2.00			33.88
64	Ma Naw Yadana	Kachin					-
42	Wai Myint Thar	Kachin	62.34	2.00			64.34
43	That Tu Sein	Kachin	73.13				73.13
44	Thein Htet Hlyan	Kachin	97.50	6.00			103.50
45	Ocean angle	Kachin	95.63				95.63
46	Thwe Family	Kachin	403.87	33.00			436.87
47	Thein Than Thu	Kachin	18.75	4.00			22.75
48	Hein Naing Soe	Kachin	77.81	4.00			81.81
49	Aung Pwe Win	Kachin	51.25	4.00			55.25
50	Aung Myin Thu	Kachin			4.00		4.00
51	Aung Myint San	Kachin	40.31	4.00			44.31
52	A May Kyay Zu	Kachin	38.13	4.00			42.13
53	Aung Thit Lwin	Kachin	26.63	4.00			30.63

S.		State/Region		Goal outstanding debt by financial year				
Sr.	company	State/Re	egion	2007-2008 to 2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	Total
54	Aung Hein Shein Phyo	Kachin		66.88	8.00			74.88
	Kachin(Total)		54 companies	3,269.12	331.00	108.00	24.00	3,732.12
1	Kyae Moe Lwin	Kayin		202.50	200.00			402.50
2	Chit Lin Myine	Kayin				9.68		9.68
3	Mya Htay Kywal Lin	Kayin				32.00		32.00
4	Ou Dan Thit	Kayin		150.00	160.00			310.00
	Kayin(Total)		4 companies	352.50	360.00	41.68		754.18
1	Kin Sana Day Wee	Sagaing		60.55				60.55
2	Sein Htet Win	Sagaing		24.30				24.30
3	Sine Shwe War Nadi	Sagaing		239.91	11.00			250.91
4	Htar Nay Aung	Sagaing		142.56				142.56
5	Htay Win Tun	Sagaing		268.27				268.27
6	Tun Yan Naing	Sagaing		35.64				35.64
7	Hnin Yaung Myae	Sagaing		17.94				17.94
8	Phyu War Yaung Shwe	Sagaing		53.83				53.83
9	Moe Kyo Lion	Sagaing		7.74	-			7.74
10	Mandalay Mining	Sagaing		297.53				297.53
11	Myanmar Shwe Theingi	Sagaing		12.25				12.25
12	Muu Myit Myar	Sagaing		16.72	24.00	22.00		62.72
13	Moe Hein Tun	Sagaing		32.36				32.36
14	Shan Ka Htoo	Sagaing		361.16	35.00	8.00		404.16
15	Shwe Chin Twin	Sagaing		105.71				105.71
16	Shwe Ngu War Shwe	Sagaing		54.59				54.59
17	Shwe Sin Kaba	Sagaing		20.72				20.72
18	Shwe Say Di Htate	Sagaing		252.76	10.00			262.76
19	Shwe Sein Mya	Sagaing		115.45	4.00			119.45
20	Shwe Sin Hein	Sagaing		52.02				52.02
21	Shwe Swe Tun	Sagaing		49.06				49.06

c		Chata (Baada		Goal outstandi	ng debt by financia	al year	
Sr.	company	State/Region	2007-2008 to 2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	Total
22	Shwe Toe Tat Aung	Sagaing	19.16				19.16
23	Yadana Chindwin	Sagaing	375.22				375.22
24	Yadana Lae Myay	Sagaing	108.84				108.84
25	Shwe Tar Pain	Sagaing	36.98	5.00			41.98
26	Shwe Tat Hein	Sagaing	94.35	12.00			106.35
27	Shwe Nwet Kham	Sagaing	13.44				13.44
28	Shweနံ့သာအောင်	Sagaing	80.35				80.35
29	Shweပွား	Sagaing	65.49	28.00	12.00		105.49
30	Shweပြည်စံအောင်	Sagaing	12.44				12.44
31	Shwe Mya Nanda	Sagaing	67.29				67.29
32	Shwe Yaung Kaung Thaw Mate Swe	Sagaing	139.84		12.00	50.00	201.84
33	Shwe Let Pan Thar	Sagaing	172.44				172.44
34	Shwe Waddy	Sagaing	686.83				686.83
35	Shwe Win Tun Aung	Sagaing	119.91				119.91
36	Shwe Wint War Aung	Sagaing	28.37	2.80			31.17
37	Shwe Than Taung Myauk Pinwe	Sagaing	71.02				71.02
38	Shwe Tha Pyae Moe	Sagaing	26.92				26.92
39	Lin Lei Sein	Sagaing	126.61	26.00			152.61
40	Win Ayawaddy	Sagaing	183.81		24.00		207.81
41	Win and Pyae Phyo	Sagaing	166.97	18.00	4.00		188.97
42	Wine Myint Myat	Sagaing	35.00				35.00
43	Win War Shwe Sin	Sagaing	176.75				176.75
44	That Tu Sein	Sagaing	88.93	42.00			130.93
45	Thar Lun	Sagaing	16.11	15.82			31.93
46	Thar Lar Shwe Sin	Sagaing	98.77	20.00			118.77
47	Hein Naing Soe	Sagaing	103.03	6.00			109.03
48	Hein Yazar	Sagaing	106.05	4.00			110.05
49	A Kaung Sone Shwe	Sagaing	9.38				9.38

