Townships with Known Landmine Contamination (2017) and Casualties in Myanmar (as of Dec 2016)

Based on data compiled by the Landmine Monitor on casualties from 2007 to the present:

**Casualties compared to other countries in Asia**

Since 2007, Myanmar has suffered the second highest number of antipersonnel landmine casualties when compared to other countries in the Asian region.

3,337 recorded casualties in Myanmar since 2007. Still, many are not reported.

**Landmine casualties since start of peace talks**

Over 1000 people have been killed or injured by antipersonnel landmines since the previous government launched peace talks with ethnic armed groups in August 2011. 90% of these casualties were in Kachin, Kayin, Shan State and East Bago Region.

**Gender of civilian landmine casualties**

Based on reported information from 2007-2016, landmine casualties are often adult males. Casualties among women and children are expected to increase in the post-conflict time. Details of 32% of victims are not known.

- Adult males 60%
- Adult females 4%
- Children 4%
- Unknown 32%

**Activity causing landmine injury**

Since 2007, most of the known causes of civilian casualties occurred when going to the forest (33%), travelling in mine-affected areas (28%), and working in agricultural fields (17%).

**Type of explosive dangers**

In 90% of the cases where the explosive danger is known, it is an antipersonnel landmine.

- Unexploded Ordinance 1%
- Anti-vehicle mines 3%
- Antipersonnel mines 43%

0% of mines have been cleared under clearance programmes in Myanmar.

Copyright © Myanmar Information Management Unit 2018. May be used free of charge with attribution. For more information see http://www.themimu.info/license. This notice cannot be modified or removed.