c		State (Parity)	Goal outstanding debt by financial year				
Sr.	company	State/Region	2007-2008 to 2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	Total
50	Eant Phwe Kaba	Sagaing	87.86	28.00			115.86
51	Aung Myint San	Sagaing	129.49				129.49
52	Aung Thu Kha Lin	Sagaing	53.40				53.40
	Sagaing(Total)	52 companies	5,722.12	291.62	82.00	50.00	6,145.74
1	Khine Shwe Nyein Aye	Bago	58.12				58.12
2	Kham War	Bago	102.01				102.01
3	Myanmar Bo Bo	Bago	9.38				9.38
4	Shwe Kyin Thar	Bago	352.93	11.25			364.18
5	Aung Myin Chan Thar	Bago	65.63				65.63
	Bago(Total)	5 companies	588.07	11.25			599.32
1	Moe Lwin	Mon	21.77				21.77
	MOn(Total)	1 company	21.77				21.77
1	Sein Htay Shwe	Mandalay (Singu)	45.00				45.00
2	San Win Family	Mandalay (Singu)	45.00				45.00
3	Taw Naw Htoo	Mandalay (Singu)	30.00	24.00			54.00
4	Ruby Rose	Mandalay (Singu)	202.50				202.50
5	Shwe Sit Thi	Mandalay (Singu)	10.30				10.30
6	Yadana Lae Myay	Mandalay (Singu)	346.92				346.92
7	Yar Thet San	Mandalay (Singu)	45.00				45.00
8	Theingi Aung	Mandalay (Singu)	34.00				34.00
9	Aung Nan Tharya Phu	Mandalay (Singu)			17.93		17.93
10	Silver Wave	Mandalay (Singu)	29.98				29.98
	Mandalay (Singu)Total	10 companies	788.70	24.00	17.93		830.63
	Sein Htee Nan	Mandalay (Thabeikkyin)	65.13				65.13
2	Sein War Lin	Mandalay (Thabeikkyin)	21.57				21.57
3	Pyae Phyo Lin Khine	Mandalay (Thabeikkyin)	26.00				26.00
4	Shwe Mya Nanda	Mandalay (Thabeikkyin)	16.85				16.85
5	Aung Shwe Ngar	Mandalay (Thabeikkyin)	13.13				13.13

c		Shaha (Bassis	Goal outstanding debt by financial year				
Sr.	company	State/Region	2007-2008 to 2010-2011	2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	Total
	Mandalay (Thabeikkyin)Total	5 companie	s 142.68				142.68
1	San Lin	Thar Si	16.88	10.00			26.88
	Mandalay(Thar Si)Total	1 compan	y 16.88	10.00			26.88
1	Shwe Bone Thit	Tanintharyi	48.83				48.83
	Tanintharyi(Total)	1 compan	y 48.83				48.83
1	Kunit Thaw Yar Su	Shan	13.13	10.00			23.13
2	Sein Myae International	Shan			4.00		4.00
3	Htet Kaung Kyaw	Shan	13.13	10.00			23.13
4	Yangon Kyal Ni	Shan			32.00		32.00
5	Shwe Kyel	Shan	86.25				86.25
6	Aung Sit Thwe	Shan	13.13	10.00			23.13
7	Aung Naing	Shan	13.75	110.00			123.75
	Shan(Total)	7 companie	s 139.39	140.00	36.00		315.39
1	Kaung Industry	Yamethin	68.85				68.85
2	Su San Lae Lar	Yamethin	20.63	24.00			44.63
3	Sein Htee Nan	Yamethin	16.88	6.00			22.88
4	July Moe	Yamethin	40.43				40.43
5	Taw Win Dana	Yamethin	74.72				74.72
6	Pan Pwint	Yamethin	86.94				86.94
7	Pan Myat Yazar	Yamethin	90.50				90.50
8	Yarmanya International	Yamethin	60.47				60.47
9	Shwe Yaung Kaung Kim	Yamethin	43.13	10.00			53.13
10	Shwe Ya Aung Pyae	Yamethin	25.31	24.00			49.31
11	Win Myine	Yamethin	15.88	10.00			25.88
12	Aye Nyein Mon	Yamethin	92.34				92.34
13	Ever Right	Yamethin	29.55				29.55
	Yamethin(Total)	13 companie	s 665.63	74.00			739.63
	Grand Total	153 companies	11,755.69	1,241.87	285.61	74.00	13,357.17

Annex 16 Person contacted or involved

No	Name	Position
		PDOLLD
1	Tim Woodward	BDO LLP Partner
2	Ben Toorabally	Director
3	Hedi Zaghouani	Manager
4	Sami Sakka	Audit supervisor
5	Ahmed Zouari	Audit supervisor
6	Maher Kabsi	Audit supervisor
7	Bilel Yahyaoui	Audit supervisor Audit senior
8	Mohamed Ali Ghali	Audit senior
	Monamed Att Ghatt	BDO Myanmar
1	JOE YEW	Executive director
2	Su Mon Swe	Senior Executive
3	Nang Hnin Thet Htwe	Senior Executive
4	Crystal Aung	Senior Executive
5	Phu Pwint Phyu	Senior Executive
	<u> </u>	National Coordination Secretariat (NCS)
1	U Soe Win	National Coordinator
2	U Aung Khine	Deputy National Coordinator
3	U Htun Paw Oo	Technical Specialist
4	Daw Zin Mar Myaing	Programme and Technical Advisor
5	Daw Hnin Htet Htet Aung	Program Manager
6	U Nay Min Maung	Technical Coordinator
7	U Hein Htet Soe	Technical Officer
8	U Kyaw Thin Maung	Program Assistant
9	U Zwe Sithu Aung	BO Coordinator
10	Daw Htet Nandar Aung	Senior Communication Officer
11	U Zin Ko Ko Aung	Communication Officer
12	U Soe Thiha Naing	Admin Officer
13	U Tat Tun Sai	Admin Assistant
14	U Maung Maung Myint Lwin	IT Technician
		Budget Department (BD)
1	Daw Khin Khin Lwin	Director
2	Daw Khin Pa Pa Khaing	Deputy Director
3	Daw Thwe Thwe Tun	Deputy Director
4	Daw Chaw Su Khaing	Deputy Director
5	Daw Myo Myint Than	Assistant Director
6	Daw Phyu Phyu Thant	Assistant Director
7	Daw Shwe Ye Win	Staff Officer
8	Daw Mai Khin Nway Shein	Staff Officer
9	Daw Moe Moe Aye	Staff Officer
10	Daw Sein Lae Lae	Staff Officer
11	Daw Su Yee Hlaing	Deputy Staff Officer
	Day Was Was To	Budget Department (SEE)
1	Daw War War Tun	Director
2	Daw Chaw Su Khine	Deputy Director
3	Daw Swe Zin Oo	Assistant Director
4	Daw Cho Cho Win	Assistant Director

No	Name	Position
5	Daw Moe Thuzar Win	Assistant Director
		10 100 10 100 100
6	Daw May Zin Phyu	Assistant Director
7	Daw Naw Yin Yin Myint	Staff Officer
8	Daw Aye Aye Mon	Staff Officer
4	Day Then Then Win	Treasury Department (TD) Director
1	Daw Than Than Win Daw Khin Nyo Theint	Assistant Director
2	•	Staff Officer
4	Daw Hay Mar Hnin	Staff Officer
5	Daw Ei Ei Aung Daw Marlar Soe	Staff Officer
J		nternal Revenue Department (IRD)
1	Daw Mu Mu Saw	Director (Statistics Directorate)
2	U Ne Lin Aye	Deputy Director
3	U Aung Lwin	Assistant Director
4	U Myint Naing Oo	Assistant Director
5	Daw Aye Aye Cho	Assistant Director
6	Daw Thidar Hlaing	Assistant Director
7	Daw Thidar Moe	Assistant Director
8	Daw Tin Mar Mar Thet	Assistant Director
9	Daw Swe Swe Oo	Assistant Director
10	Daw Yu Yu Sein	Assistant Director
11	Daw Myat Theingi	Staff Officer
12	Daw Sandar	Staff Officer
13	Daw Nay Chi Khaing	Staff Officer
14	U Soe Naing	Staff Officer
15	Daw Wai Wai Phyo	Staff Officer
16	U Zaw Moe Kyaw	Staff Officer
17	U Aung Kyaw Oo	Staff Officer
18	Daw Thin Thin Naing	Staff Officer
19	Daw May Su Thar	Staff Officer
20	Daw Ei Ei Khaing	Deputy Staff Officer
21	Daw Moe Moe Hlaing	Deputy Staff Officer
22	U Kyaw Swar Linn	Deputy Staff Officer
23	U Hein Zaw	Deputy Staff Officer
24	Daw Kyaw Mone Yee	Deputy Staff Officer
25	U Kyaw Zin Oo	Deputy Staff Officer
26	U Thet Ko Oo	Deputy Staff Officer
27	U Wai Myo Zin	UD
	M ₂	yanmar Customs Department (MCD)
1	U Than Swe Tint	Assistant Director
2	U Zaw Zaw	Assistant Director
3	Daw Shwe Sin Win	Custom Inspector
4	Daw May Yadanar Tun	Custom Inspector
5	Daw Chaw Kay Khaing	Custom Inspector
6	Daw Win Win Than	Deputy Custom Inspector
		of the Auditor General of the Union(OAG)
1	Daw Khaing Khaing Ag	Director General
2	Daw San San Win	Deputy Director General
3	Daw Hla Hla Kyein	Director
4	Daw San San Myint	Director

No	Name	Position
5	Daw Hla Than	Deputy Director (Natural Resources)
6	Daw Mary	Assistant Director
7	Daw Kywat Kywat Htun	Assistant Director
8	Daw Chaw Kalayar Shwe	Assistant Director
9	Daw Khine Phyo Wai	Assistant Director
	C	entral Statistical Organization (CSO)
1	U Than Zaw	Deputy Director General
2	Daw Khin Moe Moe	Director
3	Daw Cing Lun Hwai	Director
4	Daw Hla Myo Khaing	Staff Officer
5	Daw Thein Htet Htet Wai	Deputy Staff Officer
6	Daw Phu Pwint Phyu	Deputy Staff Officer
7	Daw Ei Thandar Soe	Deputy Staff Officer
8	U Yan Myo Aung	Deputy Staff Officer
	Natur	al Resource Governance Institute (NRGI)
1	U Maw Htun Aung	Country Manager
2	Daw Aye Kyithar Swe	Myanmar Senior Officer
3	U Hosana Chay	Myanmar Officer
	Myanmar Allia	nce for Transparency and Accountability (MATA)
1	U Ye Thein Oo	Member of MATA
2	U Naing Lin Htut	Member of MATA
3	U Htoo Aung	Program Coordinator (EITI/Communication)
4	U Myo Min Thant	Program Coordinator (EITI)
		World Bank Group (WBG)
1	Mrs. Shona Kirkwood	EITI Implementation Support Coordinator
2	Tinzar Htun	EITI Implementation Support Consultant
	Minist	try of Commerce - Department of Trade
1	U Minn Minn	Director General
2	Daw Cho Thet Mu	Deputy Director
3	Daw San San Aye	Assistant Director
4	Daw Khaing Khaing Soe	Assistant Director
5	Daw Lae Lae Win	Computer Operator
	Gen	eral Administration Department (GAD)
1	Daw Mi Mi Win	Director
2	U Phone Myat Min	Director
3	U Win Lwin	Deputy Director
4	U Hein Thu	Deputy Director
5	U Hla Myo	Assistant Director
6	U Aung Ko Ko Lin	Staff Officer
7	Daw Thaw Thaw Han Thar	Staff Officer
		Department of Mining (DOM)
1	U Khin Latt Gyi	Director General
2	U Kyaw Thet	Deputy Director General
3	U Kyaw Zaw Htun	Deputy Director
4	Daw Soe Sandar Maung	Assistant Director
5	Daw Su Pyae Sone Swe	Deputy Staff Officer
6	Daw Thidar	Cashier-1
7	Daw Khin Khin Soe	
	5 W. W. W.	Mining Enterprise 1 (ME-1)
1	Daw Mi Mi Kyawt	Manager

No	Name	Position	
2	Daw Nan Htar Htar Oo	Managor	
3		Manager	
4	Daw Theingi U Soe Naing	Assistant Manager Staff Officer	
5		SE-2	
J	Daw Hnin Aye	Mining Enterprise 2 (ME-2)	
1	U Ye Myo Min	Assistant General Manager	
2	U Lin Lin Khun Koe	Manager Manager	
3	Daw Ohnmar Linn	Assistant Manager	
4	Daw Ei Mon Cho	Account-1	
5	Daw Aye Mya Bo	Superintendant	
3	Daw Aye mya bo	Myanmar Gems Enterprise (MGE)	
1	U Min Thu	Managing Director	
2	U Tun Tun Zaw	Manager	
3	U Shwe Win	Manager	
4	Daw Kyu Kyu Win	Assistant General Manager	
5	Daw Swe Swe Aung	Assistant Manager	
6	Daw Kyein Shin Yan	Assistant Manager	
7	Daw Kyaut Su Thein	Gem Sorter-1	
8	Daw Khwer Nyo Htay Ko	Gem Sorter-1	
Myanmar Gems & Jewellery Enterprise Association (MGJEA)			
1	U Zaw Bo Khant	Vice Chairman	
2	U Thet Win Tun	CEC	
DGSE			
1	U Soe Win	Geologist	
2	Daw Nyein Mya	Assistant Geologist	
3	Daw Khin San Maw	Staff Officer	
		MOGE	
1	U Myo Myint Oo	Managing Director	
2	U Than Htay Aung	Expert	
3	Daw Myint Myint Khaing	Manager	
4	U Nay Aung	Manager	
5	Daw Nu Nu Yi	Deputy Director (Finance)	
6	Daw Kyi Kyi Pyone	Advisor	
7	U Than Zaw	Account-1	
8	Daw Thandar Soe	Cashier-1	
9	Daw Sandar Soe	OCDD	
1	U Than Zaw	OGPD Director General	
2	U Win Maw	Deputy Director General	
3	Daw Win Win Kyu	Deputy Director Deputy Director	
4	Daw Su Su Soe	Deputy Director	
5	Daw Mu Mu Myint	Deputy Director	
6	Daw Su Mi San	Assistant Director	
7	Daw Thandar Oo	Staff Officer	
8	Daw Kyi Zar Oo	Staff Officer	
		MPE MPE	
1	U Tayzar Linn	Deputy General Manager	
2	U Tin Win Ko	Assistant General Manager	
3	Daw San Dar Tint	Manager	
4	Daw Pan Pa Pa Lin	Manager	

No	Name	Position	
Forest Department (FD)			
1	Dr.Nyi Nyi Kyaw	Director General	
2	U Khin Maung Win	Director	
3	U Aung Win Tun	Director	
4	U Tin Htun	Director	
5	U Kyaw Myo Htwe	Deputy Director	
6	U Phyo Zin Maung Naing	Assistant Director	
7	U Hla Htay Aung	Assistant Director	
8	U Htun Htun Wai	Assistant Director	
Total E & P Myanmar			
1	Daw May Thet Su Oo	Finance	
2	U Win Tin	Head of Contractual and Commercial Support (MSG Member)	
MPRL E & P			
1	Daw Yin Yin Aye	Senior Accountant	
2	Nang Hseng Noon	Accountant	
Myanmar Federation of Mining Association			
1	U Khin Maung Han	Chairman	
2	U Thet Naing Win	Secretary (Admin)	

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